

# The NCAA News



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## Restructuring talks center first on governance issues

The Division I Task Force to Review the NCAA Membership Structure identified and discussed a number of items related to governance in its first meeting, which was conducted October 27 in Chicago.

Among the items discussed were

revenue considerations, philosophical commonalities and differences within the membership, and the Association's legislative process.

Kenneth A. Shaw, chancellor of Syracuse University, is the chair of the Division I task force.

The Division I task force will

conduct its next meeting November 30 in Chicago. A December 13 meeting in Chicago also has been scheduled.

In a related matter, the oversight committee of the Special Committee to Review NCAA Membership Structure will meet for the first time

in mid-December. In a telephone conference, the oversight committee will hear status reports from each of the three division task forces. After hearing the reports, it will determine whether an in-person meeting is required.

The Division III task force met

for the first time October 9; its Division II counterpart will conduct its first meeting November 1 in Kansas City, Missouri. Divisions II and III will meet in Chicago at the end of November, at which time they are expected to spend time in a joint session.

## Chronicle survey reveals gender-equity progress being made

A survey by The Chronicle of Higher Education shows that females have fewer opportunities and resources than men, but it also reveals several signs that progress is taking place on the gender-equity front.

The survey, reported in the October 26 issue of the Chronicle, reveals that women still lag far behind men in participation and receipt of athletics scholarships.

However, when compared to an NCAA gender-equity study that was conducted in 1990-91,

several progressive trends are apparent:

■ The percentage of female athletes is up to 33.6 percent from 30.9 percent. For the 257 institutions responding to the Chronicle survey, the average percentage of female undergraduates is 50.8, up from 50.3.

■ The percentage of athletics grant-in-aid money for women is at 35.7 percent, up from 30.4 percent three years ago.

■ Of 181 Division I institutions

See Survey, page 16 ►

## Knight Commission supports presidents

### Panel backs stance on eligibility standards

The Knight Foundation Commission on Intercollegiate Athletics stands behind a Division I initial-eligibility proposal that was developed in September by the NCAA Presidents Commission and is now supported by the NCAA Council.

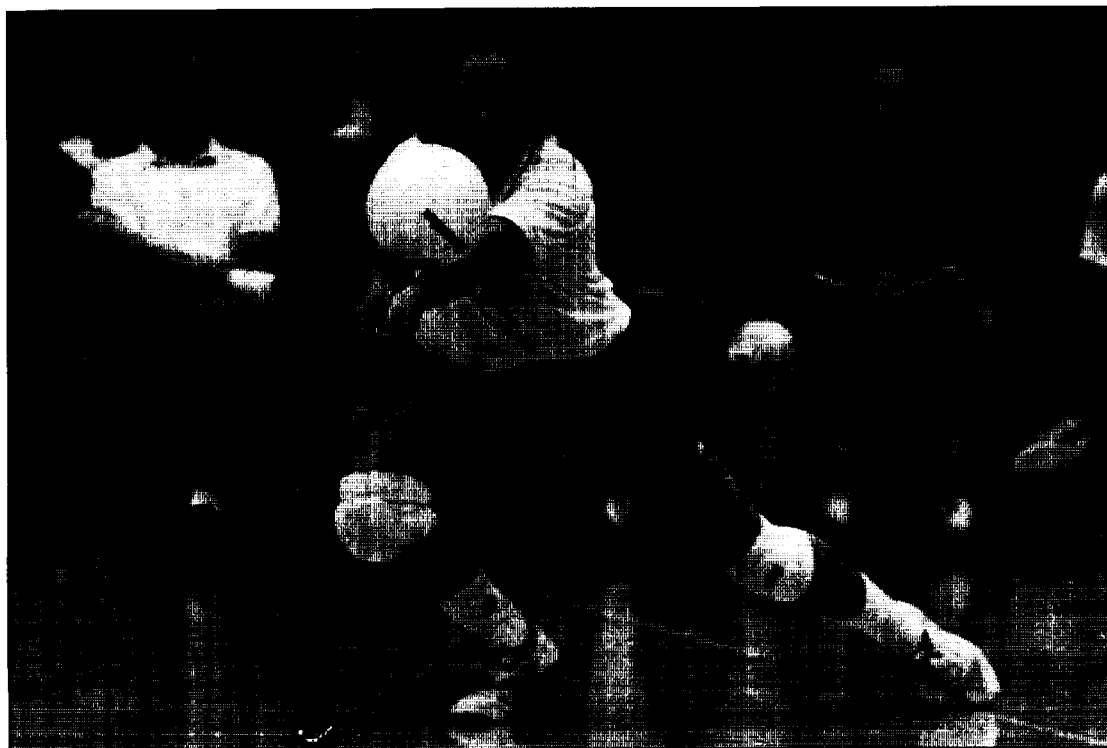
The Knight Commission reconvened October 24-25 in Washington, D.C., out of concern over what it perceived as an erosion of the reform agenda in intercollegiate athletics. When the meeting was concluded, the commission endorsed all of the major parts of the initial-eligibility legislation that has the support of the Association's two

policy bodies.

A Knight Commission statement issued October 25 said, "Proposition 16, adopted by a majority of more than 3-1 in 1992, should be put in place without delay. The only plausible excuse for postponing implementation beyond August 1995 would be the inability of the College Board to explain how the new requirements contained in Proposition 16 will be affected by 'recentering' Scholastic Assessment Test results."

The Presidents Commission's

See Supports, page 5 ►



University of California, San Diego, photo

### Title chase

Madelyn Ripken of the University of California, San Diego, has her sights set on the NCAA Division III Women's Volleyball Championship. The Tritons are one of three teams expected to challenge for the title this year. See championship preview, page 7.

## Presidential Agenda Day proposals slated

At least 37 proposals are scheduled for action during Presidential Agenda Day at the 1995 NCAA Convention, as the result of decisions that have been made by the executive committee of the NCAA Presidents Commission.

All of the proposals are scheduled to be voted upon by roll call.

As many as 41 proposals could be scheduled for action that day; the committee is considering designat-

ing an additional four proposals for roll-call votes. By comparison, 43 proposals were identified for action on Presidential Agenda Day at the 1994 Convention.

The Commission officers on the executive committee made decisions about Presidential Agenda Day proposals during an October 27 telephone conference. The number of votes identified for roll call at the San Diego Convention is

well under the record of 95 at the 1991 Convention.

Presidential Agenda Day is January 9 in San Diego. It will include separate voting sessions for Divisions I-A, I-AA, I-AAA, I, II and III, as well as a general session.

### Commission grouping

Included in the 37 proposals already grouped by the Com-

See Voting, page 16 ►

## ■ In the News

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McElroy

■ Students at California State University, Sacramento, are considering raising fees to save the school's football team; athletics director Lee A. McElroy has warned that other sports programs also face cuts: **Page 3.**

■ In a guest editorial, Ohio State University gymnastics coach Peter Kormann asks for more time to save the National Collegiate Men's Gymnastics Championships: **Page 4.**

■ The National Youth Sports Program Committee approves modifications in its computer software to aid in compliance with Federal guidelines: **Page 5.**

## ■ On deck

November 1	Division II Task Force to Review the NCAA Membership Structure, Kansas City, Missouri
November 1-4	Division I Baseball Committee, Kansas City, Missouri
November 2-4	Legislative Review Committee, Kansas City, Missouri
November 3-4	Special Television Committee, Boston
November 7-8	Olympic Sports Liaison Committee, Nashville
November 11-13	Committee on Infractions, Kansas City, Missouri

# The NCAA News



# DIGEST

A weekly summary of major activities within the Association

## Initial eligibility

### Delegates to consider six initial-eligibility proposals

Division I delegates to the 1995 NCAA Convention in San Diego will consider six pieces of initial-eligibility legislation.

Some administrators may have the impression that the NCAA Council withdrew Proposal No. 2-51, which is based on the recommendation of the NCAA Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards. However, at the conclusion of its October 10-12 meeting, the Council withdrew only its support for that proposal. The Council now supports an amended version of Proposal No. 2-48.

The proposals that will be considered (not in order of consideration) are:

No. 2-47 — A Mid-Eastern Athletic Conference proposal to make freshmen ineligible for competition in Division I.

No. 2-48 — Will be accompanied by an amendment-to-amendment in the Official Notice, which will be mailed November 15. Would delay the implementation of an initial-eligibility index until August 1996, require high-school prospects to complete 13 core courses effective August 1995 and create a new definition of a partial qualifier [2.500-plus GPA in 13 core courses but less than 700 on the SAT or 17 on the ACT; would be able to receive athletically related aid and practice (but not compete) as a freshman. Would have three years of athletics eligibility.].

No. 2-49 — An Atlantic Coast Conference proposal to define partial qualifiers through the use of current Prop 48 standards.

No. 2-50 — A Council proposal to delay implementation of the Prop 16 initial-eligibility index one year.

No. 2-51 — A Council proposal, based on the recommendations of the Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards, that would create new limits for the sliding scale at 610 SAT/2.500 GPA and 810 SAT/2.000 GPA.

No. 2-52 — A Mid-Eastern Athletic Conference proposal to reinstate Prop 48 as the initial-eligibility rule.

For more information, see the October 17 issue of The NCAA News.

Staff contact: Francis M. Canavan.

## Convention

### Delegates asked to obtain voting units by January 8

Delegates attending the 1995 Convention in San Diego have been requested to pick up their voting units at the Convention site as early as possible and no later than Sunday, January 8.

## Schedule of key dates for November and December 1994

### November

		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

### NOVEMBER RECRUITING

#### Men's Division I basketball

1-30: Quiet period, except for 20 days between October 21, 1994, and March 15, 1995, chosen at the discretion of the institution as an evaluation period; institutional staff members shall not visit a prospect's educational institution on more than one calendar day during this period. (Effective in 1994-95 only, as a result of a September 6 action by the NCAA Administrative Committee.) Also: 7 (8 a.m.)-11 (8 a.m.).....Dead period.

#### Women's Division I basketball\*

1-30: Quiet period, except for 20 days between October 8, 1994, and February 28, 1995, chosen at the discretion of the institution as an evaluation period; institutional staff members shall not visit a prospect's educational institution on more than one calendar day during this period. Also:

7 (8 a.m.)-11 (8 a.m.).....Dead period.

#### Men's Division II basketball

7 (8 a.m.)-9 (8 a.m.).....Dead period. Otherwise: October 15 until the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest: Quiet period.

Period between initial and final high-school or two-year college contest: Evaluation period.

#### Women's Division II basketball\*

7 (8 a.m.)-9 (8 a.m.).....Dead period. Otherwise: October 15 until the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest: Quiet period.

Period between initial and final high-school or two-year college contest: Evaluation period.

#### Division I football

1-30: Quiet period, except nine days during October and November selected at the discretion of the institution (an authorized off-campus recruiter may visit a particular high school only once during this evaluation period).

#### Division II football

1-30 .....Evaluation period.

#### MAILING

Last week — Division I Graduation-Rates Disclosure Form to be mailed last week of November; due March 1, 1995.

15 — Official Notice of the Convention to be mailed.

#### DEADLINES

1 — Deadline for all amendments-to-amendments to be received in the national office. No amendments-to-amendments may be submitted after this date, including at the Convention

### December

				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

### DECEMBER RECRUITING

#### Men's Division I basketball

1-31: Quiet period, except for 20 days between October 21, 1994, and March 15, 1995, chosen at the discretion of the institution as an evaluation period; institutional staff members shall not visit a prospect's educational institution on more than one calendar day during this period. (Effective in 1994-95 only, as a result of a September 6 action by the NCAA Administrative Committee.)

#### Women's Division I basketball\*

1-31: Quiet period, except for 20 days between October 8, 1994, and February 28, 1995, chosen at the discretion of the institution as an evaluation period; institutional staff members shall not visit a prospect's educational institution on more than one calendar day during this period.

#### Men's Division II basketball

October 15 until the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest: Quiet period.

Period between initial and final high-school or two-year college contest: Evaluation period.

#### Women's Division II basketball\*

October 15 until the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest: Quiet period.

Period between initial and final high-school or two-year college contest: Evaluation period.

#### Division I football

1-23: Contact period in which one in-person, off-campus contact with a prospective student-athlete shall be permitted during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) or partial calendar week. Exception: December 19 (8 a.m.) through December 23 (8 a.m.) for two-year college prospects and their educational institutions: Dead period.

24-31 .....Dead period.

#### Division II football

1-31 .....Contact period.

\*See pages 122-123 of the 1994-95 NCAA Manual for exceptions. Also, see pages 126-127 for dead periods in other Divisions I and II sports.

If voting equipment is picked up early, the Convention staff will be able to test and replace defective units in a more orderly manner. If delegates wait until Monday, time pressures resulting from the division business sessions could pose a problem.

Test votes will be taken at the beginning of every business session to assure that each unit is working.

A flat registration fee of \$100 per person will be charged at the Convention. The only exception will be for individuals representing commercial enterprises, in which case a \$200 fee will be assessed.

The registration fee covers delegate entertainment costs, such as the delegates reception, luncheons and the honors dinner.

Registration fees will be collected at the registration counters at the San Diego Marriott Hotel and Marina. American Express, MasterCard and Visa credit cards will be accepted, along with personal or institutional checks.

The dates of the Convention are January 7-11, 1995.

Staff contact: Louis J. Spry.

## SWA survey

### Several institutions clarify identity of SWA

A number of institutions have responded to the effort of the NCAA Committee on Women's Athletics to update the Association's list of senior women administrators.

In response to lists that appeared in The NCAA News earlier in October, the following institutions indicated that these individuals (listed with title and membership division) are serving as senior woman administrator:

Colby College (II): Laura Halldorson, women's ice hockey coach.

Howard University (I-AA): Sondra Norrell-Thomas, executive assistant/vice-president for student affairs.

Tennessee State University (I-AA): Lula S. Collier, vice-president for administration.

University of North Carolina, Charlotte (I-AA): Kim Green, assistant athletics director for compliance.

State University of New York at Buffalo (I-AA): Elizabeth Dimmick, assistant professor for recreation and intramural services.

Oberlin College (III): Andrea Aspengren, associate director of athletics.

Northeast Missouri State (II): Kathy J. Turpin, associate director of athletics.

Savannah College of Art and Design (III): Allison Cochrane, dean of students.

Adams State College (II): Mary Gore, eligibility coordinator.

Jacksonville University (I-AA): Becky Motley, director of development.

## All-time NCAA championships leaders

Division I		Division II		Division III	
MEN	WOMEN	MEN	WOMEN	MEN	WOMEN
<b>Team</b>	<b>Team</b>	<b>Team</b>	<b>Team</b>	<b>Team</b>	<b>Team</b>
Southern California.....68	Stanford.....16	Cal Poly SLO.....20	Cal Poly SLO.....16	Kenyon.....15	Trenton State.....19
UCLA.....56	Texas.....15	Cal State Bakersfield.....18	Cal State Northridge.....12	Cal State Stanislaus.....14	Kenyon.....12
Oklahoma State.....41	LSU.....13	Cal State Northridge.....18	Abilene Christian.....10	Hobart.....13	UC San Diego.....11
Stanford.....41	North Carolina.....13	UC Irvine.....15	Cal Poly Pomona.....5	North Central.....12	Christopher Newport.....9
Michigan.....26	UCLA.....13	Florida Southern.....14	Oakland.....5	Wisconsin-La Crosse.....11	Cortland State.....8
<b>Individual</b>	<b>Individual</b>	<b>Individual</b>	<b>Individual</b>	<b>Individual</b>	<b>Individual</b>
Southern California.....267	Stanford.....100	Cal State Bakersfield.....111	Cal State Northridge.....62	Kenyon.....108	Kenyon.....120
Michigan.....202	Florida.....92	Cal State Northridge.....101	Abilene Christian.....57	UC San Diego.....44	Christopher Newport.....37
Ohio State.....183	Texas.....84	Oakland.....82	Cal Poly SLO.....44	Lincoln (Pa.).....42	Williams.....37
Stanford.....167	LSU.....40	Cal Poly SLO.....76	Oakland.....43	Johns Hopkins.....41	Cortland State.....24
UCLA.....144	Wisconsin.....31	St. Augustine's.....72	Alabama A&M.....37	Wisconsin-La Crosse.....32	UC San Diego.....23

## Briefly in the News

### No. 1 passers: Who's better?

When they were teammates in high school, there was no question who was starting quarterback at Wilson (Pennsylvania) High School. The job belonged to **Kerry Collins**; only after Collins graduated did **Chris Adams** take over the position as a senior.

Today, a question begs an answer: Who's better? Collins is the starting signal caller for Pennsylvania State University and led Division I-A in passing efficiency with a rating of 192.4 through October 22. Adams, the starting quarterback at Gettysburg College, led Division III in that category with a rating of 172.9 through October 15.

The similarities do not end there. Both were named offensive player of the week for their performances October 15. Collins led the Nittany Lions to a 31-24 victory over the University of Michigan by tossing three touchdowns and passing for 231 yards. Adams guided Gettysburg to a 52-21 win over Ursinus College by passing for 330 yards and five touchdowns — tying a Centennial Conference record.

And if that isn't enough: The Big Ten Conference and Centennial Conference each have 11 members.

### Jackson gives gift

Former Ohio State University basketball star **Jim Jackson**, now a member of the Dallas Mavericks, officially presented his alma mater October 18 with a gift of \$100,000 that will be divided evenly between the athletics department and the Frank W. Hale Jr. Black Cultural Center.

The athletics department announced it will use its share of the donation to establish the Jim Jackson Athletic Scholarship Fund. The annual income from the \$50,000 endowment will be used to supplement grants-in-aid moneys for the members of the men's basketball program there.

The black cultural center will establish the Jim Jackson Endowed Fund and use the annual income from its portion of the gift to supplement various programs at the center.

"My years at Ohio State were very special



Michigan State University photo

### 700 and counting

*Michigan State University men's ice hockey coach Ron Mason won his 700th career game October 15 when the Spartans defeated Bowling Green State University, 6-3, at Munn Arena. Mason has more victories than any coach in college ice hockey history.*

to me, and I am happy to be able to give something back to the university," said Jackson, who was a two-time all-American as a Buckeye. "Thanks to people like coach (**Randy Ayers**), I grew as a person and as a basketball player during my time at Ohio State. I hope this gift will allow others to have and enjoy the same opportunities that I had."

"Jim Jackson is a marvelous ambassador for the Ohio State University," said **Ferdinand A. Geiger**, athletics director at Ohio State. "We are extremely proud of him and thank him for his generosity."

### Educational grant

The Institute for Substance Abuse Studies at the University of Virginia is the recipient of a grant from Funds for the Improvement for Secondary Education (FIPSE) to create a student-athlete network to promote alcohol- and drug-abuse prevention.

FIPSE, an agency of the U.S. Department of Education, awarded the institute \$145,527 for the first year of the grant period.

"This is a two-year project that will allow us to work with student-athletes from around the country and help them develop healthy life skills during and after their college years," said **Susan Grossman**, coinvestigator of the grant and associate director for prevention at the Institute for Substance Abuse Studies. **Joe Gieck**, athletics trainer at Virginia, is the project's other investigator.

The student-athlete network builds on the work that Grossman and Gieck have completed with athletics departments across the nation through Virginia's APPLE model. APPLE is an acronym for Athletic Prevention Programming and Leadership Education. The model was designed by Grossman and Gieck to provide a means for athletics departments to assess and improve their alcohol- and drug-abuse prevention and education programs.

## Milestones

**Julie Jenkins**, women's volleyball coach at Trinity University (Texas), registered her 200th career victory September 17 when the Tigers defeated Allegheny College, three games to one. Jenkins is in her 10th season at the institution.

**Brad Horky**, women's softball coach at Pittsburg State University, recorded his 200th career coaching victory last spring in a March 7 victory over St. Cloud State University. The victory also gave him 100 wins at Pittsburg State.

**Turan Smith**, women's softball coach at Norfolk State University, earned his 200th career win with a victory over State University College at Brockport March 16.

**Steve Strome**, men's tennis coach at the U.S. Military Academy, garnered his 400th career Division I tennis dual-meet victory when Army beat the University of Connecticut, 5-2.

**Dick Smith**, who retired earlier this year as women's softball coach at the College of St. Francis (Illinois), recorded his 300th victory during the 1994 season. The milestone came in a 10-2 win May 4 over Trinity College (Illinois).

**Jay Martin**, men's soccer coach at Ohio Wesleyan University, recorded his 300th career win October 15 with a 2-0 victory over Allegheny College. Martin is in his 18th season at Ohio Wesleyan. With the victory, his overall record stood at 300-57-24.

## Fact file

Only 30 percent of Blacks in the United States prefer the term "African-American," according to the Roper Organization. Forty-two percent prefer "Black," 10 percent prefer "Afro-American" and 18 percent prefer another term or don't know. Among younger adults, however, "African-American" is the term of choice for 38 percent of survey respondents between ages 18 and 39.

Source: *American Demographics* magazine, cited in a trends supplement prepared for the NCAA Committee on Review and Planning.

## Regional seminars for I, II slated for May 1995

In an effort to provide a continuing-education forum for institutional and athletics administrators, the NCAA membership services group will conduct three regional seminars for Divisions I and II in 1995.

The dates and sites are:

- May 1-3 (Monday-Wednesday), Washington, D.C.
- May 10-12 (Wednesday-Friday), Orlando, Florida.
- May 31-June 2 (Wednesday-Friday), San Diego.

The seminars will provide information regarding NCAA legislation and interpretations and will address the roles of various campus constituents in establishing and maintaining institutional control of intercollegiate athletics programs. The seminars again will use a menu format that will permit each attendee to choose the sessions of greatest interest.

Hands-on Compliance Assistant software training sessions for begin-

ner and advanced users will be conducted during the seminars. A four-hour session for beginners also will be available the first morning of each seminar. Additionally, information will be provided concerning the most common eligibility problems and rules violations that occur in athletics programs. Seminar attendees will be provided a 1995-96 NCAA Guide to Rules Compliance.

A tentative agenda and registration information (including a registration form for the four-hour beginner Compliance Assistant software session) will be sent in early February to conference offices; Divisions I and II directors of athletics, faculty athletics representatives and senior woman administrators; and Division I compliance coordinators.

Individuals with questions about the seminars may contact Chrystal L. Gates at the national office.

## Cal State Sacramento football seeks higher student fees

Students at California State University, Sacramento, may have to pay higher fees to save the school's football team, campus leaders said October 27.

The Associated Students Board of Directors will hold forums to hear student opinions on a fee increase to pay for football grants-in-aid.

School officials have warned that the football program may be eliminated next year if \$200,000 for scholarships is not raised by December 1, according to The Associated Press. Other sports programs face across-the-board cuts, athletics director Lee A. McElroy has said.

Cal State Sacramento's football team competes in Division I-AA.

## Committee notices

Member institutions are invited to submit nominations to fill interim vacancies on NCAA committees. Nominations for the following vacancy must be received by Fannie B. Vaughan, executive assistant, in the NCAA national office no later than November 14, 1994 (fax number 913/339-

0035).

**Men's Basketball Rules Committee:** Replacement for Roland V. Masimino, formerly at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas, no longer at an NCAA institution. Appointee must be from Division I, District 6, 7 or 8.



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# ■ Comment



## The NCAA News

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The Comment section of The NCAA News is offered as a page of opinion. The views do not necessarily represent a consensus of the NCAA membership.

## □ Guest editorial

### Men's gymnastics merits more time

By Peter Kormann  
OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

With the onset of the 1995 season, a landmark in NCAA history will take place. For the first time in more than 30 years, the NCAA will be eliminating championships.

This, perhaps, will be the darkest day in NCAA history. Certainly it will be for many student-athletes.

For the sport of men's gymnastics, this action will mark the end of one of the most successful NCAA programs, one that has stood the test of time for more than 50 years. But perhaps 1995 will be best remembered for being the first time the NCAA violated its stated mission [NCAA Manual, Constitution 1.2-(a)] "to initiate, stimulate and improve intercollegiate athletics programs for student-athletes." Certainly for the student-athletes in men's gymnastics, this executive action does not initiate, stimulate or improve their opportunities to participate in intercollegiate athletics.

The destruction of NCAA men's gymnastics is a result of a strange and irrational debate that has been waged since the late 1970s, that a minimum number of sponsoring institutions must be set in order for a championship to exist.

This minimum-sponsorship number has vacillated over the years from 10 percent of the membership to seven percent to 50 institutions and now 40. By adopting the "40 rule," the message now is not whether a sport produces high-quality athletes and complies with all NCAA aims of scholarship, sportsmanship and accomplishment; if the number of sponsoring institutions falls below 40, the NCAA will not sponsor a championship.

The very premise that every NCAA sport must require the same minimum number of sponsoring institutions is in and of itself curious. The fact is that there are some collegiate sports that have never had, and never will have, large numbers of participating institutions. The reasons for this vary, but certainly sports such as skiing, ice hockey, water polo and gymnastics never have attracted huge numbers when compared to basketball and football.

Simply because a sport does not attract large numbers of participants or institutions does not mean it has less value. In fact, one

## Blacks hindered by gender inequities

Gender equity has taken the brunt of criticism for many ills of today's college athletics scene.

Informed individuals can quickly see the error in laying the blame on this principle and its required actions. However, it is with good spirit that the National Association of Collegiate Women Athletic Administrators has noticed that facts will refute a common myth that gender equity means fewer

### □ Letter

opportunities for black student-athletes.

The recent NCAA Minority Opportunities and Interests Committee's four-year study of race demographics of member institutions reports that the percentage of black students has risen (albeit a small growth), as has the percentage of black students in revenue

sports.

NACWAA wonders, though, if the lack of gender equity on campuses might be the most powerful reason that black females in college athletics are the invisible, and often powerless, population.

Marilyn McNeil

Past President

National Association of Collegiate Women Athletic Administrators

## □ Opinions

### How does pay fit in equity debate?

Chris Voelz, director of women's athletics  
University of Minnesota, Twin Cities  
Minneapolis Star-Tribune

"The whole issue of compensation is very complex. And the price of gender equity comes in far more complexity than just one or two women coaches being paid like their men counterparts. It's also about what can't be measured, about voice, power and decision-making.

"I think we have a responsibility to take a look at what has been an economically driven male model and decide whether that is the correct model for women. I don't believe equality always means replication. To mirror the men's model without establishing our own goals or methodology is to assume the men's model is perfect....

"Instead, I urge we think about an educational model where compensation is relative to athletic performance, quality of the student-athlete experience and being a member of the department. When the day comes when I am told to give the same job description to the woman (coach) — fill the seats and bring in X amount of revenue — then pay may change as well. But right now I'd like to make certain we have our own voice. It's about differentiation, not just discrimination. We're not there to just mimic the men because that does not excise discrimination.

"In the men's model, they go out to get the coach who is going to turn around the program and augment the revenues. They pay sky-high for that. That model (means) in many cases they've reallocated money and dismantled some other programs. I don't want to choose to dismantle any one of my 10 sport programs for the sake of a like payment."

Donna A. Lopiano, executive director  
Women's Sports Foundation  
Minneapolis Star-Tribune

"One of our real challenges is to establish a compensation plan, a salary system applicable to coaches of men's and women's teams that recognizes common coaching expectations, that reflects those of teachers. (As coach) I'm expected to recruit, teach, meet minimum performance standards, (meet) expectations of student academic achievement and get paid this much. Then we can create differences between coaches based on nongender criteria; those rewards can be annual bonuses rather than perpetuated increases.

"I think there's a danger in creating any philosophical system that is different by gender and choosing to unilaterally discriminate in favor of one gender or the other, using the justification of this system. Ultimately, it's not the women's athletics department or the men's athletics department that gets sued (for discrimination); it's the institution. The institution must have a nongender-discriminatory system.

"I think there's also a need to reexamine the issue of revenue production and be sure if there is a salary differentiation based on it that men's and women's teams have the same support system. This is so we don't get into a system where we have a male coach with six promotional and fund-raising staff members helping him raise money upon which his salary and bonus are based and a female coach that has no such support system and therefore is never going to have the same opportunities to produce revenue."

### Football polls

Larry Smith, head football coach  
University of Missouri, Columbia  
The Denver Post

"Polls are very frivolous. In a lot of cases, (the voters) just

look at scores; they become score conscious. That's got me bothered. It's like you have to win by a lopsided score."

### Gender equity

Charlotte Smith, basketball player  
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill  
The Washington Post

"The men's team will always overshadow the women's program. It's just what people value in society. Men's sports will always be valued more than women's sports. The recognition we get is more than before we won the championship, but it's still not as much as it should be."

### Bowl games

Karl D. Benson, commissioner  
Western Athletic Conference  
Fresno (California) Bee

On conference's agreement with Copper, Cotton and Holiday bowls:

"I feel like I've been standing at a poker game without a seat, watching everybody play his hands out and kind of being at the mercy of the others. We've been patient, and now we are where we wanted to be from the get-go."

### Sports journalism

Richard Lapchick, director  
Center for Study of Sport in Society  
Memphis Commercial-Appeal

"There are 1,600 daily newspapers in America. There are two African-American sports editors on those 1,600 daily newspapers. There are seven African-American sports columnists in America on those 1,600 daily newspapers.

"Ninety percent of the sports staffs of those 1,600 daily newspapers do not have a single African-American reporter on their staff."

### Reforms

John Feinstein, commentator  
National Public Radio

"All the (NCAA Presidents Commission) reforms are minor, and they are based on economy — cutting back on scholarships, cutting back on expenses. They have nothing to do with stopping cheating. According to coaches that I have talked to in football and basketball, there is more cheating going on now than ever before, and the reason is simple. There's more money at stake. If you are a successful coach, you can make huge money today, bigger money than ever before, because of all the byproducts of success — shoe contracts, camps, clinics, speeches, you name it. So, the message to coaches is it's worth the risk of cheating, because a coach who cheats will make more money than a coach who loses."

### TV/pro sports

Ray Warren, executive vice-president of sales and marketing for Raycom Inc.  
Cleveland Plain-Dealer

"Pro leagues aren't merely biting the hand that feeds them, they are chewing it off (with strikes and lockouts). It's our hope that once marketers take a look at the other products out there, like college sports, they will see the value of buying time and stay, not just for this year, but for several years to come."



# Computer refinements to help NYSP comply with Federal guidelines

## Program must provide resource documentation

The National Youth Sports Program Committee has approved modifications in its computer software to assist with complying with Federal guidelines for documenting public, private and institutional resources.

The committee, which met October 17-19 in Kansas City, Missouri, decided to schedule meetings between computer specialists and project personnel and evaluators at a minimum of five regional workshops, in order to review compliance procedures and report forms. The meetings also are intended to help project administrators stay current with the software modifications.

In another action, the committee agreed to apply for \$12 million in

grant money from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that is earmarked for NYSP. Application is necessary because — under current Federal regulations — similar organizations also can apply for the funds.

The committee also reviewed final program statistics from last year. Approximately 900 volunteers and 5,000 paid staff worked with 65,864 youths in NYSP programs.

About 68,000 medical exams were given. Eighteen percent of youths examined were referred for further medical treatment.

The committee noted a 40 percent participant-returnee rate in NYSP programs — a five percent increase from last year.

## Other highlights

*In other actions during its October 17-19 meeting in Kansas City, Missouri, the National Youth Sports Program Committee:*

■ Endorsed the continuation of partnerships with the United States Tennis Association and Professional Golfers Association. Because of the success of these programs, the committee will seek partnerships with other sports' national governing bodies in an effort to involve NYSP participants with increased sports-instruction opportunities.

■ Agreed to consider expanding NYSP's math/sciences pilot program to more sites, with the idea that it eventually will become a full-fledged component of NYSP. The committee formed a subcommittee to study the concept and present information regarding availability of grants at the NYSP National Workshop January 22-25, in Orlando, Florida. During the past year, 21 institutions provided hands-on activities in math and science to participants as part of NYSP programs.

■ Increased from 24 to 25 the minimum number of NYSP operating days, noting that a majority of participating institutions provided at least 25 days this summer.

■ Met with representatives of Price Waterhouse

to review compliance regulations for ensuring eligibility of project participants under U.S. Department of Health and Human Services poverty-income guidelines. That information will be shared with participating institutions at the national and regional workshops.

■ Identified 28 participating institutions that will receive meritorious awards at the national workshop. The committee also identified instances of noncompliance at various other sites and will discuss solutions at the regional workshops.

■ Selected 14 new institutions to receive grant funding for 1995, provided that appropriate funding is available.

■ Hired one new program evaluator, contingent upon program sizing and funding, and noted that it may be necessary to hire another.

■ Voted to register the "NYSP" name and materials to prevent unauthorized use.

■ Learned about a recent youth summit involving NYSP participants from Yakima Valley Community College and Washington State University, in which the youths identified areas of concern for their generation. That list of concerns was presented by participants to Sen. Slade Gorton, R-Washington, during a reception at Washington State.

## Men's gymnastics

### Elimination of the sport's championship will destroy participation opportunities at all levels

► Continued from page 4

of the most integral aspects of the American educational system is diversity. Diversity exists in all aspects of collegiate life. A diverse atmosphere stimulates growth, learning, creativity and development. Without it, higher education would become unimaginative, dull and far less successful.

The NCAA Manual states under "basic purposes" (Constitution 1.3.1), "The competitive athletics programs of member institutions are designed to be a vital part of the educational system." This cannot occur without regard for diversity, and diversity cannot exist when every sport is measured by one standard alone.

For many nonrevenue sports such as men's gymnastics, the NCAA championship is vital to the

future of the sport. There are more than 32,000 boys participating in gymnastics nationwide. Most male gymnasts begin the sport around the age of five at a private gymnastics school. Their training is as intense as that of any athlete, and their peak performances occur during their collegiate years.

The elimination of the NCAA championships will devastate this sport at all levels. A stated purpose of the NCAA [NCAA Manual, Constitution 1.2-(g)] is to "cooperate with other amateur athletics organizations in promoting and conducting national and international athletics events."

In May 1994, the United States Gymnastics Federation and the United States Olympic Committee began a campaign to aid the sport of men's gymnastics. Working with NCAA member institutions and the National Association of Collegiate

Gymnastics Coaches, legislation was drafted to amend NCAA Bylaw 18.10.2 to extend the existing moratorium on the discontinuation of NCAA championships through 1997. This proposed extension, which appears in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation as Proposal No. 2-124, will allow those groups time to coordinate efforts and stimulate growth in gymnastics. Discussions already are underway, and the following are among the promising approaches that have been suggested:

■ Combining men's and women's gymnastics into a single, fully integrated program with a single championship.

■ Attracting new sources of funding to support the existing programs and championships program.

■ Targeting efforts and funding to increase the number of participating schools.

■ An independent sports scholarship initiative designed to encourage participation in Olympic sports.

■ The designation of a limited number of universities to serve as training centers for Olympic sports.

■ The modification of the NCAA's eligibility rules in Olympic sports to foster the continued involvement of America's best athletes in collegiate sports (thus increasing the level of spectator interest in those sports).

There are several changes taking place on campuses today that have affected the number of sports a university can offer. Recent court decisions have mandated that universities comply with Title IX interpretations, resulting in the unintended consequence of the reallocation of funds and the unfortunate dropping of men's sports.

Also, financial restraints at many universities have not helped to

resolve any of these problems and have pushed the NCAA to look closely at the realignment of the divisions so there would be more parity among universities. Until gender equity has been resolved and the realignment of divisions has taken place, it makes no sense to drop any NCAA sponsorships based on a minimum number, because those numbers could change.

For the past 56 years, men's gymnastics has been a model sport for the NCAA student-athlete. While maintaining a "world-class" level of athletics competition, the percentage of graduating athletes is among the highest of any NCAA sport. It would be a shame if, in this turbulent athletics climate, sports such as men's gymnastics are lost.

*Peter Kormann is men's gymnastics coach at Ohio State University.*

## Supports

► Continued from page 1

proposal that will be considered at the January NCAA Convention seeks a one-year delay, until August 1996, in implementation of an initial-eligibility index — the primary component of 1992 Convention Proposal No. 16. The delay is based upon a belief that changes resulting from SAT recentering will require a time-consuming communications process with many constituencies.

The proposal, however, proceeds with implementation in 1995 of another key requirement: that a student-athlete must have completed 13 core courses in high school to be eligible to compete as a freshman at a Division I institution.

The Knight Commission also supported the Presidents Commission's new partial-qualifier proposal, which would permit a student-athlete who has achieved at least a 2.500 grade-point average in 13 high-school core courses but not a 700 SAT or 17 ACT score to practice (but not compete) and receive

athletically related aid as a freshman.

The proposal would limit partial qualifiers to three years of eligibility — a restriction supported by the Knight Commission, which said it "firmly rejects a fourth year of competitive eligibility for partial qualifiers."

The Knight Commission also recommended adding a test-score component to the partial-qualifier category. However, the legislation to be considered at the January Convention will let each institution apply its own test-score standards to partial qualifiers.

NCAA representatives who met with the Knight Commission were NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley; Presidents Commission Chair Judith E. N. Albino; Executive Director Cedric W. Dempsey; William B. DeLauder, chair of the NCAA Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards; Jerry L. Kingston, chair of the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee; and John J. McArdle, an NCAA

consultant on academic research.

### Concern about minorities

The Knight Commission emphasized its concern that lower academic standards are harmful to minorities.

"The most disturbing feature of the public discussion of Proposition 16 is that opponents of higher standards have tried to frame the debate as though access to American higher education for African-Americans depended on access to playing fields and athletics scholarships," the statement said.

"The contribution of this debate has been to keep the issue of minority access before the American people. Its great disservice has been to slight the accomplishments of 1.2 million African-American undergraduates who have no association with athletics. About 15,000 African-American students are enrolled in Division I member institutions with athletics scholarships, about 1.2 percent of all undergraduate African-American enrollments in 1992."

However, DeLauder told the

Washington Post that the Knight Commission has "a fixation on the SAT. They ignore the GPA and core courses. We need to give more attention to the courses in high school that will help them score better on the SATs."

DeLauder, president of Delaware State University, added that Blacks score lower on such tests because of socio-economic reasons, not because of race. "I'm not for reducing standards," he said, "but they can't be phony and arbitrary. The socio-economic factors are indisputable. That is clear. If we're replacing a low socio-economic kid with a middle-class socio-economic kid, I find that unacceptable."

At the conclusion of the meeting, FairTest (the National Center for Fair and Open Testing) criticized the Knight Commission for its position on standardized tests. "The Knight Commission is ignoring the data that show that requiring higher test scores is not the same as admitting capable students and helping them succeed."

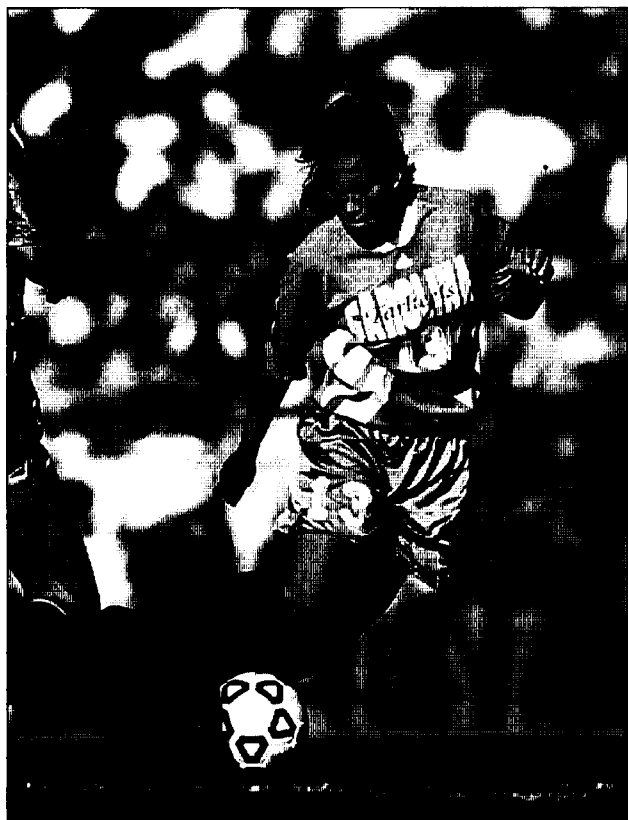
The Knight Commission also

reemphasized its long-held support for presidential control of intercollegiate athletics.

"Beyond the Proposition 16 debate," the statement said, "the NCAA needs to seriously examine its governance structure to make sure that presidents possess policy control. Although the Proposition 16 debate has been cast in terms of academic requirements and fairness, the real questions are who controls intercollegiate athletics and what decision-making role presidents will have within the NCAA. Presidents must not be reduced to the status of simply one interest group among many in the Association."

James A. Haney, executive director of the National Association of Basketball Coaches, noted that positive results have come from the Knight Commission's examination of intercollegiate athletics, "but the fact that the Presidents Commission and the NCAA is relooking at eligibility standards doesn't mean that reform is lost."

## ■ Championships previews



Allsport/Scott Sharpe photo

North Carolina boasts a three-time all-American midfielder in Tisha Venturini.

### Division I Women's Soccer

## Tar Heels' streak ends, but title hopes still strong

**Event:** 1994 Division I Women's Soccer Championship.

**Overview:** This could be a season of change in Division I women's soccer. The championship final will be held at a predetermined site — Portland, Oregon — for the first time since 1985 and only the second time in the 13-year history of the championship. In addition, North Carolina, winner of eight consecutive titles and 11 of 12 overall, had its 101-game unbeaten streak snapped October 19 by Duke. Katherine Remy and Kelly Walbert each scored goals in the second half to snap a 1-1 tie and hand North Carolina its first loss ever at home. But the Tar Heels aren't ready to relinquish their role as championship favorites just yet. Three-time all-American midfielder Tisha Venturini and sophomore forward Debbie Keller have scored 13 goals apiece for the 15-1-1 Tar Heels, and senior netminder Shelley Finger has been formidable in allowing just five goals thus far....A shootout is shaping up in the West among Stanford, Portland, Santa Clara, Washington and Oregon State. Stanford, which last year made its first semifinal appearance, is 10-1 with wins over Santa Clara, Hartford and Duke. Portland started strong but lost three of four in mid-October, including setbacks at Hartford and Connecticut when the Pilots were without all-American Shannon MacMillan, who was sidelined with a broken bone in her foot. She returned in time for the Pilots' bout with Notre Dame, a 2-1 loss....Eastern con-

tenders include Massachusetts, Connecticut, Hartford and Duke. Wisconsin and Notre Dame, which tied North Carolina in early October, will challenge from the Midwest.

**Field:** The championship bracket has been expanded from 16 to 24 teams this year. Four teams will be selected from each of four regions November 6, with the remaining teams selected at large.

**Dates and sites:** First-round games will be played on the campuses of competing institutions November 9. Four four-team regionals will be conducted at on-campus sites November 12-13. The semifinals and final will be November 18 and 20 at Portland.

**Results:** Championship results will appear in the November 21 issue of The NCAA News.

**Championship notes:** This is the first time the championship final will be contested anywhere other than the East Coast. The only other time the championship was played at a predetermined site was in 1985, the only year North Carolina did not win the title....University of Portland officials announced in September that all 5,000 seats at Harry A. Merlo Field had been sold for the semifinals and final. Portland is no stranger to sellout crowds — another was expected when North Carolina visited the Pilots for a regular-season match October 29....Connecticut is the only team other than North Carolina to have appeared in all 12 championships.

### Division I Men's Soccer

## League proves tough for '93 champs

**Event:** 1994 Division I Men's Soccer Championship.

**Overview:** Virginia became the first team to win three consecutive championships with its 2-0 title-game victory over South Carolina last year and is the closest thing to a Division I dynasty since the St. Louis teams of the 1960s. This year, however, Virginia may not even be the best team in the Atlantic Coast Conference. Six teams are vying for tournament berths, including 11-4 North Carolina State, which wrapped up the ACC regular-season title. Virginia could have claimed the conference crown but lost to Duke in overtime. The Cavaliers are 13-3; Duke is 9-5-1. North Carolina is 11-4, including a win over Virginia. Clemson, which lost to Virginia, 6-4, after leading, 4-0, is 10-6. Even Maryland, at 10-4-1, is in the hunt. The ACC postseason tournament figures to provide a wild preview for the national championship....Indiana may be strong enough to take on whoever emerges from the ACC. The senior-laden Hoosiers are 16-1 and have outscored their opponents, 52-6, so far. Wins over ranked foes South Carolina, St. Louis, Clemson, Penn State and Wisconsin put the Hoosiers atop the Intercollegiate Soccer Association of America poll throughout most of September and October. Indiana's lone loss was to North Carolina in the second game of the season. Brian Maisonneuve and Todd Yeagley have combined for 19 goals and 13 assists for the Hoosiers....UCLA looks to be the top challenger from the West. The Bruins are 14-1 overall and are paced by Ante Razov, who has scored 11 goals and four assists....Other contenders include Boston U., St. Louis and South Carolina.

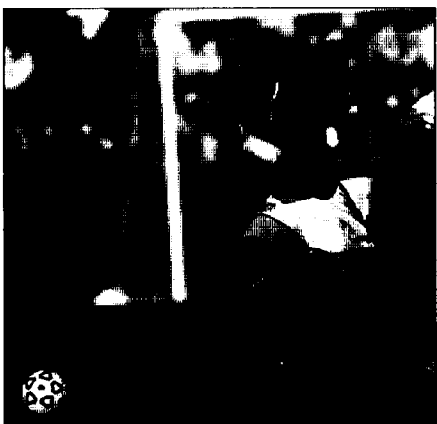
**Field:** Thirty-two teams from eight regions will be selected November 14. At least one team will be chosen from each of the regions. Also, 11 conferences will receive automatic qualification and 10 additional conferences will compete in play-ins for the five remaining automat-

ic berths.

**Dates and sites:** Preliminary-round games will be played at on-campus sites. First-round games will be completed by November 20, second-round games by November 27 and third-round games by December 4. The semifinals and final will be December 9 and 11 at Davidson.

**Results:** Championship results will appear in the December 14 issue of The NCAA News.

**Championship notes:** If North Carolina makes headlines during the tournament, odds are one of the Suarez brothers will be in bold print. There are three of them — Hector, Victor and Temoc — on the Tar Heel roster. Hector and Victor are twins. Temoc, the 1993 ACC rookie of the year, leads the Tar Heels in scoring with 13 goals....Virginia's goal scoring is up this year, but so is its goals-allowed average. The Cavaliers have peppered opponents with 61 goals, and with two regular-season games and the ACC postseason tournament remaining, they have a good chance of eclipsing the school record of 76 goals scored in a season....Indiana starts eight seniors, but the Hoosiers rely on a sophomore in the net. Scott Coufal has shut out 11 opponents and leads the nation with an 0.40 goals-allowed average.



Allsport/Scott Sharpe photo

Nate Friends helped Virginia win its third straight title last season.

### Division II Men's Soccer

## Recent champions remain contenders

**Event:** 1994 Division II Men's Soccer Championship.

**Overview:** The three teams that have won the last four championships are on a collision course again, and all three have had to replace record-breaking performers. Florida Tech is 12-1-1 without Richard Sharpe, who ended his career as the all-time leading goal scorer in Division II. The Panthers, who scored five goals or more in six games last year, have done so only once this year — a 10-1 romp over Florida Southern. Freshman goalkeeper Martin Peat anchors the Panther defensive efforts....Defending champion Seattle Pacific, 11-3-2, figures to advance from the West again. The Falcons graduated Jason Dunn, the school's No. 2 all-time leading scorer, but this year feature five players with at least seven goals. Eight of the Falcons' starting 11 are either freshmen or sophomores. Seattle Pacific beat Cal State Fullerton, a Division I semifinalist in 1993, earlier this season....Southern Connecticut State held the top spot in the Intercollegiate Soccer Association of America poll until recently, when two scoreless ties against Dowling and New Hampshire College dropped the Owls to second behind Wisconsin-Parkside. Although the Owls are having trouble scoring, stopping opponents from doing so hasn't been a problem. Sophomore goalkeeper Rick Koczak has ushered in the post-Bo Oshoniyi era with 10 shutouts and a goals-against average of 0.35. Oshoniyi finished his career with a national-record-tying 50 shutouts....Wisconsin-Parkside is 13-0-2 and has allowed just four goals all season. The top-ranked Rangers are in only their fourth season of NCAA competition.

**Field:** Twelve teams from four regions will be selected November 6. The top four teams will receive first-round byes.

**Dates and sites:** All games will be played at on-campus sites. First-round



Southern Connecticut State University photo

Gil Hokayma is the leading scorer for Southern Connecticut State, which has been even more impressive on the defensive side of the ball. Goalkeeper Rick Koczak has 10 shutouts this season.

games will be completed by November 13 and second-round games by November 20. The semifinals and final will be December 2 and 4 or December 3 and 5.

**Results:** Championship results will appear in the December 5 or 14 issue of The NCAA News.

**Championship notes:** Seattle Pacific's 1993 championship was its first since 1986 and fifth overall. The Falcons won three titles between 1983 and 1986....Florida Tech's Richard Sharpe left his mark on the Division II championship records book. The four-time all-American established marks in game assists (four) and tournament points in a career (20), and tied another by scoring his eighth tournament goal....The rivalry between Southern Connecticut State and Seattle Pacific has intensified over the past four years. The Owls downed the Falcons on penalty kicks in the 1990 championship game, then advanced again via penalty kicks in the 1992 semifinals before losing last year's title match, 1-0.

## Division III Women's Volleyball

## Top trio again likely to dominate

**Event:** 1994 Division III Women's Volleyball Championship.

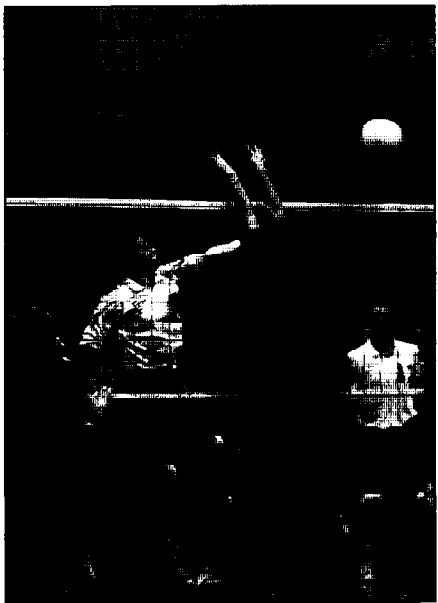
**Overview:** The triumvirate of Washington (Missouri), UC San Diego and Juniata is likely to dominate this event again. The trio has finished in the top four 26 times combined during the first 12 years of the championship and has compiled a 91-28 tournament record. The other 82 teams that have participated are a combined 215-278....Washington (Missouri) has established itself as the most dominant of the three teams, having won four of the last five championships — the last two in 3-0 finals. The Bears, 30-2 so far this season, feature the 1993 Division III player of the year in middle blocker Amy Albers, as well as two-time all-American outside hitter Anne Quenette. And if sophomore setter Stephanie Habif is an all-American this year, it will be the seventh consecutive year in which a Washington setter has earned the honor....Juniata's Heather Blough will challenge Habif for all-American honors at the setter position. She is the career assist leader for Juniata with more than 4,550 during her four-year tenure. "Heather is the best volleyball athlete we've ever had at Juniata," said head coach Larry Bock. "She is a prototype setter, extremely analytical — a great leader and the hardest worker on the team. Her heart and soul is with our team." Bock says he recruits other players, but he selects setters....Other challengers include Ithaca (44-2) and St. Olaf, which beat Juniata earlier.

**Field:** Thirty-two teams will be selected from eight regions November 6.

**Dates and sites:** All matches will be played at on-campus sites. Eight four-team regionals will be played November 11-12 and quarterfinals will be November 19. The semifinals and final will be December 2-3.

**Results:** Championship results will appear in the December 5 issue of The NCAA News.

**Championship notes:** It's a safe bet that either Washington (Missouri), UC San Diego or Juniata will reach the title match in this year's championship. After all, one of those teams has appeared in 10 of the 13 championship finals, including the last eight. Washington coach Teri Clemens enjoys the competition among the three powers. "We want to play them every day," she said. "We know that Juniata will always be scrappy and defensively strong. They reflect good old-fashioned hard work. We also know when we play UC San Diego that we'll have to block big. All their front-line players can score"....Juniata reached the title match last year for the first time since 1981, the first year of the championship....Aces were wild during last year's championship. Amy Sullivan of Washington (Missouri) set a record for aces during the tournament with 23, part of the Bears' total of 63, also a tournament record.



Stephanie Habif (No. 6) is trying to become the seventh straight Washington (Missouri) setter to win all-American honors.

## Division I Field Hockey

## Wide-open championship probable

**Event:** 1994 Division I Field Hockey Championship.

**Overview:** Gone are the not-so-distant days when Old Dominion's name seemingly was etched on the trophy before the season started. Parity is the key word. "All of the teams in the top grouping lost a lot from last year except for possibly Northwestern," said North Carolina coach Karen Shelton....Northwestern has made the tournament every year since 1982, but never has reached the final. Only road losses to Old Dominion and Iowa, plus a tie at Ball State, blemish the top-ranked Wildcats' record....North Carolina, last year's runner-up, was off to its best start (11-0) before traveling to Massachusetts, where the Tar Heels fell, 1-0, in overtime. North Carolina hasn't lost since, including a 3-0 blanking of James Madison....With its win over North Carolina and another over James Madison, Massachusetts has been a spoiler but is looking for more under first-year coach Megan Donnelly. The Minutewomen started 4-0, but suffered a 1-1-2 stretch before their win over the Tar Heels. "We've had a lot of overtime games and tough games, and that's the type of pressure we'll see in the tournament," Donnelly said....James Madison knocked Old Dominion out of the tournament in the first round last year. The Lady Monarchs and defending champion Maryland are among the team's victims this year....And don't forget Old Dominion. The Lady Monarchs have lost four one-goal games and tied another....Championship host Northeastern, 13-3-1, also could be a factor.

**Field:** Twelve teams from six regions — at least one team from each region — will be selected.

**Dates and sites:** The first round will be played November 10 and the second round November 13, both at on-campus sites.



Junior Betsy Vance is the second-leading scorer for top-ranked Northwestern, which is hoping to finally make the championship final. The Wildcats have qualified for the tournament every year since 1982 but have never reached the finals.

The semifinals and championship will be November 19-20 at Northeastern.

**Results:** Championship results will appear in the November 21 issue of The NCAA News.

**Championship notes:** Old Dominion has won seven times in the tournament's 13-year history, including three straight before last year....Maryland won last year's championship (for the first time since 1987), downing Atlantic Coast Conference rival North Carolina, 2-1, in penalty strokes in the final....James Madison sophomore Carole Thate, who played on the 1992 Dutch Olympic team, already holds James Madison's career record for points (goals and assists) and goals.

## Division I-A peer reviewers asked to indicate availability for '95-96

Peer reviewers for the Division I-A athletics certification program have been asked to indicate their availability to serve on a peer-review team in 1995-96.

N. Bea Pray, NCAA compliance representative, said the NCAA Committee on Athletics Certification has

found it necessary to change the assignment process by asking all peer reviewers to identify annually the months of their availability for visits.

A form was provided for that purpose in an October 12 mailing. Pray said that those who received the

form need to respond, even if the peer reviewer's reply is provided after the November 1 deadline specified in the cover memorandum.

The form is to be returned to Pray at the national office or faxed to her at 913/339-0033.

The athletics certification committee cannot consider an individual to serve as a peer reviewer for 1995-96 visits unless he or she returns a completed form.

Peer reviewers will be notified in writing in February 1995 if they

have been selected to serve on a team during fall 1995, or notified in June 1995 if they have been chosen to serve on a team during spring 1996.

A number of alternate reviewers also will be identified for both fall and spring visits.

## Administrative Committee minutes

Conference No. 20  
October 17, 1994

1. Acting for the NCAA Council, the Administrative Committee:

a. Noted that Richard A. Johannmeier, athletics director at Washburn University of Topeka and the Nominating

Committee's nominee for the position of Division II vice-president effective January 1995, is not eligible to serve, inasmuch as NCAA Constitution 4.4.4.2 specifies that the terms of not more than two division vice-presidents shall expire in a given year (Johannmeier has only one more year of service on the Council, so his election would result in all three division vice-presidents' terms expiring next year); agreed that NCAA Division II Vice-

President Charles N. Lindemann would determine the interest of other individuals to serve in that position and circulate a mail ballot to the Division II Steering Committee, and that the result would be submitted to the Nominating Committee.

b. Appointed David R. Hart Jr., athletics director at East Carolina University, as the Council representative to the Honors Committee, replacing Jeremy Foley, who

declined the appointment.

2. Acting for the Executive Committee, the Administrative Committee agreed to reimburse transportation and per diem expenses for the co-chairs of the Divisions II and III Task Forces to Review the NCAA Membership Structure to attend meetings of the oversight committee (as yet unscheduled); agreed to suggest to the Division I task force that an athletics

administrator from among its members also attend the oversight meetings (in addition to the chair); but agreed that each task force would have only one vote on the oversight committee.

3. Acting for the Council and Executive Committee, the Administrative Committee agreed to conduct its October 26 telephone conference at 11 a.m. (Central time), rather than 2 p.m.

## Conference fines school for coach's remarks

The Central Intercollegiate Athletic Association fined North Carolina Central University October 19 for "inappropriate comments made to the media" by head football coach Larry Little after the Eagles' 35-19 loss to nonconference foe Howard University.

The school was assessed \$200,

according to a news release from the conference.

"The fine is in accordance with the CIAA's schedule of penalties. The conference has a policy for addressing problems with officiating," the release said.

North Carolina Central athletics director Sandra T. Shuler told The

Associated Press that the fine would be passed along to Little, who criticized penalties called by officials.

Referees flagged North Carolina Central for two unsportsmanlike conduct penalties early in the October 15 nonconference game, extending a Howard drive that ended with a touchdown.

## Championships corner

The U.S. Naval Academy has been selected as the site for the 1995 National Collegiate Men's and Women's Rifle Championships. The championships will be March 2-4.

## HAVE A PHOTO IDEA?

Mail photos (black-and-white preferred) to: Jack L. Copeland, Managing Editor, The NCAA News, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422.

# Division I-A leaders Through October 29



## RUSHING

	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG
Rashaan Salaam, Colorado	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Brian Pruitt, Central Mich	Sr	9	224	1393	6.2	13	154.78
Napoleon Kaufman, Washington	Sr	8	207	1174	5.7	7	146.75
Lawrence Phillips, Nebraska	So	9	209	1319	6.3	12	146.56
Andre Davis, Texas Christian	Jr	8	179	1089	6.1	3	136.13
Alex Smith, Indiana	Fr	8	191	1070	5.6	8	133.75
Chris Darkins, Minnesota	Jr	8	204	1068	5.2	8	133.50
Brent Moss, Wisconsin	Sr	6	136	781	5.7	8	130.17
Ki-Jana Carter, Penn St.	Jr	7	117	903	7.7	13	129.00
Robert Baldwin, Duke	Sr	8	211	1017	4.8	11	127.13
Ontwaun Carter, Arizona	Sr	8	216	988	4.6	6	123.50
Tyrone Wheatley, Michigan	Sr	6	135	734	5.4	8	122.33
Marcellus Chrishorn, Nevada	Sr	8	176	943	5.4	6	117.88
Eddie George, Ohio St.	Jr	9	186	1060	5.7	8	117.78
Stephen Davis, Auburn	Jr	8	153	937	6.1	9	117.13
Ryan Christopherson, Wyoming	Sr	9	212	1053	5.0	7	117.00
Dennis Lundy, Northwestern	Sr	8	211	935	4.4	6	116.88
Sherman Williams, Alabama	Sr	8	193	934	4.8	5	116.75
Shawn Walters, Southern Cal	So	7	149	788	5.3	9	112.57
Tony Nibbs, Ball St.	Sr	8	159	900	5.7	2	112.50

## SCORING

	CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG
Rashaan Salaam, Colorado	Jr	8	19	0	0	114	14.25
Ki-Jana Carter, Penn St.	Jr	7	13	0	0	78	11.14
Anthony Shelman, Louisville	Sr	8	13	0	0	78	9.75
Steve McLaughlin, Arizona	Sr	8	0	19	19	76	9.50
Kirby Dar Dar, Syracuse	Sr	7	11	0	0	66	9.43
Jack Jackson, Florida	Jr	7	11	0	0	66	9.43
Brian Leaver, Bowling Green	Sr	9	0	39	15	84	9.33
Brian Pruitt, Central Mich	Sr	9	14	0	0	84	9.33
Robert Baldwin, Duke	Sr	8	12	0	0	72	9.00
Rodney Thomas, Texas A&M	Sr	8	12	0	0	72	9.00
Judd Davis, Florida	Sr	7	0	42	7	63	9.00
Tyrone Wheatley, Michigan	Sr	6	9	0	0	54	9.00
Jamal Willis, Brigham Young	Sr	9	13	0	0	78	8.67
Zack Crockett, Florida St.	Sr	7	10	0	0	60	8.57
Remy Hamilton, Michigan	So	8	0	14	18	68	8.50
Casay McBeth, Toledo	Sr	8	11	2	0	68	8.50
Nick Garritano, Nevada-Las Vegas	Sr	8	0	19	16	67	8.38
Brett Conway, Penn St.	So	7	0	40	6	58	8.29
James Stewart, Tennessee	Sr	8	11	0	0	66	8.25
Ronnie Gordon, Vanderbilt	So	8	11	0	0	66	8.25
Mike Chaberg, Minnesota	Jr	7	0	18	13	57	8.14
Lawrence Phillips, Nebraska	So	9	12	0	0	72	8.00
Shawn Walters, Southern Cal	So	7	9	2	0	56	8.00
Brent Moss, Wisconsin	Sr	6	8	0	0	48	8.00
Phil Dawson, Texas	Fr	7	0	22	11	55	7.86

## PASSING EFFICIENCY

	CL	G	ATT	CMP	INT	PCT	YDS	TD	PTS
Kerry Collins, Penn St.	Sr	7	153	107	69.93	3	1,966	11	14.25
Kevin Mason, Syracuse	Sr	7	122	74	60.66	4	3,288	17	16.67
Ryan Henry, Bowling Green	So	9	214	130	60.75	5	2,344	17	16.67
Mike McCoy, Utah	Jr	8	267	180	67.42	6	2,225	23	16.67
Terry Dean, Florida	Jr	7	170	103	60.59	9	2,299	14	15.76
Mike Groh, Virginia	Jr	7	118	79	66.95	4	3,399	9	15.47
Johnny Johnson, Illinois	Jr	8	181	114	62.98	1	55	149	14.96
Jay Barker, Alabama	Sr	8	144	89	61.81	0	1,497	8	14.69
Max Knake, Texas Christian	Jr	8	245	148	60.41	4	1,633	15	14.65
Steve Stenstrom, Stanford	Sr	8	315	204	64.76	5	1,599	26	14.44
John Gustin, Wyoming	Sr	9	210	127	60.48	11	5,244	14	14.67
Kordell Stewart, Colorado	Sr	8	171	105	61.40	3	1,755	14	14.41

## TOTAL OFFENSE

	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG
Eric Zeier, Georgia	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Stoney Case, New Mexico	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Steve Stenstrom, Stanford	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Mike Maxwell, Nevada	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
John Walsh, Brigham Young	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Mike McCoy, Utah	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Jay McDonagh, Western Mich.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Danny Kanell, Florida St.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Craig Whelan, Pacific (Cal.)	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Anthony Hill, Colorado St.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Henry Burris, Temple	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Kordell Stewart, Colorado	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Kerry Collins, Penn St.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Marcus Crandell, East Caro.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Cody Ledbetter, New Mexico St.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Kevin Mason, Syracuse	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Max Knake, Texas Christian	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Tommy Luginbill, Georgia Tech	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75
Chad May, Kansas St.	Jr	8	210	1390	6.6	19	173.75

\*Touchdowns responsible for are TDs scored and passed for.

NCAA statistics are available on the Collegiate Sports Network.

## I-A single-game highs

### PLAYER

**Rushing and passing yards:** 494, Eric Zeier, Georgia vs. South Caro., Sept. 3.

**Rushing and passing plays:** 77, Stoney Case, New Mexico vs. Texas Christian, Sept. 10.

**Rushing yards:** 325, Andre Davis, Texas Christian vs. New Mexico, Sept. 10.

**Rushing plays:** 44, Jason Cooper, Louisiana Tech vs. Nevada-Las Vegas, Oct. 8.

**Passes completed:** 39, Steve Taneyhill, South Caro. vs. East Caro., Oct. 8.

**Passes attempted:** 62, Stoney Case, New Mexico vs. Texas Christian, Sept. 10.

**Passing yards:** 485, Eric Zeier, Georgia vs. South Caro., Sept. 3.

**Passes caught:** 23, Randy Gatewood, Nevada-Las Vegas vs. Idaho, Sept. 17.

**Receiving yards:** 363, Randy Gatewood, Nevada-Las Vegas vs. Idaho, Sept. 17.

**Punt return yards:** 194, Ryan Roskelly, Memphis vs. Tulsa, Sept. 10.

**Kickoff return yards:** 178, David Dunn, Fresno St. vs. Brigham Young, Oct. 8.

### TEAM

**Points scored:** 73, Florida vs. Kentucky, Sept. 10.

**Rushing and passing yards:** 731, Florida St. vs. Maryland, Sept. 10.

**Rushing yards:** 564, Indiana vs. Kentucky, Sept. 17.

**Passing yards:** 635, Nevada-Las Vegas vs. Idaho,

Sept. 17.

**Fewest rushing and passing yards allowed:** 46, Illinois vs. Missouri, Sept. 10.

**Fewest rushing yards allowed:** -22, Baylor vs. San Jose St., Sept. 10; Florida vs. Mississippi, Oct. 1.

### Last week's bests

#### PLAYER

**Rushing and passing yards:** 391, Mike McCoy, Utah vs. UTEP, Oct. 29.

**Rushing yards:** 246, Stephen Davis, Auburn vs. Arkansas, Oct. 29.

**Passing yards:** 408, Steve Stenstrom, Stanford vs. UCLA, Oct. 29.

**Passes caught:** 11, Justin Armour, Stanford vs. UCLA, Oct. 29.

**Receiving yards:** 220, Justin Armour, Stanford vs. UCLA, Oct. 29.

#### TEAM

**Points scored:** 63, Penn St. vs. Ohio St., Oct. 29.

**Rushing and passing yards:** 628, Utah vs. UTEP, Oct. 29.

**Rushing yards:** 390, Mississippi St. vs. Kentucky, Oct. 29.

**Passing yards:** 466, Florida St. vs. Duke, Oct. 29.



Armour



S. Davis

## RECEPTIONS PER GAME

	CL	G	CT	YDS	TD	CTPG
Randy Gatewood, Nevada-Las Vegas	Sr	8	69	989	6	8.63
Alex Vandya, Nevada	Jr	8	64	887	7	8.00
Jamie Asher, Louisville	Sr	8	59	666	1	7.38
Mick Rossley, Southern Methodist	Sr	9	66	670	4	7.33
Kevin Jordan, UCLA	Jr	9	63	1015	6	7.00
Geroy Simon, Maryland	So	8	53	652	3	6.63
Wes Caswell, Tulsa	So	8	52	650	2	6.50
Justin Armour, Stanford	Sr	8	51	874	6	6.38
Dean Jackson, Louisiana Tech	So	8	51	640	0	6.38
Kez McCorvey, Florida St.	Sr	6	38	568	4	6.33

## FIELD GOALS

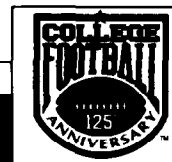
	CL	G	FGA	FG	PCT	FGPG
Steve McLaughlin, Arizona	Jr	8	23	19	82.6	2.38
Remy Hamilton, Michigan	So	8	22	18	81.8	2.25
Nick Garritano, Nevada-Las Vegas	Sr	8	20	16	80.0	2.00
Mike Chaberg, Minnesota	Jr	7	16	13	81.3	1.86
Ryan Williams, Virginia Tech	Sr	8	16	14	87.5	1.75
Brian Leaver, Bowling Green	Sr	9	16	15	93.8	1.67
John Baker, Arizona St.	Sr	8	18	13	72.2	1.63
John Wales, Washington	So	8	20	13	65.0	1.63
Phil Dawson, Texas	Fr	7	14	11	78.6	1.57
Marty Kent, Louisiana Tech	Fr	8	17	12	70.6	1.50

## ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS

	CL	G	RUSH	REC
Rashaan Salaam, Colorado	Jr	8	1390	246
Napoleon Kaufman, Washington	Sr	8	1174	185
Andre Davis, Texas Christian	Jr	8	1089	403
Brian Pruitt, Central Mich.	Sr	9	1393	58
Alex Vandya, Nevada	Jr	8	887	5
Terrell Fletcher, Wisconsin	Sr	8	853	158
Lawrence Phillips, Nebraska	So	9	1319	97
Ki-Jana Carter, Penn St.	Jr	7	903	99
Robert Baldwin, Duke	Sr	8	1017	196
Chris Darkins, Minnesota	Jr	8	1068	143
Rashaan Salaam, Colorado	Jr	8	1390	246
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Chris Darkins, Minnesota	Jr	8	1068	143
Rashaan Salaam, Colorado	Jr	8		



# Division I-AA leaders Through October 29



RUSHING										
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG			
Arnold Mickens, Butler	Jr	9	366	2111	5.8	18	234.56			
Don Wilkerson, Southwest Tex. St.	Sr	8	221	1285	5.8	7	160.63			
Rene Ingoglia, Massachusetts	Jr	8	184	1174	6.4	10	146.75			
Chad Levitt, Cornell	So	7	194	942	4.9	7	134.57			
Rich Lemon, Bucknell	So	8	192	1061	5.5	7	132.63			
K. C. Adams, Boise St.	Jr	8	187	1049	5.6	8	131.13			
Jermaine Rucker, San Diego	So	8	157	1048	6.7	9	131.00			
Michael Hicks, South Caro. St.	Jr	9	203	1145	5.6	14	127.22			
Daryl Brown, Delaware	Sr	8	164	991	6.0	11	123.88			
Kippy Bayless, Middle Tenn. St.	Sr	8	185	983	5.3	9	122.88			
Tim Hall, Robert Morris	Jr	7	108	859	8.0	5	122.71			
Thomas Haskins, Va. Military	So	8	175	972	5.6	8	121.50			
Sherriden May, Idaho	Sr	8	167	971	5.8	7	121.38			
Jermaine Creighton, St. John's (N.Y.)	Fr	7	165	832	5.0	4	118.86			
Eion Hu, Harvard	So	6	153	705	4.6	9	117.50			
Antwan Floyd, Western Ky	So	9	197	1054	5.4	4	117.11			
Terrance Stokes, Pennsylvania	Sr	6	147	679	4.6	3	113.17			
Troy Keen, William & Mary	Jr	9	191	977	5.1	10	108.56			
Chris Parker, Marshall	Jr	9	179	973	5.4	14	108.11			
Steve Iorio, Georgetown	Fr	7	142	743	5.2	7	106.14			

SCORING										
	CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG			
Arnold Mickens, Butler	Jr	9	18	0	0	108	12.00			
Norman Bradford, Grambling	Sr	8	14	0	0	84	10.50			
K. C. Adams, Boise St.	Jr	8	13	2	0	80	10.00			
Ryan Woolverton, Idaho	Jr	8	0	39	13	78	9.75			
Chris Parker, Marshall	Jr	9	14	2	0	86	9.56			
Brian McCarty, Towson St.	Sr	7	11	0	0	66	9.43			
Michael Hicks, South Caro. St.	Jr	9	14	0	0	84	9.33			
Bobby Aggar, Rhode Island	So	8	12	0	0	72	9.00			
Jeremy Rowell, Troy St.	Jr	8	12	0	0	72	9.00			
Terrance Rivers, Citadel	Sr	8	12	0	0	72	9.00			
Curtis Ceaser, Grambling	Sr	8	12	0	0	72	9.00			
Eion Hu, Harvard	So	6	9	0	0	54	9.00			
Jeff Johnson, East Tenn. St.	Sr	6	8	4	0	52	8.67			
Mark Orlando, Towson St.	Sr	7	10	0	0	60	8.57			
Brian Klingerman, Lehigh	Jr	8	11	2	0	68	8.50			
Wayne Chrebet, Hofstra	Sr	8	11	2	0	68	8.50			
Daryl Brown, Delaware	Sr	8	11	0	0	66	8.25			
Gilad Landau, Grambling	Sr	8	0	48	6	66	8.25			
Jermaine Rucker, San Diego	So	8	11	0	0	66	8.25			
Garth Petrilli, Middle Tenn. St.	Sr	8	0	30	12	66	8.25			
Freddie Solomon, South Caro. St.	Sr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Rene Ingoglia, Massachusetts	Jr	8	10	2	0	62	7.75			
Tim Duvic, Dayton	Sr	8	0	26	12	62	7.75			
Steve Iorio, Georgetown	Fr	7	9	0	0	54	7.71			
Sherriden May, Idaho	Sr	8	10	0	0	60	7.50			
Avrom Smith, New Hampshire	Sr	8	10	0	0	60	7.50			

PASSING EFFICIENCY										
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 attempts per game)										
Kendrick Nord, Grambling	Jr	8	213	114	53.52	1	563	2.64	25	169.8
Dave Dickenson, Montana	Jr	8	298	203	68.12	5	168	2.78	23	172.6
Eric Hissaw, Idaho	Jr	6	153	84	54.90	1	65	1.45	9	163.8
Mitch Maher, North Texas	Sr	8	220	140	63.64	9	409	2.05	20	163.2
Shawn Knight, William & Mary	Sr	8	138	91	65.94	3	217	1.24	10	161.0
Brian Brennan, Idaho	Fr	7	115	70	60.87	3	261	1.03	8	156.9
Steve McNair, Alcorn St.	Sr	9	427	239	55.97	12	281	3.84	36	154.0
Marvin Marshall, South Caro. St.	Sr	9	164	91	55.49	8	488	1.45	16	152.3
Todd Donnan, Marshall	Sr	9	238	147	61.76	7	294	1.94	20	152.2
Dan Crowley, Towson St.	Sr	7	239	133	55.65	8	335	2.14	8	150.9
Mark Brunard, Youngstown St.	Jr	8	177	109	61.58	4	226	1.45	13	150.4
Kelly Holcomb, Middle Tenn. St.	Sr	8	180	107	59.44	5	278	1.60	11	149.2
Brad Laird, Northwestern St.	Jr	6	114	70	61.40	6	526	1.13	5	149.0

TOTAL OFFENSE										
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG			
Steve McNair, Alcorn St.	Jr	9	427	2395	5.6	36	256.67			
Dave Dickenson, Montana	Jr	8	298	2036	6.8	26	256.00			
Tom Proudian, Iona	Sr	54	140	171	36	268	2010	322	17.4	15
Robert Dougherty, Boston U.	Jr	68	297	192	105	287	2441	355	25.46	7.17
Dan Crowley, Towson St.	Jr	17	26	56	30	239	2114	256	20.84	8.14
Jeff Lewis, Northern Ariz.	Jr	93	293	273	20	369	2650	462	26.70	5.88
Bob Aylsworth, Lehigh	Jr	37	35	186	151	303	2492	340	23.41	6.79
Kendrick Nord, Grambling	Jr	47	182	205	23	213	2251	260	22.28	8.57
Mitch Maher, North Texas	Jr	65	280	117	163	220	2035	285	21.98	7.71
Eric Hissaw, Idaho	Jr	44	248	115	133	153	1457	197	15.90	8.07
Marvin Marshall, South Caro. St.	Jr	134	1036	107	929	164	1453	298	23.82	7.99
Darin Hinshaw, Central Fla.	Jr	44	104	105	1	268	2293	312	22.92	7.35
Mike Cawley, James Madison	Jr	110	587	131	556	190	1460	300	20.16	6.72
Darrell Asberry, Jackson St.	Jr	124	636	226	410	226	1595	350	20.05	5.73
Tony Hilde, Boise St.	Jr	87	337	191	146	240	1853	327	19.99	6.11
Bryan Martin, Weber St.	Jr	81	286	300	14	273	2245	354	22.31	6.30
Antwan Chiles, Liberty	Jr	37	78	92	14	287	1967	324	19.53	6.03

\*Touchdowns responsible for are TDs scored and passed for.

## Division I-AA team Through October 29

PASSING OFFENSE										
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	YDSPG
Alcorn St.	Jr	9	434	242	55.8	13	3856	8.9	36	428.4
Montana	Jr	8	323	219	67.8	5	3001	9.3	25	375.1
Iona	Jr	6	270	165	61.1	11	2010	7.4	14	335.0
Eastern Wash.	Jr	8	357	178	50.0	13	439	2.58	7.2	18
Lehigh	Jr	8	310	198	64.0	15	639	2.55	8.2	23
Boston U.	Jr	8	305	179	58.7	9	587	2.53	8.3	17
Idaho	Jr	8	268	154	57.5	4	575	2.48	9.3	23
Towson St.	Jr	7	245	138	56.3	8	563	2.15	8.8	20
Northern Ariz.	Jr	9	381	222	58.3	6	583	2.69	7.1	17
Weber St.	Jr	9	322	189	58.7	5	587	2.60	8.1	17
Grambling	Jr	8	217	116	53.5	12	535	2.29	10.6	26
Ala.-Birmingham	Jr	9	323	184	57.0	18	570	2.52	7.8	16
Central Fla.	Jr	9	282	155	55.0	13	550	2.42	8.6	24
Rhode Island	Jr	8	284	173	60.9	12	609	2.16	7.6	17
Liberty	Jr	8	311	167	53.7	7	537	2.10	6.8	11
North Texas	Jr	8	221	140	63.3	9	633	2.03	9.2	20
Cal Poly SLO	Jr	8	304	156	51.3	16	513	2.02	6.7	18
Marshall	Jr	9	267	163	61.0	10	610	2.26	8.5	23
Cal St. Northridge	Jr	7	261	147	56.3	5	563	1.75	6.7	9

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE										
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	RATING
Pennsylvania	Jr	6	166	64	38.55	12	723	7.11	4.28	1
Princeton	Jr	7	184	77	41.85	14	761	9.30	5.05	2
Robert Morris	Jr	7	156	67	42.95	11	705	8.87	5.69	3
Marshall	Jr	9	232	106	45.69	15	647	12.00	5.17	6
Massachusetts	Jr	8	222	97	43.69	11	495	11.16	5.03	6
Duquesne	Jr	7	145	61	42.07	10	690	7.78	4.68	5
Southern B.R.	Jr	8	241	98	40.66	10	415	13.96	5.79	5
Middle Tenn. St.	Jr	8	210	89	42.38	12	571	12.61	6.00	5
Youngstown St.	Jr	8	194	102	52.58	16	825	11.17	5.76	3
Appalachian St.	Jr	8	201	94	46.77	12	597	11.24	5.59	5
North Caro. A&T	Jr	9	208	84	40.38	15	721	12.48	6.00	9
Grambling	Jr	8	248	104	41.94	16	645	14.03	5.66	11
Drake	Jr	8	167	76	45.51	10	599	9.97	5.97	4
Eastern Ky.	Jr	9	211	100	47.39	9	427	12.19	5.78	3
St. John's (N.Y.)	Jr	7	197	86	43.65	16	812	11.82	6.00	9
Boston U.	Jr	8	262	130	49.62	10	382	14.33	5.47	5
Canisius	Jr	8	153	69	45.10	7	458	9.06	5.92	4
Tennessee St.	Jr	8	167	75	44.91	8	479	10.29	6.16	4
Cal St. Northridge	Jr	7	207	101	48.79	15	725	12.21	5.90	7

TURNOVER MARGIN									
	TURNOVERS GAINED			TURNOVERS LOST			MARGIN		
	FUM	INT	TOTAL	FUM	INT	TOTAL	/GAME		
St. John's (N.Y.) .....	11	16	27	4	9	13	2.00		
Sam Houston St. ....	20	14	34	10	8	18	1.78		
New Hampshire .....	8	12	20	3	3	6	1.75		
Appalachian St. ....	12	12	24	5	7	12	1.50		
Idaho .....	10	16	26	10	4	14	1.50		
Southeast Mo. St. ....	17	11	28	8	8	16	1.33		
Robert Morris .....	12	11	23	5	9	14	1.29		
Cal St. Northridge .....	6	15	21	7	5	12	1.29		
Pennsylvania .....	4	12	16	3	6	9	1.17		
Cornell .....	10	15	25	11	6	17	1.14		

# Division II leaders Through October 29



RUSHING									
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG			
Larry Jackson, Edinboro	SR	8	231	1399	12	174.9			
Leonard Davis, Lenoir-Rhyne	SR	7	164	1210	13	172.9			
Roger Graham, New Haven	SR	8	221	1373	16	171.6			
Fred Lane, Lane	FR	7	170	1160	7	165.7			
Joe Aska, Central Okla.	SR	8	209	1304	14	163.0			
Joe Brusca, LIU-C.W. Post	SR	8	201	1284	13	160.5			
LaMonte Coleman, Slippery Rock	SR	8	208	1248	15	156.0			
Richard Huntley, Winston-Salem	JR	8	189	1216	11	152.0			
Albert Bland, Mo. Southern St.	JR	8	182	1185	12	148.1			
Jarrett Anderson, Northeast Mo. St.	SR	8	193	1152	13	144.0			
Ellie Robinson, Southern Conn. St.	JR	8	194	1133	7	141.6			
Joe Gough, Wayne St. (Mich.)	SR	9	314	1247	10	138.6			
Tyree Dye, Ferris St.	SR	8	213	1094	15	136.8			
Dominique Ross, Valdosta St.	JR	9	177	1223	12	135.9			
Randy Martin, St. Cloud St.	SO	8	171	1081	4	135.1			
Dave Ludy, Winona St.	SR	9	187	1215	15	135.0			
Dess Douglas, Mo. Western St.	SR	9	232	1204	14	133.8			
Rashid Thomas, American Int'l	JR	8	213	1065	8	133.1			
Darick Holmes, Portland St.	SR	9	166	1151	15	127.9			
Felix Addo, West Ga.	SR	8	142	1003	8	125.4			
Bobby Phillips, Virginia Union	SR	8	189	1000	6	125.0			
Corey Campbell, Chadron St.	JR	9	195	1108	7	123.1			
Dennis Robinson, Indiana (Pa.)	JR	8	152	953	9	119.1			
Clifton Davis, Fayetteville St.	SR	9	249	1056	7	117.3			

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 att per game)									
Chris Hatcher, Valdosta St.	SR	9	344	260	75.5	5	3001	41	185.3
Alfred Montez, Western N. Mex.	JR	5	194	120	61.8	4	1963	17	171.7
Robert Reeves, Saginaw Valley	JR	7	109	55	50.4	4	1077	13	165.5
Sultan Cooper, Albany St. (Ga.)	JR	9	158	95	60.1	4	1285	17	158.9
Grady Benton, West Tex. A&M	SR	8	365	230	63.0	12	3230	28	156.1
Robb Stamey, Lenoir-Rhyne	SR	8	165	81	49.0	2	1565	14	154.3
Scott Otis, Greenville St.	JR	8	294	177	60.2	11	2369	30	154.1
Steven Thompson, Northeast Mo. St.	SR	8	205	121	59.0	6	1749	18	153.8
Aaron Sparrow, Norfolk St.	JR	8	290	170	58.6	10	2558	23	152.0
Glen McNamee, Bloomsburg	SO	8	178	106	59.5	5	1458	12	145.0
Jody Dickerson, Edinboro	SR	8	174	100	57.4	8	1441	12	140.6
Eric Stockton, Ky. Wesleyan	JR	7	182	87	47.8	9	1552	17	140.4
Mike Rymsha, Bentley	JR	8	149	86	57.7	5	1106	12	139.9
Jim Weir, New Haven	SR	8	215	124	57.6	10	1832	13	139.9
Kyle Allen, Portland St.	JR	9	266	164	61.6	10	2135	14	138.9
Matthew Montgomery, Hampton	SR	9	207	121	58.4	6	1618	11	135.9
John Hebben, Mankato St.	SO	9	310	173	55.8	12	2523	18	135.6
Chris Chambers, UC Davis	JR	6	172	93	54.0	8	1332	13	134.7
James Poldiak, Slippery Rock	SR	7	161	91	56.5	10	1289	11	133.9
Bill Love, Ferris St.	JR	8	188	102	54.2	5	1531	9	133.1
Dave MacDonald, West Chester	SR	9	388	214	55.1	12	2735	28	132.0

TOTAL OFFENSE									
	CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG				
Grady Benton, West Tex. A&M	JR	8	454	3382	422.8				
Alfred Montez, Western N. Mex.	JR	5	204	1953	390.6				
Chris Hatcher, Valdosta St.	SR	9	361	2940	326.7				
James Franklin, East Stroudsburg	SR	8	426	2551	318.9				
Scott Otis, Greenville St.	JR	8	380	2509	313.6				
Aaron Sparrow, Norfolk St.	JR	8	369	2498	312.3				
Kevin Vickers, Tarleton St.	SR	8	412	2490	311.3				
Dave MacDonald, West Chester	SR	9	431	2705	300.6				
John Hebben, Mankato St.	SO	9	370	2681	297.9				
Bob McLaughlin, Lock Haven	JR	9	423	2531	281.2				
Heath Ryland, Augustana (S.D.)	SR	7	334	1922	274.6				
Jake Logue, Mesa St.	SR	8	261	2177	272.1				
Craig Ray, Clarion	SR	7	300	1902	271.7				
Bryan Woodworth, Mansfield	SO	9	361	2419	268.8				
Jermaine Whitaker, N.M. Highlands	SR	8	400	2093	261.6				
Mike Ferraro, LIU-C.W. Post	JR	8	342	2009	251.1				
Larry Drummond, West Va. Wesleyan	SO	9	185	2120	235.6				
Kyle Allen, Portland St.	JR	9	317	2106	234.0				
Vernon Buck, Wingate	JR	8	311	1853	231.6				
Robert Reeves, Saginaw Valley	JR	7	233	1601	228.7				
Jim Weir, New Haven	SR	8	272	1825	228.1				
Shawn Dupris, Southwest St.	SR	8	331	1818	227.3				
Paul Kaiser, Central Mo. St.	SO	8	278	1818	227.3				

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS									
	CL	G	RUSH	REC	PR	KR	INT	YDS	YDSPG
Bobby Felix, Western N. Mex.	JR	6	237	731	143	525	0	1636	272.67
Larry Jackson, Edinboro	SR	8	1399	224	0	371	0	1994	249.25
Roger Graham, New Haven	SR	8	1373	180	0	243	0	1796	224.50
Joe Brusca, LIU-C.W. Post	SR	8	1284	434	0	0	0	1718	214.75
Chris George, Greenville St.	SR	8	8	1135	143	353	0	1639	204.88
Charles Davis, Saginaw Valley	SO	8	14	731	300	493	0	1510	188.75
Rod Clark, Elon	SR	8	321	342	220	616	0	1499	187.38
Dave Ludy, Winona St.	SR	9	1215	109	0	334	0	1658	184.22
Joe Aska, Central Okla.	SR	8	1304	14	0	129	0	1447	180.88
Leonard Davis, Lenoir-Rhyne	SR	7	1210	52	0	0	0	1262	180.29
Albert Bland, Mo. Southern St.	JR	8	1185	21	0	223	0	1429	178.63
Kevin Cannon, Millersville	JR	8	17	447	268	679	0	1411	176.38
Fred Lane, Lane	FR	7	1160	66	0	0	0	1226	175.14
Dominique Ross, Valdosta St.	JR	9	1223	350	0	0	0	1573	174.78
Tyree Dye, Ferris St.	SR	8	1094	294	0	0	0	1388	173.50
Darick Holmes, Portland St.	SR	9	1151	325	0	84	0	1560	173.33
LaMonte Coleman, Slippery Rock	SR	8	1248	120	0	0	0	1368	171.00
Carter Eves, Morris Brown	SR	8	824	81	0	440	0	1345	168.13
Fran DeFalco, Assumption	SR	8	637	343	142	214	0	1336	167.00
Jarrett Anderson, Northeast Mo. St.	SO	8	1152	143	0	0	0	1295	161.88
Ken Cahoon, Calif. (Pa.)	SR	9	168	636	12	666	0	1456	161.78
James Roe, Norfolk St.	JR	8	0	1123	150	0	20	1293	161.63

## Division II team Through October 29

PASSING OFFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDSPG		
West Tex. A&M	9	455	283	62.2	13	3886	431.8		
Valdosta St.	9	418	297	71.1	9	3254	361.6		
Western N. Mex.	6	209	127	60.8	4	2080	346.7		
Tarleton St.	8	349	168	48.1	17	2585	323.1		
Norfolk St.	8	302	175	57.9	11	2575	321.9		
West Chester	9	391	215	55.0	12	2756	306.2		
Greenville St.	8	307	184	59.9	11	2421	302.6		
N.M. Highlands	8	375	196	52.3	14	2269	283.6		
Mankato St.	9	316	174	55.1	13	2542	282.4		
Lock Haven	9	387	215	55.6	23	2539	282.1		
Mansfield	9	338	175	51.8	11	2473	274.8		
East Stroudsburg	8	296	156	52.7	7	2185	273.1		
Clarion	8	300	175	58.3	8	2171	271.4		
Portland St.	9	297	184	62.0	10	2421	269.0		
Augustana (S.D.)	8	341	179	52.5	17	2150	268.8		
Calif. (Pa.)	9	325	165	50.8	22	2370	263.3		

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Bentley	8	182	68	37.3	18	687	1	51.1	
Pittsburg St.	8	238	103	43.2	15	1156	3	75.7	
Central Okla.	8	214	79	36.9	16	1111	8	77.9	
Lane	7	176	66	37.5	10	811	7	78.0	
Wayne St. (Neb.)	8	270	100	37.0	8	1377	4	78.8	
Ashland	8	172	75	43.6	14	824	6	79.1	
Savannah St.	9	182	71	39.0	14	888	8	79.1	
North Ala.	8	169	69	40.8	9	819	5	80.7	
Gannon	8	169	67	39.6	9	852	5	81.1	
Tex. A&M-Kingsville	8	187	78	41.7	17	1047	6	81.2	
Central Ark.	9	226	87	38.5	15	1272	6	81.3	
North Dak.	8	239	112	46.8	15	1262	6	84.3	
Chadron St.	9	255	119	46.6	16	1293	6	86.5	
West Liberty St.	8	219	93	42.4	16	1293	6	86.5	
Virginia St.	9	257	112	43.5	11	1306	7	86.7	

	TURNOVER MARGIN							
	G	FUM	INT	GAIN	FUM	INT	LOSS	MARGIN
Lenoir-Rhyne	8	15	13	28	3	3	6	2.7
Northeast Mo. St.	8	14	16	30	4	7	11	2.3
Bentley	8	12	18	30	8	5	13	2.1
West Va. Wesleyan	9	19	23	42	8	16	24	2.0
Mo. Western St.	9	13	20	33	7	8	15	2.0
Savannah St.	9	18	14	32	10	8	18	1.5
Humboldt St.	8	7	21	28	9	7	16	1.5
Winona St.	9	19	16	35	10	12	22	1.4
North Dak.	8	8	16	24	7	6	13	1.3
Kutztown	8	18	11	29	7	11	18	1.3
Greenville St.	8	12	16	28	6	11	17	1.3
Hillsdale	9	8	20	28	6	10	16	1.3
Springfield	8	11	13	24	10	4	14	1.2
Pittsburg St.	8	16	15	31	14	7	21	1.2
West Chester	9	19	10	29	6	12	18	1.2
Chadron St.	9	15	15	30	11	8	19	1.2
Western N. Mex.	6	10	11	21	10	4	14	1.1
Ferris St.	8	9	10	19	5	5	10	1.1
Livingstone	8	9	15	24	12	3	15	1.1
Bloomsburg	9	8	15	23	8	5	13	1.1

Division III leaders Through October 22



RUSHING						
CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG	
Carrey Bender, Coe	SR	7	176	1377	14	196.7
Steve Harris, Carroll (Wis.)	SR	7	175	1230	17	175.7
Mark Kacmarynski, Central (Iowa)	JR	7	168	1212	12	173.1
Rob Marchitello, Maine Maritime	JR	6	213	965	16	160.8
Kelvin Gladney, Millsaps	SR	7	187	1118	11	159.7
Darren MacLellan, La Verne	SR	5	125	789	8	157.8
Spencer Johnson, Wis.-Whitewater	SR	7	187	1083	12	154.7
Josh Mason, Amherst	SO	5	136	754	6	150.8
Jeff Robinson, Albion	SR	7	170	1053	11	150.4
Tim Lightfoot, Westfield St.	JR	7	194	980	9	140.0
Cliff Hall, Howard Payne	FR	7	156	974	10	139.1
Thomas Lee, Anderson	SR	7	201	956	11	136.6
Brad Olson, Lawrence	FR	7	131	933	4	133.3
John Klasen, Lake Forest	JR	7	205	924	11	132.0
David Haggie, Guilford	FR	7	145	917	5	131.0
Terrence Thomas, Cal Lutheran	SR	6	145	766	7	127.7
Dwayne Marcus, Gettysburg	SR	7	149	890	11	127.1
Jason Regan, Simpson	SR	7	167	889	5	127.0
Petie Davis, Wesley	SR	7	129	878	11	125.4
Flournoy Hightower, Mass. Maritime	JR	6	128	748	4	124.7
Pat Rusch, St. Norbert	SR	7	171	869	6	124.1
Jim Callahan, Salve Regina	SO	7	162	864	11	123.4
Anthony Hammack, Rose-Hulman	SR	7	182	864	12	123.4
Ryan Reynolds, Thomas More	SR	7	153	863	4	123.3
Kevin Matarelli, Monmouth (Ill.)	SR	7	147	828	4	118.3
Steve Gabriel, Norwich	SR	6	157	708	8	118.0
Ryan Jenkins, Beloit	SR	7	143	821	9	117.3
Chris Gunterberg, Wis.-River Falls	FR	6	148	685	5	114.2
Ernie Ansah, Worcester Tech	JR	5	121	567	5	113.4
Bill Casey, Mass.-Dartmouth	JR	7	117	793	8	113.3
Carlton Carter, Thomas More	JR	6	109	676	9	112.7

PASSING EFFICIENCY										
(Min. 15 att per game)	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Kurt Ramler, St. John's (Minn.)	SO	6	102	63	61.7	1	983	13	182.9	
Chris Adams, Gettysburg	SR	7	135	90	66.6	0	1244	12	173.4	
Joel Perry, Plymouth St.	JR	6	100	57	57.0	1	934	10	166.5	
Paul Bell, Allegheny	SR	7	155	101	65.1	2	1503	10	165.4	
Ryan Campuzano, La Verne	JR	6	119	76	63.8	3	1107	10	164.7	
Chris Klippel, Carroll (Wis.)	SR	7	187	101	54.0	6	1603	25	163.7	
Bill Borchert, Mount Union	FR	7	176	102	57.9	3	1610	16	161.4	
Graig Kusick, Wis.-La Crosse	JR	8	207	126	60.8	4	1953	15	160.2	
Mike Elijah, Wartburg	SR	7	125	77	61.6	1	1055	11	159.9	
John Shipp, Claremont-M-S	SR	6	186	105	56.4	9	1706	18	155.7	
Vic Arney, Widener	JR	7	122	75	61.4	7	1154	9	153.8	
Jason Baer, Wash. & Jeff.	SO	7	134	80	59.7	6	1060	12	146.8	
Jim Connolly, Wesley	SR	7	187	126	67.3	7	1376	13	144.7	
P. J. Insana, John Carroll	SR	7	218	128	58.7	6	1743	16	144.6	

TOTAL OFFENSE					
CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG	
John Shipp, Claremont-M-S	SR	6	292	1895	315.8
Sean Keville, Moravian	SR	7	311	2119	302.7
Eric Noble, Wilmington (Ohio)	JR	7	347	2101	300.1
Chris Esterley, St. Thomas (Minn.)	SO	7	304	2040	291.4
Terry Peebles, Hanover	JR	7	318	1979	282.7
Mark Novara, Lakeland	FR	6	344	1684	280.7
Darrin Fox, Bluffton	SO	7	329	1887	269.6
P. J. Insana, John Carroll	SR	7	280	1870	267.1
Jason Schneider, FDU-Madison	JR	7	264	1802	257.4
Steve Mikulski, Trinity (Conn.)	SR	5	183	1287	257.4
Brian Vandusen, Western Md.	JR	7	316	1788	255.4
Mark Thompson, Earlham	SO	7	248	1755	250.7
Chris Ings, Wabash	JR	6	231	1504	250.7

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS										
CL	G	RUSH	REC	PR	KR	INT	YDS	YDSPG		
Carrey Bender, Coe	SR	7	1377	200	7	0	1584	226.29		
Brian Brekke, Gust. Adolphus	SR	7	600	122	111	556	0	1389	198.43	
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	SR	7	35	866	117	309	0	1327	189.57	
Ryan Reynolds, Thomas More	SR	7	863	300	0	130	0	1293	184.71	
Steve Harris, Carroll (Wis.)	SR	7	1230	55	0	0	0	1285	183.57	
Kelvin Gladney, Millsaps	SR	7	1118	134	0	18	0	1270	181.43	
Petie Davis, Wesley	SR	7	878	167	47	154	0	1246	178.00	
Rob Marchitello, Maine Maritime	JR	6	965	82	0	0	0	1047	174.50	
H. J. Hoppe, Carroll (Wis.)	SO	7	0	852	0	365	0	1217	173.86	
Mark Kacmarynski, Central (Iowa)	JR	7	1212	0	0	0	0	1212	173.14	
Chris Notarfrancesco, Gettysburg	JR	7	0	684	242	263	0	1189	169.86	
Tom McDavitt, Trinity (Conn.)	SR	5	8	654	104	81	0	847	169.40	
Jeff Robinson, Albion	SR	7	1053	123	0	0	0	1176	168.00	
Steve Gabriel, Norwich	SR	6	708	120	0	177	0	1005	167.50	
LaVant King, Ohio Northern	SR	7	0	526	257	372	0	1155	165.00	
Cliff Hall, Howard Payne	FR	7	974	73	95	0	0	1142	163.14	
Josh Mason, Amherst	SO	5	754	59	0	0	0	813	162.60	
Dan Grew, Worcester St.	SR	7	683	192	87	174	0	1136	162.29	
Spencer Johnson, Wis.-Whitewater	SR	7	1083	0	0	0	0	1083	154.71	
Hunter Shoop, Denison	SR	7	272	52	477	260	0	1061	151.57	
Flournoy Hightower, Mass. Maritime	JR	6	748	87	0	69	0	904	150.67	
Steve Wilkerson, Catholic	SR	7	50	972	0	13	0	1035	147.86	
Tim Lightfoot, Westfield St.	JR	7	980	51	0	0	0	1031	147.29	

Division III team Through October 22

PASSING OFFENSE							
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDSPG
Moravian	7	293	147	50.2	0	2159	308.4
St. John's (Minn.)	7	225	140	62.2	7	2155	307.9
Wilmington (Ohio)	7	324	171	52.8	12	2154	307.7
Hanover	7	314	177	56.4	10	2122	303.1
Lakeland	6	319	171	53.6	13	1755	292.5
Claremont-M-S	6	195	110	56.4	9	1749	291.5
St. Thomas (Minn.)	7	268	157	58.6	1	2025	289.3
Western Md.	7	259	156	60.2	9	2011	287.3
John Carroll	7	247	141	57.1	9	1955	279.3
FDU-Madison	7	258	131	50.8	14	1916	273.7
Alma	7	290	172	59.3	15	1885	269.3
Trinity (Conn.)	5	158	86	54.4	6	1340	268.0
Ursinus	7	261	165	63.2	7	1811	258.7
Bluffton	7	238	136	57.1	12	1788	255.4
Wis. La Crosse	8	224	134	59.8	6	2040	255.0
Menlo	7	263	137	52.1	15	1767	252.4
Allegheny	7	199	113	56.8	3	1767	252.4
Salisbury St.	6	217	120	55.3	6	1509	251.5

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE								
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING POINTS
Worcester St. ....	7	149	51	34.2	16	637	5	59.8
Central (Iowa) .....	7	174	69	39.6	13	710	3	64.7
Westfield St. ....	7	114	40	35.0	11	537	4	66.9
Albion .....	7	183	80	43.7	22	872	6	70.6
Baldwin-Wallace .....	7	217	90	41.4	10	924	4	74.1
Buffalo St. ....	7	188	69	36.7	11	903	5	74.1
Illinois Col. ....	7	168	66	39.2	20	794	10	74.9
Wartburg .....	7	186	76	40.8	12	888	4	75.1
FDU-Madison .....	7	218	99	45.4	15	988	4	75.7
Susquehanna .....	7	203	77	37.9	11	1004	5	76.8
Concordia M head .....	7	201	83	41.2	12	953	5	77.4
Plymouth St. ....	6	132	59	44.7	8	597	3	78.0
Maine Maritime .....	6	107	45	42.0	10	583	3	78.4
St. John Fisher .....	6	196	90	45.9	7	848	3	80.2
Union (N.Y.) .....	7	184	71	38.5	8	911	5	80.5
Kean .....	6	137	59	43.0	10	731	3	80.6

TURNOVER MARGIN								
	G	FUM	INT	GAIN	FUM	INT	LOSS	MARGIN
Wis.-Whitewater	7	11	17	28	1	6	7	3.00
Worcester St.	7	16	16	32	7	5	12	2.85
Dickinson	7	10	18	28	7	4	11	2.42
Albion	7	4	22	26	6	4	10	2.28
Wartburg	7	11	12	23	4	3	7	2.28
Amherst	5	9	9	18	5	2	7	2.20
Grinnell	7	14	10	24	5	6	11	1.85
Wilkes	7	10	14	24	7	4	11	1.85
Montclair St.	7	15	9	24	4	8	12	1.71
Bethel (Minn.)	7	15	10	25	8	6	14	1.57
Illinois Col.	7	10	20	30	8	11	19	1.57
Concordia-Mhead	7	12	12	24	7	6	13	1.57
Plymouth St.	6	9	8	17	7	1	8	1.50
Mount Union	7	5	17	22	8	4	12	1.42
Susquehanna	7	9	11	20	2	8	10	1.42
Thomas More	7	9	12	21	6	5	11	1.42

PUNT RETURNS					
(Min 1.2 per game)		CL	NO	YDS	AVG
Chris Halburton, Thomas More		SR	13	237	18.2
Sean Williams, John Carroll		SR	9	157	17.4
Remondo Williams, Waynesburg		SR	9	137	15.2
James Spriggs, Sewanee		JR	14	212	15.1
Ariel Bell, Frostburg St		SR	15	227	15.1
Damon Adams, Tufts		JR	12	181	15.1
Shaun Dann, Fitchburg St		SR	10	147	14.7
Tony Bradley, Marietta		FR	10	146	14.6
Kenny O'Connor, Coast Guard		JR	11	159	14.5
John Barrett, Wis -La Crosse		SO	25	358	14.3
Darnell Rubin, Chapman		JR	13	186	14.3
Chris Notarfrancesco, Gettysburg		JR	17	242	14.2
Wallace Thompson, Salisbury St		SO	11	154	14.0
E. J. Fuller, Frostburg St		SO	11	154	14.0
Brian Simpson, Merchant Marine		SR	20	267	13.4
Tyrone Croom, Susquehanna		SO	16	213	13.3

KICKOFF RETURNS				
(Min. 1.2 per game)	CL	NO	YDS	AVG
Chris Palmer, St. John's (Minn.)	JR	9	321	35.7
Terrick Grace, Rowan	FR	10	348	34.8
R. J. Hoppe, Carroll (Wis.)	SO	11	365	33.2
Eric Calamease, Howard Payne	JR	8	259	32.4
Tony Hill, Salisbury St.	FR	8	254	31.8
Terry Vaughn, Waynesburg	SR	10	313	31.3
LaVant King, Ohio Northern	SR	12	372	31.0
Chad Anderson, Luther	SO	14	432	30.9
Mike Oursler, Albion	SO	10	306	30.6
John Barrett, Wis.-La Crosse	SO	13	393	30.2
John Seidl, St. Thomas (Minn.)	FR	13	392	30.2
Dupree Mixon, Baldwin-Wallace	SO	10	292	29.2
Antione Lewis, Ill. Benedictine	JR	12	350	29.2

PUNTING			
CL	NO	YDS	AVG
Ryan Haley, John Carroll	SR	36	43.6
Tomek Mikler, Redlands	JR	34	43.1
Jeff Shea, Cal Lutheran	FR	28	40.9
Chris Murray, Sewanee	SR	28	40.5
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	SR	27	40.3
David Haggie, Guilford	JR	27	39.9
Matt Carlson, North Central	FR	27	39.



## ■ Division I women's volleyball leaders

KILLS					DIGS				
(Min. 4.35 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. 3.75 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG
1. Nina Foster, Alabama	FR	99	573	5.79	1. Ashley Wacholder, Duke	SR	57	299	5.25
2. Paola Paz Soidan, San Jose St.	JR	54	309	5.72	2. Stacy Humphries, Towson St.	JR	82	425	5.18
3. Dominique Benton-Bozman, Pacific (Cal.)	SR	67	373	5.57	3. Natasha Sylvain, American	SR	95	487	5.13
4. Svetlana Vityulina, Geo. Washington	JR	85	464	5.46	4. Jennifer Borton, Akron	JR	88	434	4.93
5. Priscilla Pacheco, Georgia	SR	79	431	5.46	5. Ann Bonner, Iowa	SO	53	261	4.92
6. Annett Buckner, UCLA	SR	79	415	5.25	6. Stephanie McCannon, Iowa St.	JR	74	346	4.68
7. Tzvetelina Yanchulova, Idaho	JR	81	425	5.25	7. Kathy Shaw, Delaware	SR	99	461	4.66
8. Lilly Denoon-Chester, Houston	SR	64	330	5.16	8. Nia Kiggundu, Southwestern La.	SO	82	365	4.45
9. Mindy Rice, Idaho	SR	82	417	5.09	9. Brandy Oaslan, Southern Ill.	SO	68	302	4.44
10. Nia Kiggundu, Southwestern La.	SO	82	405	4.94	10. Kaaryn Sadler, Eastern Ill.	SR	82	362	4.41
11. Ginger Ernest, San Diego St.	SO	70	342	4.89	11. Jennifer Pike, Iowa	SR	52	225	4.33
12. Alicia Robertson, Tulane	SR	74	360	4.86	12. Jennifer Peterson, North Caro. St.	FR	100	432	4.32
13. Veronica Morales, Michigan St.	FR	78	378	4.85	13. Cathy Luke, Brown	SR	56	241	4.30
14. Joanna Grotenhuis, Wisconsin	SR	78	376	4.82	14. Natalie Steffen, N.C.-Asheville	SO	97	410	4.23
15. Kristin Folki, Stanford	FR	51	245	4.80	15. Yolanda Owens, Florida A&M	SR	85	359	4.22
16. Christy Peters, Notre Dame	SR	67	319	4.76	16. Lorian Newcomer, Alabama	SO	92	388	4.22
17. Robin Kibben, Clemson	SR	68	322	4.74	17. Leah Green, Iowa	SO	53	220	4.15
18. Ashley Wacholder, Duke	SR	57	269	4.72	18. Karrie Downey Larsen, Colorado	SR	61	253	4.15
19. Haylee Red, South Fla.	JR	86	404	4.70	19. Kim Burke, LIU-Brooklyn	SO	33	136	4.12
20. Krisna Johnson, Stephen F. Austin	SO	83	385	4.64	20. Heather Collins, UC Santa Barb	SR	63	259	4.11

ASSISTS					HITTING PERCENTAGE						
(Min. 11.50 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. .350/3 attacks per game)	CL	GMS	KILLS	ERR	ATT	PCT
1. Lynne Hyland, Idaho	SO	83	1198	14.43	1. Erica Berggren, South Fla.	SO	80	284	43	491	.491
2. Laura Davis, Ohio St.	SR	63	905	14.37	2. Amy Ford, Rider	JR	64	261	49	445	.476
3. Christy Johnson, Nebraska	JR	62	851	13.73	3. Heather Kohonen, Connecticut	JR	77	244	45	467	.426
4. Eden Kroeger, Maryland	FR	74	1000	13.51	4. Adrian Nicol, Duke	SR	58	185	29	368	.424
5. Kristen Campbell, Duke	FR	56	755	13.48	5. Michele Guzowski, Rider	SR	65	142	31	262	.424
6. Chrissy Boehle, UC Santa Barb.	SR	60	803	13.38	6. Jenny Jackson, Ohio St.	JR	61	244	57	443	.422
7. Andrea Clark, San Diego St.	FR	51	680	13.33	7. Jennifer Moore, Wright St.	SR	69	207	47	385	.416
8. Julie Franzen, Sam Houston St.	SR	85	1133	13.33	8. C. Dadducci, Central Conn. St.	JR	89	334	57	674	.411
9. Sarah Runka, South Fla.	FR	81	1074	13.26	9. Angelica Ljungquist, Hawaii	SO	66	192	49	351	.407
10. Monika Cavaliere, Southern Cal.	JR	62	819	13.21	10. Alyson Randick, UCLA	SR	77	196	42	387	.398
11. Melissa Benitez, San Jose St.	JR	54	713	13.20	11. Jennifer Clark, Iowa	FR	54	130	22	272	.397
12. Kelly Flannigan, UCLA	SO	61	796	13.05	12. Perette Arrington, Seton Hall	SR	93	298	78	556	.396
13. Tracy Holman, Loyola Marymount	FR	74	960	12.97	13. Kara Galer, Northern Iowa	JR	73	125	19	268	.396
14. Missy Aggert, Florida	JR	75	971	12.95	14. Kristi Hagel, Troy St.	JR	97	244	51	489	.395
15. Becky Bauer, Minnesota	FR	80	1023	12.79	15. Kim Newman, McNeese St.	SR	76	245	52	490	.394
16. Sami Sawyer, Houston	SO	64	817	12.77	16. Michelle Dressel, North Texas	JR	80	163	39	315	.394
17. Brenda Gregersen, Fresno St.	JR	80	1016	12.70	17. Kristin Folki, Stanford	FR	51	245	64	461	.393
18. Shannon Tuttle, Notre Dame	JR	69	873	12.65	18. Susie Checkett, Xavier (Ohio)	SO	90	125	14	284	.391
19. Stephanie Stoen, Louisville	SO	79	997	12.62	19. Kerry Lewis, Cal St. Sacramento	SR	60	165	34	338	.388
20. Suzie Severyn, Cal St. Sacramento	JR	68	858	12.62	20. Virag Domokos, George Mason	SO	81	284	56	567	.384

SERVICE ACES					BLOCKS						
(Min. 0.50 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. 1.25 per game)	CL	GMS	SOLO	AST	TOT	AVG
1. Erica Smith, Mississippi Val.	FR	78	71	0.91	1. Carla Ellis, Howard	SO	106	58	167	225	2.12
2. Carol Fester, Central Conn. St.	FR	88	75	0.87	2. Tara Randle, Alcorn St.	SO	72	47	104	151	2.10
3. Nicole Nemeth, FDU-Teaneck	SR	67	56	0.84	3. Kristin Reilly, La Salle	SR	55	49	58	107	1.95
4. Lynne Mazza, Campbell	SR	83	68	0.82	4. Nina Foster, Alabama	FR	99	71	121	192	1.94
5. Minda Smith, Southern-B.R.	JR	71	58	0.82	5. Deena Francis, Southern-B.R.	JR	71	35	99	134	1.89
6. Kathleen Fraser, St. Francis (N.Y.)	JR	77	62	0.81	6. Karen Weyler, Montana St.	FR	73	23	112	135	1.85
7. Zvezdana Siroli, Oral Roberts	JR	86	68	0.79	7. Cynthia Cook, Texas Southern	JR	58	34	73	107	1.84
8. Amy Ford, Rider	JR	64	48	0.75	8. Lauri Yust, Southern Cal.	SR	59	44	64	108	1.83
9. Kim Spottswood, Drexel	SR	92	67	0.73	9. Andrea Sanders, Wright St.	SO	72	22	106	128	1.78
10. Kim King, Xavier (Ohio)	SR	83	60	0.72	10. Cynthia Ruelas, UTEP	SO	69	41	80	121	1.75
11. Susie Teftworth, Bucknell	SO	90	65	0.72	11. Lori Federmann, Eastern Ky.	SR	85	51	96	147	1.73
12. Tara Randle, Alcorn St.	SO	72	52	0.72	12. Carrie Shurr, Northern Iowa	SR	73	23	101	124	1.70
13. Angie Harris, Notre Dame	FR	66	47	0.71	13. Sarah Chase, Hawaii	JR	64	15	92	107	1.67
14. Cori Bown, Austin Peay	SO	85	60	0.71	14. C. Mikolajchak, Southeastern La.	JR	109	60	119	179	1.64
15. Liz Herzner, Marist	SO	84	59	0.70	15. Angelica Ljungquist, Hawaii	SO	66	18	90	108	1.64
16. Susie Diaz, Iowa	SO	54	37	0.69	16. Alyson Randick, UCLA	SR	77	13	113	126	1.64
17. Jennifer Shea, Fordham	SR	84	57	0.68	17. Anna Krimmel, Geo. Washington	SO	87	27	114	141	1.62
18. Heather Herdes, Southern Ill.	JR	84	56	0.67	18. Josephine Carter, Delaware St.	SR	78	65	61	126	1.62
19. Danyel Howard, Northeastern	JR	72	48	0.67	19. Karen Goff-Downs, Montana	SR	82	15	116	131	1.60
20. Mary Cavanagh, Holy Cross	JR	42	28	0.67	20. Kim Krull, UCLA	SO	81	25	99	124	1.53

## ■ Division III women's volleyball leaders

KILLS					DIGS				
(Min. 3.50 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. 3.50 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG
1. Kris Michels, Simpson	SR	91	482	5.30	1. Kris Waterhouse, Catholic	SR	120	732	6.10
2. Stacey Mullally, John Carroll	SR	66	342	5.18	2. Karl Bailey, Monmouth (Ill.)	SO	81	470	5.80
3. Becky Tome, York (Pa.)	SR	94	475	5.05	3. Cassandra Seyfert, Endicott	FR	92	520	5.65
4. Angela Brown, Franklin	SO	94	458	4.87	4. Sarah Hamsher, Grove City	SO	84	468	5.57
5. Chris Cullinane, Thomas More	JR	124	581	4.69	5. Sarah Hilschman, Wheaton (Ill.)	SR	108	591	5.47
6. Meredith Sandherr, Frank & Marsh	SR	91	417	4.58	6. Joanna Reining, Upper Iowa	FR	68	366	5.38
7. Rebecca Miller, Eastern Nazarene	SR	74	330	4.46	7. Karen Levi, Goucher	JR	107	558	5.21
8. Adamiika Gil, New Paltz St.	SO	72	312	4.33	8. Kary Cram, Illinois Col.	JR	71	357	5.21
9. Shawna Parkinson, Chapman	SO	85	388	4.33	9. Erin Guay, Wash. & Jeff.	SO	74	382	5.16
10. Cria Waterhouse, Catholic	SR	120	519	4.33	10. Jody Reimann, Grove City	SR	87	448	5.15
11. Billie Forrester, Monmouth (Ill.)	SR	80	346	4.33	11. Melissa Sullivan, Buffalo St.	SR	93	478	5.14
12. Margo Rogers, Wis.-Whitewater	SR	80	346	4.33	12. Tiffany Haddock, Bowdoin	JR	74	379	5.12
13. Tracy Swyers, Ithaca	SR	108	482	4.28	13. Anita Grinberger, Kalamazoo	JR	90	460	5.11
14. Sarah Davenport, Wheaton (Mass.)	JR	94	402	4.28	14. Andl Kaverman, Bluffton	SR	109	546	5.01
15. Michelle Arganbright, Wis.-Eau Claire	SR	69	293	4.25	15. Laurie Bender, Goucher	JR	109	545	5.00
16. Becca Thorne, Illinois Col.	SR	71	301	4.24	16. Julie Beckerman, Maryville (Mo.)	SR	58	289	4.98
17. Christy Orndorff, Juniata	SR	80	339	4.24	17. Tawnia Pacheco, Eastern Conn. St.	SR	68	333	4.90
18. Regan Gough, Wellesley	SR	73	309	4.23	18. Kelly Burt, Bowdoin	JR	68	328	4.82
19. Merry Guidin, DePauw	JR	75	315	4.20	19. Julie Campbell, Hanover	SR	81	384	4.74
20. Michelle Forney, Lycoming	SO	60	250	4.17	20. Joe Beckstrom, Principia	SR	69	327	4.74

ASSISTS					HITTING PERCENTAGE						
(Min. 9.00 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. .340/3 attacks per game)	CL	GMS	KILLS	ERR	ATT	PCT
1. Amy Rossi, Endicott	FR	92	1250	13.59	1. Amy Albers, Washington (Mo.)	SR	98	407	59	643	.541
2. Heather Blough, Juniata	SR	88	1176	13.36	2. Kate Maffei, Rhodes	FR	109	360	60	620	.484
3. Carla Gron, Franklin	JR	95	1145	12.05	3. Jamie Roeling, Rhodes	JR	109	359	64	624	.473
4. Gillian Fritz, Wis.-La Crosse	SR	95	1112	11.71	4. Brenda Fox, Marietta	SR	80	268	65	465	.437
5. Amy Ward, Wis.-Oshkosh	SO	121	1390	11.49	5. Michele Dillon, Averett	SR	90	248	41	481	.430
6. Amber Crowder, Millikin	JR	76	866	11.39	6. Kris Michels, Simpson	SR	91	482	134	835	.417
7. Beth Nowicki, Thomas More	FR	112	1268	11.32	7. Mary Swajek, Kalamazoo	SR	90	305	50	617	.413
8. Stephanie Habif, Washington (Mo.)	SO	100	1130	11.30	8. Robin Diehl, Juniata	SO	87	159	37	301	.405
9. Cara Marker, Kalamazoo	JR	88	989	11.24	9. Nikk Clausen, Coe	SR	64	207	55	386	.394
10. Rhonda Endres, Wis.-Eau Claire	SO	96	1057	11.01	10. Sarah Davenport, Wheaton (Mass.)	JR	94	402	73	839	.392
11. Ginnie Keller, Trinity (Tex.)	SR	83	912	10.99	11. Megan Lalonde, Regis (Mass.)	JR	41	71	20	131	.389
12. Alina Soros, Beloit	SO	76	798	10.50	12. Anna Sadler, New York U.	JR	111	437	69	947	.389
13. Holly Brady, Ohio Wesleyan	SR	78	805	10.32	13. Tara Raddatz, Wis.-Stevens Point	JR	102	328	46	731	.386
14. Christi Park, Chapman	SR	85	886	10.30	14. Kia Williams, Ferrum	JR	84	250	78	447	.385
15. Elise Lobue, Ill. Wesleyan	JR	87	890	10.23	15. Michelle Forney, Lycoming	SO	60	250	57	509	.379
16. Sara Gonzales, Wis.-Whitewater	SO	74	751	10.15	16. Kamilah Alexander, MIT	JR	81	306	54	666	.378
17. Rebecca Radcliffe, Wittenberg	JR	90	911	10.12	17. Tamiko Martin, Ferrum	SR	84	156	52	275	.378
18. Jolene Helden, Wis.-Stevens Point	JR	101	1012	10.02	18. Kristi Kusch, Juniata	SR	88	244	78	441	.376
19. Shannon Martin, St. Mary's (Minn.)	JR	77	761	9.88	19. Julie Carreo, St. John Fisher	SR	85	261	64	524	.376
20. Natanya Preiser, Claremont-M.S.	SR	82	809	9.87	20. Tracy Swyers, Ithaca	SR	108	462	97	972	.376

SERVICE ACES					BLOCKS						
(Min. 0.50 per game)	CL	GMS	NO	AVG	(Min. 1.25 per game)	CL	GMS	SOLO	AST	TOT	AVG
1. Tracy Krupa, Misericordia	SO	63	83	1.32	1. Kathy Treptow, Upper Iowa	SR	67	121	137	258	3.85
2. Allison Sidorosky, Roger Williams	SR	73	96	1.32	2. Billie Forrester, Monmouth (Ill.)	SR	80	139	115	254	3.17
3. Jen Edwards, Stevens Tech	SR	54	66	1.22	3. Nikki Clausen, Coe	SR	64	107	84	191	2.98
4. Alex Lessor, Baldwin Wallace	SO	54	55	1.02	4. Jeanie West, Defiance	SR	108	125	168	293	2.71
5. Dyan Kovacs, Gallaudet	JR	94	94	1.00	5. Lillian Nave, Williams	SR	75	101	99	200	2.67
6. Alina Soros, Beloit	SO	76	76	1.00	6. Rebecca Miller, Eastern Nazarene	SR	74	106	87	193	2.61
7. Shannon Harrison, Bridgewater (Va.)	SO	65	64	0.98	7. Jody Prete, Upper Iowa	SR	68	53	109	162	2.36
8. Laura Helton, Emory	JR	107	104	0.97	8. Molly Farrell, Webster	JR	73	75	93	188	2.30
9. Yvonne Lui, Swarthmore	SR	76	72	0.95	9. Paula Kennedy, Roanoke	JR	51	52	59	111	2.18
10. Erin Lohus, Misericordia	JR	63	59	0.94	10. Tara Raddatz, Wis.-Stevens Point	JR	102	94	123	217	2.13
11. Megan Hangelman, Connecticut Col.	JR	62	57	0.92	11. Kristie Mannetter, William Penn	SO	64	61	75	136	2.13
12. Karl Kastl, Neb. Wesleyan	SO	104	95	0.91	12. Kelly Wiltz, Wash. & Jeff.	SO	76	122	38	160	2.13
13. Anne Scott, Greensboro	JR	96	86	0.90	13. Michelle Frost, Fredonia St.	SO	87	77	96	173	1.95
14. Dana MacDonald, Bard	SR	72	64	0.89	14. Becca Thorne, Illinois Col.	SR	71	63	76	139	1.96
15. Alisa Smith, Endicott	SO	92	79	0.86	15. Crystal Wilson, Roanoke	JR	38	47	25	72	1.89
16. Margarita Tacuri, Rutgers Newark	SO	86	73	0.85	16. Grace King, Fredonia St.	SO	90	77	91	168	1.81
17. Mandey Hulbert, Roger Williams	SR	66	56	0.85	17. Sarah Donovan, Bowdoin	FR	74	66	70	136	1.84
18. Kim Jones, Southwestern (Tex.)	JR	89	75	0.84	18. Carrie Grzeljka, Penn St.-Behrend	SR	67	102	19	121	1.81
19. Misti Williams, Bard	SO	72	60	0.83	19. Holly Farwell, Principia	JR	69	74	50	124	1.67
19. Jackie Andrews, John Jay	SO	72	60	0.83	20. Sara Farnsworth, Monmouth (Ill.)	SO	60	64	41	105	1.60



# NCAA Record

## CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

**Richard D. Breslin**, president at Drexel, announced his resignation, effective June 30, 1995.

## DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

**Jim Oakes**, chief of staff since 1981 for Sen. Bennett Johnston, D-Louisiana, appointed athletics director at Louisiana Tech.

## ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

**Christine Carr** named assistant athletics director at Suffolk, where she also will serve as women's softball and volleyball coach.

## COACHES

**Baseball assistant**—**Scott Baker** promoted from assistant to associate baseball coach at Georgia Southern.

**Men's basketball**—**Tim Grgurich**, an assistant coach with the Seattle Supersonics of the NBA and a former aide at Nevada-Las Vegas, named head coach at Nevada-Las Vegas.

**Women's basketball**—**Beckie Dickinson** picked as women's basketball coach at Stony Brook. She was an assistant coach at Buffalo for the past four years. **Suzanne Scheef**, women's basketball and softball coach at Berea from 1989 to 1991, named head coach at Shepherd, where she also will serve as assistant women's softball coach.

**Women's basketball assistant**—**Vickie Henson** named assistant coach at North Carolina-Asheville, replacing **Katie Meier**, who resigned to accept a similar position at Tulane.

**Men's and women's fencing**—**Yefim Litvan** appointed head men's and women's coach at Rutgers.

**Football**—**Jim Corrigan**, head coach at Kent, signed a four-year contract extension through June 30, 1998.

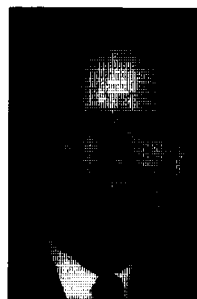
**Women's golf**—**Mimi Ryan**, women's coach at Florida for the past 25 years, announced her retirement. During her career, Florida won the National Collegiate Women's Golf Championship in 1985 and 1986 and finished in the top five at NCAA championships nine times. She also guided the program to six Southeastern Conference championships.

**Men's ice hockey assistant**—**John E. Glynne** hired as associate coach at Sacred Heart after serving for the past five years as an assistant coach at Yale.

**Men's soccer**—**Pete Chvany**, men's

## Moore appointed as AD at Cornell

**Charles H. Moore**, who set an Olympic record in the 400-meter hurdles and a world record in the 440-yard hurdles in 1952, has been appointed director of athletics and physical education at Cornell, his alma mater. He succeeds **James E. Morley**, Cornell's senior vice-president, who has been interim athletics director since **Laing E. Kennedy** departed in August to become AD at Kent.



Moore

Moore has served since 1992 at vice-chair of Advisory Capital Partners and as chair of that fund's advisory board. Before that, he was president and chief executive officer of Ransburg Corp. He also served as executive vice-president of Illinois Tool Works, Inc. From 1981 to 1986, Moore was president and CEO of Clevepak Corp., a paper packaging company. He also has served as managing director of Peers and Company, an investment banking firm.

Moore earned a bachelor's degree at Cornell in mechanical engineering in 1952. As a track athlete, he never lost a race in the 400-meter hurdles. He won a gold medal in the 400-meter hurdles and a silver in the 1,600-meter relay at the 1952 Summer Olympics in Helsinki, Finland.

soccer coach at Emerson, announced his resignation, effective after the team's last scheduled game of the season (November 4).

**Women's softball**—**Christine Carr** named at Suffolk, where she also will serve as women's volleyball coach and assistant athletics director.

**Women's softball assistant**—**Suzanne Scheef**, women's basketball and softball coach at Berea from 1989 to 1991, named assistant women's softball coach at Shepherd, where she also will serve as head women's basketball coach.

**Men's and women's swimming and diving**—**Pete Ross**, men's and women's swimming and diving coach at Loras since 1981, announced his resignation. He will continue as director of the Loras Graber Center and as an instructor in the physical education department through December 31.

**Women's tennis**—**Laura Scott** select-

ed at Northern Illinois after spending the past five years as head teaching professional for the City of Lubbock (Texas) parks and recreation department.

**Women's tennis assistant**—**Erica Silbersher** appointed assistant coach at Amherst.

**Men's and women's track and field**—**Christian Morrison** named men's and women's track and field coach at Sacred Heart after serving as an assistant track and field and cross country coach at DePaul since 1991.

**Men's and women's track and field assistant**—**Sylvia Dyer** appointed assistant coach at North Carolina-Asheville.

**Women's volleyball**—**Christine Carr** named at Suffolk, where she also will serve as women's softball coach and assistant athletics director.

**Wrestling**—**Robert Latessa** named interim coach for the 1994-95 season at Lehigh, succeeding **Tom Hutchinson**,

## Calendar

November 1	Division II Task Force to Review the NCAA Membership Structure	Kansas City, Missouri
November 1-4	Division I Baseball Committee	Kansas City, Missouri
November 2-4	Legislative Review Committee	Kansas City, Missouri
November 3-4	Special Television Committee	Boston
November 7-8	Olympic Sports Liaison Committee	Nashville
November 11-13	Committee on Infractions	Kansas City, Missouri
November 19-20	Division I-AA Football Committee	Kansas City, Missouri
November 25-28	Division I Women's Volleyball Committee	Kansas City, Missouri

who resigned after six seasons.

**Wrestling assistants**—**David Hirsh** named assistant coach at Cornell...**Patrick Santoro** named at Lehigh.

## STAFF

**Assistant dean for athletics**—**Sally Flaherty**, who spent the past 19 years as executive assistant to the president at Stony Brook, named there as assistant dean for the division of physical education and athletics.

**Compliance and student services coordinator**—**Jerome Rodgers**, an NCAA intern during the 1993-94 academic year, chosen as coordinator of compliance and student services at Eastern Illinois.

**Development assistant**—**Scott Leightman** named assistant director of sports information and athletics development at Bloomsburg.

**Fencing administration coordinator**—**James R. Helge**, assistant fencing coach at Rutgers, given additional duties as coordinator of fencing administration there.

**Sports complex executive director**—**Michael Cassidy**, who spent the past five years as assistant director of the Stephen C. O'Connell Center at Florida, named executive director of the sports complex at Stony Brook.

**Sports information director**—**Steve Marovich** named sports information director at Carthage after directing community relations at the Kalamazoo Center for Independent Living in Michigan. He also served as SID at Nazareth (Michigan).

**Sports information assistant**—**Scott Leightman** named assistant director of sports information and athletics development at Bloomsburg.

## ASSOCIATIONS

The Greater San Diego Sports Asso-

ciation, which will be renamed the San Diego International Sports Council January 1, named **Martin Conley** as its first full-time executive director. Conley most recently served as director with the 1994 World Cup Organizing Committee in Los Angeles.

## Etc.

## AGREEMENTS

■ The CompUSA Florida Citrus Bowl announced an agreement under which the co-champion of the Big Ten Conference or conference runner-up will play a Southeastern Conference team in the bowl game in Orlando, Florida, through 2001.

■ The Thrifty Car Rental Holiday Bowl and the Mobil Cotton Bowl agreed in principle to a multiyear agreement that will give both bowls access to teams from different conferences and Notre Dame, beginning in 1995.

■ The Weiser Lock Copper Bowl and the Western Athletic Conference announced a two-year agreement that guarantees WAC participation in the 1994 and 1995 Copper Bowl games.

## CONFERENCE MEMBERS

The Carolinas-Virginia Conference will include 12 NCAA institutions, beginning with the 1995-96 academic year. Members are Barton, Belmont Abbey, Coker, Erskine, High Point, Lees-McRae, Longwood, Mount Olive, Newberry, Pfeiffer, Queens (North Carolina) and St. Andrews Presbyterian.

Stony Brook announced it will become a member of the New England Collegiate Conference, beginning with the 1995-96 academic year.

See NCAA Record, page 14 ►

## Polls

### Division II Men's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division II men's cross country teams through October 24 as listed by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association:

1. Adams State, 2. Western State, 3. Edinboro, 4. Abilene Christian, 5. Lewis, 6. Nebraska-Kearney, 7. South Dakota, 8. Ashland, 9. Mankato State, 10. UC Riverside, 11. Cal Poly Pomona, 12. South Dakota State, 13. Northeast Missouri State, 14. Emporia State, 15. North Dakota State, 16. New Mexico Highlands, 17. Southern Illinois-Edwardsville, 18. Fort Hays State, 19. Southern Indiana, 20. East Stroudsburg, 21. Cal State Chico, 22. Southern Connecticut State, 23. Portland State, 24. Central Missouri State, 25. Minnesota-Duluth.

### Division II Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division II women's cross country teams through October 24 as listed by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association:

1. North Dakota State, 2. Cal State Los Angeles, 3. Western State, 4. Adams State, 5. North Dakota, 6. UC Davis, 7. Emporia State, 8. Edinboro, 9. Augustana (South Dakota), 10. Abilene Christian, 11. Air Force, 12. North Florida, 13. Millersville, 14. Fort Hays State, 15. Springfield, 16. Northwest Missouri State, 17. Massachusetts-Lowell, 18. Ashland, 19. Minnesota-Duluth, 20. Seattle Pacific, 21. Slippery Rock, 22. South Dakota State, 23. Pittsburg State, 24. Humboldt State, 25. West Georgia.

### Division III Men's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division III men's cross country teams through October 24 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. North Central, 225; 2. Calvin, 215; 3. Williams, 210; 4. Wabash, 190; 5. Wisconsin-La Crosse, 176; 6. Carleton, 169; 7. Wisconsin-

- Oshkosh, 163; 8. Rochester, 158; 9. Wisconsin-Stevens Point, 147; 10. Haverford, 135; 11. MIT, 123; 12. St. Lawrence, 115; 13. UC San Diego, 107; 14. Christopher Newport, 103; 15. Nebraska Wesleyan, 93; 16. Rochester Institute of Technology, 81; 17. Otterbein, 60; 18. Occidental, 54; 19. Case Reserve, 44; 20. Anderson, 38; 21. Luther, 32; 22. Brandeis, 25; 23. Tufts, 22; 24. Allegheny, 18; 25. Wartburg, 15.

### Division III Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division III women's cross country teams through October 24 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. Cortland State, 224; 2. Calvin, 217; 3. Wisconsin-Oshkosh, 207; 4. Bowdoin, 188; 5. Hope, 176; 6. Wartburg, 168; 7. Colby, 163; 8. St. Benedict, 160; 9. Moravian, 140; 10. Geneseo State, 137; 11. St. Olaf, 124; 12. Rowan, 114; 13. Wisconsin-Eau Claire, 107; 14. Wisconsin-La Crosse, 103; 15. Williams, 93; 16. Claremont-Mudd-Scripps, 78; 17. St. Thomas (Minnesota), 63; 18. Luther, 55; 19. UC San Diego, 46; 20. Washington and Lee, 37; 21. Wheaton (Illinois), 34; 22. Wooster, 25; 23. Washington (Missouri), 20; 24. Emory, 17; 25. Carnegie Mellon, 16.

### Division I Field Hockey

The top 20 NCAA Division I field hockey teams through October 24, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Northwestern (12-2-1).....118
2. North Caro. (15-1).....116
3. James Madison (14-2-1).....108
4. Old Dominion (13-4-1).....102
5. Massachusetts (10-2-3).....96
6. Ohio St. (13-3).....90
7. Penn St. (11-5-1).....84
8. Connecticut (14-3-1).....75
9. Northeastern (13-3-1).....75
10. Ball St. (14-1-2).....66
11. Syracuse (9-4-2).....60
12. Delaware (13-4).....54
13. Iowa (9-6).....46

14. Princeton (11-1).....44
15. Boston College (10-4-2).....36
16. American (13-2).....30
17. Boston U. (10-6).....24
18. New Hampshire (11-7).....18
19. Maryland (7-7-2).....12
20. Maine (11-5-1).....3
20. Michigan (8-10).....3

### Division II Field Hockey

The top NCAA Division II field hockey teams in each region through October 25, with records:

- North:** 1. Bloomsburg, 16-1-2; 2. East Stroudsburg, 12-6-1; 3. St. Michael's, 8-5-1; 4. Merrimack, 5-4.

- South:** 1. Lock Haven, 15-2; 2. Millersville, 13-4; 3. Shippensburg, 9-8-1; 4. Catawba, 7-3; 5. Kutztown, 9-7-1.

### Division III Field Hockey

The top five NCAA Division III field hockey teams in each region through October 25, with records:

- Northeast:** 1. Middlebury, 11-0-1; 2. Williams, 10-1-1; 3. Connecticut College, 9-2-1; 4. Plymouth State, 10-4; 5. Tufts, 8-4-1.

- South:** 1. Mary Washington, 12-3-1; 2. Eastern Mennonite, 14-1-1; 3. Salisbury State, 10-5; 4. Goucher, 13-3-1; 5. Lynchburg, 13-3-2.

- North Atlantic:** 1. Cortland State, 17-1; 2. William Smith, 16-2; 3. Ithaca, 10-6-1; 4. Brockport State, 13-4; 5. St. Lawrence, 9-5-1.

- South Atlantic:** 1. Trenton State, 15-0; 2. Messiah, 13-3-1; 3. Gettysburg, 12-3-1; 4. Lebanon Valley, 11-7; 5. Dickinson, 12-4.

- Great Lakes:** 1. Wittenberg, 14-4; 2. De Pauw, 14-3; 3. Denison, 9-5-1; 4. Oberlin, 11-7; 5. Wooster, 9-8.

### Division I-AA Football

The Sports Network top 25 NCAA Division I-AA football teams through October 24, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Montana (7-0).....1,713
2. Youngstown St. (6-0-1).....1,645
3. Idaho (7-0).....1,625

4. Troy St. (6-1).....1,450
5. Marshall (7-1).....1,424
6. Grambling (7-0).....1,323
7. Northern Iowa (5-2).....1,303
8. Boston U. (6-1).....1,248
9. Eastern Ky. (6-2).....1,127
10. James Madison (6-1).....1,056
11. McNeese St. (5-2).....1,054
12. North Texas (5-2).....936
13. Pennsylvania (5-0).....814
14. Boise St. (7-1).....757
15. Appalachian St. (5-2).....746
16. Stephen F. Austin (4-2-1).....647
17. Central Fla. (5-3).....606
18. Alcorn St. (6-2).....578
19. Middle Tenn. St. (5-2).....523
20. Hofstra (7-0).....421
21. Western Caro. (5-3).....398
22. New Hampshire (6-1).....362
23. William & Mary (5-3).....319
24. Western Ky. (5-3).....198
25. Cornell (6-0).....123

### Division II Football

The top 20 NCAA Division II football teams through October 23, with records in parentheses and points:

1. North Ala. (6-1).....80
2. North Dak. St. (7-0).....76
3. Valdosta St. (8-0).....72
4. Tex. A&M-Kingsville (6-1).....68
5. Pittsburg St. (7-0).....64
6. Portland St. (6-2).....60
7. Ferris St. (7-0).....56
8. Northeast Mo. St. (7-0).....52
9. New Haven (5-2).....48
10. Indiana (Pa.) (5-2).....44
11. West Ga. (5-2).....40
12. West Chester (7-1).....36
13. Albany St. (7-1).....32
14. Angelo St. (5-3).....25
15. South Dak. St. (6-2).....21
16. Edinboro (6-1).....17
17. Central Okla. (6-2).....16
18. St. Cloud St. (5-2).....12 1/2
19. UC Davis (4-3).....9
20. Western St. (6-1).....6 1/2

### Division III Football

The top six NCAA Division III football teams in each region through October 23, with records:

- East:** 1. Rowan, 5-1; 2. Plymouth State, 6-0; 3. Kean, 5-1; 4. Ithaca, 5-2; 5. Buffalo State, 5-2; 6. Merchant Marine, 5-1.

- North:** 1. Allegheny, 7-0; 2. Albion, 7-0; 3. Baldwin-Wallace, 7-0; 4. Augustana (Illinois), 6-0; 5. Mount Union, 6-1; 6. Alma, 7-0.

- South:** 1. Washington and Jefferson, 7-0; 2. Frostburg State, 7-0; 3. Dickinson, 7-0; 4. Guilford, 7-0; 5. Trinity (Texas), 7-0; 6. Widener, 6-1.

- West:** 1. Central (Iowa), 7-0; 2. La Verne, 6-0; 3. Wisconsin-Whitewater, 6-1; 4. St. John's (Minnesota), 6-1; 5. Wartburg, 6-1; 6. Wisconsin-River Falls, 6-1.

### Division I Men's Golf

The Wilson top 25 NCAA Division I men's golf teams through October 26 as listed by the Golf Coaches Association of America:

1. Stanford, 80; 2. Oklahoma State, 3. Georgia Tech, 4. (tie) Oklahoma and Auburn, 6. Nevada-Las Vegas, 7. Houston, 8. Texas Christian, 9. Tulsa, 10. North Carolina, 11. Texas, 12. Florida, 13. Minnesota, 14. Arizona State, 15. Kent, 16. Clemson, 17. Fresno State, 18. Arkansas, 19. Virginia, 20. LSU, 21. Kansas, 22. UTEP, 23. Troy State, 24. Ohio State, 25. Wake Forest.

### Men's Water Polo

The top 20 NCAA men's water polo teams through October 25 as selected by the College Water Polo Coaches Association, with points:

1. Stanford, 80; 2. Southern California, 76; 3. California, 72; 4. Pepperdine, 66; 5. Pacific (California), 64; 6. UCLA, 62; 7. UC Santa Barbara, 56; 8. UC Irvine, 52; 9. Navy, 48; 10. Air Force, 44; 11. UC San Diego, 39; 12. Massachusetts, 35; 13. Long Beach State, 34; 14. UC Davis, 28; 15. Slippery Rock, 24; 16. Princeton, 20; 17. (tie) Chaminade and Claremont Mudd Scripps, 13; 19. Villanova, 8; 20. Loyola Marymount, 5.

# NCAA Record

► Continued from page 13

## Notables

**Wayne Holmes**, a football offensive tackle at Penn State, named to the College Football Association "Good Works Team."

The American Volleyball Coaches Association announced these players of the week for October 24: **Mindy Hale**, New Mexico, Division I; **Maria Bras**,

Bryant, Division II; **Wendi Huelskamp**, Ohio Northern, Division III.

Semifinalists for the Biletnikoff Award, presented annually to the nation's top receiver by the Tallahassee Quarterback Club Foundation, Inc., are **Bobby Engram** of Penn State, **Joey Galloway** of Ohio State, **Eddie Goines** of North Carolina State, **Brice Hunter** of Georgia, **Jack Jackson** of Florida, **Derrick Mayes** of Notre Dame, **Kez McCorvey** of Florida State, **Frank Sanders** of Auburn,

**Amani Turner** of Michigan and **Michael Westbrook** of Colorado.

Preseason candidates for selection as Naismith college basketball players of the year have been announced. Men's candidates are **Randolph Childress**, Wake Forest; **Michael Finley**, Wisconsin; **Alan Henderson**, Indiana; **Ed O'Bannon**, UCLA; **Cherokee Parks**, Duke; **Bryant Reeves**, Oklahoma State; **Shawn Respert**, Michigan State; **Damon Stoudamire**, Arizona; **Rasheed Wallace**,

North Carolina; and **Corliss Williamson**, Arkansas. Women's candidates are **Dana Johnson**, Tennessee; **Leslie Johnson**, Purdue; **Niesa Johnson**, Alabama; **Anita Kaplan**, Stanford; **Rebecca Lobo**, Connecticut; **Nikki McCray**, Tennessee; **Wendy Palmer**, Virginia; **Shelley Sheetz**, Colorado; **Charlotte Smith**, North Carolina; and **Katie Smith**, Ohio State.

## Deaths

**Ecio Louis Luciano**, an all-American

football player at Holy Cross in the 1930s, died October 24 in Arlington, Massachusetts, after a brief illness. He was 79. Luciano was a guard on the Crusaders' undefeated team in 1935 and was named to the all-America team in 1937. He served in the Army in World War II and later served as an assistant football coach at Holy Cross and Northeastern. For 30 years, Luciano worked as a social-work supervisor.

## Clean team

Members of the Drexel University men's and women's basketball teams recently helped out with a university-sponsored "Into the Streets" volunteer program. The volunteers, including junior **George Hudgins** (left) and senior **Warren Williams**, prepared for the bishop's visit at West Philadelphia's St. Andrew & St. Monica's Episcopal Church by helping with inside cleaning and outside beautification of the church.



Drexel University photo

# The Market

Readers of The NCAA News are invited to use The Market to locate candidates for positions open at their institutions, to advertise open dates in their playing schedules or for other purposes relating to the administration of intercollegiate athletics. In addition, individuals seeking employment in intercollegiate athletics also are welcome to place positions-wanted advertisements.

**Rates:** 65 cents per word for general classified advertising (agate type) and \$32 per column inch for display advertising for member institutions. (Commercial display advertising is available only to NCAA corporate sponsors, official licensees and members, or agencies acting on their behalf.)

**Word-counting example:** "Position wanted. Retired athletics administrator seeks part-time work. Contact: John P. Doe, 1234 Main Street, Anytown, KS 99999-1234, or call 999/555-5555." (22 words x 65 cents = \$14.30)

**Deadlines:** Orders and copy for The Market are due by noon Central time six days prior to the date of publication for general classified space and by noon seven days prior to the date of publication for classified display and commercial display advertising. Orders and copy will be accepted by mail or fax.

**Copy restrictions:** Advertisements that indicate a closing date for applications and nominations must list a date that does not precede the publication date. The NCAA News reserves the right to refuse advertisements that do not comply with this or other restrictions.

For more information, call The NCAA News at 913/339-1906, ext. 3000, or write: The NCAA News, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422, Attention: The Market. To fax an ad, call 913/339-0031.

## Positions Available

### Commissioner

**Commissioners.** American Collegiate Hockey Association (150 members) is accepting applications for positions of commissioner for Divisions I and II. Responsibilities: Membership promotion, registration, eligibility, rankings, tournaments, technical assistance, etc. Reports to executive director. Stipend and travel expenses available. Send resume and letter of application to: A.C.H.A. Executive

Director, P.O. Box 1050, Flagler Beach, FL 32136-1050.

### Athletics Director

**Director of Athletics, Sports and Recreation.** The University of Dallas seeks highly qualified candidates to develop, direct and supervise a comprehensive program in intercollegiate athletics, club sports, intramurals and recreation. Responsibilities: Reporting to the dean of students, the director is responsible for the direction, organization, staff supervision, facilities management, conference/national association compliance and budget control for all programs and activities associated with the

athletic department. It is expected that the director will be active in recruitment and fund-raising efforts. Athletic Vision: Consistent with the university's character and mission, the department of athletics, sports and recreation is dedicated to the achievement of excellence both in the classroom and on the playing field. The university takes seriously the ideal of a "scholar-athlete" and is guided by the motto "athletics in an academic environment." The university does not offer athletic scholarships in any form and expects its athletes to be motivated by the love of the game. Athletic sports and recreation program: The University of Dallas is a member of N.A.I.A. and a provisional member of NCAA Division III. Competing in the T.I.A.A., the university fields men's and women's intercollegiate teams in eight sports—men's and women's basketball, tennis, golf, men's soccer, and women's volleyball. Club sports are offered in sailing, fencing, rugby, chess and tactical operations. The program includes a strong intramural program that offers a wide array of athletic activities. About the university: Located in Irving, Texas, the University of Dallas is a small, selective, Catholic university enrolling 1,100 undergraduate students in an academically demanding liberal arts curriculum. Qualifications: An earned master's degree in an appropriate field is considered highly desirable and successful experience as a coach/athletic administrator in a NCAA Division III type program in an institution similar to U.D. Candidates should feel at ease working within a university that honors its Catholic heritage and is committed to a classical approach to liberal education. The position is a 12-month appointment beginning January 3, 1995. Salary and benefits are competitive. A letter of interest and current resume should be sent to: Mary Laughlin, Director of Personnel, University of Dallas, 1845 E. Northgate Drive, Irving, TX 75062-4799.

**Director of Athletics and Physical Education.** Elizabethtown College seeks a director of athletics and physical education to provide leadership in coordinating the college's well-established intercollegiate athletics program, overseeing the intramural program, advocating life-long recreation and integrating physical education into a holistic college curriculum. The successful candidate should have (1) substantial experience in administration of sports and recre-

ation; (2) an understanding of and commitment to NCAA Division III philosophy of college athletics; (3) experience and appreciation of the intellectual ethos of a small residential college community; (4) appropriate advanced degree. The director of athletics and physical education reports to the dean of college life. The position is a renewable annual administrative appointment and does not carry faculty rank. Some teaching and/or coaching responsibilities may be required. Elizabethtown College is a very selective residential liberal arts college of 1,500 students located in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. It has been named the best value among northern liberal arts colleges by U.S. News and World Report. A member of the Middle Atlantic Athletic Conference, two of its 16 varsity teams (men's soccer and women's basketball) have won NCAA Division III national championships in the last decade. Applications consisting of a letter addressing the above criteria, a resume, transcripts, and the names and addresses of five references should be sent to: Martha A. Farver-Appar, Director of Personnel, Elizabethtown College, One Alpha Drive, Elizabethtown, PA 17022. Closing date for applications is December 31, 1994. The position will be available on July 1, 1995. Applications from women and minority persons are encouraged. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity.

### Athletics Trainer

**Fitness Director/Athletic Trainer.** Bard College seeks for the academic year a full-time fitness director/athletic trainer. Duties are: care and prevention of athletic injuries, establish protocol for athletic events, care for home and visiting athletes at home events. Oversee all facets of training room and fitness center. Teach noncredit class in health and fitness, oversee aerobics programs. Supervise student trainee. Coordinate with and support intercollegiate athletics. Must be effective communicator, enthusiastic and N.A.T.A. certified. Please send C.V. and cover letter to: Theresa Vanyo, Manager of Human Resources, Bard College, Annandale-on-Hudson, NY 12504. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

Assistant to the head athletic trainer to

help with daily training room duties, game, and practice coverage. N.A.T.A. certification or eligibility preferred, college experience desirable. Direct all applications to: Troy Schneller, Head Athletic Trainer, St. Andrews College, Laurinburg, NC 28352. Application deadline is November 10, 1994. St. Andrews College is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

## Sports Information

**State University of New York College of Technology at Alfred.** Athletics and Physical Education Sports Information Director. Bachelor's degree required. Master's degree preferred. Coordinates information/media coverage for all sports programs. Coordinates athletic schedules, banquets, special recognition and promotion of Alfred State College Hall of Fame. Experience in a sports information office is desirable, including related computer experience. Needs exceptional writing and editing skills to write news and feature stories. Must exhibit superior oral communication ability when serving as liaison for sports media or developing marketing strategies. Salary minimum: \$24,336. State University of New York at Alfred is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Minorities, women and persons with disabilities are encouraged to apply. Apply to: Dorothy Argenti, Director of Human Resources, S.U.N.Y. Alfred, Alfred, NY 14802. Applications will be accepted until position filled. Portfolios containing published work will be accepted by the committee. An essay will be required.

## Basketball

**Head Women's Basketball Coach.** Position available until filled. New program beginning in 1995-96. Part-time position. Responsibilities include coaching, recruiting and directing all phases of women's Division III basketball program. Bachelor's degree required. Applicants should submit letter of application and resume to: Don Litzak, Director of Athletics, St. Joseph's College, 155 Roe Boulevard, Patchogue, NY 11772.

## Crew

**Head Women's Crew Coach.** The University of Kansas, an NCAA Division I institution and member of the Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference, has more than 24,000 students and is a member of the prestigious American Association of Universities. There is an established men's and women's club crew team on campus now, but women's crew is a new addition to the intercollegiate athletic program. Competition will begin in the fall of 1995. This position has primary responsibility for the development of all phases of a competitive Division I women's crew program within the NCAA and Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference. Qualifications: Required: Bachelor's degree. Commitment to the retention and academic achievement of student-athletes. Demonstrated coaching, teaching and recruiting success, experience in organizing and motivating student-athletes to achieve their maximum athletics potential. Excellent knowledge of the techniques and strategies of the sport of crew required. One year of intercollegiate and/or club level coaching experience. Ability to work, communicate and develop rapport with students, alumni, administration and community groups. Thorough knowledge of and commitment to NCAA rules. Preferred: Master's degree and at least three years' Division I intercollegiate or club level coaching and/or rowing experience. Responsibilities: Plan, organize and conduct tryouts and practices; recruit, select, supervise and coach women's crew team; develop plans for the season including competitive schedule, scheduling of facilities, practice schedules, and training and conditioning programs; recommend, supervise and evaluate crew staff; assess, identify and recruit qualified student-athletes; prepare budget recommendations and manage budget; establish and maintain effective relationships with the university community and its various constituents; and other duties as assigned. Must be committed to academic goals of the university and following the rules and guidelines set forth by the NCAA and the Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference. Salary: Commensurate with qualifications and experience.

See The Market, page 15 ►

## The Market

► Continued from page 14

Procedures: Send letter of application and resume to: Betsy G. Stephenson, Associate Athletics Director, Room 275F, Parrott Athletic Center, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66045. Applications must be received by 5 p.m. on Monday, November 14, 1994. The University of Kansas is an Equal Opportunity Employer/Affirmative Action Employer.

## Cross Country

**Head Coach of Cross Country/Track and Field (M & W):** Montclair State University (Division III) seeks qualified candidates for the position of head coach for cross country/track and field. Responsible for the organization, administration and supervision for these programs for men and women. Duties include supervision of all practices and meets, monitoring of equipment, recruitment of student-athletes, fund raising, academic monitoring of athletes, selection and supervision of assistant coaches. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required. Master's preferred. Previous coaching experience preferred. Knowledge of NCAA rules and regulations as they pertain to cross country, track and field, and recruiting. Salary range: \$32,129-\$35,345. Application deadline: November 15, 1994. Apply to: Montclair State University, c/o Holly Gera, Department of Athletics, Box 316-V 98, Upper Montclair, NJ 07043.

## Football

**Assistant Football Coach, Offensive Coordinator.** West Chester University of Pennsylvania is seeking a dynamic individual to fill the position of offensive coordinator. The successful candidate will be expected to have an expertise in the modern passing game, and have passed the NCAA coaching certification exam; assist with recruiting; be familiar with NCAA and institutional guidelines; assist with fund-raising efforts and possess exceptional interpersonal skills. Other related coaching duties of the specific sport will also be expected. A bachelor's degree and college level coaching is required. This is a 12-month appointment which includes benefits and a salary in the low \$20,000. Please submit a letter of application, resume, and names, addresses and telephone number of at least three current references to: Director of Personnel, A.F.C. Search Committee, West Chester University, West Chester, PA 19383. We are strongly committed to an aggressive program of affirmative action and an educational environment which supports a diverse faculty and staff.

## Lacrosse

**Head Women's Lacrosse Coach:** Duke University invites applications for the full-time position of head women's lacrosse coach. Responsibilities include, but are not limited to, coaching, recruiting, scheduling, budget management and overall administration of a Division I lacrosse program in accordance with the NCAA, Atlantic Coast Conference and university rules and procedures. Credentials should reflect proven success in coaching, recruiting and working with student athletes. Bachelor's degree, college coaching and competition experience required. This appointment is a 12-month position. Application deadline: November 29, or until position is filled. Starting date is January 1995. Send resume with cover letter to: Jacki Silar, Senior Women's Administrator, Duke University, 118 Cameron Indoor Stadium, Box 90555, Durham, NC 27708.

## Soccer

**Head Women's Soccer Coach.** The University of Kansas, an NCAA Division I institution and member of the Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference, has more than 24,000 students and is a member of the prestigious American Association of Universities. Women's soccer is a new sport addition to the intercollegiate athletic program. Competition will begin in the fall of 1995. This position has primary responsibility for

the development of all phases of a competitive Division I women's soccer program within the NCAA and Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference. Qualifications: Required: Bachelor's degree. Commitment to the retention and academic achievement of student-athletes. Demonstrated coaching, teaching and recruiting success, experience in organizing and motivating student-athletes to achieve their maximum athletic potential. One year intercollegiate and/or club level coaching or playing experience. Ability to work, communicate and develop rapport with students, alumni, administration and community groups. Thorough knowledge of and commitment to NCAA rules. Preferred: Master's degree and at least three years' Division I intercollegiate and/or club level coaching and/or playing experience. Responsibilities: Plan, organize and conduct tryouts and practices; recruit, select, supervise and coach women's soccer team; develop plans for the season including competitive schedule, scheduling of activities, practice schedules, and training and conditioning programs; recommend, supervise and evaluate soccer staff; assess, identify and recruit qualified student-athletes; prepare budget recommendations and manage budget; establish and maintain effective relationships with the university community and its various constituents; and other duties as assigned. Must be committed to academic goals of the university and following the rules and guidelines set forth by the NCAA and the Big Eight/Big Twelve Conference. Salary: Commensurate with qualifications and experience. Procedures: Send letter of application and resume to: Betsy G. Stephenson, Associate Athletics Director, Room 275F, Parrott Athletic Center, University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS 66045. Applications must be received by 5 p.m. on Monday, November 14, 1994. The University of Kansas is an Equal Opportunity Employer/Affirmative Action Employer.

**Head Women's Soccer Coach (Division II).** California State University, Hayward—Full-time, annual coaching track appointment. Bachelor's degree required. Master's or higher degree preferred. Coaching experience in the sport required. Prime responsibilities will include coaching, recruiting and program administration. Additional responsibilities will include teaching assignment in the activities area and/or kinesiology major. Review of applications will begin January 20, 1995. Starting date is March 27, 1995. Salary range for one quarter is \$10,904 to \$11,956 and \$32,712 to \$35,868 per annum thereafter. Send cover letter, resume and three letters of recommendation to: Richard S. Rivenes, Chair, Department of Kinesiology and Physical Education, California State University, Hayward, Hayward, CA 94542-3062. This search is being conducted in accordance with the university affirmative action plan. California State University, Hayward, is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Women, handicapped persons and members of minority groups are encouraged to apply.

**Women's Soccer Coach.** Hilbert College is seeking a candidate for the position of part-time women's soccer coach. The successful candidate will be responsible for the organization, administration and coaching of women's soccer team. Knowledge and adherence to compliance with N.A.C.A.A. and E.C.A.C. rules and regulations as well as dedication to the academic development of the student-athletes is required. A bachelor's degree and three years of college coaching is preferred. Please forward a letter of application, resume and the names and phone numbers of three professional references to: Mr. Luke M. Ruppel, Director of Intercollegiate Athletics, Hilbert College, 5200 South Park Avenue, Hamburg, NY 14075. Hilbert College is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

**Head Women's Soccer Coach and Head Women's Softball Coach:** Blackburn College invites applications for the position of head women's soccer coach and head women's softball coach. Responsibilities include implementing the initial women's soccer program which will begin play fall 1995, recruitment of prospective student-athletes for both soccer and softball, coaching and the overall development of both NCAA Division III programs as a positive learning experience in a liberal arts setting. Bachelor's degree required (master's preferred) plus high school and/or college coaching experience. Closing date is December 2, 1994. Starting date is January 2, 1995. Send letter of application, resume and three letters of reference to: Dr. Ira Zeff, Athletic Director, Blackburn College, 700 College Avenue, Carlinville, IL 62626. Equal Opportunity Employer.

**Head Women's Soccer Coach/Assistant Sports Information Director:** The University of North Florida, a member of NCAA Division II and the Sunshine State

Conference, invites applications for the position of head women's soccer coach/assistant sports information director. The individual selected will be responsible for implementing the initial women's soccer program which will begin play fall 1995. Responsible for directing all aspects of the women's soccer program, including recruiting quality student-athletes, organizing and planning practices and game strategies, coordinating skill and physical development, scheduling, budgeting, planning team travel, monitoring the student-athletes' academic progress, public relations and promotional activities, compliance with university, state, conference and NCAA rules and regulations, assisting the sports information director with media guide production, statistics compilation, media releases and select team travel. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree and three years of high-school level coaching experience or higher required. Closing date is November 18, 1994. Starting date: January 3, 1995; 11-month position. Salary Range: \$24,400-\$26,000. Send letter of application and resume to: Department of Human Resources, The University of North Florida, 4567 St. John's Bluff Road, Jacksonville, FL 32224. U.N.F. is an Affirmative Action/Access/Equal Opportunity Employer.

## Softball

**East Stroudsburg University.** Intercollegiate Athletics. Assistant Softball Coach. Appointment begins immediately and ends June 1, 1995. Appointment renewable based upon evaluation. The assistant coach will aid the head coach of softball in the organization, supervision and administration of the Division II softball program. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree preferred. One year or more of coaching at a college or high-school level. Salary: \$3,000-\$4,200. Review of applications will begin immediately and continue until position is filled. Send letter of application, current resume, and names, addresses and phone numbers of three current references by November 13, 1994, to: Prof. Earl W. Edwards, Director of Athletics, East Stroudsburg University, East Stroudsburg, PA 18301. E.S.U. is an Affirmative Action/Equal Employment Opportunity Employer/ M/F/H/V. A Pennsylvania State System of Higher Education University. The University of Iowa Women's Athletics. Assistant Softball Coach, Restricted-Earnings. Part-time, 10-month position. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required. Pitching expertise required. Playing experience at Division I level preferred. Knowledge of Division I NCAA recruiting rules and regulations preferred. Proven leadership ability. Excellent communication skills necessary to conduct a successful Division I nationally competitive softball program. Responsibilities: Assist in the administration of a Division I intercollegiate women's softball program; recruit on a national level as permitted by NCAA rules; perform other duties as assigned by the head coach. Salary: Restricted-earnings of \$14,500 plus benefits. Terms of employment: Part-time, 10-month appointment, beginning midyear, on or about January 9, 1995. Application Process: Submit the following: letter of application and resume, plus phone numbers of five references. Arrange that three current letters of reference from the five references be sent directly to: Dr. M. Dianne Murphy, Women's Athletics, The University of Iowa, 340E Carver-Hawkeye Arena, Iowa City, IA 52242. Screening to begin immediately. The University of Iowa is an Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Women and minorities are encouraged to apply.

## Track & Field

**Assistant Men's and Women's Track and Field Coach.** Concordia College invites applications for a part-time position as assistant track and field coach starting January 1, 1995. Candidates should have coaching background or collegiate competitive experience in one or more of the following areas: hurdles, pole vault, sprints/relays. Application review begins

November 15, 1995. Send application letter to: Armin Pippo, Athletic Director, Concordia College, 901 South 8th Street, Moorhead, MN 56562. For more information contact coaches Garrick Larson or Marion Strand at 218/299-4304 or 218/299-4164.

## Volleyball

**Head Women's Volleyball Coach:** Wake Forest University is seeking a head coach of women's volleyball who will start an intercollegiate team in 1996-97. Duties will include all aspects of a Division I volleyball program. This would include, but not be limited to, on-the-court coaching; administration, scouting, recruiting, scheduling, and budgeting responsibilities of the women's volleyball program in full compliance with the NCAA, A.C.C. and university regulations. Experience as a head or assistant coach at the college level, including experience coaching women, is preferred. Bachelor's degree required. Letters of application, resume and two letters of recommendation to: Dianne Dailey, Director of Women's Athletics, Wake Forest University, P.O. Box 7346, Winston-Salem, NC 27109. Application deadline: December 1, 1994.

**Women's Volleyball Coach/Teacher,** Health and Physical Education. Deadline extended: Qualifications: M.A./M.S. required. Minimum five years combined college teaching/coaching or equivalent. Responsibilities: Organizes, administers and conducts all phases of women's volleyball program. Experience in recruiting in California is highly desirable. Experience in teaching in health and physical education is required. Full-time, 12-month appointment, coaching track position. Salary: Commensurate with experience and qualifications. Starting date: July 1, 1995. H.S.U. is an NCAA Division II state supported non-scholarship program with five men's and five women's sports in the Northern California Athletic Conference. Application postmark deadline: November 18, 1994. Send letter of application, current resume, transcripts and three current references to: Chair, Search Committee, Department of Health and Physical Education, Humboldt State University, Arcata, CA 95521. H.S.U. is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

**Coaching Position(s):** Women's Volleyball (Part-Time); Men's Volleyball (Part-Time); will consider one person to cover both positions. Responsibilities include conditioning; practices recruitment, administrative duties, supervision of assistants; abide by NCAA, conference, and college's rules and policies. Required: Bachelor's degree and successful coaching experience. One-year contract. Send letter of application, resume and (3) telephone numbers for reference check to: Terry Wansart, Athletic Director, Hunter College, 695 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10021. Deadline November 15, 1994. Immediate opening. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. Women and minorities are encouraged to apply.

**Volleyball Coach—Part-time position.** Head coach of men's volleyball. Solid experience in coaching volleyball, along with an understanding of recruiting strategies for an academically liberal arts college. Please send a letter of application, resume and list of three references to: Theresa Vanyo, Manager of Human Resources, Bard College, Annandale-on-Hudson, NY 12504. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

**The University of Iowa Women's Athletics.** Assistant Volleyball Coach, Restricted-Earnings. Part-time, 10-month position. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required. Demonstrated knowledge of NCAA rules, and regulations of the University of Iowa, the Big Ten Conference and the NCAA. Effective communication skills required. Playing experience at collegiate level desirable. Excellent organizational and administrative skills preferred. Responsibilities: Assist in the administration of a Division I intercollegiate women's volleyball program; recruit on a national level as permitted by NCAA rules; perform other duties as assigned by the head coach. Salary: Restricted-earnings of \$14,500 plus benefits. Terms of Employment: Part-time, 10-

month appointment, beginning midyear, on or about January 16, 1995. Application Process: Submit the following: letter of application and resume, plus phone numbers of five references. Arrange that three current letters of reference from the five references be sent directly to: Dr. M. Dianne Murphy, Women's Athletics, The University of Iowa, 340E Carver-Hawkeye Arena, Iowa City, IA 52242. Screening to begin immediately. The University of Iowa is an Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Women and minorities are encouraged to apply.

## Graduate Assistant

**Graduate Assistant, Strength and Conditioning.** Qualifications: Bachelor's degree in physical education or a related field, and a desire to pursue strength and conditioning as a profession. N.S.C.A. certification is preferred, but not required. Applicant should be interested in pursuing a master's degree and be accepted into an academic program. College sports background preferred. Responsibilities: Duties of the successful applicant will include assisting in supervision and monitoring weight training procedures and policies including safety precautions, assist in day-to-day operations of field house and weight room. Compensation: A full tuition waiver and stipend will be provided. Application Deadline: Interested applicants should submit a resume, list of references and copy of transcript by November 25, 1994, to: Ken Long, Assistant Athletic Director, 187 M.A.C.C., Kent State University, Kent, OH 44242. Kent State University is an Equal Opportunity Employer.

## Miscellaneous

**Ironsmith Body, Inc.,** invites applications for the position of professional sports and fitness coach (trainer). Experience coaching basketball, volleyball at either the high-school or collegiate level. Demonstrated ability in all areas of coaching. Experience in teaching, designing and implementing general health, fitness and sport-specific strength, conditioning, speed, agility and quickness programs. Early morning, evening and weekend work is required. Some travel to continuing education courses. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree health-related field. C.P.R. certification. You must possess attention to detail, organizational and administrative skills, ability to communicate effectively, both in writing and orally. You must be energetic, disciplined and excited about working one-to-one and with groups of people who have a range of general health, fitness and sports-specific goals. Demonstrated management experience. Must have multi-sport knowledge in strength, movement skills, conditioning and speed development. Demonstrate proficiency in: basketball, volleyball, tennis and golf. The applicant must also possess desire to continue "learning" and have intentions in acquiring N.S.C.A., N.A.S.M., A.C.S.M., A.C.E. and N.F.P.T. certification in a timely manner. Submit letters of application, three current letters of recommendation, resume, income history, names and contact information for three references to: Sarah Kelly, President, Ironsmith Body, Inc., Sports and Fitness Training Center, 1700 West 34th Street, Austin, TX 78703, 512/454-4766. Applications will be received until suitable candidate(s) are found. Ironsmith Body, Inc., is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

## Open Dates

**Women's Basketball Tournament, 1994-95 CableVision Classic.** The University of Nebraska is seeking Division I opponents for its tournament scheduled November 24-25, 1995. The tournament includes a \$2,000 guarantee and ground transportation. For more information, please contact Karin Nicholls at 402/472-6462.

**Football:** Portland State University/Division II, Portland, Oregon, seeks opponent for the following dates: September 2, October 7, October 28, November 5, 1995. Will consider any division. Home and home, or generous guarantees available. Please contact athletic director, Randy Nordlof, 503/725-2500, if interested.

**Women's Division III Lacrosse:** One team needed for Heron Draw Tournament at William Smith College. Top competition. Saturday/Sunday, April 8/9, 1995. Call Glenn Begly or Pat Genovesi, 315/781-3500.

**St. Ambrose University** looking for football games on October 7 and November 11, 1995. Contact Ray Sholva, A.D., S.A.U., 518 West Locust Street, Davenport, IA 52803 Tel: 319/383-8733.

**Women's Softball 1995 Tournament:** The University of Redlands (California) is seeking two Division III teams to participate in a tournament on March 17-18, 1995. Two-day meal plan negotiable, local hotel group rates available. Please contact immediately: Teri Rupe 909/335-4004, ext. 4823.

**Football—S.U.N.Y. Brockport** is seeking opponents for the following dates: September 16, 1995; October 28, 1995; September 21, 1996; November 2, 1996; September 20, 1997; November 1, 1997; November 8, 1997. Contact: Susan Hoffman, assistant athletic director, at 716/395-5327. Fax: 716/395-2160.

**Women's Basketball.** Indiana University is seeking teams for the I.M.U. & Marriott Classic to be played December 16 & 17, 1995, in Assembly Hall in Bloomington, Indiana. Banquet, gifts and guarantees available. Indiana also is looking for one home game in 1995. Please contact Susan Dixon at 812/855-6436.

**Women's Basketball Tournament, 1995-96.** The University of North Dakota is seeking one Division II team to play December 1 and 2, 1995, in the Second Annual Columbia Mall Classic. Tournament guarantee available. Please contact coach Gene Roebuck at 701/777-2980.

## Positions Wanted

**Graduate Assistantship Wanted.** Experienced coach desiring a master's or specialist degree in exercise science looking for coaching assistantship for fall 1995. Former Division II all-American (decathlon), three years' high-school coaching experience. Graduate assistant experience, certified U.S.A. Association level official, U.S.A. Level I coach, currently possesses M.A. in education-elementary. Send application and information to: Matt Candl, 3775 State Route J, Fulton, MO 65251. Seeking position as head men's golf coach. Contact: Jed Parks, 2076 Chateau Court #205, Grafton, WI 53024, or call 414/377-7135.

# Director of Athletics Towson State University

## POSITION SUMMARY

Towson State University invites applications and nominations for the position of Director of Athletics. The athletic director provides effective leadership to coaches and staff and enhances the academic and athletic achievement of student-athletes. This position reports to the Vice-President for Institutional Advancement.

## QUALIFICATIONS

The successful candidate should have an established record of excellence in relating to students, faculty, staff, coaches, administrators, alumni and media, as well as effective personnel management, interpersonal and communication skills. Demonstrated commitment to athletic fund raising and sports marketing, and the ability to effectively interact and build rapport with business community representatives, the media, and athletic booster organizations are essential. A demonstrated commitment to gender equity and ethnic/racial diversity is required. The candidate must provide effective leadership to coaches and staff as well as demonstrate abilities in developing and managing an athletic budget, and creating policies and procedures that successfully manage the resources of the department to achieve goals in a manner consistent with the University, North Atlantic Conference and NCAA rules and procedures. Knowledge of the legal and regulatory environment of intercollegiate athletics is required.

A bachelor's degree is required, advanced degree preferred. Minimum of five years of progressively responsible experience in intercollegiate athletics administration is required. College-level coaching experience is preferred.

## APPOINTMENT INFORMATION

Salary will be negotiable and commensurate with experience and qualifications.

## APPLICATION PROCEDURE

To assure full consideration, materials must be received by December 2, 1994. Applications and nominations must include a letter of interest summarizing qualifications and relevant experience, a current resume, and a list of three references with addresses and phone numbers.

Applications should be sent to:

Office of Human Resources, UF-40-94  
Towson State University  
7800 York Road  
Towson, MD 21204-7097

An Equal Opportunity/  
Affirmative Action Employer M/F/D/V

## National Association for Girls & Women in Sport



## EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The National Association for Girls and Women in Sport (NAGWS) seeks candidates for the position of Executive Director. NAGWS is one of the six associations which comprise the American Alliance for Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance (AAHPERD), located in Reston, Virginia near Washington, D.C.

## Qualifications:

1. Advanced degree, doctorate preferred, master's required, showing capabilities in sports administration;
2. Ten years experience preferred in girls' and women's sports (e.g., administrative, educational, professional);
3. Excellent communication skills. Grant writing and fund raising experience desirable;
4. Demonstrated experience in advocacy and equity issues related to girls and women in sport;
5. Understanding of and capability for association management and service.

Application submissions are to include vita; names, addresses, and phone numbers of at least three references; a statement outlining interest in and capability for the position. Salary range is low \$40's, depending on experience and qualifications. To assure full consideration, applications should be received by November 30, 1994. Send to: NAGWS Search Committee, AAHPERD, 1900 Association Drive, Reston, VA 22091.

AAHPERD is an Affirmative Action/  
Equal Opportunity Employer

# Director of Athletics St. Bonaventure University

St. Bonaventure University invites nominations and applications for the position of Director of Athletics. The director reports directly to the president and is responsible for the overall management and coordination of the university's intercollegiate athletic program which currently includes 14 NCAA Division I programs that compete in the Atlantic 10 Conference.

## Qualifications

Candidates should have progressively responsible experience in athletics administration at the university level. A bachelor's degree is required, with a graduate degree preferred, or an equivalent combination of education and experience. The successful candidate will have strong leadership and motivational qualities, with proven communications, marketing and budgeting skills, and public relations and fund-raising abilities. Dedication to the mission of the university, the academic success of student-athletes, commitment to gender equity and adherence to the highest ethical standards are expected in serious candidates for this position. Salary will be competitive and commensurate with qualifications.

Closing date for applications is November 12, 1994. The search committee will review applications and nominations beginning immediately. Candidates whose applications are received after the closing date cannot be assured of full consideration. Nominations and applications, accompanied by a resume/vita and references, should be mailed to:

Ms. Barbara Hick  
Acting Director of Athletics  
St. Bonaventure University  
Box 37

St. Bonaventure, NY 14778-0037

St. Bonaventure University is an Equal Opportunity Employer.



## ■ Legislative assistance

1994 Column No. 39

### Expenses for competition during vacation periods

NCAA institutions should note that in accordance with NCAA Bylaw 16.8.1.4.1, an institution may provide transportation for a student-athlete to travel from campus to the site of an NCAA championship or a postseason bowl game and back to campus; or, if the student goes home during the vacation period, the institution may pay (in lieu of providing team transportation) the greater of the transportation costs for the student-athlete to travel from: (a) campus to the event site and back to campus; (b) campus to the student-athlete's home and back to campus; or (c) the student-athlete's home to the event site and back home.

Further, it is important to note that the provisions of Bylaw 16.8.1.4.1 are not applicable to regular-season competition (including holiday tournaments) that occur during the institution's vacation period. During its September 15, 1994, telephone conference, the NCAA Interpretations Committee determined that an institution may provide transportation expenses during the vacation period to a student-athlete to travel from the student-athlete's home to a regular-season competition site (or foreign-tour site) and back home after the competition, only if the student-athlete pays the equivalent of one round trip from the campus to the student-athlete's home and back to campus during the vacation period. It is not permissible to provide expenses from the student-athlete's home to the competition site if such activity results in the student-athlete receiving a free "leg" of transportation during the vacation period.

### Correction — NCAA Bylaw 13.7.1.2.4

**Academic credentials required prior to early signing period**  
NCAA Division II institutions should note that Legislative Assistance Column No. 37 (October 17, 1994, edition of The NCAA News) incorrectly states that Bylaw 13.7.1.2.4 (which sets forth necessary academic credentials that a prospect must achieve in order to take an official visit prior to the early signing period in that sport) is applicable to Division II institutions. Please note that Bylaw 13.7.1.2.4 is applicable *only* to Division I institutions.

*This material was provided by the legislative services staff as an aid to member institutions. If an institution has a question or comment regarding this column, such correspondence should be directed to Nancy L. Mitchell, assistant executive director for legislative services, at the NCAA national office. This information is available on the Collegiate Sports Network.*

## Voting

### At least 37 proposals are scheduled for Presidential Agenda Day at 1995 Convention

► Continued from page 1

mission officers for action on Presidential Agenda Day are 14 that are sponsored by the Commission (including many cosponsored by the NCAA Council), two additional proposals supported by the Commission and 10 that the Commission will oppose.

Another 11 proposals are included because they are related in some manner to other proposals in the grouping.

A majority of the proposals pertain to two topics — student-athlete welfare, access and equity (the Commission's designated topic for the 1995 Convention), and initial-eligibility standards.

The Convention first will address proposals addressing student-athlete welfare, access and equity — including proposals based on recommendations of the NCAA Special Committee to Review Student-

Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity. There are 20 proposals in the Commission grouping relating to that topic.

#### Initial-eligibility debate

Next, the membership will take up six proposals relating to Division I initial-eligibility standards.

The proposals have been placed by the Commission officers in an order that is expected to produce a full debate of the issue. Under a policy established at past Conventions, the proposals are arranged so that the membership first will consider proposals that would result in the greatest modification to current legislation and proceed to those that would result in the least change.

Because 1992 Convention Proposal No. 16 is regarded as the current legislation — its standards will go into effect in August 1995 if no action is taken in San Diego — the proposals are arranged in accordance to the degree that each would

modify Proposal No. 16.

In the order they are scheduled to be considered, the proposals are:

■ A Mid-Eastern Athletic Conference proposal to eliminate freshman eligibility.

■ A MEAC proposal to retain initial-eligibility standards now in use — commonly known as "Prop 48" — and cancel implementation of Proposal No. 16.

■ A proposal based on initial-eligibility standards recommended earlier this year by the NCAA Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards.

■ A Council-sponsored proposal to delay implementation of the "Prop 16" index for grade-point and standardized-test-score minimums for one year, until August 1996. (The Commission and Council will sponsor an amendment-to-amendment deleting a portion of the proposal that would redefine a partial qualifier.)

■ A Commission proposal to retain "Prop 16" standards. The proposal is accompanied by a Commission- and Council-sponsored amendment-to-amendment that, if adopted, would implement the Commission's proposed definition of a partial qualifier as an individual who does not meet the standards but achieves a 2.500 grade-point average in 13 core courses and a standardized-test score as required by the institution. Such individuals would be able to practice (but not compete) and receive athletically related aid as freshmen and would be eligible for three years of competition.

The membership will be able during consideration of this proposal to provide partial qualifiers with the opportunity for a fourth year of competition.

■ An Atlantic Coast Conference proposal to define partial qualifiers in accordance with the current "Prop 48" standards.

#### Other topics

Also included in the grouping are proposals pertaining to satisfactory progress, two-year college transfers, football orientation sessions, playing and practice seasons, and governance and structure (that topic area includes a proposal to create an NCAA Division IV and a resolution sponsored by the Big Ten and Western Athletic Conferences pertaining to the Association's study of structure and governance issues).

Proposals still under consideration for inclusion in Presidential Agenda Day include measures involving coaching limitations and financial aid.

All proposals for the 1995 Convention will be published in the Official Notice of the Convention, which will be mailed from the national office November 15. All also will be reviewed in a series of articles in The NCAA News, beginning November 14.

## Survey

### Some progress being made regarding gender equity

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that responded for both 1990-91 and 1993-94, 159 gave proportionately more scholarship money to female athletes last year than they gave three years before. Of the 181, 120 showed an improvement in the percentage of female student-athletes.

■ According to the Chronicle survey, 18 of the 257 responding schools have a percentage of female student-athletes greater than or within five percent of the percentage of females for the entire student body. Those institutions are Drexel University; Georgia Institute of Technology; La Salle University; Lehigh University; Manhattan College; Oregon State University; Robert Morris College; St. Bonaventure University; Saint Joseph's University (Pennsylvania); Santa Clara University; Stetson University; U.S. Military Academy; U.S. Naval Academy; University of Idaho; University of Maryland, Baltimore County; University of Missouri, Kansas City; University of Wisconsin, Green Bay; and Washington State University.

Still, the survey contained bad news, such as that women received less than one-quarter of athletics

*"I think the rate of change is totally insufficient."*

■ Christine H. B. Grant  
Director of women's athletics  
University of Iowa

grant-in-aid funds at 23 Division I institutions. At 16 of those institutions, most of the student body is female.

"There's been legal action, and a great many promises, commitments and panels, and yet the national picture is still as it is," Christine H. B. Grant, director of women's athletics at the University of Iowa, told the Chronicle. "Any progress has got to be welcomed, but I think the rate of change is totally insufficient, and my observation is that women have been too patient for too long."

In another gender-equity matter, on October 20 President Clinton signed the "Improving America's Schools Act," which contained the "Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act." A provision of that act will require colleges and universities sponsoring an intercollegiate athletics program to

compile and make available annually a wide range of information pertaining to gender equity.

The situation somewhat parallels that of the Student Right-to-Know Act, which required institutions to make graduation-rate information for intercollegiate athletics programs available. The NCAA now collects graduation-rate information from its member institutions and publishes it annually. The information provides a comprehensive database for academic research.

However, it is too early to tell if the gender-equity disclosure information will lend itself to a similar compilation. The NCAA constructs the forms for graduation-rate data in such a way as to obtain specific, unambiguous responses. At this early date, the government has not formed the specific questions for the Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act. The act does not require the Federal government to compile the information.

Meanwhile, the NCAA Gender-Equity Task Force recommended in its 1993 report that the gender-equity survey be repeated once every five years. The first report was based on the 1990-91 academic year and was released in March 1992.

## ■ Interpretations Committee minutes

### Conference No. 13 October 6, 1994

Acting for the NCAA Council, the Interpretations Committee issued the following interpretations:

#### CD-ROM/highlight video

1. **Format of institutional highlight film.** The provisions of NCAA Bylaw 12.5.1.9 are applicable to a CD-ROM product that provides historical information regarding an institution's sports program, provided the product satisfies the definition of a highlight film set forth in 13.4.2-(b). [References: 12.5.1.9 (promotion by third party of highlight film, videotape or media guide) and 13.4.2.1-(b) (highlight film or videotape)]

#### Advertising/endorsements/newspaper

2. **Student-athlete writing reviews in student newspaper.** A student-athlete with remaining eligibility may write a column that involves the student-athlete issuing opinions regarding a commercial establishment, provided the commercial establishment is not involved in any manner in the arrangement of such activity and the student-athlete does not receive any benefits from any source in conjunction with their review of the commercial establishment. [Reference: 12.5.2.1 (advertisements and promotions subsequent to enrollment)]

#### Camp/prospect/employment

3. **Prospect employed by organization that provides services to institution's camp.** A prospect (who is an athletics

award winner) who has completed his or her senior year in high school may be employed by a noninstitutional organization that provides services (e.g., concession services, dining services) to an institution's basketball camp, provided the noninstitutional organization (as opposed to the institution) is responsible for the employment of the prospect. The committee noted that any compensation provided to the prospect for such employment must be for work actually performed at a rate commensurate with the going rate in that locality for similar services. [References: 12.4.1 (criteria governing compensation to student-athletes), 13.2.4.1 (subsequent to senior year), 13.13.1.5.1 (employment of prospect/no free or reduced admission privileges — Division I) and 13.13.1.5.2 (employment of prospect/no free or reduced admission privileges — Divisions II and III)]

#### Official visits/offers and inducements/academic curriculum

4. **Participation during official visit in activity associated with institution's academic curriculum (Division I).** During an official visit, a prospect may participate in an otherwise nonpermissible activity that is made available due to the prospect's expressed interest in a specific academic curriculum (e.g., aviation) offered by the institution, provided the activity is available to any prospective student who has expressed an interest in the curriculum and is not arranged by the institution's athletics department. [References: 13.2.1 (offers and inducements), 13.5.2 (excessive entertainment) and 13.7.5.1 (general entertainment/tickets on official visit — general restrictions)]



# The NCAA Register



A Monthly Collection Containing Reports of Interest to the NCAA Membership

October 31, 1994

## Council minutes

*Following are the minutes of the August 8-10, 1994, meeting of the NCAA Council at the La Costa Resort and Spa in Carlsbad, California. All actions taken by the Council are included. Highlights of the meeting were reported in the August 17 issue of The NCAA News.*

### 1. Opening Remarks.

a. NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley extended the Council's welcome to Larry R. Gerlach of the University of Utah, the Council's newest member.

b. President Crowley noted that Judith E. N. Albino, Presidents Commission chair, and Judith A. Ramaley, Division II chair, would be joining the meeting later. President Crowley welcomed Wilford S. Bailey and Asa Green, consultants to the Commission, who would be attending all or portions of the meeting. President Crowley also welcomed Marybeth Ruskamp, who was attending her first meeting as recording secretary to the Division III Steering Committee. President Crowley also noted that Carrie A. Dias, Division II recording secretary, would assume the duty of recording secretary for the Council for this meeting due to the departure of Stan Wilcox from the national office staff.

c. President Crowley reported that William B. DeLauder and Richard E. Peck, cochairs of the Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards, would join the meeting on the afternoon of August 8 to review the report of the special committee. President Crowley also noted that Donald F. Behrend, chair of the Special NCAA Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity, would be present August 9 to review with the steering committees the report of the special committee.

2. **Previous Minutes.** The Council reviewed minutes from its April 18-20, 1994, meeting.

It was voted that the minutes of the April 18-20, 1994, meeting be approved.

3. **Report of the Joint Policy Board.** The Council received a report of the June 26-28, 1994, meeting of the Joint Policy Board without taking formal action.

4. **Report of the Executive Committee.** NCAA Secretary-Treasurer Prentice Gautt reviewed the written report of the Executive Committee's May 3-4, 1994, meeting and a verbal report of its August 2-5, 1994, meeting.

a. The Executive Committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislative proposals for the 1995 NCAA Convention that would:

(1) Establish the Division I Women's Golf Championships and reconstitute the existing National Collegiate Women's Golf Championships into combined Divisions II/III women's championships, effective in 1996.

(2) Increase the Divisions II and III representation on the women's subcommittee of the Men's and Women's Golf Committee from two to four representatives each.

(3) Increase the size of the Women's Soccer Committee from 12 to 16 members (Division I, from six to eight; Divisions II and III, from three to four each).

(4) Increase from 25 to 50 the percentage of administrators required to serve on committees and subcommittees that administer Division I, Division II and National Collegiate team championships, while maintaining the 25 percent administrator requirement for committees responsible for individual-team sports and those with only rules-making responsibilities. [Note this action was taken at the August 1993 meeting but deferred until August 1994, for submission at the 1995 Convention.]

## Meeting August 8-10, 1994

(5) It was voted that the Council sponsor such legislation for the 1995 Convention.

(6) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that Division III be included in the proposed legislation to increase from 25 to 50 the percentage of administrators required to serve on committees and subcommittees that administer Division III and National Collegiate team championships.

It was voted that the recommendation be approved.

b. The Executive Committee referred to the Council the student-athlete welfare issues raised by the subcommittee of the Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity.

c. The Executive Committee referred to the Council or appropriate committee or subcommittee of the Council the following recommendations from the Division I Men's Basketball Committee:

(i) That consideration be given to allowing institutions to use the NCAA special-assistance fund to allow parents of participating student-athletes to receive funding for travel and lodging expenses for the Final Four.

(ii) That student-athletes be allowed to receive six (as opposed to four) complimentary admissions (as provided in NCAA Bylaw 16.2.1) for use by family members for the Final Four.

5. **Major Issues in Athletics.** Council members discussed major issues in intercollegiate athletics identified for this meeting.

a. **Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity.** Donald F. Behrend, chair of the Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity joined the meeting to present the special committee's executive summary of recommendations forwarded to the Council and Presidents Commission.

(1) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor the following new legislative proposals for consideration at the 1995 Convention:

(a) Establish a Council-appointed committee composed primarily of faculty members and educational and athletics administrators to serve (in consultation with the Student-Athlete Advisory Committee) as a broad-based continuing voice of advocacy for student-athlete welfare.

It was voted that the Council not sponsor the proposal, and that the Council request that the Presidents Commission withdraw its sponsorship of the proposal based on the Council's opposition.

(b) Require each institution to establish a student-athlete advisory committee.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(c) Permit institutions to provide on-campus expenses (e.g., meals and lodging) for student-athletes to attend orientation sessions conducted by the institution for students generally.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(2) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor the following proposals for consideration at the 1995 Convention to modify current NCAA regulations:

(a) Allow a coach to provide skill-related instruction to student-athletes for not more than two of the eight hours currently permitted for out-of-season conditioning activities, provided the student-athlete requests the instruction and no more than three student-athletes are involved with the coach at any one time.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee reported its preference for an alternative

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proposal recommended by the Special Committee to Study Rules Federation by Sport. [Note: For related Council action, see Minute No. 6-1-(3).]

(ii) It was voted that the Council follow the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee and sponsor the proposal recommended by the Special Committee to Study Rules Federation by Sport.

(b) Add two student-athletes, in an advisory capacity, to the following Council-appointed committees: Academic Requirements Committee, Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism, Minority Opportunities and Interests Committee, Recruiting Committee and Committee on Women's Athletics.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(c) Prevent institutions from reducing athletics or other institutional financial aid awarded to a student-athlete based on that student-athlete's subsequent receipt of Pell Grant funds, provided the total financial assistance received by the student-athlete does not exceed the institution's overall cost of attendance.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(d) Amend Bylaws 16.9.3 (passports), 16.12.1.6 (occasional meals) and 16.13.1 (incidental to participation) to permit an institution to provide student-athletes reasonable local transportation (e.g., automobile, van) to take part in the activities permitted in the legislation.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(e) Amend Bylaw 16.8.2.2 (transportation to/from student-athlete's residence) to permit institutional staff members to provide transportation to student-athletes traveling to and from their on- or off-campus residences and classes in situations involving danger or inclement weather.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the following alternative proposal developed by the Steering Committee: "To allow staff members to provide reasonable local transportation to student-athletes on an occasional basis."

(ii) It was voted that the Council follow the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee and sponsor the proposal recommended by the steering committee.

(f) Amend the Association's principle of student-athlete welfare to incorporate the six guiding principles developed by the special committee.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(3) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor a resolution to commission a comprehensive study of the effects of recent reform legislation on student-athletes and that the study also explore student-athletes' feelings of isolation and factors that may affect student-athletes' choices of academic majors.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee was interested in sponsoring the proposal but recognized that this proposal has financial consequences. The steering committee deferred to the Division I Steering Committee but noted that if a study should come forward in the future, all three divisions should be included in the survey data.

(c) The Division III Steering Committee expressed concern regarding the cost and feasibility of the comprehensive study, and the affects on the recent reform legislation and related issues proposed by the special committee.

(d) It was the sense of the meeting that the proposal not be sponsored.

(4) The special committee recommended that the Executive Committee approve funding for the establishment of a toll-free (1-800) number that would provide pre-recorded information to prospective student-athletes and other interested individuals about basic NCAA rules. The Division III Steering Committee expressed concern regarding the cost, purpose and practicality of the proposal.

(5) The special committee recommended that a number of longer-range issues, which it could not adequately examine in the time allotted, be referred to other committees (i.e., Committee on Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sports; Special Committee to Review Integrity, Sportsmanship and Ethical Conduct; Student-Athlete Advisory Committee). It was the sense of the meeting that the Council approve all of the recommendations for referrals.

b. **Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards.** William B. DeLauder and Richard E. Peck, cochairs of the Special Committee to Review Initial-Eligibility Standards (Proposal No. 174 Committee), joined the meeting to present the final report of the special committee. John J. McArdle, University of Virginia, also joined the meeting to review and respond to questions regarding the research. President Crowley noted that the purpose of this discussion was to provide the Council with full access to the information heard by the Presidents Commission during its June meeting. It was noted that this information also would assist the Division I Steering Committee in evaluating alternative proposals. President Crowley also expressed thanks on behalf of the Council and the Association to the cochairs and members of the special committee for the hard work performed with a difficult task, which has provided the Association the occasion to discuss the issues.

(1) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council support the following recommendations so that the membership would have the opportunity to discuss the desirability of different initial-eligibility proposals.

(a) That the Council cosponsor the proposal being sponsored by the Presidents

Commission with the addition of the stipulation that nonqualifiers be allowed to receive institutional need-based aid.

(b) That the Council sponsor the recommendation of the Proposal No. 174 Committee, with the addition of a cut score of 610 on the SAT.

(c) That the Council sponsor legislation to delay, until August 1996, any initial-eligibility standard that is proposed if the recentering issue surrounding the SAT cannot be resolved by the October meeting of the Council. The steering committee noted that if the recentering issue can be resolved by the October meeting, it would withdraw its support of a delay in the effective date of the legislation.

(2) The Division II Steering Committee expressed support for the Division I Steering Committee's approach and determined that it would continue to look at the academic requirements as they may affect Division II student-athletes.

(3) The Division III Steering Committee noted the importance of sponsoring a proposal that will balance access and academic performance and concluded that the Presidents Commission proposal, including the redefined partial qualifier, represents a reasonable way to accomplish that goal.

(4) It was voted that the Council support the recommendations of the Division I Steering Committee.

c. **Presidents Commission Actions.** President Albino reported actions taken by the Presidents Commission during its June meeting. The Council received the report without taking formal action.

### 6. Committee Reports.

#### a. Women's Athletics.

(1) It was noted that the Committee on Women's Athletics appointed a subcommittee to participate in the Executive Committee-approved working group consisting of members of the Committee on Women's Athletics, the Minority Opportunities and Interests Committee, and the National Youth Sports Program Committee to review the possibility of creating a national girls sports camp day program.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council propose as legislation for the 1995 Convention the definition of gender equity that was approved during the Council's August 4-6, 1993, meeting.

(a) It was noted that the committee believed that the definition of gender equity, as proposed by the Gender Equity Task Force and approved by the Council, was to appear as proposed legislation at the 1994 Convention for possible inclusion in the NCAA Manual. In reviewing the Council's August 4-6, 1993, minutes [Page No. 4, Minute No. 3-b-(2)-d], it was noted that the definition was approved with minor editorial revisions; however, there was no mention of the definition being drafted as legislation for the Convention inasmuch as statements of definition are not generally legislated.

(b) In an effort to continue its support of the definition of gender equity as defined by the Gender-Equity Task Force, the Council decided to affirm its support of the statement rather than move for legislation to be developed.

It was voted that the Council affirm its support of the definition on gender equity.

#### b. Financial Aid and Amateurism.

(1) A subcommittee comprised of the Division I members of the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism recommended that the Council approve exceptions for 27 institutions that demonstrated a higher-than-average allotment of Pell Grant dollars for undergraduate students.

It was voted that the Council approve

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the exceptions.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor 1994 Convention Proposal No. 82 (state reciprocity tuition agreements) for the 1995 Convention.

(a) During its April 18-20, 1994, meeting, the Division I Steering Committee requested that the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism clarify the application of Proposal No. 82. The Council reviewed the example provided by the committee that illustrated how the proposal would change the current treatment of reciprocity tuition agreements.

(b) It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

#### c. Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sports.

(1) The committee recommended that the Council use its authority per Constitution 5.3.1.1.1 to immediately adopt noncontroversial amendments to modify Bylaw 21.3.10.1(e) to read, "One man and one woman, one of whom is responsible for the total athletics training programs at member institutions." It was noted that this modification was proposed to broaden the opportunity for women athletics trainers to serve on the committee, since the number of women in charge of the total athletics training programs at NCAA institutions is limited.

It was voted that the Council approve the noncontroversial amendment.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council propose the following legislation regarding spring football (in priority order) that would:

(a) Eliminate spring football;  
(b) Establish spring football as noncontact with the definition of a noncontact practice being strictly enforced; or  
(c) Reduce the number of contact practices to no more than one-third the total allowable practices.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee reported that it recommended that the Council not sponsor any of the alternatives presented by the committee related to spring football.

(ii) The Division II Steering Committee reported that it addressed spring football in the cost-containment legislation that appears later in the report. [Note: For related action, see Minute No. 10-F(4).]

(iii) It was the sense of the meeting that none of the recommendations would be sponsored as legislation.

(3) The committee recommended that the Council address the following concerns related to health insurance and health-care reform.

(a) Affirm the need for the NCAA to become active in the national health-care reform debate.

(b) Obtain assistance, through the use of consultants knowledgeable about insurance, health-care reform and lobbying/advocacy, to develop the Association's position and to make known the position in Washington, D.C.

(i) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council's action should be only to affirm that the NCAA regards it as important that institutions demonstrate that they have a grievance procedure on their campuses to deal with student-athlete concerns arising out of the student-athlete/coach relationship. The steering committee noted that an institution that has such a procedure on its campus for all students, including student-athletes, would meet this requirement.

(ii) It was voted that the Council affirm that position.

(4) The committee recommended changes in six guidelines contained in the NCAA Sports Medicine Handbook.

(a) Proposed changes included:

(i) A deletion of Guideline 2K, Hyperventilation Syndrome in Underwater Swimming, from the next edition of the handbook.

(ii) An addition of guidelines entitled Concussions and Second Impact Syndrome; Brachial Plexus Injuries (Burners); and Cold Stress.

(iii) Modification of language regarding head stabilization for Guideline 4F, Guidelines for Helmet Fitting and Removal in Athletics. It was noted that wording was added recommending the use of lightweight bolsters to stabilize the head in place of sandbags, and wording was added recommending that the helmet fit snugly without dependence on chin straps.

(iv) Adoption of language regarding the transmissibility of fungal skin infections by skin-to-skin contact for Guideline 2B, Skin Examinations in Wrestling. In addition, it

was recommended that the title of this guideline be changed to Skin Infections in Wrestling, which better describes the content of the guideline.

(b) It was voted that the recommended changes in the handbook guidelines be approved.

(5) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor the following legislation:

(a) Extend the current tobacco ban for coaches, officials and student-athletes to include all games personnel (e.g., athletics trainers, managers, etc.).

It was voted that the Council sponsor the legislation, if necessary, to extend the current rule to all games personnel.

(b) Apply the ejection penalty, currently applicable to student-athletes, to all others included under the ban. It was the sense of the meeting to not move this proposal inasmuch as it would be difficult to enforce such legislation (e.g., what individual would be in the position to eject an official or umpire?).

#### d. Student-Athlete Advisory.

(1) The committee requested that the Council recommend that the names of student-athletes who have died during the previous academic year and the names of institutions they attended be included in the NCAA Memorial Resolutions Committee report to the membership at the Convention. It was noted that new legislation would not be necessary inasmuch as the current legislation regarding the Memorial Resolutions Committee (Bylaw 21.2.8.5) states that the committee is responsible for compiling names of those individuals "associated with intercollegiate athletics" who died during the year.

It was voted that the Council request that the Memorial Resolutions Committee ensure that it includes student-athletes' names in its report to the membership at the annual Convention.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 15.2.4.1 to preclude institutions from using Pell Grant funds in any manner to determine the financial aid package for student-athletes. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council's action to sponsor related legislation recommended by the Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity treated this issue. [See Minute No. 5-a(2)-(c).]

(3) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to require institutions to establish a grievance system on campus for student-athletes who have been mentally or physically abused by their coaches, to require that information regarding the institution's grievance procedures be documented and made available to student-athletes and that this procedure also be included as a requirement within the Division I Athletics Certification Self-Study Instrument and the Divisions II and III Institutional Self-Study Guides.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor a resolution for the 1995 Convention recommending that the Division I Committee on Athletics Certification incorporate into the athletics certification process (and, for Divisions II and III, that the Institutional Self-Study Guide include) a requirement that institutions demonstrate that they have a grievance procedure on their campuses to deal with student-athlete concerns arising out of the student-athlete/coach relationship. The steering committee noted that an institution that has such a procedure on its campus for all students, including student-athletes, would meet this requirement.

(b) It was voted that the Council sponsor the resolution.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend the four-year college transfer regulations for Divisions I and II student-athletes to specify that student-athletes who transfer from one four-year institution to another shall be eligible immediately upon transfer, provided the institution the student-athlete transfers from certifies in writing that: (a) the institution has no objection to the student-athlete transferring and being immediately eligible and (b) the student-athlete is in good academic standing and meets the satisfactory-progress requirements at the institution from which he or she is transferring (all other four-year college transfer exceptions and waivers would remain the same). The Divisions I and II Steering Committees reported their opposition to the proposal, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

#### e. Recruiting.

(1) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 13.12.1.4 to delete the term "AAU" and substitute it with "nonscholastic-based basketball teams."

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to allow coaches to make one call per week between April 15 and May 15 during the prospect's junior year in high school and increase the number of telephone calls to two per week after July 1, in sports other than football.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to allow coaches in Divisions I and II sports other than football to make one call per week between April 15 and May 15 during the prospect's junior year in high school. It was noted that the steering committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the increase in telephone calls to two per week after July 1.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee reported its support for the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee.

(c) It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal recommended by the Division I Steering Committee.

(3) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 13.4.1 to indicate that newspaper clippings could be added to the list of permissible recruiting items.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the legislation.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the legislation.

(c) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor such legislation for Division II only.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend the men's and women's basketball calendar to allow 40 recruiting possibilities in a maximum of 40 days. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the Recruiting Committee proposal.

(5) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 13.1.9 to exempt counting evaluations of a prospect once the prospect has signed the National Letter of Intent or an institutional financial aid agreement. The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(6) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 11.5.1.1 to indicate that the certification required of coaches to contact or evaluate prospective student-athletes off campus would occur on a biennial basis. The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

(7) The committee recommended that the Council approve the general principles and procedures currently being used by the committee concerning the summer event certification program. The committee also requested that the minutes of the Council indicate that it is the intent of the Council for the committee to operate the program and that the Council supports the general procedures being utilized by the committee. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council approve the general operating principles and the guidelines and procedures outlined by the committee, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council support the steering committee's recommendation and approve it.

(8) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation that would amend Bylaws 13.02.3, 13.02.8 and 13.1.4.1 to provide authority to the Council to allow coaching staff members to contact a prospective student-athlete in person, in writing or by telephone in extraordinary circumstances outside of the permissible contact opportunities.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal and the Division II Steering Committee concurred with this recommendation.

(b) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

#### f. Eligibility.

(1) The committee requested that the eligibility appeals staff, with prior approval from the assistant executive director of enforcement and eligibility appeals, be

allowed to immediately restore the eligibility of student-athletes when the violation is of de minimus nature. It also was noted that it would not be necessary for the committee to receive copies of the subsequent written response concerning these decisions, inasmuch as the committee would review these decisions in summary form at its spring meetings.

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(2) The committee recommended that the language of Bylaw 30.6.1 be changed to outline the specific criteria necessary to receive a waiver of the five-year/10-semester period of eligibility. It was noted that the new language would assist the membership in determining whether a waiver request could be granted, and, with Council approval, the change would become effective immediately.

It was voted that the committee's proposed changes in language be approved for incorporation in Bylaw 30.6.1 and effective immediately.

(3) The Council reviewed a flow chart outlining the committee's recommendation that extension/waiver requests be processed primarily through a paper review, rather than a telephone conference call, at the appeal level. It was noted that because the Council approves the procedures by which the committee handles its cases, legislation was not necessary for the Council to approve the procedural changes. It also was noted that if the Council approved the procedures, the committee would provide for the Council's October meeting the specific language reflecting the modified procedures.

It was voted that the committee's proposed changes in procedures be approved.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to eliminate the current final appeal opportunity in the eligibility restoration process (to the Council Subcommittee on Eligibility Appeals). It was the sense of the meeting that the committee's recommendation be approved.

#### g. Infractions.

(1) The committee recommended that the Council approve a series of proposed changes to the committee's procedures as outlined in Bylaw 32.

(a) Proposed changes to Bylaw 32 included:

(i) Clarifying the current procedures of recording interviews (Bylaw 32.3.8).

(ii) Clarifying the current procedures of processing information for secondary violations (Bylaw 32.4).

(iii) Clarifying the procedures for maintaining custodial arrangements for access to pertinent information (Bylaw 32.5.4).

(iv) Clarifying that the Committee on Infractions sets the dates and times for all hearings before the committee (Bylaw 32.5.5).

(v) Clarifying the current procedures for the prehearing conference (Bylaw 32.5.11).

(vi) Updating the committee's voting requirements to reflect the addition of two members (Bylaw 32.7.6.4).

(vii) Clarifying that the Committee on Infractions, not the enforcement staff, prepares the infractions report (Bylaw 32.9.1).

(viii) Responding to the Infractions Appeals Committee's request that the Committee on Infractions change the name of the expanded infractions report (Bylaw 32.10.5).

(b) It was noted for the record that the Pacific-10 Conference has been interested in conference involvement in major cases and attempting to develop some sort of coordination with the Committee on Infractions and the enforcement staff. Concern was expressed that if the proposed change to Bylaw 32.4 was to be approved, it would preclude by legislation any possible attempt to develop coordinated and cooperative arrangements in the processing of a major case between the conference and the committee. The group executive director who oversees the enforcement staff noted that a valid concern was raised and that there will be discussion with the committee, staff and Pac-10 concerning a conference's role. It was noted that the presentation of this procedural change was not meant to be preemptive of that review; rather it was meant to clarify how secondary cases are processed and that at this time, the conferences' role in penalties is in secondary cases. Further, it was noted that it may be reasonable in the future, given the committee's and Council's authority to amend Bylaw 32, for

a different track that does permit conference participation to be clarified for major cases.

(c) It was voted that the Council approve the committee's recommendations for the procedural changes in Bylaw 32.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council utilize its noncontroversial legislative modification authority to amend Bylaw 19.6.2.4 to clarify that the administrator for the Committee on Infractions, not the enforcement staff, reviews the institution's athletics policies and practices during the probationary period.

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's recommendation.

#### h. Research.

(1) The committee reported that it reviewed the Council and Executive Committee decisions regarding the proposed study of interest in men's and women's athletics on the collegiate and high-school levels and recommended that the development of the collegiate instrument should be pursued, since it could be done without increasing the proposed budget. The committee recommended that the Council approve the committee's request to pursue the following three-pronged approach:

(a) Finish the pilot instrument for use on individual campuses (as an administrative and planning tool).

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's request.

(b) Collect statistics from high-school associations and federations (as an administrative tool).

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's request.

(c) Consider a separate study of reasons why women do or do not participate in intercollegiate athletics and perhaps solicit requests for proposals (RFPs) regarding how one might undertake such a study. It was noted that the committee is sensitive to this issue and has concerns as to the design and to whether this can be done accurately. It also was noted that information from this study would provide the committee with the opportunity to carefully review possible proposals and report to the Council.

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's request.

(2) The committee noted that 1994 Convention Proposal No. 147, sponsored by the Mid-American Athletic Conference, was referred to the committee. The proposal would require that each member institution determine, on an annual basis, all athletically related revenues and expenditures on a standardized reporting form. The committee noted that it endorses the concept of developing a standardized form for reporting athletics revenues and expenditures. It was noted that this issue would be discussed in the Division I Steering Committee meeting.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee voted not to recommend sponsorship of 1994 Proposal No. 147.

(b) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council not sponsor the legislation.

#### i. Academic Requirements.

(1) The committee reported information related to the "recentering" of SAT scores and expressed concern regarding how this process will affect the administration of the Association's initial-eligibility legislation. The committee recommended that the Council endorse the committee's request that a joint subcommittee consisting of members of the Academic Requirements and Research Committees be appointed to work immediately to determine alternative ways in which to administer the Association's initial-eligibility standards in 1995 once the recentering occurs.

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(2) The committee recommended that the Council approve a request that the committee received from the administrator of the NCAA Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse to provide clearinghouse staff with the authority to deal routinely with the types of conditions identified below, rather than having such cases referred to the NCAA staff or Academic Requirements Committee.

(a) The committee recommended that, per Bylaws 14.3.1.1(b) and 14.3.1.2(b), an ACT score achieved under the following arranged testing conditions, as certified by ACT, be considered an examination

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administered on a national testing date and achieved under national testing conditions:

(i) Secure, standard conditions administered by a qualified test administrator in a country where ACT has no established test center;

(ii) Secure, standard conditions administered by a qualified test administrator to remedy a problem at a national test center for which the student was properly registered; or

(iii) Secure, standard conditions administered by a qualified test administrator in a remote location where ACT has no established test center within a reasonable distance (e.g., remote parts of Alaska).

(b) It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(3) The committee recommended that the Council approve, on a permanent basis, the interim interpretation of Bylaw 14.3.1.3.7 related to pass/fail grades specified in May 12, 1994, Administrative Committee Minute No. 1-b. It was noted that, accordingly, for a prospective student-athlete who enters a Division I or II institution during or after the fall of 1994 who graduated from a high school that uses only a pass/fail system for "grading" all students in all courses, a "pass" in a core may be assigned a value of two quality points (on a 4.000 scale) for use in determining the student's grade-point average in core courses, provided the high school will certify by official correspondence that the "pass" is the equivalent of earning a grade of C or better. The committee emphasized the portion of the interpretation that continues to preclude the use of pass/fail grades to satisfy core-curriculum requirements for a prospect who graduated from a high school that also awards grades other than pass/fail.

(a) Concern was expressed that it may be necessary to revisit this issue in the event that new initial-eligibility standards go into effect as legislated or other changes are adopted.

(b) It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council approve the revised guidelines for administering satisfactory-progress waivers (effective beginning with the second term of 1994-95) presented by the committee as a result of the committee's experience in considering approximately 60 waiver requests during the last year and a half.

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(5) The committee recommended that the Council support the decision of the Academic Requirements Committee's subcommittee on satisfactory-progress waivers to deny an appeal from Oklahoma State University related to Bylaw 14.4.3.1.3 ("75/25").

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

(6) The committee recommended that the Council utilize its authority to immediately adopt intent-based legislation per Constitution 5.4.1.1.1 to clarify that a student-athlete wishing to meet the satisfactory-progress component of the one-time transfer exception [14.5.5.3.10(c)] must fulfill the necessary percentage-of-degree requirements [14.4.3.2.1 ("50") and 14.4.3.2.2 ("25/50/75")] based only upon the student's academic record upon transfer at the certifying institution, rather than at the institution from which the student transferred.

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

### j. Minority Opportunities and Interests.

(1) The committee requested that the Council review three legislative proposals as presented by the Black Coaches Association.

(a) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to permit Division I student-athletes to earn up to \$1,500 in legitimate employment in excess of a full grant-in-aid, provided an institution's athletics department staff members or representatives of its athletics interest are not involved in arranging the employment.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the legislation with the clarification that this will apply to on-campus employment as well as off-campus employment.

It was voted that the Council approve the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee.

(b) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to exempt specific types of contacts (such organized and ongoing charitable, educational and community activities as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Big Brother or Big Sister programs) between a prospective student-athlete and an institution's athletics department staff members from the recruiting contact restrictions.

(i) Concern was expressed that this proposal would result in a recruiting advantage for some programs and would increase the potential for abuse at a high bureaucratic cost while not providing much more in terms of permissibility (inasmuch as current legislation allows a coach to deal one-on-one with prospect-aged individuals and prospect-aged individuals in a group setting where the coach is not recruiting).

(ii) It was voted that the Council not sponsor the proposed legislation.

(c) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to allow Division I institutions to participate in the Martin Luther King Classic after November 15 and to exempt such participation from the maximum number of basketball contests each year.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the legislation with the understanding that this exemption will be evaluated along with all other exemptions by an appropriate committee at some point in the near future.

(ii) It was voted that the Council approve the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee.

(d) The committee noted that one aspect of the committee's charge is the dissemination of accurate research material from which future studies and appropriate legislation can be developed to address minority issues. The committee has collected demographic information from the NCAA Certification of Compliance Form and produced a report entitled "The NCAA Minority Opportunities and Interests Committee's Four-Year Study of Race Demographics of Member Institutions." The committee recommended that the Council support the release of this report to the membership.

It was voted that the committee's recommendation be approved.

### k. Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse.

(1) The special committee recommended that the Council propose legislation that would allow the clearinghouse to obtain test scores from official transcripts submitted to the clearinghouse (rather than directly from the testing agencies). It was noted that this currently is an official interpretation for Division I (and currently is the rule for Division II), and thus the Council could approve modification of an existing interpretation as opposed to proposing legislation.

It was voted that the Council approve modification of the existing interpretation to permit the special committee's recommendation.

(2) It was noted that the special committee did not establish a position or timetable for the implementation of the use of the clearinghouse to certify the initial eligibility of student-athletes who plan to participate in any of the emerging sports for women. It was noted that the special committee will review the Council's action related to staff recommendations regarding the application of NCAA legislation to the emerging sports for women, and, subsequent to those recommendations, the special committee will develop a timetable for the clearinghouse to certify these prospective student-athletes' initial eligibility.

(3) It was noted for the record that the three current Council members who serve on the special committee will be departing members of the Council in January 1995, and that it will be important that the special committee continue to have Council representation.

### l. Rules Federation by Sport.

(1) The Council received the final report of the special committee and referred the suggested legislation to steering committees for discussion. It was noted that the committee recommended that consideration be given to the concept of developing manuals that are specific to a sport or group of sports. It was noted that the special committee has forwarded this concept to the Legislative Review Committee for its evaluation and anticipates that the committee will report its recommendations on this topic to the Council later this year.

(2) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to require student-athletes in Divisions I and

II participating in sports that have year-round drug testing to sign the drug-testing consent form before practice or competition and to require those student-athletes participating in all other sports to sign the drug-testing consent form before competition. The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council sponsor such legislation, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(3) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to allow up to two hours of skill instruction during the permissible eight hours per week with no more than three student-athletes involved at any one time with any specific activity and to prohibit any contact drills during such skill instruction in the sport of football.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(c) It was voted that the Council sponsor such legislation. (For 24, Against 6)

(4) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to specify that those sports in which fall championships are not conducted may begin practice no earlier than September 7 or the first day of classes of the institution's academic year, whichever occurs first. All three steering committees recommended that the Council sponsor such legislation, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(5) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to allow an institution's chief executive officer to grant general prior written approval for a staff member to receive income that does not exceed \$500 per event for any athletically related activity (as opposed to only for speaking engagements, camps or clinics). The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor such legislation, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(6) The special committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to eliminate the references to traditional and nontraditional segments in the playing-and-practice seasons legislation; and for individual sports, to make two standard options for declaration (e.g., 24 weeks or 144 days).

(a) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(b) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal.

(c) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor such legislation for Divisions I and II only.

(7) The special committee noted that it had corresponded with the Committee on Infractions in April to encourage the committee to assist in providing greater definition of the term "institutional control." It was noted that the committee discussed the subject and believes that its report concerning each case addresses the special committee's concerns and that the infractions-case database that is being developed will provide greater access to cases for the membership. The special committee believes this is an important topic and suggested the following possible actions:

(a) That a summary of the Committee on Infractions decisions be developed that identifies defining principles concerning institutional control;

(b) That the Council charge the Committee on Infractions (or a member of the committee) with generating a report (and updating it at appropriate intervals) to set forth the committee's views of the principles that exist; or

(c) That the Council sponsor a resolution for consideration at the 1995 Convention that sets forth the concept that institutional control is established through the creation of a campus climate in which rules compliance is anticipated rather than through merely piling up forms.

(i) The Division I Steering Committee voted to recommend Items (a) and (b) and to ask the Committee on Infractions for its reaction to Item (c).

(ii) The Division II Steering Committee supports the Division I Steering Committee's approach.

(iii) It was the sense of the meeting that the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation be approved.

### m. Legislative Review.

(1) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor a series of proposed legislative amendments related to the deregulation of Bylaw 14 (eligibility) that would:

(a) Limit the definition of intercollegiate competition by deleting Bylaw 14.02.6(b).

(b) Simplify the criteria for determining whether a student-athlete qualifies for a hardship waiver by eliminating the percentage and first-half-of-season calculations and replacing them with established numbers, and by utilizing the definition of contests as set forth in Bylaw 17 rather than having a separate set of definitions for the hardship rule.

(c) In Division I, specify that any participation by an individual in organized competition during any 12-month period after the individual's 21st birthday and before initial full-time enrollment in a collegiate institution counts as a year of varsity competition in that sport.

(d) In Division I, change the deadline for achieving the required test score from July 1 immediately preceding an individual's initial full-time enrollment in a collegiate institution to any time before an individual's initial full-time enrollment in a collegiate institution.

(2) It was voted that the Council sponsor the preceding recommendations of the committee.

(3) It was noted that the committee withdrew a proposal to eliminate the current restrictions on the participation of students in high-school all-star games due to concerns raised by high-school associations.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to replace the "25/50/75" satisfactory-progress rule with a specific minimum number of hours that a student-athlete must pass after a specific term in order to be eligible for competition. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council not sponsor the proposal, and it was the sense of the meeting that the steering committee's recommendation be followed.

### n. Administrative Review Panel.

(1) The panel recommended that the Council approve a change in the panel's operating policies to reflect that an appeal may be considered if it is received with the signatures of any two (rather than all three) of the following individuals: chief executive officer, director of athletics, faculty athletics representative. It was suggested that the recommendation be amended to reflect that if the director of athletics and faculty athletics representative are the same person, then the chief executive officer must sign the appeal request.

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's request as amended.

(2) The panel recommended that the Council approve a procedure that would expedite consideration of appeals by allowing the staff liaison to act on behalf of the panel in cases in which precedent has been set. It was suggested that the recommendation be amended to reflect that any matter decided by the staff could be reconsidered by the panel if requested by the institution.

It was voted that the Council approve the committee's request as amended.

(3) The panel recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 11.02.3.4.1 (Restricted-Earnings Coach, Additional Limitations — Basketball) in order to allow a restricted-earnings coach to return to his or her position after having temporarily filled a vacancy in a full-time position.

It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(4) The panel recommended that the Council review the position the panel has taken in continuing to deny a number of appeals regarding Bylaws 14.2.4.1 (Minimum Amount of Competition) and 14.2.5 (Injury Hardship Waivers). It was the sense of the meeting that the Council support the manner in which the panel is handling these waiver requests.

### o. Professional Sports Liaison.

(1) The committee reported that it reviewed the Pacific-10 proposal to rescind the legislation that permits a student-athlete in the sport of basketball to enter a professional draft and retain eligibility in the sport provided the student-athlete declares his or her intention to resume intercollegiate participation within 30 days after the draft (1995 Convention Proposal No. 1-11). It was noted that the committee recommended that the Council oppose the proposal. [Note: For related action, see minute

No. 10-a-(5).]

(2) The committee reported that it would withdraw until the October Council meeting its recommendation that the Council support the committee's request to the Administrative Committee to receive funding for a special meeting in the fall of 1994 to conduct a "summit" regarding problems surrounding sports agents. It was noted that the committee will provide information in October regarding the anticipated cost of conducting such a summit.

### p. Special Events.

(1) The committee recommended that the Council approve the following recertification of 1994-95 bowl games. It was noted that January 1, 1995, is a Sunday, and Bylaw 17.7.4.2 permits bowl games to be played on January 2.

(a) Builders Square Alamo Bowl, San Antonio, Texas, December 31, 1994, at 8 p.m. Eastern;

(b) Carquest Bowl, Miami, Florida, January 2, 1995, at 1:30 p.m. Eastern;

(c) CompUSA Florida Citrus Bowl, Orlando, Florida, January 2, 1995, at 1 p.m. Eastern;

(d) Federal Express Orange Bowl, Miami, Florida, January 1, 1995, at 8 p.m. Eastern;

(e) Freedom Bowl, Anaheim, California, December 29, 1994, at 9 p.m. Eastern;

(f) Hall of Fame Bowl, Tampa, Florida, January 2, 1995, at 11 a.m. Eastern;

(g) IBM OS/2 Fiesta Bowl, Tempe, Arizona, January 2, 1995, at 4:30 p.m. Eastern;

(h) Jeep Eagle Aloha Bowl, Honolulu, Hawaii, December 25, 1994, at 3:30 p.m. Eastern;

(i) John Hancock Bowl, El Paso, Texas, December 30, 1994, at 2:30 p.m. Eastern;

(j) Las Vegas Bowl, Las Vegas, Nevada, December 15, 1994, at 9 p.m. Eastern;

(k) Mobil Cotton Bowl Classic, Dallas, Texas, January 2, 1995, at 1 p.m. Eastern;

(l) Outback Steak House Gator Bowl, Jacksonville/Gainesville, Florida, January 1, 1995, at 7:30 p.m. Eastern;

(m) Peach Bowl, Atlanta, Georgia, January 1, 1995, at 8 p.m. Eastern;

(n) Poulan/Weed Eater Independence Bowl, Shreveport, Louisiana, December 28, 1994, at 8 p.m. Eastern;

(o) Rose Bowl, Pasadena, California, January 2, 1995, at 5 p.m. Eastern;

(p) St. Jude Liberty Bowl, Memphis, Tennessee, December 31, 1994, at 3 p.m. Eastern;

(q) Thrifty Car Rental Holiday Bowl, San Diego, California, December 30, 1994, at 8 p.m. Eastern;

(r) USF&G Sugar Bowl, New Orleans, Louisiana, January 2, 1995, at 8:30 p.m. Eastern; and

(s) Weiser Lock Copper Bowl, Tucson, Arizona, December 29, 1994, at 8 p.m. Eastern.

(2) It was voted that the committee's recommendations be approved.

(3) The committee recommended that the Council develop a series of legislative amendments regarding annual exemptions from the maximum number of basketball and football contests (Bylaws 17.3.5 and 17.7.5.2).

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that a subcommittee be appointed or a standing or special committee be assigned to develop criteria/standards by which to measure all exemptions, and that the subcommittee evaluate any current exemptions (and any contest exemptions adopted at the 1995 Convention) and submit legislation for the 1996 Convention in this regard.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee agreed with the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation.

(c) It was voted that the Council approve the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation.

(4) The committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation (Proposal No. 1-69 in the Initial Publication of Proposed Legislation) to amend Bylaw 16.8.1.5 to increase from \$10 to \$20 the per diem for student-athletes who participate in certified postseason bowl games or NCAA championships. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor such legislation.

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(5) The committee recommended that the Council develop legislation amending Bylaw 18.7.3 to delete the requirements set forth in sections (a) and (b) that require institutions to submit a certification-of-eligibility form for student-athletes participating in postseason bowl games and to ensure that the forms are received at the national office not later than 48 hours before the contest. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor such legislation.

(6) The committee recommended that the Division II Steering Committee offer its advice regarding a request the committee received from the sponsoring agency of the Snow Bowl (a football all-star game featuring student-athletes and coaches from Division II institutions), to receive an exception to the policy requiring an all-star football game to annually distribute a minimum of \$100,000 to charity. The Division II Steering Committee noted its support for the current minimum financial standards for certification of all-star games (i.e., \$100,000) and its support for the regulation that any Division II all-star game must be certified by the Special Events Committee.

#### 7. Miscellaneous.

a. The Council reviewed a quarterly report of the Association's governmental affairs. [A summary of the report appeared in the August 31, 1994, issue of The NCAA Register.] The Council received the report without taking formal action.

b. The Council considered three alternative models, developed by the staff, to gradually bring the emerging women's sports into full compliance with NCAA regulations.

(1) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation set forth in Model No. 1. It was noted that this model would follow the same basic guidelines adopted by the membership in 1981 when women's sports first became a part of the NCAA. It also was noted that this model would provide member institutions that sponsor an emerging sport for women with a two-year period (August 1, 1994, to August 1, 1996) during which to come into full compliance with all NCAA rules; thus, all Divisions I, II and III institutions that sponsor an emerging sport for women would be required to be in full compliance with all NCAA rules beginning with the 1996-97 academic year.

(2) The Divisions II and III Steering Committees reported that they would defer to the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation.

(3) It was voted that the Council support the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation.

**8. Administrative Committee Report on Interim Actions and Other Matters.** The Council reviewed the record of seven conferences (Nos. 6-12) conducted by the Administrative Committee since the previous meeting of the Council, including all decisions reached on behalf of the Council by the committee and by the executive director.

a. The three steering committees reported their approval of all actions in the seven telephone conferences.

b. It was voted that the Council approve all of the Administrative Committee actions.

#### 9. Membership.

a. The quarterly report of the NCAA membership was reviewed for the record. It reflected 891 active member institutions as of July 22, 1994 (unchanged from the April report), and 1,103 members in all categories as of that date (up four from April).

b. The Division I Steering Committee took the following actions:

(1) Approved a request submitted by Northeastern Illinois University for a waiver per Bylaw 20.9.3.3.8.

(2) Approved a request submitted by the University of Hawaii, Honolulu, for scheduling waivers per Bylaw 20.9.4.

c. The Division II Steering Committee reported the following actions:

(1) Elected the West Virginia Athletic Conference to conference membership.

(2) Noted the applications for provisional membership submitted by the following institutions: University of Arkansas, Monticello; Arkansas Tech University; Clayton State College; Columbia Union College; Harding University; John Brown University; Lyon College; Midwestern State

University; University of Montevallo; Ouachita Baptist University; University of the Ozarks (Arkansas); Southern Arkansas University; Talladega College; West Virginia State College; and Williams Baptist College.

(3) Denied a request submitted by American University of Puerto Rico for a waiver of scheduling requirements per Bylaw 20.10.4.4.1.

d. The Division III Steering Committee reported the following actions:

(1) Elected the Independent Athletic Conference and Northeast Women's Athletic Conference to conference membership.

(2) Denied applications for active membership submitted by Austin College, Chowan College, Stephens College and Wilson College.

(3) Approved applications for active membership submitted by Edgewood College and Lakeland College.

(4) Noted the applications for provisional membership submitted by the following institutions: Cardinal Stritch College; Chatham College; Clarke College; Concordia University (Wisconsin); University of Dallas; Greenville College; Johnson & Wales University; Knoxville College; La Roche College; Maranatha Baptist Bible College; Marian College (Wisconsin); McMurry University; Mount Mary College; University of New England; Rivier College; St. Joseph's College (New York); Southern Vermont College; Sul Ross State University; and Wisconsin Lutheran College.

(5) Denied a request submitted by Endicott College for a waiver per Constitution 3.2.4.11.5.

(6) Approved a request submitted by State University College at Potsdam for a waiver per Bylaw 20.11.3.1.1.

(7) Approved requests from Suffolk University and California Institute of Technology for waivers per Bylaw 20.11.3.2.9.

#### 10. NCAA Conventions.

a. The Council reviewed a compilation of proposed legislation for the 1995 annual Convention that had been submitted by member institutions and conferences in accordance with the July 15 deadline.

(1) The Divisions II and III Steering Committees expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Constitution 5.1.4.4 to permit a mail ballot to be used as a voting mechanism as part of the Association's legislative process.

(2) The Council considered a proposal to amend Constitution 5.3.10 to specify that the effective date of any proposed legislation for an NCAA Convention shall be not earlier than August 1 after that Convention and to establish a procedure that would permit delegates to vote to adopt a different effective date. It was the sense of the meeting that the proposal be reviewed at the October Council meeting.

(3) The Division II Steering Committee took no position on a proposal that had been referred to the steering committee by the Administrative Committee to amend Constitution 6.2.3.2.2 to exempt Division II institutions with an operating budget for intercollegiate athletics of less than \$1 million (excluding staff salaries) from the Division II financial audit requirement.

(4) The Division I Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 11.6.1.1 to require Division I basketball opponents to exchange videotapes of their basketball contests.

(5) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 12.2.4.2.1 to rescind the legislation that permits a student-athlete in the sport of basketball to enter a professional draft and retain eligibility in the sport, provided the student-athlete declares his or her intention to resume intercollegiate participation within 30 days after the draft.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee expressed opposition to the proposal.

(b) The Division II Steering Committee deferred to the position of the Division I Steering Committee.

(6) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 12.5.2.3.3 to specify that a student-athlete becomes ineligible only in the sport in which the student-athlete participates during a promotional contest, rather than ineligible in all sports. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(7) The Council considered a proposal

to amend Bylaw 13.02.4.4 to permit high-school juniors who are making unofficial visits to meet with coaching staff members on campus when the visits occur during National Letter of Intent dead periods. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(8) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.1.9.7 to permit Division I institutions to count the evaluation of multiple practices that occur on consecutive days (and normally at the same site) in preparation for a high-school all-star football game during a contact period as a single evaluation. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(9) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.4.1 to permit institutions to provide to prospects, with general correspondence, recruiting materials that are printed on white paper with black ink. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(10) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 13.4.1 to permit Divisions I and II institutions to provide student-athlete handbooks to prospects during official and unofficial visits.

It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(11) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaws 13.6.2.2 and 13.6.2.3 to permit coaches to accompany a prospect to and from an official visit only when automobile transportation is used to transport the prospect and all transportation takes place within the state or, if outside the state, within a 100-mile radius of the institution's main campus.

(a) The Divisions I and III Steering Committees recommended that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(b) At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to exclude Division II.

(c) It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal for Divisions I and III only.

(12) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.7.5.7 to eliminate, in Divisions I and III football, the restriction on the location of official-visit meals. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to eliminate the restriction in all sports, and at the request of the Division III Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only and that the Council sponsor the legislation recommended by Division I.

(13) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.11.2.1 to permit non-coaching personnel to serve as announcers or commentators for high-school, college preparatory school or two-year college contests.

(a) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(b) At the request of the Divisions I and II Steering Committees, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division III only.

(c) It was voted that the Council sponsor the proposal for Division III only.

(14) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.12.1.3 to permit Divisions I and II member institutions to host high-school, preparatory school or two-year college contests in all sports in conjunction with intercollegiate contests; to specify that in the sports of basketball, football, gymnastics and volleyball, all participating institutions must be located within a 50-mile radius of the host institution; to require all competition to occur on the member institution's campus; to limit such contests to one each year (per sport) for each high school, preparatory school and two-year college; and to exempt these contests from the precollege-expense restrictions. At the request of the Division I Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division II only.

(15) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.13.1.2 to reinstate the prohibition against a senior prospect's attendance at a member institution's camps and clinics in football. At the request of the Divisions II and III Steering Committees, it

was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(16) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 13.13.2 to reinstate the prohibition against an institution employing members of its football team in its football camps or clinics. At the request of the Divisions II and III Steering Committees, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(17) The Divisions II and III Steering Committees recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 14.1.6.1 to permit a student-athlete to engage in practice sessions during the first week of classes even if that student is enrolled in less than a minimum full-time program of studies.

It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(18) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 14.1.6.2.2.1 to allow student-athletes in team sports who participate in specified non-NCAA postseason championship events the same full-time enrollment and degree status exceptions as students who participate in NCAA championships and to eliminate the one-day-off-per-week restriction for participation in specified non-NCAA postseason championship events in team sports. At the request of the Divisions II and III Steering Committees, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(19) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 14.3.1.1 to permit the initial-eligibility clearinghouse to utilize an official high-school transcript that is provided by a member institution's admissions office to certify the initial eligibility of a nonrecruited student-athlete who does not receive any athletically related financial aid.

It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(20) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 14.5 to prohibit a student-athlete in Divisions I and II from competing at more than one four-year institution during the traditional segment in the same academic year in that sport.

It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(21) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 14.5.5.3.7 to permit Division III transfer student-athletes to use the two-year nonparticipation exception to the transfer residence requirement.

It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(22) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaws 15.1.1 and 15.2.5.2 to permit a student-athlete to receive an outside educational grant awarded on bases having no relationship to athletics ability up to the cost of attendance, provided the awarding agency does not restrict the recipient's choice of institutions and the donor is not a representative of an institution's athletics interests or an athletics booster group of a member institution. At the request of the Division III Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to exclude Division III.

(23) The Division II Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaws 15.5.3.4 and 15.5.4.5 to increase the maximum number of grants-in-aid in Division II men's and women's basketball from 10 to 12.

(24) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 15.5.7 to permit a multiple-sport student-athlete to practice in the sport of football without having to count against the institution's scholarship limits in football until that student-athlete engages in intercollegiate competition. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(25) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor a proposal to amend Bylaw 16.1.4.4 to permit conferences to provide an award to honor a conference "player of the week" or "player of the game." It was the sense of the meeting that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(26) The Division III Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 16.1.7.5 to permit conferences to pay the actual and necessary expenses of a student-athlete's parents or legal guardians, and spouse to attend the presentation of the conference's "Athlete of the Year" award.

(27) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor legislation to amend Bylaws 16.6.1.2 and 16.10.1.5 to permit an institution to pay the travel, housing and meal expenses for a student-athlete or for a student-athlete's teammates to be present in the event of a life-threatening illness, injury or death to the immediate family member of a student-athlete. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council take no action on the proposal inasmuch as the Administrative Committee is reviewing the proposal per Constitution 5.3.6.

(28) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.1.5.4 to eliminate, in Divisions I and II, the required one-day-off-per-week restriction during all conference and postseason championship participation. At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(29) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.3.5.2 to permit institutions to exempt annually, in the sport of Division I basketball, one game in the Great Eight Basketball Festival from their maximum number of basketball contests.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor the proposal with the understanding that it will be evaluated under whatever criteria and standards are developed to review exempted contests generally.

(b) It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(30) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaws 17.7.2.3 and 17.7.2.5.1 to permit student-athletes to wear shoulder pads during the fall football noncontact and orientation periods. At the request of the Division III Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to exclude Division III.

(31) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.7.4.2 to specify that a certified postseason football game shall be played not later than the January 4 immediately following the conclusion of the regular football season. At the request of the Divisions II and III Steering Committees, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(32) The Division III Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.7.5.2 to permit a Division III institution to exempt participation in one preseason football scrimmage against outside competition from its maximum number of football contests, provided the scrimmage is conducted in privacy without publicity or official scoring.

(33) The Division III Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.7.5.1.2 to permit student-athletes, in Division III football, to participate in each academic year in not more than 40 quarters of competition, excluding tie-breaker periods, rather than 10 contests.

(34) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.19.2.1 to permit Division I institutions to participate in the National Association of Collegiate Women Athletic Administrators (NACWAA) Volleyball Classic during the week before the first permissible date of competition.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor the proposal with the understanding that it will be evaluated under whatever criteria and standards are developed to review exempted contests generally.

(b) It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(35) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.19.9 to exempt participation in the NACWAA Volleyball Classic from counting against an institution's maximum number of dates of competition in women's volleyball.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council cosponsor the proposal with the understanding that it will be evaluated under whatever criteria and standards are developed to review exempted contests generally.

(b) It was voted that the Council cosponsor the proposal.

(36) The Council considered a proposal to amend Bylaw 17.21.5.1 to specify that, in the sport of wrestling, not more than two two-day meets shall count as a single date of competition each. At the request of the Division III Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be



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revised to exclude Division III.

(37) The Division III Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 18.2.10.1 to extend the moratorium on the discontinuation of National Collegiate Championships through the 1996-97 academic year.

(38) The Division III Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 18.2.10 to permit a National Collegiate Championship or a division championship for women that existed during the 1993-94 academic year to be continued through the 1998-99 academic year, even if, during that period, the number of institutions sponsoring the sport falls below the minimum requirement of 40 institutions.

(39) The Division II Steering Committee expressed opposition to a proposal to amend Bylaw 18.3.3 to make the Division II Swimming and Diving championships a combined scoring event for men and women.

(40) The Division I Steering Committee expressed its support for a proposal to amend Bylaw 20.9.3.3 to permit, in individual sports, a member institution to count not more than three institution-vs.-institution meetings as contests in any multiteam competition.

(41) The Division II Steering Committee expressed its support for a proposal to amend Bylaw 30.10.4 to specify that Division II women's basketball coaches may evaluate prospects during any women's high-school all-star game that occurs within the state in which the member institution is located.

b. The Council reviewed a compilation of legislation proposed either by the Council or by the Presidents Commission for the 1995 Convention.

(1) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to specify that the constitution, bylaws and other legislation of the Association apply to an emerging sport recognized by the institution as a varsity intercollegiate sport in accordance with the Council's decision on the application of NCAA legislation as indicated in Minute No. 7-b. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(2) All three steering committees supported Council sponsorship of proposed legislation to amend Constitution 3.2.4 to permit institutions to complete and maintain NCAA compliance forms on campus and eliminate the requirement that these forms be sent to the national office. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(3) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 12.1.2 to permit individuals to receive educational expenses from the U.S. Olympic Committee, provided the financial assistance counts against the institution's sport-by-sport financial aid limitations and counts against the individual's full grant-in-aid limit. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(4) All three steering committees supported Council sponsorship of proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 14.1.6.2.2.2 to permit the Academic Requirements Committee to waive the 12-hour enrollment requirement and satisfactory-progress requirements when objective evidence demonstrates that the institution has defined full-time enrollment for a learning-disabled or handicapped student-athlete to be less than 12 hours to accommodate the student's learning disability or handicap. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(5) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council sponsor legislation to amend Bylaw 14.5.4.4.4 to specify that the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee shall have the authority to determine whether a two-year college degree is academic, rather than vocational or technical in nature. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(6) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 14.10.1 to specify that institutions shall use a standardized form to determine the eligibility of international student-athletes. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(7) All three steering committees sup-

ported Council sponsorship of proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 15.3.5.1 to clarify that the hearing opportunity required for the nonrenewal of institutional financial aid applies only to a student-athlete with eligibility remaining in the sport in which financial aid was awarded the previous academic year. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(8) The Council considered proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 16.3.2 to permit an institution to pay the fee charged by the NCAA Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse to establish the initial-eligibility status of a nonrecruited student-athlete.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(b) At the request of the Division II Steering Committee, it was the sense of the meeting that the voting line be revised to include Division I only.

(9) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council sponsor proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 17.1.6 to require Division III institutions to provide student-athletes with one day off per week from athletically related activities during the nontraditional segment. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

(10) All three steering committees supported Council sponsorship of proposed legislation to amend Bylaw 19.1.2 to establish, in Divisions II and III, the appropriate Council steering committee as the appellate body related to findings of major violations by the Committee on Infractions. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council sponsor the proposal.

c. The Council reviewed a compilation of noncontroversial legislative proposals per Constitution 5.3.1.1.1. It was noted for the record that proposals receiving the support of a three-fourths majority of the Council present and voting are effective immediately, published in The NCAA News and submitted by the Council as legislation at the 1995 annual Convention. Proposals that the Council adopted in its April meeting were included in the compilation but are not reflected in these minutes unless additional action was taken.

(1) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend Bylaw 12.5.4 to specify that a manufacturer's or distributor's normal label or trademark that appears on a student-athlete's uniform or other item of apparel shall not exceed 2 1/4 square inches in area.

(2) The Division II Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 16.13.1 to specify that requests for incidental-expense waivers shall be submitted in a timely manner. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

(3) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 17.3.3.1 to permit a Division I institution to engage in a preseason exhibition contest against a club member of USA Basketball and a foreign team in the United States after November 1 (as opposed to November 15). It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

(4) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 23.1.1.1 to permit the chair of the Committee on Athletics Certification to be appointed with the same term length as the chairs of other Council-appointed committees. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

(5) The Divisions I and II Steering Committees recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 23.1 to specify that during the time of their service, members of the Committee on Athletics Certification shall not individually provide, or be part of a for-profit firm or organization that provides, services in the area of athletics certification. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

d. The Council reviewed a compilation of proposed legislative modifications pursuant to Constitution 5.4.1.1.1, which permits the Council to modify the wording of NCAA legislation in a manner consistent with the intent of the membership adopting the original legislation, provided sufficient documentation and testimony exists to establish clearly that the original wording of the legislation is inconsistent with that intent. It was noted for the record that all such modifications approved by the Council will be submitted as legislation at the 1995 Convention. Modifications adopted by the Council during its April meeting

were included in the compilation but are not reflected in these minutes unless additional action was taken.

(1) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend the following:

(a) Bylaw 14.4.3.1.2 to clarify that, in Division I, a student-athlete may use hours earned while enrolled in less than a full-time program of studies to meet satisfactory progress, provided the student is held accountable for the term(s) of part-time enrollment at the time of certification.

(b) Bylaw 14.4.3.2.1.2 to clarify that, in Division I, all student-athletes, including midyear enrollees, may use the midyear certification option to meet the percentage-of-degree and minimum grade-point-average components of satisfactory progress.

(c) Bylaw 17.7.2.1.2.1 to clarify that the need-based financial assistance provided to a student-athlete pursuant to the limited exception to the maximum number of participants in preseason practice in Division I-AA football must be based on financial need as determined by the need-analysis methodologies that conform to Federal, state and written institutional guidelines, and that the methodologies used to determine the need of a student-athlete shall be consistent with the methodologies used by the institution for all students.

(d) Bylaw 20.9.1.2 to apply a 6.5 percent inflationary adjustment to the existing minimum financial aid requirements for Division I membership.

(e) Bylaw 23.3.1 to confirm that an institution participating in the athletics certification program shall provide evidence that its rules-compliance program is the subject of periodic (e.g., annual) evaluation by an authority outside of the athletics department.

(2) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council adopt these amendments.

(3) The Division III Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 15.4.5.1 to clarify that, in Division III, any assistance provided within the limits of 15.4.5 must be based on financial need as determined by need-analysis methodologies that conform to Federal, state and written institutional guidelines, and to specify that the methodologies used to determine the need of a student-athlete shall be consistent with the methodologies used by the institution for all students. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

e. The Council reviewed a compilation of proposed amendments to the Association's administrative regulations, on which the Council is authorized to act in the interim between NCAA Conventions. It was noted that all amendments to Bylaw 30 approved by the Council will be published in The NCAA News.

(1) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend Bylaw 30.13.10.2 to permit all-star teams from summer baseball leagues to participate in competition against a foreign country's national team, under specific conditions.

(2) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend Bylaw 30.13 to specify that the summer baseball subcommittee of the Professional Sports Liaison Committee has the authority to place summer baseball leagues on probation.

(3) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend Bylaw 30.13 to specify that the financial arrangements between the NCAA (and Major League Baseball) and summer baseball leagues are "at will" and may be terminated at the discretion of the summer baseball subcommittee of the NCAA Professional Sports Liaison Committee, subject to the approval of the NCAA Council.

(4) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 30.15 to clarify that the NCAA summer basketball event certification program does not apply to noninstitutional organized events that are sponsored or conducted by an applicable national or international governing body. It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the legislation.

f. The Council reviewed a compilation of proposed amendments to the Association's athletics-certification policies and procedures. It was noted that all amendments to Bylaw 33 approved by the Council will be published in The NCAA News.

(1) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 33.2.2 to specify that any staff member with a personal relationship or institu-

tional affiliation that reasonably would result in the appearance of prejudice shall refrain from participating in any manner in the involved institution's activities related to athletics certification.

(2) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 33.7.1 to permit an institution's chief executive officer to receive a draft of the peer-review team's report for purposes of correcting factual errors before the submission of the team's report to the Committee on Athletics Certification.

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council approve the amendment with the clarification that the copy of the report that is provided to the chief executive officer and to the institution's conference would exclude the peer-review team's recommendation regarding the institution's status.

(b) It was the sense of the meeting that the Council amend the procedure consistent with the recommendation of the Division I Steering Committee.

(3) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council amend Bylaw 33.8 to specify that members of the Committee on Athletics Certification shall recuse themselves from certification decisions in which they may have a potential conflict of interest.

g. The Division II Steering Committee reported that it had agreed to sponsor legislation that would:

(1) Amend Bylaw 11.02 to establish coaching limitations in all Division II sports.

(2) Amend Bylaw 13.7.1.6 to establish a limit of 35 official visits that an institution may provide prospects in the sport of football and a limit of eight official visits that an institution may provide prospects in the sport of basketball.

(3) Amend Bylaw 17.7.3 to reduce the number of football contests from 11 to 10 and establish the first contest date with outside competition as the second Saturday in September.

(4) Amend Bylaw 17.7.4 to eliminate spring football practice in Division II.

11. Interpretations. The Council reviewed the minutes of 1994 Interpretations Committee Conference Nos. 6 through 9. The following actions were taken by the division steering committees or by the Council after review by those committees:

a. The Division I Steering Committee reported the following:

(1) The Division I Steering Committee reviewed an interpretation related to Bylaw 11.02.3.4.1, which stated that an individual who has been employed at one institution as a restricted-earnings basketball coach during the 1993-94 academic year and who previously was employed as a head or assistant basketball coach in Division I may not be employed as a restricted-earnings coach in the sport of basketball at another institution. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the interpretation be amended to indicate that the "clock" for any restricted-earnings coach who was employed during the 1993-94 academic year shall begin in 1993-94, regardless of the individual's previous employment. [Conference No. 7, Minute No. 1-c.]

(2) The Division I Steering Committee reviewed an interpretation related to Bylaw 14.1.8.2, which stated that a student-athlete with remaining eligibility, who has graduated and is continuing as a full-time student at the same institution, may represent the institution in competition, provided he or she is enrolled in course work that would lead to the equivalent of another major or degree at any institution (as opposed to only the certifying institution). The Division I Steering Committee recommended that this issue be referred to the Academic Requirements Committee. [Conference No. 8, Minute No. 4.]

(3) The Division I Steering Committee reviewed an interpretation related to Bylaws 17.02.12, 17.02.12.1, 17.02.12.2 and 17.3.2.1, which stated that it is not permissible for an institution's basketball coach and his or her team to observe an officiating clinic related to the playing rules conducted by video conference before the permissible on-court practice date. [Conference No. 9, Minute No. 1.]

(a) The Division I Steering Committee recommended that noncontroversial legislation be sponsored to permit this activity, provided the student-athletes do not miss class.

(b) It was voted that the Council sponsor such legislation.

(4) It was voted that the minutes of 1994

Interpretations Committee Conference Nos. 6 through 9 be approved as amended by the specific actions of the Council and the division steering committees.

b. The Council considered a request from the U.S. Military Academy that the interpretation issued by the Council during its April 18-20, 1994, meeting related to Bylaw 11.7.1.1.1.1.1 (Football Recruiting Coordinator Exception — Divisions I A and I-AA) be revised to allow the four restricted-earnings coaches that the service academies are allowed to have per Bylaw 11.7.2.1.4 to telephone prospects (and their parents or legal guardians) for recruitment purposes. The Division I Steering Committee recommended that the Council approve the request, and it was the sense of the meeting that the Division I Steering Committee's recommendation be approved.

12. Reports of Division Steering Committees. The division vice-presidents reported on actions taken in the steering committee meetings that had not been reported earlier in this meeting. The Council took the following actions in that regard, and the steering committees' other actions are contained in the minutes of those separate meetings.

a. Division I Vice-President William M. Sangster reported that the Division I Steering Committee elected Doris R. Soladay, Patty Viverito and Chris Monasch to chair the Divisions I-AA, I-AA and I-AAA business sessions, respectively, during the 1995 Convention.

b. Division II Vice-President Charles N. Lindemann reported that the Division II Steering Committee had taken the following additional actions:

(1) Obtained input from steering committee members regarding recommendations that will be made to the Joint Policy Board concerning individuals to serve on the Division II task force for restructuring.

(2) Established an election procedure for the Division II vice-president position and obtained input from steering committee members regarding their interest in serving as Division II vice-president beginning in January 1995, when Lindemann's term expires.

(3) Expressed concern that it has been necessary for the Council to extend meeting times during the August Council meetings, and it does not appear to be the most productive way to conduct the Council's business; further, suggested that the Council consider some modification to the schedule that would allow the Council to deal with its business in a more appropriate time frame. It was the sense of the meeting that the staff develop alternative meeting schedules for the Council to review at the October meeting.

c. Division III Vice-President Edward G. Coll Jr. reported that the Division III Steering Committee had taken the following actions:

(1) Reviewed the Division III philosophy statement as revised, and made some minor editorial revisions; further, agreed to forward the statement to the Presidents Commission for its endorsement to cosponsor with the steering committee as proposed legislation at the 1995 Convention.

(2) Reviewed the application of Division III financial aid legislation as it relates to two scholarships submitted by Coe College; approved the Coe College Alumni Scholarship as an Award of Circumstance per Bylaw 15.4.6.3 and denied the Daniel Coe Scholarship inasmuch as it did not meet the academic honor award criteria per Bylaw 15.4.6.2.

(3) Expressed a continuing concern of the Division III Steering Committee regarding the differences in opinion that the steering committee appears to have with the Division III members of the Presidents Commission; further, Vice-President Coll has been asked to address this matter with the Joint Policy Board and also with his Division III colleagues on the Commission.

13. Dates and Sites of Future Meetings.

a. The Council noted for the record that its remaining 1994 meeting will be October 10-12 at the Hyatt Regency Crown Center, Kansas City, Missouri.

b. The Council noted the remainder of its 1995 meeting schedule for the record:

(1) January 6-7 (1994 Council), Marriott Marina Hotel, San Diego (NCAA Convention).

(2) April 24-26, Ritz-Carlton, Kansas City.

(3) August 7-9, Hyatt Regency Monterey, Monterey, California.

(4) October 9-11, Wesun Crown Center, Kansas City.

# Institutional secondary infractions

## Division I

### Bylaw 12

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's soccer

**Citation:** B 12.5.4-(b)

**Facts:** Team shirt carried multiple logos, and one exceeded the permissible size.

**Institutional action:** Will purchase new uniforms next year.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

**Sport:** Men's soccer

**Citation:** B 12.5.4-(b)

**Facts:** Uniform carried multiple logos, and one exceeded permissible size.

**Institutional action:** Will purchase new uniforms next year.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

**Sport:** Men's swimming

**Citation:** B 12.5.4-(b)

**Facts:** Logo on the shirt of a student-athlete exceeded permissible 1 1/2-inch square size. Young man wore the shirt on the starting blocks.

**NCAA action:** Admonished institution to avoid a similar occurrence, and to use it as an opportunity to review legislation and heighten awareness of its correct application.

### Bylaw 13

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.01.5.1, 13.1.2.1, 13.1.2.5-(a), 13.6.3 and 13.8.2.1

**Facts:** During a prospect's unofficial visit, a representative of the institution's athletics interests gave a tour of two non-institutional facilities to the young man and his parents; another representative had a recruiting contact with the young man; and a third representative had telephone contact with the prospect in the coach's office. Prospect signed to attend another institution.

**Institutional action:** Conducted educational sessions with coaching staff members; implemented forms for unofficial visits; instituted a form for possible rules violations; and advised involved representatives of the institution's athletics interests of recruiting restrictions.

**NCAA action:** Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.02.4.3, 13.12.1, 13.12.1.4 and 13.13.2.3.2

**Facts:** Assistant coach participated in a clinic/scrimmage at a high school during a quiet period. Further, AAU teams were attending.

**Institutional action:** Suspended coach for one week and he then resigned; restricted head coach's recruiting to 19 days from October 21, 1994, to March 15, 1995; conducted rules review with staff; and will require off-campus recruiting to be approved in the future.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.1.3.1, 13.2.1 and 13.7.5.5-(a)

**Facts:** On two occasions, coaching staff members had telephone calls twice in one week with a prospect; the prospect's student host purchased a hat for the young man with host money; and the young man was provided a fruit basket. The young man is attending another institution.

**Institutional action:** Reduced the number of official visits in men's basketball by two (to 10); reprimanded the involved assistant coach; established better procedures to monitor telephone calls; and will conduct rules reviews with student hosts and coaching staff members.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to submit a copy of educational information provided to coaches and student-athletes regarding official visit guidelines. Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Men's golf

**Citation:** B 13.1.3.2

**Facts:** Institution had telephone contact with two prospects before July 1 after their junior years in high school. Contact was to advise them that even though they had had contact during an unofficial visit with a coach who had been diagnosed with meningitis, they were not at risk.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Men's tennis

**Citation:** B 13.1.7

**Facts:** Head coach had four contacts with a prospect. Young man signed with another institution.

**Institutional action:** Ceased recruitment of the prospect and reprimanded the coach.

**NCAA action:** Advised institution to notify coach that future similar violations may result in recruiting restrictions. Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Women's track, outdoor

**Citation:** B 13.2.1 and 13.2.2

**Facts:** Prospect who was not admitted to the university received a loan from a student-athlete, housing and a meal.

**Institutional action:** Declared young woman permanently ineligible; placed head coach on probation for 24 months and assistant coach for 12 months; reprimanded head coach; froze head coach's salary for one year; restricted recruiting to one coach for six months; and limited official visits to 20.

**NCAA action:** Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Women's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.4.1

**Facts:** Institution sent recruiting materials to a young woman who was only a high-school sophomore.

**Institutional action:** Will request eligibility restoration if young woman decides to attend the university.

**NCAA action:** Admonished coach to verify year in school before sending materials, and requested institution to submit a written report that outlines the manner in which it secures and verifies such information. Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Baseball

**Citation:** B 13.4.1

**Facts:** Assistant coach sent recruiting information to a high-school sophomore.

**Institutional action:** Compliance coordinator reviewed the legislation with the coach.

**NCAA action:** Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's soccer

**Citation:** B 13.7.1.2.1 and 13.7.5.4

**Facts:** Prospect was not informed in writing before his official visit of the five-visit limitation, and he was provided \$40 cash on his visit. Young man received the wrong envelope (containing the student host money instead of the notification letter). Prospect will attend another institution.

**Institutional action:** Requested and received reimbursement from the young man, and required coach to meet with the compliance coordinator to review and ensure understanding of regular official-visit procedures.

**NCAA action:** Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.9.1

**Facts:** Assistant coach provided seven complimentary admissions to a junior college coach. Institution is not recruiting any prospects from the junior college. The two coaches had a long-standing friendship. The assistant coach has left the university.

**Institutional action:** Conference issued

letter of reprimand to coach.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Women's softball

**Citation:** B 13.13.2.3.1

**Facts:** Graduate assistant coach who left the university subsequently was an intern with a company that provided a recruiting service for baseball and then returned to the university as an assistant women's softball coach. During her internship, she did not anticipate returning to the institution.

**Institutional action:** Reprimanded coach and instructed her not to discuss any prospects, and developed clinic policy manual.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

### Bylaw 14

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Women's volleyball

**Citation:** B 14.01.1, 14.01.2, 14.1.6.2 and 14.1.6.2.2

**Facts:** Student-athlete competed even though she was not enrolled. Young woman misled coach and other institutional staff members, and played only on a limited basis and when the game was lopsided.

**Institutional action:** Will not seek restoration of her eligibility.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to submit a written report that outlines procedures to preclude a similar violation, including whether lists are generated from admissions or financial aid offices as a checkpoint. Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

### Bylaw 15

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's tennis

**Citation:** B 15.2.3

**Facts:** Student-athlete was provided materials for preparation to take the graduate admissions test (they were not course-required books). Young man is no longer at the university.

**Institutional action:** Implemented checks system that will preclude occurrence of a similar violation.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's track, outdoor

**Citation:** B 15.3.5.1

**Facts:** Institution did not notify one student-athlete by July 1 that his aid would be renewed. Young man had been informed orally that it would be renewed, but the institution was waiting on him to supply some academic credentials before issuing written notification.

**NCAA action:** Admonished institution to avoid a recurrence.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Administrative

**Citation:** B 15.3.5.1

**Facts:** Student-athletes were not notified of renewals of financial aid by July 1. Cancellations or reductions of aid were notified by July 1. Renewals were held to secure correct meal allowance money.

**Institutional action:** Revised procedures and met with financial aid officer to review process.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

### Bylaw 16

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Women's basketball

**Citation:** B 16.8.1.2.1

**Facts:** Team left for contest before permissible 48-hour period.

**Institutional action:** Reviewed legislation at staff meeting.

**NCAA action:** Admonished institution to ensure that similar violations do not occur. No eligibility consequences.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 16.12.2.1

**Facts:** Assistant coach arranged for a former student-athlete to transport a student-athlete from the airport to the campus. The young man was not enrolled in summer school, but was returning to campus on an academic matter.

**Institutional action:** Required the student-athlete to reimburse the former student-athlete for mileage, reprimanded the

assistant coach and issued memorandums to coaching staff regarding transportation for student-athletes.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

### Bylaw 17

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Women's softball

**Citation:** B 17.15.6 and 17.15.8.1.4.1

**Facts:** Assistant coach coached a summer team in two contests, and two student-athletes with remaining eligibility were on the team.

**Institutional action:** Reviewed legislation and will preclude coach from first two practices for 1994-95.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

### Bylaw 30

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Women's basketball

**Citation:** B 30.10.2

**Facts:** Assistant coach made an evaluation three days before permissible date. Head coach checked men's calendar, rather than women's calendar, and did not exceed permissible number of evaluations.

**Institutional action:** Reminded coaches to be more careful and reduced next evaluation period by one day.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

## Division I-A

### Constitution 3

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** C 3.2.4.6.1

**Facts:** Student-athletes practiced before signing drug-testing consent form. Young men had signed institutional drug-testing form, but not NCAA Council-prescribed form.

**NCAA action:** Admonished institution to avoid occurrence of a similar violation. No eligibility consequences.

### Bylaw 11

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 11.02.4-(a)

**Facts:** Three graduate assistant coaches were overpaid by \$1,891.25. Violations occurred as a result of calculation errors.

**Institutional action:** Requested reimbursement, and will make yearly checks for calculation error.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 11.3.2.7

**Facts:** Head coach provided a written endorsement for a noninstitutional publication.

**Institutional action:** Requested paper to cease using advertisement, and compliance officer provided a memorandum outlining the application of the legislation to coaching staff.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

### Bylaw 13

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 13.16.1.2

**Facts:** Assistant coach participated in a golf tournament from which proceeds were used to provide scholarships for high-school students. Involved high school was coach's alma mater, and the university was not recruiting and does not intend to recruit any prospects from the school.

**Institutional action:** Reprimanded coach, required him to meet with the compliance officer and will not reimburse him for the tournament expenses (which he had requested).

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 13.16.1.2, 15.1 and 15.2.6.4

**Facts:** State high-school football coaches association has utilized a wall in the field house for commemorative plaques for several years. In addition, a female student-athlete received excessive individual financial aid in that she received \$1,150 in earnings from employment after she had

exhausted her eligibility but before the end of the semester.

**Institutional action:** Removed the plaques, billed student-athlete for \$1,150 and improved education for student-athletes regarding financial aid.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences with regard to the football violation. No further action with regard to the financial aid violation.

### Bylaw 14

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 14.01.2 and 14.4.3.4.8

**Facts:** Student-athlete competed in 10 of 11 games in 1993 while ineligible inasmuch as two repeated courses were used in calculating satisfactory progress. Institution was 3-8 for the season, and the young man did not participate in any of the victories.

**NCAA action:** Forfeiture not required, but in order to preclude similar violation in the future, required written report indicating changes in certification procedures, specifically awareness of summer courses to avoid inclusion of repeated courses in satisfactory-progress calculations. Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

### Bylaw 16

**How reported:** Conference

**Sports:** Football, men's soccer

**Citation:** B 16.2.1.2

**Facts:** Three student-athletes misidentified recipients for complimentary tickets. Student-athletes were notified of policies and penalties during orientation.

**Institutional action:** Suspended their ticket privileges for three games.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

■■■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sports:** Football, women's swimming

**Citation:** B 16.2.1.2

**Facts:** Football student-athlete misidentified a swimming student-athlete and her parents as his family members to use his complimentary tickets.

**Institutional action:** Football student-athlete's ticket privileges were suspended for first two games. Swimming student-athlete repaid the cost of the tickets.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to issue a reminder to student-athletes of the seriousness of such a violation.

## Division II

### Bylaw 10

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

**Sport:** Wrestling

**Citation:** B 10.01.1, 10.1-(c), 15.3.2.1 and 16.12.2.1

**Facts:** Coach allowed student-athletes to use his properties' addresses to be charged in-state tuition rather than out-of-state tuition. The coach also picked up their mail from those addresses and delivered it to them on occasion.

**Institutional action:** Conducted an audit retroactively from 1993, and when discovery of inaccuracy of residency status occurred, an adjustment in charges was made; accepted resignation of coach; implemented revised out-of-state residency procedures; and is reviewing the wrestling program to see if it will be continued.

**NCAA action:** Advised institution of extreme concern regarding this case and requested verification of repayment of difference in fees, a report to the national office as to whether it is continuing its wrestling program and, if so, additional monitoring activities.

### Bylaw 12

**How reported:** NCAA inquiry

# Institutional secondary infractions

► Continued from page 6

size.

**Institutional action:** Will purchase new uniforms next year.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

## Bylaw 13

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 13.1.1.3

**Facts:** Transfer student-athlete had contact with a member of the staff before receiving written permission from his initial institution. Initial institution denied request for contact with the young man and denied request for one-time transfer exception. The young man has completed the transfer to the university.

**Institutional action:** Ceased recruit-

ment of the young man.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to preclude off-campus recruiting by head coach for one day and note that legislation specifically requires written permission before contact. Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

■ ■ ■

**How reported:** Conference

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 13.9.2.1

**Facts:** In seven cases, high-school coaches were provided lunch during a free clinic.

**NCAA action:** Admonished institution to avoid occurrence of a similar violation. No eligibility consequences.

■ ■ ■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Football

**Citation:** B 13.13.2.3.1

**Facts:** Names of head coaches were included in camp brochure as codirectors of the camp, which also provided a recruiting service. Neither coaches or athletics director were aware of use of name, and coaches really had no affiliation with the camp.

**Institutional action:** Advised camp to cease use of names in brochure.

**NCAA action:** No eligibility consequences. No further action.

## Bylaw 14

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Women's tennis

**Citation:** B 14.2.2

**Facts:** Foreign student-athlete participated even though she had completed 10 semesters of enrollment.

**Institutional action:** Forfeited points the student-athlete earned during the 1993-94 season and will conduct rules review.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to submit a report outlining procedures it has in place to preclude a similar violation from occurring.

■ ■ ■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's tennis

**Citation:** B 14.5.4.1.2

**Facts:** Student-athlete competed even though he was a partial qualifier. Institution used semester grades from a preliminary transcript to compute grade-point average.

**NCAA action:** Required institution to forfeit points earned by the young man and adjust team standings appropriately, and review correct application of the legis-

lation with all involved institutional staff members.

■ ■ ■

**How reported:** Self-reported

**Sport:** Men's basketball

**Citation:** B 14.5.4.2.2

**Facts:** Two two-year college transfer student-athletes were certified as eligible and received financial aid, and one participated, even though their overall grade-point average was not 2.000. Compliance coordinator thought only transferable credits were calculated for overall grade-point average. As a result of discovering the proper application of the legislation, the institution lost several of the prospects it signed for this year.

**Institutional action:** Reviewed other transfer transcripts to ensure no other similar violations occurred.

**NCAA action:** No further action.

# Infractions case: Coastal Carolina University

A summary of the following case appeared in the October 3 issue of *The NCAA News*.

## I. Introduction.

This case involved the men's basketball program at Coastal Carolina University and primarily concerned violations of NCAA bylaws governing recruiting, extra benefits, preseason practice, academic eligibility, ethical conduct and institutional control.

Coastal Carolina is a Division I institution and a member of the Big South Conference. The university has an enrollment of approximately 4,400 students and sponsors seven men's and seven women's sports.

## A. Case chronology.

In September 1993, the NCAA enforcement staff received two telephone calls from a confidential source who reported possible serious violations of NCAA rules involving men's basketball coaches and student-athletes at Coastal Carolina. On September 29, 1993, the enforcement staff interviewed a former part-time assistant men's basketball coach who reported that violations had occurred with regard to the NCAA's recruiting, extra-benefits, ethical-conduct and academic-eligibility legislation. As a result, the enforcement staff conducted other interviews with individuals identified by the former part-time assistant coach and they corroborated the information he reported.

In December 1993, the enforcement staff conducted several interviews with enrolled student-athletes, current and former coaching staff members, and athletics department personnel. During those interviews, several student-athletes provided information that corroborated some of the information reported by the former part-time assistant coach. The NCAA enforcement staff sent a letter of preliminary inquiry to the institution January 5, 1994. After delivery of the letter, the enforcement staff interviewed several individuals off campus in January 1994 and returned to campus in February and March for additional interviews. In March, the head men's basketball coach admitted his involvement in several major violations of NCAA legislation.

The enforcement staff sent a letter of official inquiry to the institution and the former head men's basketball coach May 26, 1994. Three former assistant men's basketball coaches also received copies of allegations in which they were named. The institution and the three assistant coaches each responded by July 26, 1994. The NCAA Committee on Infractions granted an extension to the former head men's basketball coach, who responded August 2, 1994. The enforcement staff conducted prehearing conferences by telephone August 4 with the institution and the former head coach, and August 5 with the former part-time assistant coach. The enforcement staff did not conduct prehearing conferences with the two other former assistant coaches because they had elected not to attend the hearing.

The Committee on Infractions heard this case August 12, 1994. Along with representatives of the institution, the former part-time assistant coach and the former head coach voluntarily appeared before the committee. All student-athlete eligibility issues regarding this case have been resolved.

## B. Summary of the findings of violations.

The violations concerned:

■ The former head men's basketball coach provided improper benefits to a prospective student-athlete by paying his transportation costs to travel to the institution to enroll. The former head coach and a former assistant men's basketball coach provided improper benefits to a prospective student-athlete by arranging for lodging at no cost and local transportation.

■ The former head men's basketball coach and the former part-time assistant coach arranged for a prospective student-athlete to receive fraudulent academic credit and provided an improper benefit by paying his summer-school tuition.

■ The former head men's basketball coach provided an extra benefit to a student-athlete who was a partial qualifier by giving him money for tuition.

■ The former head men's basketball coach and another men's basketball coach provided extra benefits to a student-athlete by paying for his airline tickets for travel home during vacation periods.

■ The men's basketball coaching staff engaged in prohibited preseason basketball activities by observing preseason pickup games. The director of compliance occasionally witnessed the coaches' observations but failed to report the violations to the NCAA.

■ The former head men's basketball coach provided extra benefits to a student-athlete by arranging free hotel lodging for the student-athlete's parents.

■ The former head men's basketball coach made an intentional, impermissible recruiting contact during an NCAA quiet period.

■ The institution provided an excessive number of official visits, in part as a result of the former head men's basketball coach circumventing university procedures.

■ The institution provided impermissible financial aid to a partial qualifier by paying for his meals and housing during his first year at the institution.

■ There was unethical conduct by a former student-athlete, the former head men's basketball coach and the former part-time assistant coach.

■ The university lacked institutional control over its men's basketball program.

## C. Summary of the penalties.

In imposing the following penalties, the Committee on Infractions considered the corrective actions taken by the university, as detailed in Part III-A of this report.

1. The committee adopted as its own the following penalties self-imposed by the institution:

■ Withdrawal of the men's basketball team from the conference postseason tournament in 1994.

■ Reduction by five in the number of permissible official visits for the 1993-94 academic year.

■ Forfeiture of all men's basketball games in which an ineligible student-athlete participated.

2. The committee imposed the following additional penalties:

■ Public reprimand and censure.

■ Four years of probation.

■ Requirement that the institution develop a comprehensive athletics compliance education program, with annual reports to the committee during the period of probation.

■ Prohibition from participating in postseason competition in men's basketball during the 1994-95 season.

■ Prohibition from televising any men's basketball games for one academic year.

■ Reduction in the number of permissible financial aid awards in men's basketball by two for the 1995-96 academic year and by one for the 1996-97 academic year.

■ Reduction by two in the number of permissible official visits in men's basketball during the 1994-95 academic year.

■ Recertification of current athletics policies and practices.

■ Show-cause requirement on the former head men's basketball coach for five years.

## II. Findings of violations of NCAA legislation.

### A. Impermissible provision of transportation to enroll, lodging and local transportation to a prospective student-athlete. [NCAA Bylaws 13.2.1, 13.2.2 and 13.6.4]

On September 6, 1992, the head men's basketball coach purchased a \$260 airline ticket for a prospective student-athlete who was traveling from his home in a foreign country to the United States to enroll in classes at the institution. The prospective student-athlete used this ticket September 7 to travel from New York to Myrtle Beach, South Carolina, to enroll at the university. On September 6 and September 7, the brother of an assistant men's basketball coach provided the prospective student-athlete with lodging for one night and local transportation in New York at no cost. The assistant men's basketball coach made these arrangements at the request of the head men's basketball coach. As a result of his involvement, the assistant coach's brother became a representative of the university's athletics interests. Specifically:

1. During the afternoon of September 6, 1992, after his flight arrived in New York, the prospective student-athlete called the head men's basketball coach to tell him that he had arrived and to ask the coach if he should fly to the original destination of his ticket or to Myrtle Beach. The head men's basketball coach told the prospective student-athlete that he needed to travel directly to Myrtle Beach because classes already had begun at the institution. The prospective student-athlete informed the head coach that he could not afford to pay for an airline ticket to Myrtle Beach. The head men's basketball coach purchased a prepaid airline ticket in the prospective student-athlete's name, and the young man used the ticket for travel September 7 to enroll at the university.

2. During the afternoon and evening of September 6, 1992, the head men's basketball coach had conversations with two assistant coaches to discuss the prospective student-athlete's lodging arrangements for that evening. One of the assistant coaches informed the head coach that the prospective student-athlete could stay with his brother, who lived in New York. The head coach told the assistant coach to make these arrangements. The assistant coach contacted his brother, who agreed to provide lodging for the prospective student-athlete. The assistant coach's brother drove to the airport, met the prospective student-athlete, transported him to his residence and provided him with lodging that evening. On September 7, 1992, the assistant coach's brother drove the prospective student-athlete to the airport.

### B. Fraudulent academic credit and improper payment of tuition for a prospective student-athlete. [NCAA Bylaws 10.1-(b), 10.1-(d) and 13.2.1]

In late May or early June 1992, it became clear that a prospective men's basketball student-athlete would need to complete six credits to be certified eligible for competition after transferring to the institution. The head men's basketball coach made arrangements for the prospective student-athlete to take two courses at the university as independent study. As transfer credits to the two-year college, these courses would fulfill the academic requirements for a student-athlete entering a member institution from a two-year college. The director of athletics, who at that time was also faculty athletics representative, taught one of the courses, and a physical education instructor taught the other course. The head men's basketball coach advised the director of athletics that the prospective student-athlete would complete the work while home with his family in another country during the summer. The physical education instructor believed that the prospective student-athlete would complete his course assignments before leaving for the summer. On June 10, 1992, the prospective student-athlete flew to his home country, where he remained until September 6, 1992.

The head men's basketball coach gave \$1,300 to a part-time assistant coach and instructed him to pay the tuition for the two courses for the prospective student-athlete. The part-time assistant coach paid the prospective student-athlete's tuition, in violation of NCAA recruiting legislation. These two coaches also violated the principles of ethical conduct by making arrangements for the prospective student-athlete to receive credit for two independent study courses based upon written assignments that it is reasonable to conclude the coaching staff members knew were fraudulent. Specifically:

1. On June 5, 1992, the head men's basketball coach gave the part-time assistant coach a \$1,300 check payable to the part-time assistant coach and drawn on the head men's basketball coach's personal account. The head men's basketball coach instructed the part-time assistant coach to cash the check and to use the money to pay the prospective student-athlete's summer-school tuition costs. The part-time assistant coach cashed the check, completed a computer-generated registration form for the prospective student-athlete, took the form to the university's business office and paid \$1,290 cash for the prospective student-athlete's tuition.

2. During the early summer of 1992, the head men's basketball coach solicited at least two individuals to complete papers for the prospective student-athlete to satisfy the requirements of the two independent study courses. Those two individuals refused to complete the papers. In mid-July, the head men's basketball coach called the part-time assistant coach and advised him that the course work for the prospective student-athlete's classes had been completed. The part-time assistant coach collected the papers and delivered them to the physical education instructor and the director of athletics with a note attached stating that the prospective student-athlete had mailed these papers to the athletics department from the state where he had attended junior college.

The enforcement staff and university could not determine who completed these assignments. But given the solicitation by the head men's basketball coach and given the short amount of time the prospective student-athlete was in this country before

going home for the summer, the fact that he spent the summer in a foreign country, and the fact that when questioned by the enforcement staff he was unable to provide accurate information about the content and administration of the courses, it is reasonable to conclude that the prospective student-athlete did not complete these papers and thus received fraudulent academic credit.

### C. Offer and provision of money for tuition to a partial qualifier. [NCAA Bylaws 13.2.1, 13.2.2-(e), 14.3.2.1, 15.01 and 16.12.2]

While recruiting a prospective student-athlete, a partial qualifier under Bylaw 14.02.9.2, the head men's basketball coach promised the prospective student-athlete that he would receive a nonathletics scholarship during the 1990-91 academic year. The head men's basketball coach then arranged for the prospective student-athlete to receive \$860 cash at the beginning of each semester, for a total of \$1,720. The prospective student-athlete used this money to pay his tuition costs to attend the institution. Specifically:

1. In the summer of 1990, the prospective student-athlete informed the head men's basketball coach that he was not certain that he or his family could afford to pay out-of-state tuition at the institution. The head men's basketball coach told the prospective student-athlete that, after completing financial aid forms, he would receive a scholarship sponsored by local sources that would cover his tuition costs at the institution. When the prospective student-athlete inquired about costs other than tuition, such as housing, food and books, the head men's basketball coach told him that it was all taken care of.

2. On August 30, 1990, before the prospective student-athlete's initial enrollment at the institution, and on January 14, 1991, before the start of the spring semester, the head men's basketball coach instructed a graduate assistant coach to come to his office where he gave him an envelope that contained \$860 cash. On each occasion, the graduate assistant coach gave the prospective student-athlete the envelope and told him that it contained his scholarship money. The prospective student-athlete's high-school coach reimbursed the head coach for the tuition payments.

### D. Impermissible provision of airline tickets to a student-athlete. [NCAA Bylaws 16.12.2.1 and 16.12.2.2]

During the 1990-91 academic year, the head men's basketball coach and another member of the men's basketball coaching staff each provided on one occasion round-trip commercial airfare to a student-athlete for travel between the institution's campus and his home. Specifically:

1. In December 1990, the head men's basketball coach became aware that the student-athlete was homesick and was considering not returning to the university after the Christmas holiday. The head men's basketball coach told the student-athlete that he could provide him with a round-trip airline ticket because he had not received an athletics scholarship and was a regular student. The head men's basketball coach instructed a travel agency to make a reservation for the student-athlete and to charge the cost of this ticket (\$242) to his personal

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# Infractions case: Coastal Carolina University

▶ Continued from page 7

credit card. The travel agency sent the airline ticket to the athletics department and an assistant men's basketball coach gave the ticket to the student-athlete in his dormitory room. On December 13, 1990, the student-athlete's roommate, who was a basketball team manager, drove the student-athlete from Conway, South Carolina, to the Charlotte Airport for his flight home. On January 12, 1991, the student-athlete flew back to Charlotte and attended the institution's basketball game with another NCAA member institution. He rode back to campus with his roommate after the game.

2. In March 1991, during a meeting at the basketball office between an assistant men's basketball coach and the student-athlete, the coach gave approximately \$200 cash to the student-athlete for the purchase of a round trip airline ticket to his home to be used during spring break.

## E. Impermissible observations of pre-season basketball activities. [NCAA Bylaw 17.3.2.1.2-(f)]

On a regular basis before the date when organized men's basketball practice could begin during the 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 academic years, members of the men's basketball coaching staff observed the institution's basketball student-athletes participating in informal pick-up basketball games through the windows of the gymnasium doors. The institution's director of compliance occasionally noticed the coaches' observations of the games and admonished the coaches, but he did not report the violation to the NCAA enforcement staff. Had this violation been reported to the NCAA, it would have been a secondary violation.

## F. Impermissible hotel arrangements for a student-athlete's parents. [NCAA Bylaws 16.6.2.1 and 16.12.2.1]

On two occasions during the 1992-93 basketball season, the head men's basketball coach arranged for the parents of a student-athlete to receive free lodging at a local hotel in the Myrtle Beach, South Carolina, area. On at least one occasion, after receiving instructions from the head men's basketball coach, an assistant men's basketball coach contacted the manager of the hotel, who also is a representative of the university's athletics interests, and arranged for the manager to provide a complimentary room to the parents of the student-athlete during their visit to the campus.

## G. Impermissible recruiting contact during a quiet period. [NCAA Bylaw 13.02.4.3]

On Sunday, May 10, 1992, at the conclusion of a prospective student-athlete's official visit to the university's campus, the head men's basketball coach made an intentional, in-person, off-campus recruiting contact with the prospective student-athlete's mother during an NCAA quiet period. The head men's basketball coach drove the prospective student-athlete from the institution's campus to his mother's hometown, where the head men's basketball coach talked with the prospective student-athlete's mother regarding her son's recruitment.

## H. Excessive number of official visits. [NCAA Bylaws 13.7.1.1 and 13.7.1.6-(b)]

During the 1991-92 academic year, the institution provided six expense-paid visits in men's basketball in excess of the 15 allowed under NCAA rules. The institution used a total of 21 official visits for 20 prospective student-athletes, with one prospective student-athlete receiving two official visits.

The head men's basketball coach intentionally used his institutionally issued corporate credit card for some of these recruiting expenses so that the institution would not be aware of and detect the charges for these official paid visits.

1. Between October 17, 1991, and May 1, 1992, the university provided official visits to 15 prospective student-athletes. Between May 9 and June 11, 1992, the university provided a second visit to one of the 15 and impermissible official visits to five additional prospective student-athletes.

2. The head men's basketball coach charged expenses to his institutionally issued corporate credit card which allowed him to avoid normal institutional procedures of requesting a cash advance from the university and of documenting recruiting expenses. As a result, the head men's basketball coach intentionally: (a) charged two prospective student-athletes' airline

tickets to his corporate credit card; (b) did not obtain a cash advance for the official visit of a prospective student-athlete and the second official visit of another prospective student-athlete; (c) obtained complimentary hotel rooms, not billed to the institution, for a prospective student-athlete and a second prospective student-athlete and his parents; and (d) told institutional officials that the visits of two prospective student-athletes were unofficial.

## I. Provision of meals and housing to a partial qualifier. [NCAA Bylaws 14.3.1 and 14.3.2.1]

The university self-reported that during the 1990-91 academic year, the institution provided a student-athlete, who was a partial qualifier under NCAA Bylaw 14.02.9.2, on-campus meals and housing at no cost. Specifically:

1. The partial qualifier ate in the university dining hall on weekdays and at a local restaurant on weekends. He signed his name when he entered the dining hall and restaurant, as if he were a member of the basketball team and the university paid for the meals.

2. The partial qualifier resided on campus in a dormitory with a manager of the basketball team and two student-athletes. The university provided the housing to the partial qualifier at no cost.

## J. Unethical conduct by a student-athlete. [NCAA Bylaws 10.01.1 and 10.1-(d)]

On December 8, 1993, and February 16, 1994, during interviews conducted by two NCAA enforcement representatives and attended by representatives of the university, a men's basketball student-athlete violated the principles of ethical conduct by providing false and misleading information concerning: (1) the provision of an airline ticket in September 1992 for him to travel from New York to Myrtle Beach, as described in Finding No. II-A-1; (2) the provision of lodging and local transportation in September 1992 by the brother of an assistant men's basketball coach, as described in Finding No. II-A-2; and (3) the payment for his 1992 summer-school tuition, as described in Finding No. II-B-1. Specifically:

1. During the interview December 8, 1993, the student-athlete reported that during the first part of September 1992, he left his home in a foreign country to return to the United States to enroll at the institution. The student-athlete reported that on September 6, 1992, he arrived at John F. Kennedy (JFK) Airport and that he purchased an airline ticket to travel from New York City to Myrtle Beach. The student-athlete stated that he paid approximately \$250 to \$300 cash for the ticket. When asked for the source of his cash, the student-athlete reported that he used a portion of the \$700 to \$800 cash his father gave him.

During the February 16, 1994, interview, the student-athlete reported that because of complications concerning his visa, he missed his original flight August 29, 1992, and was booked onto another flight to New York City. The student-athlete stated that when he arrived in New York City, he called the head men's basketball coach and asked if he should fly to a city near his junior college as originally scheduled, or directly to Myrtle Beach. The student-athlete reported that the head men's basketball coach told him that he needed to fly directly to Myrtle Beach because classes already had begun at the institution. The student-athlete again stated that he paid cash for his plane ticket from New York City to Myrtle Beach. When the enforcement staff informed the student-athlete that airline records demonstrated that he did not pay cash for the ticket and that the ticket was charged to the head men's basketball coach's corporate credit card, the student-athlete denied that the head men's basketball coach paid for the ticket and insisted that he personally had paid for his ticket. On February 21, 1994, the student-athlete contacted an enforcement representative by telephone and reported that the head men's basketball coach paid for his plane fare from New York City to Myrtle Beach.

2. During the interview December 8, 1993, the student-athlete reported that after he purchased his plane ticket, the airline made arrangements for him to stay overnight September 6, 1992, at a place "where (the airline) puts people who do not have a place to stay." The student-athlete reported that he paid approximately \$150 cash for this overnight lodging and denied that he stayed with friends.

During the February 16, 1994, interview, the student-athlete was informed that the enforcement staff had information indicat-

ing that he had stayed overnight at the home of an assistant coach's brother and that the head men's basketball coach placed a telephone call to the assistant coach's brother's residence that evening. The student-athlete denied knowing anything about that information and explained that he did not stay at the home of the assistant coach's brother because he did not know the assistant coach's brother. The student-athlete further reported that the assistant coach's brother did not provide him with transportation between JFK Airport and the brother's residence. When asked how he traveled from the airport to the hotel where he reported he stayed overnight, the student-athlete stated that he took a taxicab. The assistant coach and his brother confirmed that the brother had provided the accommodation and transportation.

3. During the interview December 8, 1993, the student-athlete reported that he called the business office at the institution to determine the cost of summer-school tuition. The student-athlete stated that he told the business office his name and that he needed to pay for his classes. The student-athlete reported that the business office told him how much he owed and that he already was registered for the classes. The student-athlete reported that he sent cash to the business office but did not include a note regarding the purpose of the money. The student-athlete did not know how much he paid for the courses. The student-athlete also reported that he received a receipt from the business office showing that he paid for the courses.

At the beginning of the February 16, 1994, interview, the student-athlete reported that he would not lie for anyone and that he would tell the truth. He amended his previous testimony and stated that a part-time assistant coach told him the amount of the tuition. The student-athlete reported that he sent \$1,200 cash in \$100 bills via overnight mail in a business-sized envelope to the assistant coach. The student-athlete stated that the part-time assistant coach told him that he would pay the bill at the registrar's office. When asked the source of the funds, the student-athlete reported that some of it was his, some of it was from his father and some of it was from the father of a teammate. The student-athlete also stated that the coach completed the computer registration form and took care of his registration. The head coach and the part-time assistant coach admit that they, and not the student-athlete, paid the tuition.

## K. Unethical conduct by men's basketball coaches [NCAA Bylaws 10.01.1, 10.1-(b), 10.1-(c) and 10.1-(d)]

1. During 1990-1993, the head men's basketball coach failed to deport himself in accordance with the generally recognized high standards of honesty normally associated with the conduct and administration of intercollegiate athletics. He knowingly operated the university's intercollegiate men's basketball program contrary to the requirements and provisions of NCAA legislation by his involvement in Finding Nos. II-A, B, C, D-1, G and H.

2. The head men's basketball coach also violated the principles of ethical conduct by providing false and misleading information concerning his involvement in and knowledge of Finding Nos. II-A-1, B-1, C, D-1 and H-2 during a December 9, 1993, interview involving two NCAA enforcement representatives and the university's athletics representative. During a March 1, 1994, interview attended by the two enforcement representatives, the faculty athletics representative, the university's legal counsel and the head men's basketball coach's attorney, the head men's basketball coach provided false and misleading information concerning Finding No. II-B-2. Before the March 1 interview, the director of athletics informed the head men's basketball coach that the NCAA enforcement staff had obtained documentary evidence (i.e., airline tickets, credit card receipts and a canceled bank check) that refuted his original position concerning information pertaining to Finding Nos. II-A-1, B-1, C, D-1 and H-2. Specifically:

a. During the interview December 9, 1993, the head men's basketball coach reported that he was not aware of a prospective student-athlete's flight arrangements to Myrtle Beach for his initial enrollment at the university during the fall of 1992. However, during the interview March 1, 1994, the head men's basketball coach admitted that he provided the cost of airline transportation to the prospective student-athlete, as described in Finding No. II-A-1.

b. During the interview December 9,

1993, the head men's basketball coach denied any knowledge of or involvement in arranging for an assistant basketball coach to pay for a prospective student-athlete's summer-school classes. He also denied that he asked others to complete or assist in preparing the prospective student-athlete's course work, even though two people confirmed that he requested their assistance. However, during the March 1, 1994, interview, he admitted that he paid for the prospective student-athlete's summer-school expenses by giving a check to a part-time assistant coach, which was used to pay the prospective student-athlete's expenses, as described in Finding No. II-B-1. The head men's basketball coach insisted that the prospective student-athlete repaid him. Regarding his efforts to solicit others to help the prospective student-athlete complete his class work, as described in Finding No. II-B-2, he continued to deny that this occurred.

c. During the interview December 9, 1993, the head men's basketball coach denied having any knowledge of or involvement in providing tuition money for the 1990-91 academic year to a prospective student-athlete who was a partial qualifier. However, during the interview March 1, 1994, the head men's basketball coach admitted that he provided \$860 cash each semester for the prospective student-athlete to pay his tuition, as described in Finding No. II-C.

d. During the interview December 9, 1993, the head men's basketball coach denied having any knowledge of or involvement in providing airline transportation to a student-athlete during December 1990. However, during the March 1, 1994, interview, the head men's basketball coach admitted that he purchased a round-trip airline ticket for the student-athlete to travel to his home and back to campus, as described in Finding II-D-1.

e. During the interview December 9, 1993, the head men's basketball coach reported that two prospective student-athletes had taken unofficial visits to the institution when, as described in Finding No. II-H-2, one prospective student-athlete had taken an official visit and the other prospective student-athlete had taken his second official visit. The head men's basketball coach denied having any knowledge of: (1) who paid for the trip; (2) the hotel where the prospective student-athletes and one prospective student-athlete's parents stayed; and (3) any contact with the prospective student-athletes and one prospective student-athlete's parents other than the one to two hours he spent with them on campus. However, during the March 1, 1994, interview, the head men's basketball coach admitted that he arranged for the prospective student-athletes and one prospective student-athlete's parents to stay at a hotel at no cost and paid \$134.77 for meals and incidentals that were charged to the prospective student-athletes' rooms.

3. During 1992, the part-time assistant men's basketball coach involved in this case failed to deport himself in accordance with the generally recognized high standards of honesty normally associated with the conduct and administration of intercollegiate athletics. He knowingly violated the provisions of NCAA legislation by his involvement in arranging fraudulent academic credit and paying the tuition for a prospective student-athlete, as described in Finding No. II-B.

## L. Lack of institutional control. [NCAA Constitution 2.1.1 and 6.01.1]

The scope and nature of the violations in this case demonstrate a pervasive lack of institutional control and monitoring in the conduct and administration of the men's basketball program by the university. The institution failed to: (1) maintain a signature list of the prospective student-athletes who made expense-paid visits to the university's campus during the 1991-92 academic year; (2) report a violation regarding the observance of out-of-season basketball practice during the 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 academic years, even though the compliance officer observed these violations; (3) monitor its gift-in-kind program that resulted in local businesses donating lodging and meals to the men's basketball program without the university having any effective means of identifying the individuals who actually received the lodging and meals; (4) review adequately the expenses submitted for repayment by the head men's basketball coach from his institutionally issued corporate credit card and require any justification or explanation from him as to the purpose or legitimacy of these

charges; and (5) monitor the meal and housing expenses of a student-athlete who was a partial qualifier. Specifically:

1. During the 1991-92 academic year, the men's basketball coaches failed to maintain the signature list even though they realized that they were required under NCAA legislation and institutional procedures to submit such a list. The institution made insufficient efforts to require the men's basketball coaching staff to submit this list.

2. The compliance officer took no action to self-report to the NCAA or the conference office the men's basketball coaching staff's observations of preseason pick-up games during the 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 academic years, even though he noticed the violation on several occasions.

3. The institution failed to monitor its gifts-in-kind program for a fund-raising group that accepts room donations from area hotels in lieu of cash donations. The institution did not identify the individuals who received complimentary lodging arranged by the men's basketball coaching staff. No records of donated rooms were forwarded to the athletics department by the hotel or men's basketball coaching staff. As a result, the institution never received bills or had any notice of the lodging provided to the parents of a men's basketball student-athlete. This lack of monitoring prevented the university from realizing that it overawarded official visits during the 1991-92 academic year.

4. The institution did not review the corporate credit card charges that the head men's basketball coach submitted for repayment and did not require any explanation or accounting of the charges. As a result of this arrangement, no one questioned: charges posted in May 1992 for meals and gift purchases (totaling \$134) billed to the hotel room occupied by two prospective student-athletes on official visits to the institution; the air fare charge posted for a prospective student-athlete in conjunction with his official visit May 11 through 13, 1992; and the September 1992 air fare charge posted for a prospective student-athlete for his travel from New York to Myrtle Beach.

5. The institution paid meal charges for the men's basketball players, including a student-athlete who was a partial qualifier, in the university dining hall and at a local restaurant without reviewing the signature list to ensure that all student-athletes were entitled to the meals. The university also failed to monitor the housing of the partial qualifier.

## III. Committee on Infractions penalties.

For the reasons set forth in Parts I and II of this report, the Committee on Infractions found that this case involved several major violations of NCAA legislation.

## A. Corrective actions taken by the university.

In determining the appropriate penalties to impose, the committee considered the institution's self-imposed corrective actions. Specifically, the university:

1. Accepted the resignation of the head men's basketball coach.

2. Reprimanded the compliance officer for his failure to require compliance with the institution's procedure regarding official visits and for his failure to self-report violations regarding coaches observing pick-up games in the off-season, and required him to attend at least one NCAA regional compliance seminar each year and to set up and conduct rules compliance sessions for all coaches each month beginning August 1, 1994.

3. Hired a full-time compliance assistant.

4. Announced its plan to conduct monthly rules seminars for all coaches.

5. Established a policy that any sport that does not have all of its compliance paperwork accurate and up to date will be suspended until in compliance.

6. Assigned compliance oversight to the assistant athletics director who is the senior woman administrator. On a regular basis, she will review all compliance files to ensure that policies and procedures are being followed and that all required paperwork is completed and filed in a timely manner.

7. Revised its official visit forms, which must be completed and presented to the athletics business office before the approval of any expense money for an official visit.

8. Assigned the monitoring of gifts-in-kind program to the director of the athletic

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# Infractions case: Coastal Carolina University

► Continued from page 8

ics department's booster club.

## B. Penalties self-imposed by the university.

The Committee on Infractions adopted as its own the following penalties imposed by the institution:

1. Withdrawal of the men's basketball team from the Big South Conference basketball tournament February 23, 1994.
2. Reduction in the allowable official visits in men's basketball for 1993-94 from 15 to 10.
3. Forfeiture of all men's basketball games for the 1992-93 and 1993-94 seasons in which an ineligible student-athlete participated.

## C. Additional penalties imposed by the Committee on Infractions.

Although the Committee on Infractions agreed with and approved of the actions taken by the institution, the committee decided to impose the following additional penalties:

1. Public reprimand and censure.
2. Four years of probation from August 12, 1994, the date of the hearing, unless there is an appeal and the NCAA Infractions Appeals Committee alters the effective date.
3. During this period of probation, the institution shall:

a. Develop and implement a comprehensive educational program on NCAA legislation, including seminars and testing, to instruct the coaches, the faculty athletics representative, all athletics department personnel and all university staff members with responsibility for the certification of student-athletes for admission, retention or competition;

b. Submit a preliminary report to the administrator for the Committee on Infractions by November 1, 1994, setting forth a schedule for establishing this compliance and educational program; and

c. File with the committee's administrator annual compliance reports indicating the progress made with this program by July 15 of each year during the probationary period. Particular emphasis should be placed on monitoring official visits, recruiting contacts, and benefits provided to student-athletes, including partial qualifiers and nonqualifiers during their first year. The report must also include documentation of the university's compliance with the penalties imposed by the committee.

4. The institution's men's basketball team shall end its 1994-95 season with the playing of its last regularly scheduled, in-season contest and shall not be eligible to participate in any postseason competition, including a foreign tour, after that season. Moreover, during the 1994-95 academic year, the men's basketball team may not take advantage of the exceptions to the limitation in the number of basketball contests that are provided in Bylaws 17.3.3.1, 17.3.5.2 and 17.3.5.3, regarding preseason contests,

and other exceptions to the maximum number of contest limitations. The committee also adopted the university's action in Part III-B-1.

5. The institution's men's basketball team shall not be eligible to appear on any telecast during the 1994-95 season except for the closed-circuit television exception provided for in Bylaw 19.6.2.5.1. This ineligibility to appear on television shall include live broadcasts, delayed broadcasts, cable broadcasts and game footage that exceeds a total of five minutes on coaches shows at the institution. If the university has legally enforceable commitments for the 1994-95 season, the institution may delay the application of this penalty until the 1995-96 season.

6. During the 1995-96 academic year, the university shall be limited to two fewer financial aid awards in men's basketball than the maximum number allowed under NCAA regulations. This is a reduction from 13 to 11 financial aid awards under current rules. During the 1996-97 academic year, the university shall be limited to one fewer financial aid award in men's basketball than the maximum number allowed under NCAA regulations. This is a reduction from 13 to 12 financial aid awards under current rules.

7. During the 1994-95 academic year, the institution shall be limited in men's basketball to two fewer expense-paid visits to the institution's campus than the maximum number allowed under NCAA rules. This is a reduction from 12 to 10 expense-paid visits under current rules. The committee also

adopted the university's action in Part III-B-2.

8. Recertification from the institution's president that all of the university's current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA regulations.

9. If the former head men's basketball coach had still been employed at the institution, the university would have been required to show cause in accordance with Bylaw 19.6.2.2-(1) why it should not be subject to additional penalties if it had failed to take appropriate disciplinary action against him.

10. The former head men's basketball coach will be informed in writing by the NCAA that, due to his involvement in certain violations of NCAA legislation found in this case, if he seeks employment or affiliation in an athletically related position at an NCAA member institution during a five-year period (August 12, 1994, to August 12, 1999), he and the involved institution shall be requested to appear before the Committee on Infractions to consider whether the member institution should be subject to the show-cause procedures of Bylaw 19.6.2.2-(1), which could limit the former coach's athletically related duties at the new institution for a designated period.

■ ■ ■

As required by NCAA legislation for any institution involved in a major infractions case, Coastal Carolina shall be subject to the provisions of NCAA Bylaw 19.6.2.3, concerning repeat violators, for a five-year

period beginning on the effective date of the penalties in this case.

Should Coastal Carolina appeal either the findings of violations or proposed penalties in this case to the Infractions Appeals Committee, the Committee on Infractions will submit a response to the members of the appeals committee. This response may include additional information in accordance with Bylaw 32.10.5. A copy of the report will be provided to the institution before the institution's appearance before the appeals committee.

The Committee on Infractions wishes to advise the institution that it should take every precaution to ensure that the terms of the penalties are observed. The committee intends to monitor the penalties during their effective periods, and any action contrary to the terms of any of the penalties or any additional violations shall be considered grounds for extending the institution's probationary period, as well as imposing more severe sanctions in this case.

Should any portion of any of the penalties in this case be set aside for any reason other than by appropriate action of the Association, the penalties shall be reconsidered by the Committee on Infractions. Should any actions by NCAA Conventions directly or indirectly modify any provision of these penalties or the effect of the penalties, the committee reserves the right to review and reconsider the penalties.

NCAA COMMITTEE  
ON INFRACTIONS

# Infractions case: DePaul University

A summary of the following case appeared in the October 3 issue of *The NCAA News*.

## I. Introduction.

This case involved the men's basketball program at DePaul University and concerned violations of NCAA bylaws governing extra benefits and institutional control.

DePaul is a Division I institution and a member of the Great Midwest Conference. The university has an enrollment of about 16,500 students and sponsors eight men's and eight women's intercollegiate athletics teams.

## A. Case chronology.

In February 1992, three Chicago newspapers published articles concerning the expenditure of bank funds by a former senior vice-president of a Chicago bank for the benefit of former student-athletes at the university. The former bank officer had been a representative of the university's athletics interests since 1982. Specifically, there were allegations that the use of bank-owned apartments had been provided at no cost to student-athletes in the men's basketball program and some members of their families.

The university president, after consulting with other senior administrators, ordered an internal investigation of these allegations. A university law professor was directed to investigate the entire time period that the representative of the institution's athletics interests had any contact with the men's basketball program. On April 3, 1992, the NCAA enforcement staff received a letter from the university's vice-president for student affairs advising that the institution was reviewing the information and had appointed an investigator.

From February 1992 through May 1993, the university conducted approximately 80 interviews of current and former coaches, student-athletes, athletics department staff, university administrators, university students and numerous people outside of the university community. Despite repeated attempts by the university to contact all former men's basketball student-athletes who had played during the years of the representative's involvement, only one of the former student-athletes who used the apartments agreed to be interviewed.

The conclusion of the university's investigation was delayed by difficulties in locating the former student-athletes and scheduling an interview with the representative of the university's athletics interests, who was serving a sentence in Federal prison after pleading guilty to bank fraud.

Because the university first received notice of the allegations in January 1992, shortly before publication of the newspaper articles, the NCAA statute of limita-

tions ordinarily would preclude inquiry into possible violations occurring before January 1988. However, the university's self-investigation went back as far as 1982, the beginning of the representative's relationship with the university, and revealed a number of extra-benefit violations occurring between 1985 and 1989. Although many of these violations occurred outside the four-year statute of limitations, the university determined that a pattern and practice existed that brought all of the violations within the statute under NCAA Bylaw 32.5.2-(b).

On September 23, 1993, the university submitted its self-report to the NCAA enforcement staff and the Great Midwest Conference. The enforcement staff wrote to the institution requesting additional information on two occasions in November and received a response later that month.

On February 7, 1994, the NCAA issued a preliminary inquiry letter to the university. Although members of the enforcement staff had been present for numerous interviews conducted by the institution during its investigation, the staff had waited until receipt of the institution's report before interviewing current university staff members and two former assistant coaches.

In order to process this case to a conclusion, the university and involved coaches waived their respective rights against the NCAA under the provisions of the Illinois "Collegiate Athletic Association Compliance and Enforcement Procedures Act," which was enacted in 1992. The university and NCAA enforcement staff agreed to use the summary-disposition process under Bylaw 32.6 and submitted a summary-disposition report to the NCAA Committee on Infractions August 1, 1994. The report contained a description of the violations that the enforcement staff, university and involved coaches agreed had occurred, the corrective actions taken by the institution, and the penalties proposed by the institution.

In the summary-disposition report, the enforcement staff stated that the institution's internal investigation, combined with the enforcement staff's inquiries, was complete and thorough and that the university had cooperated with the NCAA. The enforcement staff, institution and involved coaches agreed with the findings of violations contained in the summary-disposition report and that the case was major in nature.

The Committee on Infractions considered the summary-disposition report at its meeting August 14, 1994. The committee accepted the findings of violations in the report but proposed penalties in addition to those proposed by the university. On August 18, 1994, the committee notified the university and head men's basketball coach of the proposed penalties and of the right to a hearing before the commit-

tee. The university and the head men's basketball coach agreed to the additional penalties contained in this report.

## B. Summary of the findings of violations.

This case involved one representative of the university's athletics interests, several coaches, and numerous student-athletes no longer at the university. This is a major case because of the extent of the extra-benefit violations, the fact that the violations occurred in several years, and the lack of institutional control and monitoring of the men's basketball program. The violations concerned:

- A representative of the university's athletics interests providing extra benefits to student-athletes by arranging free apartment usage for student-athletes and some members of their families, and free or discounted meals for student-athletes permissibly employed for the summer; and
- A lack of institutional control resulting from the university's failure to monitor its men's basketball program adequately.

## C. Summary of the penalties.

In imposing the following penalties, the Committee on Infractions considered the corrective actions taken by the university, as detailed in Part III-A of this report.

1. The committee adopted as its own the following penalties proposed or self-imposed by the institution:

- One year of probation;
- Recertification that current athletics policies and practices conform to NCAA rules; and
- Disassociation of the representative of the university's athletics interests involved in this case.

2. The committee imposed the following additional penalties:

- Public reprimand and censure;
- During the period of probation, the filing of reports on the institution's compliance education program;
- Reduction by one in the number of men's basketball coaches who may recruit off campus for one year. The coach who may not recruit off campus must be the head men's basketball coach;
- Reduction by two in the number of permissible financial aid awards in men's basketball for the 1995-96 academic year; and
- Reduction by four in the number of permissible official visits in men's basketball for the 1994-95 academic year.

## II. Findings of violations of NCAA legislation.

### A. Impermissible housing provided to student-athletes and their relatives. [NCAA Bylaws 16.6.2.1 and 16.12.2]

On several occasions from 1986 to 1988, a senior vice-president of a bank who was a representative of the institu-

tion's athletics interests arranged for several bank-owned apartments to be made available at no cost to at least six men's basketball student-athletes and some members of the student-athletes' families.

### B. Impermissible free or discounted meals provided to student-athletes. [NCAA Bylaw 16.12.2]

During the summers of 1985 through 1988, a representative of the institution's athletics interests arranged employment for men's basketball student-athletes at a bank or other companies, and arranged for the student-athletes to receive free or discounted meals at a restaurant located on bank property of which he was a partial owner. Although the employment was permissible, the arrangements for free or discounted meals violated NCAA extra-benefit legislation because they were not generally available to other employees with similar responsibilities.

Each summer the representative provided a memorandum to the general manager of the restaurant identifying the student-athletes who were to receive free or discounted meals.

1. During the summer of 1985, 11 student-athletes received lunches at no cost to them.
2. During the summer of 1986, an undetermined number of student-athletes received discounted lunches.
3. During the summer of 1987, 11 student-athletes received a 50 percent discount on the cost of their lunches.
4. During the summer of 1988, five student-athletes received a 50 percent discount on the cost of their lunches.

### C. Lack of institutional control. [NCAA Constitution 2.1]

During the period from 1984 through 1989, the university violated the principles of institutional control by its failure to monitor adequately its men's basketball program. The men's basketball staff: (1) allowed and did not adequately monitor the continued involvement in the men's basketball program of a representative of the institution's athletics interests despite knowing of his previous involvement in violations of NCAA recruiting legislation; (2) did not adequately monitor the men's basketball program in a number of other ways; and (3) failed to recognize the need to forward information concerning possible violations of NCAA legislation to athletics department officials for an appropriate review.

1. The men's basketball coaching staff members were or should have been aware of, but did not report that, the representative of the university's athletics interests had at least two impermissible recruiting contacts. Specifically:

- a. The representative initiated an improper in-person contact with the moth-

er of a prospective student-athlete in 1984. Although he informed the coaches of the contact, they failed to report this violation to athletics department officials.

b. The representative had an in-person contact with a prospective student-athlete at his high-school game in the presence of an assistant men's basketball coach in the spring of 1987. The coaching staff did not report this contact to athletics department officials.

Despite the coaches' knowledge of these contacts, they continued to allow the representative to be involved in the men's basketball program.

2. The men's basketball staff, which was responsible for monitoring the men's basketball program, did not adequately monitor:

- a. The student-athlete summer employment program, resulting in numerous student-athletes receiving free or discounted meals through the representative of the institution's athletics interests involved in this case;

b. The lodging of relatives of student-athletes during visits to the campus, even though the staff knew that some of these relatives were not from the Chicago area, which allowed them to receive free lodging from the representative in bank owned apartments;

c. The contents of envelopes that may have contained tickets to professional athletics events or keys to bank-owned apartments, which the representative of the institution's athletics interests sent to student-athletes through the basketball office; and

d. The potentially improper use of an automobile by a student-athlete.

3. The men's basketball staff failed to recognize the necessity of forwarding information about possible NCAA violations to appropriate institutional officials. Specifically:

a. When the representative of the institution's athletics interests apprised the head men's basketball coach that he had refused a basketball student-athlete's request for money, the head coach failed to obtain the reasons the student-athlete believed he should make such a request to the representative and the circumstances surrounding the request. Instead, the head coach acquiesced to the representative's suggestion that the representative handle the situation.

b. The representative informed an assistant men's basketball coach, who in turn related the information to the head men's basketball coach and another assistant men's basketball coach, that he was upset over a basketball student-athlete's use of a bank-owned apartment that could have caused trouble at the bank for the representative. The coaching staff failed to recognize the possible NCAA rules viola-

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# Infractions case: DePaul University

► Continued from page 9

tions, to make the necessary inquiries of the representative or the student-athlete as to the details of the situation, or to forward this information to appropriate athletics department personnel.

## III. Corrective actions and penalties.

For the reasons set forth in Parts I and II of this report, the Committee on Infractions found that this case involved several major violations of NCAA legislation.

### A. Corrective actions.

In determining the appropriate penalties to impose, the Committee on Infractions considered the institution's self-imposed corrective actions. Specifically, the institution:

1. Placed the head men's basketball coach on probation effective September 1993, froze his salary effective July 1993 and specified that there will be no new contract negotiations for the head coach until the university's period of probation has expired;
2. Distributed, beginning in the fall of 1992, a Quick Reference Guide to NCAA Rules and Regulations to athletics foundation members, athletics department coaches and staff, parents of student-athletes, persons providing jobs to student-athletes, and corporate partners of the athletics department;
3. Added a compliance section to its quarterly newsletter mailed to, among others, all identified representatives of the university's athletics interests;
4. Expanded the NCAA compliance section of the student-athlete handbook to add information regarding extra benefits;
5. Implemented a summer jobs form to be completed by those who are directly and indirectly involved in securing employment for student-athletes;

6. Required, beginning in the fall of 1992, student-athletes to complete a personal information form to monitor extra benefits in the areas of housing, automobiles, employment and financial aid;

7. Required the director of athletics and associate athletics director/compliance coordinator to create a compliance program specifically for the men's basketball program;

8. Required men's basketball student-athletes with cars to submit car titles and registration forms for review;

9. Held three meetings for men's basketball student-athletes to review NCAA legislation in the areas of recruiting and extra benefits;

10. Issued a letter of reprimand to the administrative assistant in the men's basketball office who had distributed, without questioning the contents, envelopes sent by the representative of the institution's athletics interests to student-athletes, even though she thought they contained tickets to professional athletics events but was not aware that providing such tickets at no cost was a violation of NCAA legislation;

11. Initiated early peer-review certification during the 1994-95 academic year to confirm further the compliance of its athletics program with all requirements of NCAA legislation;

12. Conducted mandatory monthly meetings with the coaches to review various aspects of NCAA legislation and to administer monthly practice tests;

13. Provided interpretations of NCAA rules and regulations to boosters with the assistance of the Great Midwest Conference;

14. Required detailed documentation by coaches of all recruitment contacts; and

15. Expanded the training materials and programs for support staff within the athletics department by conducting annual fall meetings on NCAA rules and regulations and distributing annual NCAA compliance notebooks prepared by the compliance coordinator.

### B. Penalties proposed or self-imposed by the university.

The Committee on Infractions adopted as its own the following penalties proposed or imposed by the institution:

1. Probation for one year beginning August 14, 1994.
2. Recertification that all of its current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA legislation.
3. Disassociation from the university's athletics program, as of September 1993, of the representative of the university's athletics interests involved in this case. The committee accepted this penalty with the understanding that the disassociation will last at least the duration of the university's NCAA probation and that the university will take the following actions: (a) the institution shall not accept any assistance from the individual that would aid in the recruitment of prospective student-athletes or the support of enrolled student-athletes; (b) the institution shall refuse all financial assistance or contributions for the institution's athletics program from the individual; (c) the institution shall ensure that no athletics benefits or privileges are provided to the individual, either directly or indirectly, that are not available to the public at large; and (d) the institution shall take such other actions against the individual that the institution determines to be within its authority to eliminate the involvement of the individual in the institution's athletics program in any manner.

### C. Additional penalties imposed by the Committee on Infractions.

Although the Committee on Infractions agreed with and approved of the actions taken by the institution, the committee decided to impose additional penalties. After receiving notification of the additional penalties, the institution and head men's basketball coach accepted the following penalties:

1. Public reprimand and censure.

2. During the one year of probation, the institution shall:

- a. Continue to develop and implement a comprehensive educational program on NCAA legislation, to include seminars and testing, to instruct the coaches, the faculty athletics representative, all athletics department personnel and all university staff members with responsibility for the certification of student-athletes for admission, retention or competition;
  - b. Submit a preliminary report by November 1, 1994, to the administrator for the Committee on Infractions, setting forth a schedule for establishing this compliance and educational program; and
  - c. File with the committee's administrator a final compliance report no later than September 1, 1995, indicating the progress made with this program. The report must also include documentation of the university's compliance with the penalties imposed and adopted by the committee.
3. The number of men's basketball coaches permitted to recruit off campus at any one time shall be reduced by one from the number allowed to recruit under Bylaw 11.7.5.1 for a period of one year beginning August 14, 1994. During the academic year only one coach may recruit off campus. During the summer period only two coaches may recruit off campus. The head men's basketball coach shall be the coach who is not permitted to recruit off campus during either of these periods. The university had proposed a reduction of one coach during only the October 1994 to March 1995 evaluation period.
4. During the 1995-96 academic year, the university shall be limited to two fewer financial aid awards in men's basketball than the maximum number allowed under NCAA regulations. This is a reduction from 13 to 11 financial aid awards under current rules. The university had proposed a reduction of one financial aid award.
5. During the 1994-95 academic year, the institution shall be limited in men's

basketball to four fewer expense-paid visits to the institution's campus than the maximum number allowed under NCAA rules. This is a reduction from 12 to eight expense-paid visits under current rules. The university had proposed a reduction of two visits.

■ ■ ■

As required by NCAA legislation for any institution involved in a major infractions case, DePaul shall be subject to the provisions of Bylaw 19.6.2.3, concerning repeat violators, for a five-year period beginning August 14, 1994.

Because DePaul and the involved coaches agreed to participate in the summary-disposition process, admitted the violations of NCAA rules and accepted the penalties proposed by the Committee on Infractions, the university and coaches waived the opportunity to appeal the decisions made in this case.

The Committee on Infractions wishes to advise the institution that it should take every precaution to ensure that the terms of the penalties are observed. The committee intends to monitor the penalties during their effective periods, and any action contrary to the terms of any of the penalties or any additional violations shall be considered grounds for extending the institution's probationary period, as well as imposing more severe sanctions in this case.

Should any portion of any of the penalties in this case be set aside for any reason other than by appropriate action of the Association, the penalties shall be reconsidered by the Committee on Infractions. Should any actions by NCAA Conventions directly or indirectly modify any provision of these penalties or the effect of the penalties, the committee reserves the right to review and reconsider the penalties.

NCAA COMMITTEE  
ON INFRACTIONS

## Administrative Review Panel actions

The following is a report of actions by the NCAA Administrative Review Panel. The panel was created to consider appeals — based on special circumstances — of actions by NCAA committees (other than the Eligibility Committee or Committee on Infractions) or the NCAA staff regarding the application of NCAA legislation.

This report contains 13 cases on which action was taken by the panel from April through June 1994. The actions were reviewed by the NCAA Council at its August meeting in Carlsbad, California. Another 72 cases reviewed by the Council in August were published in the September 26 edition of The NCAA Register.

Actions by the Administrative Review Panel from July through September 1994 will be published in the November 28 edition of the Register.

Of the following cases, four requests by institutions were granted; nine were denied. Since the panel's formation in January 1993, the panel has granted a total of 198 requests and denied 205.

The following cases are listed in NCAA bylaw numerical order. The case number assigned to each case also is reported.

### Bylaw 17

Case No.: 408

Sport (division): Baseball

Citation: B 17.1.8, 17.2.1

**Special circumstances:** The conference championship originally was scheduled for May 13-15. The conference invited four teams with the best records to participate in the tournament. The host of the tournament is selected from one of the four institutions selected to participate in the tournament based on the institution's capability of meeting specified criteria. The analysis of this year's championship indicated conflicts at each potential site for the scheduled dates of the tournament. However, the conference would be able to secure a facility for the following weekend

(May 20-22). The teams selected in the tournament declared their playing seasons based on the conference's previously scheduled tournament dates (May 13-15). Thus, if the teams participate in the tournament, it would extend their seasons beyond the 22-week season limitation.

**Application of legislation:** The length of an institution's playing season in baseball shall be limited to a maximum of 22 weeks. In addition, conference championships must be included within the institution's playing season.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the length of the playing and practice season and permit the selected institutions to participate in the conference's tournament, which is scheduled for May 20-22, inasmuch as those are the only dates the conference was able to secure a traditional facility for the tournament.

Action taken: Denied

■ ■ ■

Case No.: 407

Sport (division): Baseball (II)

Citation: B 17.2.8.1.4.1

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution recently hired a new coach who also is the manager of an amateur team in an amateur league. The student-athlete (SA), a freshman at the institution, would like to participate on this team.

**Application of legislation:** No member of the coaching staff of a Division I, II or III institution may be involved in any capacity (e.g., coach, official, player or league/team administrator) at any time (i.e., during the academic year, vacation periods and summer) with an outside team that involves any SA with remaining eligibility from that institution's baseball team.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the out-of-season practice rule in the SA's situation because the amateur team is part of a local community-oriented organization that does not recruit players, and virtually every player is from the immediate area. Further, the institution believes that the SA should not be denied the opportunity to play for the hometown team due to the fact that the coach of the club team has been recently hired as the head coach at the applicant institution.

Action taken: Denied

■ ■ ■

Case No.: 458

Sport (division): Football (I-AA)

Citation: B 17.7.2.1.2

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution is a military institution that requires all incoming freshmen cadets to report for military classes, military training and orientation to the military system August 15, 1994. Football practice is scheduled to start August 16. All upper-class cadets report to the institution August 22, when special leadership classes and drills take place until regular academic classes start August 25. The institution is limited to 90 SAs who may engage in practice activities until the first day of regular classes (August 25), even though freshman SAs are required to be on campus by August 15 or August 22, respectively.

**Application of legislation:** In Division I-AA football, there shall be a limit of 90 SAs who may engage in practice activities prior to the institution's first day of classes or the institution's first contest, whichever occurs earlier. The legislative services staff reviewed this issue and determined that the limit on the number-of-participants regulation would apply to the institution, even though all incoming cadets will be present on campus prior to the start of practice.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the limit of 90 SAs who may engage in practice activities before the institution's first day of classes because the institution believes that the intent of the legislation was a cost-cutting measure, and these SAs are required to be on campus for military purposes before the official start of the academic year.

Action taken: Denied

■ ■ ■

Case No.: 462

Sport (division): Football (II)

Citation: B 17.7.3

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution has the opportunity to compete against a member of the American Football League in the former Soviet Union, which also is an affiliate of the International Sports Ministries. The only opportunity the institution has on its schedule would be August 27. The institution's fall practice schedule would begin August 12, and the institution has scheduled only 10 contests. Further, the institution would use this contest as a fan-appreciation promotion and would not charge

any admission.

**Application of legislation:** In Divisions I and II, a member institution shall not play its first contest (game or scrimmage) with outside competition in football prior to September 1 (or the preceding Saturday if September 1 falls on a Sunday or Monday) except when selected to participate in the National Football Foundation benefit game or the American Football Coaches Retirement Trust benefit game, both sponsored by the National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics and played in the week prior to the beginning of the regular playing season in football.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the first-contest rule in this situation because the institution believes that this would be a great opportunity for a cultural exchange, and would be an enlightening experience for its SAs, students and fans.

Action taken: Denied

■ ■ ■

Case No.: 419

Sport (division): Football (II)

Citation: B 17.7.3

**Special circumstances:** In the fall of 1993, the Martin Luther King Jr. Performing and Cultural Arts Complex, located in Columbus, Ohio, sponsored the fifth Capital City Classic between two NCAA institutions. The Capital City Classic is an annual football contest in Columbus between two historically black colleges. This year's classic would involve a Division II institution and an NAIA school. The classic serves as the largest fund-raiser for the King Arts Complex, allowing it to provide educational activities and programs for youth. The classic is one activity in which the applicant institution and the Martin Luther King Jr. Arts Complex share a partnership role. The applicant institution was pleased to host the fifth annual classic and intends to host it again in 1994, 1995 and 1996. Unfortunately, the only open date available for the contest to take place in 1994 would be August 27, which is prior to the first allowable contest for Divisions I and II institutions (September 1).

**Application of legislation:** In Divisions I and II, a member institution shall not play its first contest (game or scrimmage) with outside competition in football prior to September 1 (or the preceding Saturday if

September 1 falls on a Sunday or Monday) except when selected to participate in the National Football Foundation benefit game or the American Football Coaches Retirement Trust benefit game, both sponsored by the National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics and played the week prior to the beginning of the regular playing season in football.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the first-date-of-competition rule and permit a Division II institution and an NAIA institution to participate in this competition, which is scheduled for August 27, in order to facilitate the fund-raising activity.

Action taken: Denied

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Case No.: 388

Sport (division): Football (I-AA)

Citation: B 17.7.3, 17.7.5.1

**Special circumstances:** The institution wishes to participate in the Windy City Kick-Off Classic. Due to scheduling conflicts with other area colleges, the organizers of the classic would like to schedule the event for either August 22 or August 27. Further, at this time, the institutions have finalized their schedules with a complete 11-contest season. Therefore, it will be difficult to find any institution that has not solidified its 11-contest season.

**Application of legislation:** In Division I, a member institution shall not play its first contest (game or scrimmage) with outside competition in football prior to September 1 (or the preceding Saturday if September 1 falls on a Sunday or Monday) except when selected to participate in the National Football Foundation benefit game or the American Football Coaches Retirement Trust benefit game, both sponsored by the National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics and played in the week prior to the beginning of the regular playing season in football. Further, a member institution shall limit its total regular-season playing schedule with outside competition in the sport of football during the permissible football playing season in any one year to 11 contests in Division I.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the first-contest and

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## Administrative Review Panel actions

► Continued from page 10

maximum-contest limitations (institutional) in this situation because the event being planned will be an annual event to start the season. In future years the event will be held during Labor Day weekend and will be a benefit to both the conferences and the Chicago area.

**Action taken:** Denied

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**Case No.:** 405

**Sport (division):** Men's golf (I)

**Citation:** B 17.8.1

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution's men's coach declared the institution's playing season for the 1993-94 academic year in August 1993, prior to the institution determining its spring break for 1994. The coach assumed that the institution's spring break would be the same as in previous years, which has occurred during the same time as the Masters golf tournament. However, the institution's administration decided to move the spring-break period to the last week in March. The coach gave the team a week off before the institution's official spring break and, thus, cannot exclude those days from counting in the 144-day season.

**Application of legislation:** When using the 144-day traditional season or traditional/nontraditional segment option, an institution is permitted to exclude only the time between segments (for the 144-day traditional season option), required off days and official vacation, holiday and final-examination periods during which no practice or competition shall occur.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the length-of-playing-season rule for this institution's team because the coach was required to finalize the team's playing schedule prior to the institution's administration formalizing the dates for spring break. In addition, the team would not receive any advantages because the team had one week off with no coaching contact and would not exceed 144 days in its practice activities.

**Action taken:** Granted

### Bylaw 20

**Case No.:** 466

**Sport (division):** Football (I-AA)

**Citation:** B 20.4.2.2

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution is changing membership from NCAA Division I-AA to I-A, effective

September 1, 1994. However, this date is after the last date that the institution can post scholarships to student accounts and also after classes have started. As a result, the institution will be disadvantaged during its first year as a Division I-A institution because the institution will not be permitted to offer the maximum number of scholarships permissible for Division I-A institutions.

**Application of legislation:** In accordance with an August 13, 1986, official interpretation, an institution petitioning for reclassification must be in compliance with all rules of its desired division for a period of two years. The institution must be in compliance at the time of petition. The maximum awards requirement refers to the provisions that require the petitioner to comply with the most stringent rule. Therefore, such an institution must be in compliance with the maximum awards criteria of its desired division for a period of two years at the time of petition. [Note: It is the legislative services staff's and a compliance services staff member's (membership coordinator) interpretation that the legislation does not permit the institution to apply the Division I-A rule for maximum financial aid awards and coaching limits until September 1, 1994, because the institution must apply the more stringent rule of Divisions I-A and I-AA until September 1.]

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the requirement that an institution changing membership from Division I-AA to Division I-A may not apply Division I-A rules regarding maximum financial aid and coaching limits until September 1. The institution believes that it would be at a competitive disadvantage if the institution is required to wait until September 1.

**Action taken:** Granted

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**Case No.:** 392

**Sport (division):** Men's track (I)

**Citation:** B 20.9.4.1.2

**Special circumstances:** The applicant institution conducts a track tournament known as the Penn Relays that traditionally has encouraged participation among all NCAA divisions' institutions for the past 100 years. Less than two-thirds of the teams competing in the Penn Relays are Division I institutions; however, the caliber of athletes competing in the tournament is exceptional.

**Application of legislation:** In sports other than football and basketball that are

used by Division I institutions to meet the Division I sports-sponsorship criteria, the Division I institution shall schedule and play 100 percent of its contests against Division I opponents to meet the minimum-number-of-contest restriction. In the sport of outdoor track, the minimum number of contests is six. Further, an institution may use competition in multiteam tournaments in an individual sport to meet the 100 percent scheduling requirements, provided at least two-thirds of the institutions competing in each tournament are Division I members. If the multiteam event is not scored by division, an institution that is using the event in meeting the scheduling requirement must have the minimum required number of participants (i.e., 14 participants in track and field).

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the scheduling requirement in individual sports for a multiteam tournament and permit all Division I institutions involved in the Penn Relays to be able to count this event as a Division I contest because the Penn Relays is one of the premier track meets in the country, and the intent of this legislation was to prevent "soft" competition among Division I opponents.

**Action taken:** Granted

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**Case No.:** 430

**Sport (division):** Men's track (I)

**Citation:** B 20.9.4.1.2

**Special circumstances:** The legislation currently requires Division I institutions to schedule a minimum of six required contests against Division I opponents and at least 50 percent of all scheduled contests against Division I opponents to satisfy membership requirements. Multiteam events, like the Drake Relays, are countable only if two-thirds of the teams competing are Division I institutions. Currently, the Drake Relays do not meet the requirement that two-thirds of the teams competing are Division I institutions.

**Application of legislation:** An institution may use competition in multiteam tournaments in an individual sport to meet the 100 percent scheduling requirement, provided at least two-thirds of the institutions competing in each tournament are Division I members. If the multiteam event is not scored by division, an institution that is using the event in meeting the scheduling requirements must have the minimum required number of participants.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the scheduling requirement in individual sports for a multiteam tournament and permit all Division I institutions involved in the Drake Relays to be able to count this event as a Division I contest because the Drake Relays is one of the premier track meets in the country, and the intent of this legislation was to prevent "soft" competition among Division I opponents.

**Action taken:** Granted

### Bylaw 30

**Case No.:** 470

**Sport (division):** Women's basketball (I)

**Citation:** B 30.14

**Special circumstances:** The SA resides in Eau Claire, Wisconsin, and received a summer internship at the Federal Reserve Bank in Atlanta. The SA would like to participate in the Metro Atlantic Women's Basketball League while she completes her internship there; however, the league is outside the 100-mile radius limit of the SA's home.

**Application of legislation:** One of the criteria of the summer-basketball rule requires league play to be within 100 air miles of the city limits of the SA's official residence at the end of the previous academic year or the institution the SA last attended as a regular student. If a league does not exist within 100 air miles of the SA's residence, an SA may participate in the summer league located closest to the student's official residence.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the summer-basketball rule in the SA's situation because being able to compete in the league while completing the SA's internship encompasses the SA's education and athletics interests. Further, the applicant institution believes that allowing the SA to compete in this league would not constitute a competitive advantage.

**Action taken:** Denied

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**Case No.:** 432

**Sport (division):** Men's basketball (I)

**Citation:** B 30.14

**Special circumstances:** The SA wants to test his stock in the professional baseball market by participating in a baseball league near an uncle's home in Pennsylvania. The SA would also like to participate in an NCAA-sanctioned basketball league, which also is located near the

uncle's home. The SA's legal residence and educational institution are located beyond the 100-mile limitation.

**Application of legislation:** League play shall be within 100 air miles of the city limits of the SA's official residence at the end of the previous academic year or the institution the SA last attended as a regular student. If a league does not exist within 100 air miles of the SA's residence, a SA may participate in the summer league located closest to the student's official residence.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the summer basketball league requirement in the SA's situation because the SA has the opportunity to live with an uncle and participate in the summer baseball league in order to get an objective review of the SA's abilities in baseball. In addition, the SA will be able to work on the SA's basketball skills at the same time because the SA has two seasons of competition remaining at the applicant institution.

**Action taken:** Denied

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**Case No.:** 595

**Sport (division):** Men's basketball (I)

**Citation:** B 30.14

**Special circumstances:** The SA is planning to spend the summer with his brother in Portland, Oregon, where the SA was able to obtain employment. The SA would like to play in a summer basketball league in the Portland area; however, Portland is more than 100 miles from the applicant institution and the SA's official place of residence.

**Application of legislation:** In order to be approved by the NCAA Council, summer basketball league play shall be within 100 air miles of the city limits of the SA's official residence at the end of the previous academic year or the institution the SA last attended as a regular student. If a league does not exist within 100 air miles of the SA's residence, an SA may participate in the summer league located closest to the student's official residence.

**Request of institution:** Waive the normal application of the summer basketball league 100-mile limit in this situation because the league in Portland previously has been sanctioned by the NCAA, and the institution believes that the SA is being denied the opportunity to play in a summer basketball league because the SA chose to reside with a family member in another city for the summer.

**Action taken:** Denied

## Governmental affairs report

*The following is a review of recent Federal activities affecting the NCAA membership. These reports are prepared by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, the Association's legal counsel in Washington, D.C. The following report was prepared for and presented at the October 10-12 meeting of the NCAA Council in Kansas City, Missouri*

### Title IX, gender equity and nondiscrimination

**Title IX/gender-equity legislation.**

**Gender-Equity Disclosure Legislation.** On July 28, the Senate approved an amendment to S. 1513, a bill to reauthorize the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, offered by Sen. Carol Moseley-Braun, D-Illinois. The amendment mandates the disclosure and reporting of detailed information on men's and women's intercollegiate athletics programs. All institutions participating in Federal student aid programs, not just those awarding athletically related aid, are subject to the reporting requirement.

The legislation requires colleges and universities to report to the Secretary of Education, and make available to the public and to prospective students the following data for each men's team, each women's team, and any team

that includes both male and female athletes: (a) the total number of participants and their gender; (b) total athletics scholarship expenditures, in gross and per student; (c) the total number of contests for the team; (d) the per capita operating, recruiting and personnel expenses of the team; (e) the gender and full-or part-time status of the head coach; (f) the number of assistant coaches who are male and the number who are female, and whether each such coach is full or part-time; (g) the number of graduate assistant coaches and volunteer assistant coaches who are male and the number who are female; (h) the ratio of participants to coaches; (i) the average annual institutional compensation of the head coaches and assistant coaches of men's teams, and the average annual compensation of the head coaches and assistant coaches of women's teams; and (j) the total annual revenue generated from attendance at athletics contests across all men's teams and women's teams. An institution also must identify the ratio of male participants to female participants in the entire athletics program, and the ratio of male athletics scholarship expenses to female athletics scholarship expenses in the entire athletics program. The term "operat-

ing expenses" is defined to mean all nonscholarship expenditures.

Several higher-education associations, including the American Council on Education, the American Association of University Women, and the National Association of Independent Colleges and Universities, have met with House and Senate staff in an effort to revise the disclosure requirements and ensure the reporting of meaningful information. The NCAA has provided requested background information and has attended several of these meetings. The House and Senate conferees considering this legislation have reached agreement on gender-equity disclosure issues, but have not yet released any details.

**National Women and Girls in Sports Day.** No action has been taken on the pending companion measures (H.J. Res. 385 and S.J. Res. 186) that would designate February 2, 1995, and February 1, 1996, as "National Women and Girls in Sports Day."

**Litigation.**

**Title IX actions filed by coaches.**

In July, the U.S. District Court for the District of Minnesota ruled against the former women's gymnastics coach at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities, who claimed that the university had

discriminated against her by paying her less than the coaches of the men's football, basketball and hockey teams. She alleged violations of Title VII (which prohibits discrimination in employment on the basis of sex and other grounds), the Equal Pay Act and Title IX. Her Title VII claim failed because Title VII does not proscribe salary discrimination based on the sex of other persons over whom the employee has supervision or oversight responsibilities. Rather, Title VII prohibits discrimination based on the plaintiff employee's gender. The court found that the Equal Pay Act had not been violated because the coaches in the three men's sports supervised more employees and had greater responsibility for media and public relations. In addition, the men's teams were larger, drew larger crowds and generated greater revenue than the women's gymnastics team. On the Title IX claim, the court found that the former coach could not recover since she had failed to demonstrate that the athletes had received lesser quality coaching as a result of her lower salary.

**Title IX actions filed by athletes.**

■ On September 1, 1994, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit ruled in *Kelley v. Board of Trustees* that the

University of Illinois, Champaign, had not violated Title IX or the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution when it eliminated the men's, but not the women's, swimming team. Female students represented 44 percent of the student body, but only 23.4 percent of the university's intercollegiate athletes. Under Department of Education (D.Ed.) compliance standards, an institution is considered to be effectively accommodating the interests and abilities of its male and female students if their participation rates in intercollegiate sports are substantially proportionate to their respective enrollments. In this case, men's participation in athletics would continue to be more than substantially proportionate to their enrollment rate even after the men's team was cut. The court noted that the university would have been vulnerable to a finding that it was in violation of Title IX if it also had terminated the women's swimming program, and characterized the university's decision to retain women's swimming as "extremely prudent."

The court also denied the plaintiffs' equal-protection challenge. The court found the remedial scheme established by Title IX to

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## Governmental affairs report

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be constitutionally permissible because it serves the important governmental objective of prohibiting educational institutions from discriminating on the basis of sex and is substantially related to achieving that end.

■ In August, a state court judge ordered the State University of New York at Albany not to eliminate four varsity sports — men's and women's swimming, wrestling, and men's tennis — until a lawsuit filed by male athletes could be heard. The university had added women's golf and field hockey earlier this season. After issuance of the injunction, the suit was settled.

■ On August 31, members of the women's gymnastics team filed suit in Federal court against the University of Bridgeport in which they alleged gender discrimination and sought reinstatement of the team. Women represent 54 percent of the undergraduates, but only 42 percent of the athletes. The women's gymnastics team had been eliminated last spring, along with men's volleyball. The parties are close to reaching a settlement of the case.

■ The trial in the Title IX action against Brown University began September 26 and, on September 28, the parties reached a partial settlement. Female athletes at the university had filed suit seeking continuation of women's varsity gymnastics and volleyball, which the university intended to downgrade to club status along with men's golf and water polo. Last year, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the First Circuit upheld a preliminary injunction ordering Brown to restore the two women's teams to varsity status until the case was resolved. The settlement reportedly addresses allegations that Brown gives preferential treatment to male athletes and requires that, for three years, Brown continue equitable allocation of locker rooms, athletics equipment, supplies, practice facilities, scheduling of games and practices, and other benefits. The settlement does not require Brown to sponsor a specific number of varsity teams or any specific varsity team.

### Other litigation.

This month, a Federal court judge ordered the University of Hawaii, Honolulu, to reinstate a soccer player who alleged that she had been barred from the team because she is legally blind in one eye. The court found that the plaintiff, a prospective goalie who has an artificial implant in one eye, had demonstrated that she could compete successfully in soccer and that to bar her from the team would violate Federal law that prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability. The plaintiff has agreed to the university's requirements that she obtain clearance from a physician to participate, agree to wear eye protection and sign a waiver releasing the university from liability for any injury before she participates in team activities.

### Office for Civil Rights enforcement policy.

The D.Ed. Office for Civil

Rights is continuing to consider revisions to its Title IX intercollegiate athletics investigator's manual, which is used in investigating Title IX intercollegiate athletics complaints and in conducting Title IX intercollegiate athletics compliance reviews. Meetings were held with interested parties in May and June.

### Amateur Sports Act

On August 11, the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation held an oversight hearing on the Amateur Sports Act of 1978, which establishes the charter of the United States Olympic Committee (USOC) and governs its activities. Twelve witnesses, on three panels, presented testimony. The witnesses included Sen. Ben Nighthorse Campbell, D-Colorado; Rep. J. Dennis Hastert, R-Illinois; representatives of several national governing bodies (NGBs); USOC representatives; and former Olympians. Most of the witnesses suggested that the Amateur Sports Act was an enormous success and that no changes in the act were needed. Other witnesses identified specific areas in which they thought it would be appropriate to amend the act or took the opportunity to address other problems with amateur athletics.

Rep. Hastert expressed concern that many institutions were dropping men's sports in order to provide gender equity and that this was leading to the elimination of NCAA championships. Sandra Knapp, the chair of USA Gymnastics, voiced concern that the likely elimination of the National Collegiate Men's Gymnastics Championships by the NCAA would adversely affect elite-level athletes. Donna DeVarona, a former Olympian and ABC Sports commentator, and Nancy Hogshead, president of the Women's Sports Foundation, cited the need for more opportunities for women in amateur athletics. DeVarona expressed concern that NCAA rules limit training, discriminate against Olympians and force many athletes to leave school to obtain the necessary training and practice opportunities. Hogshead suggested that Congress reconsider the NCAA's jurisdiction over "closed competition" (intercollegiate athletics).

Other witnesses criticized the USOC and the NGBs for their failure to include enough minorities within their ranks; some addressed the due process rights of athletes and the delay and expense involved in gaining reinstatement; and one asked for greater support for disabled athletes. Thus far, no additional hearings have been scheduled.

### Governmental activity regarding athletics

**Review of NCAA Data Analysis Working Group.** On September 22, Rep. Cardiss Collins, D-Illinois, chair of the House Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer Protection and Competitiveness, held a briefing and a press conference in connection with the review by her subcommittee of the NCAA Data Analysis Working Group and academic links between several members of the working group and

Raymond Cattell, a proponent of human genetic engineering. Immediately before the press conference, independent researchers who reviewed the data compiled by the working group briefed Rep. Collins and representatives of the Black Coaches Association (BCA) concerning their preliminary findings.

At the press conference, Rep. Collins, the BCA and the researchers expressed concern that standardized college entrance examinations are racially and culturally biased, and Rep. Collins and the BCA called upon the NCAA to abandon the use of test scores as initial-eligibility criteria. (Rep. Collins had raised similar concerns in a letter to NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley, in which she asked the NCAA Council to sponsor a proposal that would delay implementation of the new academic eligibility standards contained in 1992 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 16.) Later in the day September 22, members of the BCA met with NCAA Executive Director Cedric W. Dempsey at Georgetown University to discuss eligibility requirements, legislative proposals that will be considered at the 1995 NCAA Convention and other issues.

**Rainbow Coalition request for government investigation of college athletics department employment practices.** On August 29, the Department of Labor responded to the National Rainbow Coalition's allegations regarding the hiring practices of college athletics departments. The department indicated that the 12 colleges identified by the Rainbow Coalition will be the subject of compliance reviews conducted by the Department's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Upon completion of the compliance reviews, the Department of Labor will provide the Rainbow Coalition with a summary of its findings.

Earlier this year, the Rainbow Commission for Fairness in Athletics, a division of the Rainbow Coalition, asked the Departments of Justice and Education to investigate what it claimed were discriminatory hiring practices by college athletics departments nationwide.

**Student-athlete graduation rates.** Proposed rules to implement the Student Right-to-Know Act graduation-rates-reporting requirement are still under review by D.Ed. and are expected to be published shortly. Under the terms of the Higher Education Technical Amendments Act enacted last fall, the final rules would have to have been published by early October in order for the first reporting date to occur on July 1, 1995. That is no longer likely.

**Accessibility of sports facilities for disabled persons.** On September 21, the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board) published an advance notice of proposed rulemaking, seeking comments by December 20, 1994, on recommendations for making sports and recreation facilities and outdoor developed areas readily accessible to and usable by

individuals with disabilities. These recommendations would require, for example, that playing field surfaces be stable, firm and slip resistant, except where that requirement would eliminate or substantially change a sport, and that some means of access into pools be provided, either through ramps, lifts or transfer tiers. The Access Board is soliciting comments on several issues, including possible solutions for providing an accessible route to "out-of-bounds" areas used by coaches, press and others where the field of play may extend to or overlap these areas.

**Request for Department of Justice investigation of football bowl coalition.** The Department of Justice is continuing its antitrust investigation of the coalition of football conferences and representatives of the major postseason college football bowls, but no information is available concerning the status of the investigation. The department agreed last fall to initiate the investigation in response to a request by Sen. Mitch McConnell, R-Kentucky, who alleged that the coalition restricts competition by independent teams in the most lucrative and highly visible bowls.

**Congressional action reorganizing the U.S. Naval Academy athletics program.** The final version of the National Defense Authorization Act (H.R. 2182), which was presented to President Clinton September 28, contains the substance of an amendment approved by the Senate that will make changes in the Navy athletics program. Effective January 1, 1996, the bill requires that the athletics director position at all U.S. service academies be a civil service position and that all revenue generated by the athletics programs at each service academy be placed into an account controlled by the service concerned and the Department of Defense. The legislation directs the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to Congress by March 15, 1995, concerning the cost of implementing these changes at the Naval Academy and other matters, so that Congress can consider any additional legislative changes that may be appropriate before the effective date of the provision.

**National Physical Fitness and Sports Foundation.** On August 16, Sen. Campbell introduced legislation (S. 2394) to establish a National Physical Fitness and Sports Foundation to aid the mission of the President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports (PCPFS). The foundation would raise money from private sources to support the PCPFS and would develop a list of programs that further the goals of the PCPFS.

**Ticket-fee disclosure.** On August 19, Rep. John Dingell, D-Michigan, introduced a bill (H.R. 4995) designed to require the disclosure of service and other charges on tickets to entertainment and sporting events. The House Transportation and Hazardous Materials Subcommittee of the House Energy and Commerce Committee held a hearing on the bill on September 29.

### Regulation of special-event

**tours.** The Department of Transportation (DOT) still has not issued a notice of proposed rulemaking to regulate special-event tours. It had published an advance notice of proposed rulemaking in February that solicited public comment on such issues as whether: (a) the rules governing Super Bowl tours should be applied to special intercollegiate athletics events; (b) any limitations or conditions regarding the availability of tickets to special events should be disclosed; (c) last-minute or postdeparture price increases for admission should be prohibited; and (d) tour operators should be required to provide full refunds if admission to the event is not provided as promised. The impetus for the rulemaking proceeding, in which the NCAA participated, was the experience of many University of Wisconsin, Madison, football fans who paid travel agents for Rose Bowl tickets that were not available.

Companion measures (S. 1797 and H.R. 3726) were introduced earlier this year that would require DOT to apply the regulations that are now applicable to the Super Bowl to collegiate bowl games and NCAA Final Four games.

**Pell Grant investigation.** The Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs is continuing to investigate abuses in Federal student grant programs and Pell Grant fraud.

**Ticket scalping.** No action has been taken on the bill (H.R. 4344) introduced last May by Rep. David Levy, R-New York, to prohibit ticket scalping. The bill prohibits any person or for-profit entity from reselling a ticket to any place of entertainment for a price that is more than \$5 above the price printed on the ticket, and imposes criminal penalties for violations.

**Limited antitrust exemption for standards-setting.** No action has been taken on H.R. 2249, which would insulate Section 501(c)(3) nonprofit amateur athletics organizations from antitrust liability for establishing equipment standards and rules of competition.

### National Youth Sports Program

**FY 1995 appropriation.** During the House-Senate conference on H.R. 4606, the fiscal year 1995 appropriations bill for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services (HHS), and Education, the conferees agreed to an appropriation of \$12 million for the NYSP with the same matching requirement contained in last year's appropriation. That obligation requires the grantee (the NCAA) to provide a 29 percent cash match for any amounts above \$9.4 million of the amount appropriated. This language does not track the authorization language enacted this past spring, which requires a 25 percent cash or in-kind non-Federal match.

The conference report encourages HHS to process applications in a more timely manner. The House and Senate agreed to the

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## Governmental affairs report

► Continued from page 12

conference report September 22 and 27, respectively.

**Eligibility for additional funding.** One of the crime-prevention provisions of the omnibus crime bill (H.R. 3355) signed into law September 13 authorizes funds for the Local Partnership Act. Funds are to be used for education, substance-abuse treatment and job programs to prevent crime. The NYSP is identified as a program for which Local Partnership Act funds may be used. Also on September 13, Sen. Robert Dole, R-Kansas, introduced legislation to amend the crime bill, which includes a provision eliminating the Local Partnership Act. Similarly, on September 21, Sen. Phil Gramm, R-Texas, proposed an amendment, which still is pending, to the appropriations bill for the District of Columbia that would eliminate the Local Partnership Act.

### Sports broadcasting, communications and copyright

**1992 and 1993 cable and satellite royalty fees.** On September 12, the Copyright Office issued an order agreeing to make a partial distribution of 60 percent of the 1992 and 1993 cable royalty fees in two installments: the 1992 fees October 13, and the 1993 royalties no later than February 2, 1995. The Phase I claimants filed a motion for reconsideration, and the Copyright Office agreed September 28 to distribute 80 percent of the 1992 and 1993 cable royalty funds, but declined to distribute the 1993 fees before an analysis of those funds — including the breakdown of the fund into "basic," "3.75," and "syndex" royalties — has been completed. The funds will be distributed to each claimant group in the same share as that claimant group received in the 1989 cable royalty distribution proceeding, the last such proceeding to be litigated and concluded.

The copyright royalty arbitration panels (CARPs) are unlikely to turn to distribution of the 1992 cable (\$196.4 million) and satellite carrier (\$6.8 million) royalty fees and the 1993 cable (\$184.4 million) and satellite carrier (\$12.3 million) royalty fees until after resolution of disputes regarding distribution of the 1990 and 1991 cable royalty funds.

**Cable and satellite copyright reform.** On September 20, the House amended and passed S. 2406, a measure that: (a) extends the compulsory license for satel-

lite carrier retransmissions of television broadcast signals for five years beyond the sunset date of December 31, 1994; (b) amends the compulsory license for cable systems to cover wireless video retransmissions; and (c) amends the definition of "local service area of a primary transmitter." S. 2406 was introduced and passed by the Senate August 18. The amended bill, which now is awaiting action in the Senate, represents an informally conferenced version of the Satellite Home Viewer Act of 1994 (H.R. 1103/S. 1485). On August 24, a bill (H.R. 4945) was introduced to make technical corrections to the law passed last year establishing CARPs, and for other purposes. No action has been taken on the bill or on a related measure with an identical provision on CARPs (S. 2419), which also was introduced August 24.

**Baseball antitrust immunity.** After announcement of the baseball strike, baseball's antitrust exemption once again came under attack on Capitol Hill. Between August 11 and August 18, four bills (H.R. 4965, H.R. 4994, S. 2380, and S. 2401) were introduced to encourage serious negotiations between Major League Baseball players and owners. A fifth bill (H.R. 5095) was introduced September 23. The House Subcommittees on Economic and Commercial Law and Labor-Management Relations held hearings September 22 and 29, respectively, on the issue of the baseball strike and the pending legislation. The House Judiciary Subcommittee on Economic and Commercial Law approved H.R. 4994 September 28; the full Judiciary Committee is scheduled to consider the bill September 29. Sen. Howard Metzenbaum, D-Ohio, has said that he may attach one of the measures to one or more of the appropriations bills. Before the strike, three other measures had been introduced to repeal in whole or in part baseball's antitrust immunity.

**Copyright arbitration royalty panels.** The Copyright Office of the Library of Congress has not yet issued final rules governing CARP proceedings.

**1990 and 1991 cable royalty fees.** Until final rules are in place governing the appointment of CARPs and the conduct of copyright royalty distribution proceedings, the proceedings to allocate the \$184 million in 1990 and \$190.8 million in 1991 cable royalty fees will be held in abeyance. Partial distributions of both funds, based on the percentage shares

awarded to each party in the 1989 proceeding, have been made.

**"Right to view" sports event legislation.** No action has been taken on the two bills introduced by Rep. William Lipinski, D-Illinois, relating to the viewing of sports programming. One of those bills, H.R. 1987, would prohibit pay-per-view charges for entertainment events that receive public financial support and would cover games between NCAA member institutions.

### Tax issues

**IRS audit guidelines and audits of universities.** In mid-September, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) published final audit guidelines that describe areas that may warrant review in an examination of a college or university. Coaches' disclosures of outside income are one of the 11 categories of documents that examiners are instructed to review at the outset.

Examiners also are to review income derived from athletics. In particular, examiners are to look for income from advertising in game programs and to analyze sponsorship agreements to determine whether the income is advertising income that may be taxable. They also are to look for unrelated business income if the college or university rents its facilities, such as its tennis courts for a public tennis camp. In the expense analysis, examiners are instructed to examine accounts labeled "athletics director's account" or any unrestricted account for a designated official's use. With regard to fund-raising, the guidelines note that 80 percent of the amounts paid for preferred seating programs are deductible, and point out that payments to lease a sky box do not qualify for this tax treatment. Finally, the guidelines instruct examiners to review payments, including fringe benefits, from athletics booster clubs to coaches, staff and athletes to determine whether the payments were reported by the recipients as income or if they qualify as reimbursement of expenses.

The IRS is continuing to conduct coordinated audits of 18 colleges and universities.

Unrelated business income taxation (UBIT) is an issue that has been a focus of the audits.

Some compensation arrangements with athletics coaches reportedly are of concern to the IRS, because of the Federal tax law prohibition on payment of excessive salaries to employees of tax-exempt organizations.

**Exemption of sponsorship payments from UBIT.** The IRS has not yet issued final regulations concerning the taxation of corporate sponsorship payments received by tax-exempt entities. It published proposed regulations in January 1993 that distinguished between a mere acknowledgment of corporate sponsorship and corporate advertising on a liberal basis. No action has been taken on the companion bills, H.R. 1551 and S. 1171, which address the tax treatment of corporate sponsorship payments and are intended to provide relief in the event the IRS fails to issue its currently proposed regulations in final form.

**Football coaches pension plan.** No action has been taken on H.R. 3419, the "Tax Simplification and Technical Corrections Act," which includes a provision that would allow football coaches at four-year colleges and universities to continue to contribute to a pension fund designed for coaches who do not work at any single institution for more than five years. The bill passed the House in May and is pending before the Senate Committee on Finance.

**Deductibility of business entertainment expenses.** No action has been taken on the series of pending measures to repeal the cut-back in the deductibility of business entertainment expenses. One bill (S. 1591) would repeal altogether the limitation on the amount of business meal and entertainment expenses that is deductible. Three measures — H.R. 3227, H.R. 3031, and S. 1495 — would repeal the reduction from 80 percent to 50 percent in the deductible portion of such expenses made by the 1993 Revenue Reconciliation Act.

**Other tax issues.** The House Ways and Means Committee has not taken any action on the report approved in May by its Subcommittee on Oversight, which makes recommendations on the tax treatment of nonprofit organizations. These recommendations had been proposed by the Treasury Department to address abuse of tax-exempt status by charitable organizations, and include imposing penalties on institutions that pay their employees unreasonable salaries. Nor has action been taken on H.R. 3697, the "Exempt Organization Reform Act."

### Antisubstance-abuse legislation

**Anabolic steroids.** During the conference on the omnibus crime bill (H.R. 3355), House and Senate conferees agreed not to include the Senate provision that would

have made it unlawful for a physical trainer or coach to try to persuade or induce a person to possess or use anabolic steroids. The conference report notes that this provision duplicates stronger existing law.

**Human growth hormones.** The House Small Business Subcommittee on Regulation, Business Opportunities and Technology has scheduled a hearing for October 12 on allegations that some home health care firms and individual physicians are using unethical and illegal methods to market and promote sales of human growth hormone drugs.

**Dietary supplements.** On August 13, the Senate passed S. 784, a bill that would preclude the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) from regulating dietary supplements as drugs or food additives. The measure also would create a two-year commission to study how Congress should regulate health claims made by dietary supplements. It would not block an FDA rule, which took effect in July, that prohibits dietary supplement manufacturers from making health claims unless there is significant scientific agreement to support them. No action has been taken on the companion House measure, H.R. 1709.

**Drug testing.** No action has been taken on the three pending bills that would regulate drug testing. These measures include: S. 1303, which would prohibit random testing of employees other than sensitive employees (including professional athletes), and which would prohibit disclosure, with limited exceptions, of the results of drug tests to anyone other than the individual being tested; H.R. 377, which would establish Federal standards to ensure the quality of drug-testing programs; and H.R. 33, which would establish standards for the certification of laboratories engaged in urine drug testing and regulate drug-testing programs.

### Scholarships and student loans

No action has been taken on the seven pending bills that would address the tax treatment of scholarships and interest paid on student loans. Four measures would provide tax relief for interest paid on certain educational loans; one would restore the pre-1986 exclusion for scholarships; and two bills would restore both the prior law exclusion for scholarships and fellowships and the deduction for interest paid on educational loans.

## Eligibility appeals

*Because recruiting violations involve the possibility of an advantage being obtained in the recruitment of a prospect, those cases are published separately from other matters. Also, please note that any actions taken by the institution, conference or NCAA Committee on Infractions regarding the institution's responsibility for the occurrence of the violation that caused the ineligibility of the student-athlete are reported along with the publication of the particular eligibility case.*

### Eligibility appeals concerning recruiting violations involving prospective student-athletes

#### Division I

#### Bylaw 13

Case No: 1  
Citation: B 13.01.5.1, 13.2.1 and 13.16.1

#### Sport: Wrestling

**Facts:** During summer of 1993, prospective student-athlete (PSA) lived at apartment of representative of institution's athletics interests. PSA was close friend of representative for many years and friendship predated PSA's recruitment. PSA's father suggested the living arrangement, which head coach approved conditioned on payment of actual cost of room and board. PSA paid appropriate cost.

PSA wrestled for local club; on occasion, representative drove PSA to and from practice. PSA had signed National Letter of Intent before violation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility

restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** This matter is being reviewed by the NCAA enforcement staff and will be submitted to the Committee on Infractions for consideration as a major or secondary case and imposition of appropriate penalties.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution will withhold PSA from first regularly scheduled intercollegiate contest of 1994-95 season and required repayment of cost of transportation. Institution also reprimanded head coach.

Case No: 2  
Citation: B 13.1.13  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** Transfer PSA made an unofficial visit to the institution before the institution obtained a written release from the first institution. The institution subsequently received a written release.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

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# Eligibility appeals

► Continued from page 13

Case No: 3  
Citation: B 13.1.2.3-(a)  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** An institutionally sponsored reception was held for PSAs in a metropolitan area; the event was attended by several coaches and area football alumni. The reception was not opened to all alumni and prospective students.

The head coach had been advised in writing that the reception was not permissible. Additionally, the assistant coach (who attended the reception with the head coach) had advised the associate athletics director that the event was open to all prospective students, which it was not. The assistant coach advised the head coach that the event had been approved by the athletics department.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Conference cut number of official paid visits for 1994-95 by three. Institution will prohibit any in-person, off-campus contact with PSAs in the metropolitan area for the 1994-95 academic year. It reprimanded the head coach and involved assistant coaches, and reduced their merit raises. The assistant coach may not recruit off campus until January 6, 1995, and may not recruit in that area for two years.

Case No: 4  
Citation: B 13.1.3  
Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** Two assistant coaches contacted PSA by telephone on same day.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 5  
Citation: B 13.1.3.2  
Sports: Women's track, indoor; women's track, outdoor

**Facts:** Head coach contacted PSA by telephone before July 1 of PSA's junior year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 6  
Citation: B 13.1.3.2  
Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** Assistant coach contacted PSA by telephone twice in one week.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 7  
Citation: B 13.1.7.1 and 13.1.2.3  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** Representative of institution's athletics interests, who was from PSA's hometown, contacted PSA by telephone. Representative said purpose of call was to congratulate PSA on his verbal commitment to another institution. PSA stated he told representative he had changed his mind and planned to attend representative's alma mater; representative also discussed possible summer employment.

Head coach at first institution to which PSA previously committed stated that PSA made unofficial visit to second school on same day as first school's last in-home visit, which occurred after telephone contact with representative. Head coach at first school stated PSA's commitment appeared to have wavered after unofficial visit and, in coach's opinion, that visit was final basis for PSA's decision.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Case No: 8  
Citation: B 13.1.8.2-(b)  
Sport: Women's softball

**Facts:** Head coach had brief contact

with PSA and PSA's father before PSA completed competition in a multiday tournament. Coach was not aware that PSA was still competing. Coach explained violation to PSA's father.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Coach did not contact PSA by telephone for one week.

Case No: 9  
Citation: B 13.2.1  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** Student-athlete (SA) and two PSAs lived rent-free for one month during the summer in an apartment complex partially owned by assistant coach. The lodging was in exchange for work performed at the complex by the young men. PSAs actually worked during their recorded hours and were paid a reasonable rate. The value of the rent was greater than the value of their earnings by approximately \$100 each. PSAs worked additional hours that were not documented, which the institution concluded were inappropriate to consider. PSAs had signed National Letters of Intent before the violation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Institution will forward report to enforcement staff to review and submit to the Committee on Infractions to consider as either a major or secondary case and to impose appropriate penalties.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required PSAs to repay the difference between earnings and rent based upon documented hours worked.

Case No: 10  
Citation: B 13.4.1  
Sport: Women's volleyball

**Facts:** PSAs received recruiting materials during sophomore year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution will not send PSAs any recruiting information until October 1 of junior year.

Case No: 11  
Citation: B 13.4.1  
Sport: Women's volleyball

**Facts:** PSA received recruiting materials during sophomore year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 12  
Citation: B 13.4.1  
Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** PSA received recruiting materials during sophomore year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution and conference agreed that involved coach should not be permitted to recruit PSA until start of her senior year.

Case No: 13  
Citation: B 13.5.1  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** During PSAs' official paid visits, student hosts transported PSAs by automobile to a town that was more than 30 miles from campus. Purpose of transportation was to attend a party, which did not appear to influence PSAs' decisions.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** This matter is being reviewed by the enforcement staff and will be submitted to the Committee on Infractions for consideration as a major or secondary case and imposition of appropriate penalties.

Case No: 14  
Citation: B 13.6.2.3  
Sport: Women's soccer

**Facts:** PSA inadvertently was upgraded to first class for the incoming flight of her

official paid visit. Ticket prices for first class and coach were the same.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution discovered violation upon PSA's arrival to campus and changed her seat to coach.

Case No: 15  
Citation: B 13.7.1.2.3.1 and 13.7.1.2.3.2  
Sports: Men's track, indoor; men's track, outdoor

**Facts:** Institution did not receive official test score before PSA's official paid visit. PSA had achieved test score before visit.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution terminated PSA's official paid visit and reprimanded head coach.

Case No: 16  
Citation: B 13.7.2 and 13.7.2.1  
Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** PSA's official paid visit exceeded permissible 48 hours.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored upon repayment of impermissible expenses provided.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution reduced official paid visits for women's basketball program to 11, issued written reprimand to head coach.

Case No: 17  
Citation: B 13.11.1  
Sport: Football

**Facts:** Administrative assistant commented to local press about desire to sign PSA.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 18  
Citation: B 13.12.1  
Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** Kenyan transfer PSA arrived on campus early and voluntarily began working out with teammates before his initial enrollment.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case No: 19  
Citation: B 13.12.1  
Sport: Baseball

**Facts:** Then-PSAs competed in an all-star game.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** This and several other matters are being reviewed by the enforcement staff.

Case No: 20  
Citation: B 13.13.1.5.1  
Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** PSA worked as a volunteer at institution's summer basketball camp. PSA did not receive compensation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution will not allow PSA to participate in first official practice.

Case No: 21  
Citation: B 13.13.1.5.1  
Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** Four-year transfer PSA was employed at summer camp at institution to which she was transferring before enrollment. Compliance administrator gave interpretation that employment was permissible.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored upon repayment of impermissible earnings.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no fur-

ther action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution issued reprimand to compliance coordinator.

## Bylaw 15

Case No: 22  
Citation: B 15.2.5.4-(b)  
Sports: Baseball, women's volleyball

**Facts:** SA received an otherwise permissible scholarship directly from an outside source.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Conference is reviewing matter and will forward report to enforcement staff.

## Division II

### Bylaw 13

Case No: 23  
Citation: B 13.6.4  
Sport: Women's soccer

**Facts:** Then-head coach transported PSA to enroll on first day of preseason practice. PSA had registered for classes and had been admitted before violation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored upon repayment.

**NCAA action regarding institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution terminated employment of coach who was not forthcoming about violation.

## Division III

### Bylaw 13

Case No: 24  
Citation: B 13.13.2.1.1.1  
Sport: Women's soccer

**Facts:** SA conducted summer camp in her hometown. SA had run the camp before enrollment and charged a nominal entry fee (\$20 per week).

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SA to discontinue involvement with camp.

## Eligibility appeals other than those involving recruiting

## Division I

### Bylaw 12

Case No: 1  
Citation: B 12.1.1, 12.2.3.2 and 12.2.5.1  
Sport: Men's ice hockey

**Facts:** Prospective student-athlete (PSA) signed a contract and played in one contest with a professional roller-hockey team. PSA thought roller hockey and ice hockey were separate sports, and was advised he could be a professional in one sport while an amateur in another. PSA nullified contract upon learning of problem.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after student-athlete (SA) is withheld from first two regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests.

Case No: 2  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(a) and 12.1.2-(j)  
Sport: Women's tennis

**Facts:** International PSA competed in numerous professional tennis tournaments as an amateur in which she won \$6,700 in prize money based upon place finish. The prize money did not exceed PSA's expenses. PSA did not understand that accepting prize money would result in a violation of NCAA legislation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after PSA is withheld from 10 percent of the regularly scheduled contests of the 1994-95 season. PSA must be withheld from contests during the spring season.

Case No: 3  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(a) and 12.1.2-(j)  
Sport: Men's swimming

**Facts:** Before enrollment, SA received prize money based upon place finish which then was placed in a trust fund administered by the national governing body of his sport. Governing body also contributed to trust fund. Total winnings and government contributions were \$1,360.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from first 10 percent of regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests.

Case No: 4  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(a) and 12.1.2-(j)  
Sport: Men's tennis

**Facts:** Before enrollment, SA received \$5,700 in prize money based upon place finish in tennis events over a three-year period. SA registered as an amateur in all events.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from first 10 percent of regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

Case Nos: 5-7  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(e) and 12.2.3.2.3  
Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** SA participated on English amateur youth team as an apprentice through the government-sponsored Youth Training Scheme (YTS); youth team was supported directly by English professional team.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from the first 10 percent (approximately two contests) of the 1994-95 regularly scheduled intercollegiate season.

Case Nos: 8-12  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(e) and 12.2.3.2.3  
Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** International SAs participated on an amateur team supported by a professional team in their country. SAs were considered amateurs in their country.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SAs were withheld from first 10 percent of institution's 1994-95 regularly scheduled soccer season.

Case No: 13  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(f) and 12.3.1  
Sport: Men's tennis

**Facts:** PSA entered into a written contract to be represented by a sports management company in February 1989. Management company was to represent PSA on the professional tennis circuit. PSA was injured before competing in his first professional tournament. The management company withdrew its representation of PSA after injury. PSA returned to the tennis tour in May 1992. PSA competed in three tournaments as an amateur after his 20th birthday.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after PSA is withheld from the 1994-95 intercollegiate tennis season and after he is charged with a loss of one season of competition. [Note: PSA has only one year of intercollegiate tennis competition remaining because of the two seasons he used by competing in organized tennis competition after his 20th birthday per B 14.2.4.5.]

Case No: 14  
Citation: B 12.1.1-(j) and 12.1.2-(a)  
Sport: Women's cross country

**Facts:** Before reaching the age of 14, SA won \$700 in prize money based on her place finish in road races. All money was sent to her track club to pay for the expenses of all athletes on the team. SA also won a vacation trip, which she gave to her grandmother.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored upon repayment of the vacation trip.

Case No: 15  
Citation: B 12.1.2-(d)  
Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** Transfer SA was provided free housing, transportation and meals by two basketball camp owners during SA's attendance at the owner's camp.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SA to reimburse basketball camp owners for the improper extra benefits received.

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# Eligibility appeals

► Continued from page 14

■■■

Case No: 16

Citation: B 12.1.2-(j)

Sports: Women's track, indoor; women's track, outdoor

Facts: International PSA received \$150 from the Indian government for having won two medals at an international track meet.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution has required PSA to repay the \$150.

■■■

Case No: 17

Citation: B 12.1.2-(k)

Sport: Men's swimming

Facts: SA received educational expenses from the Indonesian Swimming Federation over three-year period.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored after SA repays educational expenses.

On appeal, Eligibility Committee for Division I concluded some of the money was for actual and necessary expenses for training and participation. It affirmed the staff's decision to require repayment of the educational expenses but reduced the amount owed in light of what the SA used for training/participation expenses. Reduction was contingent upon providing appropriate documentation to the staff.

■■■

Case No: 18

Citation: B 12.1.2-(l)

Sport: Women's tennis

Facts: PSA competed on the United States Tennis Association Junior National Team as an amateur in 15 professional tournaments. PSA never received any of the prize money she won. The prize money earned reverted directly back to the USTA. The USTA paid for all of the PSA's expenses even if she did not earn prize money. PSA always registered as an amateur in the tournaments.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

■■■

Case No: 19

Citation: B 12.2.3.2

Sport: Women's volleyball

Facts: SA participated as a member of a two-person team in a beach volleyball tournament. SA's team won the tournament and received \$150. SA did not accept the money and believed she had avoided a violation by doing so.

NCAA eligibility action: Secondary violation; no further action.

■■■

Case No: 20

Citation: B 12.4.2.2

Sport: Women's volleyball

Facts: SA received compensation for teaching sports techniques in women's volleyball.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to repay impermissible compensation (\$60).

■■■

Case No: 21

Citation: B 12.5.1.1

Sport: Women's cross country

Facts: SA allowed her name and picture to be used in a fraternity calendar, even though SA did not obtain permission from director of athletics. SA did not receive compensation.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

■■■

Case No: 22

Citation: B 12.5.1.1-(a)

Sports: Women's track, outdoor; women's cross country; men's track, outdoor; men's cross country

Facts: SAs participated in an otherwise permissible charitable fund-raiser before receiving institution's permission.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

■■■

Case No: 23

Citation: B 12.5.1.1.1

Sport: Men's tennis

Facts: SA presented used tennis balls to a local medical center at the grand opening of a local bakery. The bakery was the cosponsor of the event. The donation of

the tennis balls was permissible, but SA's appearance to present the tennis balls was not.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

■■■

Case No: 24

Citation: B 12.5.1.4

Sport: Football

Facts: Athletics department employee provided photos of SAs to grocery chain that used photos in coupon promotion.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Institutional/conference action: Institution wrote cease and desist letter to company.

■■■

Case No: 25

Citation: B 12.5.2.1

Sport: Women's volleyball

Facts: PSAs appeared on cover of the institution's media guide along with reproductions of Mikasa volleyballs and Kaepa shoes.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution stopped further publishing of media guide and prohibited mailings of the guide.

■■■

Case No: 26

Citation: B 12.5.2.1

Sport: Men's basketball

Facts: SA modeled merchandise for university bookstore after responding to advertisement to general student body. SA was not identified and did not receive compensation.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored after SA withheld from first two exhibition contests.

■■■

Case No: 27

Citation: B 12.5.2.1

Sport: Women's cross country

Facts: SA allowed picture to be used in advertisement for business for which she worked. SA was mentioned by first name only; SA was not paid for advertisement.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

■■■

Case No: 28

Citation: B 12.5.2.1

Sports: Women's soccer, men's ice hockey, men's lacrosse

Facts: SAs received \$100 for appearing in institution's bookstore catalog. Because bookstore is owned and operated by institution, employment would have been otherwise permissible.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon repayment and after each SA is withheld from next regularly scheduled intercollegiate contest.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required repayment.

## Bylaw 14

Case No: 29

Citation: B 14.2

Sport: Men's soccer

Facts: SA who had exhausted eligibility was allowed to play in one scrimmage. Hardship waiver was granted after contest, giving SA a full season of competition. Coach allowed SA to compete because he believed hardship already had been granted.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

■■■

Case No: 30

Citation: B 14.3.2.1

Sport: Men's basketball

Facts: SA, who was a partial qualifier, received athletically related aid during his initial year in residence.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon SA forgoing athletics aid for the 1994-95 academic year.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no fur-

ther action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to forgo any athletics aid for the 1994-95 academic year. Also, the institution's basketball program will forfeit one athletics scholarship for the 1994-95 academic year.

■■■

Case No: 31

Citation: B 14.3.2.2.1

Sport: Men's basketball

Facts: SA, who was a nonqualifier, practiced and received athletically related aid during his initial year in residence.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to repay aid.

■■■

Case No: 32

Citation: B 14.4.2

Sports: Women's track, indoor; women's track, outdoor

Facts: SA competed in one contest while ineligible under satisfactory-progress requirements.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored. [Note: SA used a season of competition per B 14.2.4.1.]

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

■■■

Case No: 33

Citation: B 14.5.4

Sport: Women's tennis

Facts: Transfer SA competed in five junior varsity matches while ineligible after not meeting two-year college transfer requirements. Coach allowed SA to compete because she received no verbal message that SA was not eligible.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored. [Season of competition used per B 14.2.4.1.]

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Institutional/conference action: Institution will withhold SA from first five contests for which she is otherwise eligible.

■■■

Case No: 34

Citation: B 14.5.4.1.2

Sport: Men's basketball

Facts: SA received impermissible institutional aid (\$500) during transfer year in residence.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon repayment of impermissible aid.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

■■■

Case No: 35

Citation: B 14.6.4.1.2

Sport: Men's tennis

Facts: SA, a partial qualifier, received athletics aid although he failed to graduate from his two-year college before his transfer to the institution.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to repay the aid he received.

■■■

Case No: 36

Citation: B 14.7.1

Sport: Women's volleyball

Facts: SAs competed in a one-day outside volleyball tournament during the academic year. SAs approached head coach and informed her of their plans to participate in the tournament. Head coach did not apprise SAs that their participation would result in an outside competition violation.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution will withhold SAs from the first regularly scheduled exhibition contest of the 1994-95 season. Also, head coach received letter of reprimand.

## Bylaw 15

Case No: 37

Citation: B 15.01.7 and 15.1

Sport: Football

Facts: SA received aid in excess of cost of attendance due to a computer error. SA, a freshman, apparently was not aware that a check (\$833) was in excess of cost of attendance.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required repayment.

■■■

Case No: 38

Citation: B 15.01.7 and 15.1.1

Sport: Women's basketball

Facts: SA received financial aid in excess of cost of attendance due to a computer error in disbursing an outside scholarship. SA thought scholarship, which was worth \$930, was permissible because it was from outside institution.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required repayment.

■■■

Case No: 39

Citation: B 15.01.7 and 15.2.3

Facts: Forty-seven SAs purchased non-textbook items at bookstore using voucher system allotment for textbooks. SAs apparently were unaware that voucher was to be used to purchase books only. Value of impermissible items ranged from \$1 to \$126.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action. Eligibility restored for one SA upon repayment and after withheld from first contest of intercollegiate season.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: This and several other matters are being reviewed by the enforcement staff.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required repayment through reductions in SAs' current financial aid awards.

■■■

Case No: 40

Citation: B 15.01.7 and 15.2.6

Sport: Men's tennis

Facts: SA worked on campus, causing him to exceed a full grant-in-aid by more than \$1,700. SA was aware of applicable legislation. Institution was not aware that SA had secured the job.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution withheld SA from first 15 percent of scheduled intercollegiate contests.

■■■

Case No: 41

Citation: B 15.1, 15.2.3 and 16.12.2.1

Sport: Men's basketball

Facts: SAs received books through their athletics textbook privileges for classes in which they were not enrolled. SAs sold books back to bookstore for cash.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored after SAs are withheld from first two regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests of 1994-95 season.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SAs to repay money and perform 40 hours of community service. SAs also were placed on probation.

■■■

Case No: 42

Citation: B 15.1.1-(c) and 15.01.7

Sport: Football

Facts: SA received financial aid in excess of cost of attendance when he received a \$500 grant through the university in addition to his full grant-in-aid.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional

responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution has reduced aid by \$1,000 this year (\$500 for overaward, \$500 to make this year's award permissible).

■■■

Case No: 43

Citation: B 15.2.5.3-(b)

Sport: Men's soccer

Facts: SAs directly received outside financial awards. Awards were never dispersed through the institution.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SAs to reimburse the outside award to the awarding agency to properly disperse.

## Bylaw 16

Case No: 44

Citation: B 16.1.4.2

Sport: Men's golf

Facts: SA won \$500 gift certificate in Oklahoma Open golf tournament after academic year had begun. SA could have received an award of up to \$300 under special-events awards rules.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to return \$200 of merchandise.

■■■

Case No: 45

Citation: B 16.5.2.1

Sport: Football

Facts: SA and two PSAs lived rent-free for one month during the summer in an apartment complex partially owned by assistant coach. The lodging was in exchange for work performed at the complex by the young men. SA actually worked during his recorded hours and was paid a reasonable rate. The value of SA's rent was greater than his recorded hours by approximately \$100. SA worked additional hours that were not documented, which the institution concluded were inappropriate to consider.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Institution will forward report to enforcement staff to review and submit to the Committee on Infractions to consider as either a major or secondary case and to impose appropriate penalties.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required SA to repay difference between earnings and rent based upon documented hours worked.

■■■

Case No: 46

Citation: B 16.10.1

Sport: Women's basketball

Facts: SA received impermissible automobile transportation from her summer job from athletics department staff member on four occasions. Distance of ride was three miles. Staff member thought transportation was permissible.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution required repayment.

■■■

Case No: 47

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Football

Facts: SAs received a free lunch at a local restaurant because they are members of the institution's football team.

NCAA eligibility action: Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

NCAA action involving institutional responsibility: Secondary violation; no further action.

Institutional/conference action: Institution has required repayment of the free meal.

■■■

Case No: 48

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Football

## Eligibility appeals

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five nights. PSAs arrived on campus one week before the scheduled date for the football team to report. Since the PSAs did not have a place to stay, they were provided with housing.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required PSAs to repay the cost of the five nights of free housing.

■■■

Case No: 49

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA received late-night snacks, at no cost to the SA, from his landlord, who was a faculty member at the institution.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required the young man to repay the cost of these snacks (\$20).

■■■

Case No: 50

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** Head coach drove SAs to mandatory court hearing.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SAs repay cost of transportation.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** This matter is being reviewed by the enforcement staff and will be submitted to the Committee on Infractions for consideration as a major or secondary case and imposition of appropriate penalties.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution reprimanded head coach and prohibited coaching staff from recruiting off campus for one day.

■■■

Case No: 51

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

**Sports:** Men's basketball, women's basketball

**Facts:** On one occasion, an SA used head men's coach's pick-up truck to move his belongings. On one occasion, SA drove head men's coach's car around town. On one occasion, two SAs drove head men's car around town. On one occasion, head men's coach drove an SA to class. On one occasion, an SA stayed at head women's coach's home on the recommendation of police detective after an SA had been assaulted and received stitches.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations and to provide more specific details in self-reports.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SAs to repay cost of transportation.

■■■

Case No: 52

Citation: B 16.12.2.1, 16.12.2.2 and 16.12.2.3

Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** SA received extra benefits in the form of lodging, transportation, sports tickets and airline tickets from a representative of the institution's athletics interests. SA was a partial qualifier during his initial year in residence. SA had received benefits from a different representative earlier in the year and, as a result, had NCAA rules pertaining to extra benefits clearly explained before this violation.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA repays the benefits received and is withheld from six regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests of the 1993-94 season.

On appeal, NCAA Eligibility Committee for Division I affirmed the staff's decision, noting that the SA had been advised of the rules.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** This and several other matters are being considered by the Committee on Infractions.

■■■

Case No: 53

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** Representative of institution's athletics interests gave SA gold charm and chain in the design of her uniform number.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SA to return gift and donate amount by which gift appreciated to charity. SA will be withheld from first regularly scheduled intercollegiate contest of 1994-95 season and will prepare rules-compliance presentation for the team. Representative lost benefits related to her contribution level. Representative and SA were reprimanded.

## Division II

### Bylaw 12

Case No: 54

Citation: B 12.1.1 and 12.1.2

**Sports:** Men's track, indoor; men's track, outdoor

**Facts:** SA competed in five road races as an amateur between 1987 and 1994. SA received prize money based upon place finish.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored on basis of institutional action and after SA is withheld from first indoor track contest of 1994-95 season.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SA to repay prize money.

■■■

Case No: 55

Citation: B 12.1.1 and 12.1.2

Sport: Men's cross country

**Facts:** After withdrawing from school, SA ran in two road races, one in 1992 and one in 1994, as an amateur and received a total of \$175 in prize money based upon place finish.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA repays prize money.

■■■

Case No: 56-57

Citation: B 12.1.1-(e) and 12.2.3.2.3

Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** SA participated as an amateur on English amateur youth team as an apprentice through the government-sponsored Youth Training Scheme (YTS); youth team was supported directly by English professional team.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from the first 10 percent (approximately two contests) of the 1994-95 regularly scheduled intercollegiate season.

### Bylaw 13

Case No: 58

Citation: B 13.1.1

Sport: Baseball

**Facts:** Head coach commented about PSAs' possible attendance at institution in newspaper article.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution issued letter of reprimand to head coach.

### Bylaw 14

Case No: 59

Citation: B 14.4.3.1.4

Sport: Women's soccer

**Facts:** Institution erroneously certified SA as eligible based upon incorrect interpretation provided at the 1993 regional seminar.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

■■■

Case No: 60

Citation: B 14.5.4

Sport: Football

**Facts:** Transfer SA competed in two contests while academically ineligible. SA was conditionally admitted to institution pending receiving passing grades in particular summer school courses. SA did not achieve the necessary grades in the courses and was deemed "unadmitted" after the first two contests had already been completed.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility

restored. [Note: SA used a season of competition per B 14.2.4.1.]

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution has established a new policy to have the admissions office notify the compliance department of any SAs who are conditionally admitted.

■■■

Case No: 61

Citation: B 14.5.4.2.2 and 14.10.2

Sport: Women's cross country

**Facts:** Transfer SA practiced during year in residence and competed during the subsequent year without being certified.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Conference fined institution and issued a written reprimand to head coach. Institution issued written reprimand to head coach.

■■■

Case No: 62

Citation: B 14.7.1.2

Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** SA competed in seven contests in an outdoor recreational soccer league after graduating from the institution. SA did not have any intention of returning to institution for graduate school. SA enrolled in a graduate program for the 1994-95 academic year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from the first three regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests of the 1994-95 season.

■■■

Case No: 63

Citation: B 14.7.2 and 14.7.5.2

Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** SA played in four games in a two-day period in a nonsanctioned summer tournament.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from first two regularly scheduled intercollegiate contests of 1994-95 season.

■■■

Case No: 64

Citation: B 14.7.5.2-(a) and 30.14

Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** SA participated in one contest in an unsanctioned summer basketball league.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored upon fulfillment of conference action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Conference required the institution to withhold SA from first contest of 1994-95 season.

### Bylaw 16

Case No: 65

Citation: B 16.8.1.2

**Sports:** Women's soccer, men's cross country, men's soccer

**Facts:** SAs were allowed to travel to away contests before being properly certified.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored. However, institution is cautioned to take steps to avoid similar violations.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution withheld one SA from three practices.

■■■

Case No: 66

Citation: B 16.12.2.1

Sport: Women's gymnastics

**Facts:** Trainer purchased lunch for two SAs at local restaurant. Athletics trainer gave one SA an ice scraper.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored.

**NCAA action involving institutional responsibility:** Secondary violation; no further action.

**Institutional/conference action:** Institution required SAs to repay value of benefits and reprimanded athletics trainer.

## Division III

### Bylaw 12

Case No: 67

Citation: B 12.2.3.2.3

Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** International SA participated as an amateur on a youth team sponsored by

a professional team in his country. All members of the youth team were amateurs.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored after SA is withheld from the first 10 percent of the institution's regularly scheduled contests.

### Drug testing

Note: Eligibility appeals regarding those student-athletes who have tested positive for drug use under NCAA Bylaw 18.4.1.5.1 are reported in a separate category on a periodic basis. Please note that pursuant to Bylaw 18.4.1.5.1, any student-athlete who has a positive NCAA test result must remain ineligible for competition for the mandated period of one year, must have a negative retest by the NCAA and must have an NCAA member institution make a request for restoration of his or her eligibility to the NCAA Eligibility Committee before he or she can be eligible for competition.

In addition, note that the application of Bylaw 18.4.1.5.1 necessarily causes the involved student-athlete who participates during the season in which he or she tests positive to lose at least the equivalent of one season of competition. Therefore, the Eligibility Committee has required in those cases that were decided before the adoption of Proposal No. 74 at the 1993 NCAA Convention that the student-athletes who tested positive and who had not used a season of competition per Bylaw 14.2.4.1 lose at least one season of competition. This policy is intended to ensure that all those who test positive will receive equitable treatment and is now ratified by the membership through the adoption of Proposal No. 74.

## Division I

### Bylaw 18

Citation: B 18.4.5.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** During the fall of 1993, student-athlete (SA) tested positive for stanozolol metabolites (anabolic steroids) under NCAA year-round drug-testing program; SA competed during season in which he tested positive. SA admitted he used steroids.

Pursuant to B 18.4.5.1, SA remained ineligible for minimum 365-day period, which included the sixth game of the 1994-95 season, and was retested by the NCAA at the end of the period to fulfill the mandatory exit-test requirement.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Eligibility restored because SA used a season of competition during his period of ineligibility.

### Extensions and waivers

The NCAA Eligibility Committee also is authorized to grant extensions of periods of eligibility under NCAA Bylaws 14.2.1.4 and 14.2.1.5; hardship waivers for student-athletes at independent institutions under Bylaw 14.5.5; waivers of the transfer-residence requirement because of a discontinued academic program under Bylaw 14.6.5.3.3; and season-of-competition waivers under Bylaw 14.2.6.

## Division I

### Bylaw 14

Case No: 1

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Women's golf

**Facts:** Student-athlete (SA) initially enrolled full time on partial scholarship for 1989 fall semester. SA withdrew due to financial reasons caused by legal problems in her family and her parents' divorce. SA worked until 1992. During the 1992-93 academic year, SA attended two junior colleges. SA transferred to NCAA school and competed during 1993-94 season.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. Eligibility Committee does not currently consider financial considerations as a circumstance beyond the control of SA that deprives SA of opportunity to participate.

■■■

Case No: 2

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time for 1989 fall semester. During 1989-90, 1990-91 and 1991-92 seasons, SA practiced as member of scout team. During the 1992 spring semester, SA withdrew to return home to be

with seriously ill grandmother. SA attended during 1992-93 academic year and practiced with scout team. SA earned limited playing time during the 1993-94 season.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. SA was not deprived of more than one year of participation opportunity for reasons beyond his control. Also, grandmother's illness did not deprive SA of opportunity to participate in four seasons of competition.

■■■

Case No: 3

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** Under NCAA initial-eligibility legislation in effect for 1991-92 academic year, SA was partial qualifier due to score on enhanced version of ACT. However, NCAA adjusted minimum required score the following year and SA became a qualifier.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension granted for a period of one semester.

■■■

Case No: 4

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** Nonrecruited SA enrolled full time at NCAA school for 1990 fall semester. SA worked during 1991 spring semester due to financial reasons. SA transferred to second NCAA school and competed during 1991-92 season. SA worked during 1992 fall semester due to financial reasons and transferred to third NCAA school for 1993 spring semester. SA joined team as "walk on" for 1993-94 academic year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. Eligibility Committee does not currently consider financial considerations as a circumstance that is beyond the control of SA and deprives SA of opportunity to participate.

■■■

Case No: 5

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

**Sports:** Men's track, indoor; men's track, outdoor

**Facts:** SA began enrollment during 1990-91 academic year but chose not to participate during this season. SA participated during 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 seasons, and will participate during 1994-95 season. The institution initially sought a season of competition waiver for the 1993-94 season due to SA participating in one meet then getting cut from team. SA filed grievance and was reinstated. Without extension of eligibility, season of competition waiver could not be used.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension denied. SA had opportunity to participate in four seasons of competition, but chose not to participate during 1990-91 academic year.

■■■

Case No: 6

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled at collegiate institution full time for the 1989 fall semester. He practiced but did not compete. SA did not attend during the 1990 spring semester. In August 1990, SA was injured in automobile accident. He was not treated by a medical doctor. His chiropractor said he could not attend school. SA enrolled full time at junior college for 1991 spring semester and competed during the 1991 fall semester. SA did not attend school during 1992 spring semester. SA transferred to NCAA school for 1992-93 academic year and completed his transfer year in residence. SA competed during the 1993-94 season.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. Injury did not deprive SA of opportunity to participate in more than one season of competition. Also, SA's choice not to participate during the 1989-90 academic year and to transfer were circumstances considered to be within his control.

■■■

Case No: 7

Citation: B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time for 1990 fall semester and attended continuously since that time. SA never competed and now wishes to compete.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. SA's choice not to try out for the team until his fifth year was within his control and, as a result, did not deprive him of more than one year of participation opportunity, within his five-year period of



## Eligibility appeals

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eligibility, for circumstances beyond his control.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 8

Citation: B 14.2.1.5

Sport: Men's track, indoor

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled at Nigerian college full time in October 1991. SA stated he was excused from school in spring 1992 to train with Nigerian national team. SA's January 1992 affidavit stated he trained in London for the team through December 1991. SA stated in writing that he competed as an alternate in 1992 Olympics. After staff requested additional information, SA stated he did not actually compete in Olympics due to an injury. The staff again requested documentation verifying SA could not attend school in 1992 due to training and participation with national team. Institution submitted documentation from national team that SA attended tryout camp in June 1992 after completion of academic year. Also, team stated SA actually was suspended from team and never competed in the Olympics.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Athletics activities waiver request denied. Documentation did not substantiate SA was unable to attend collegiate institution due to training and participation with national team.

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Case No: 9

Citation: B 14.2.1.6 and 30.6.1

Sport: Baseball

**Facts:** SA competed for three years. One year of participation opportunity was curtailed due to injury; another participation opportunity was utilized when SA chose not to compete.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. Opportunity for four years of participation not harmed by circumstances beyond SA's control.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 10

Citation: B 14.4.3.6(a)

Sport: Men's volleyball

**Facts:** SA entered hospital and had emergency surgery in middle of spring semester, and subsequently was forced to withdraw from school. Circumstances were clearly supported by medical documentation indicating the SA was unable to attend the institution full time as a result of illness.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Satisfactory progress waiver granted for a period of one semester.

### Division II

#### Bylaw 14

Case No: 11

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Women's basketball

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time and attended during 1989-90 academic year; institution did not sponsor sport. SA competed during 1990-91, 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years. SA transferred to NCAA school and competed during 1992-93 season. SA injured her knee in next to last contest, but did not undergo surgery until December 1993. SA attended full time during the 1993-94 season but did not compete.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. SA's choice to attend school that did not sponsor her sport was within her control and thus did not deprive her of opportunity to participate.

On appeal, Eligibility Committee for Division II affirmed the staff's decision.

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Case No: 12

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sports: Women's cross country; women's track, indoor

**Facts:** SA enrolled full time at NCAA school and attended during 1985-86 and 1986-87 academic years. School did not sponsor women's cross country or women's track. SA transferred to junior college, which did not sponsor her sport, for the 1989 fall semester. She enrolled full time but withdrew. SA enrolled full time for 1991 spring semester but withdrew due to medical reasons and hospitalization. Before start of 1991 fall semester, SA was in an automobile accident. As a result, she attended part time that semester. SA attended same junior college full time for 1992 spring semester. Branch campus did not sponsor athletics. SA transferred to an NCAA school and competed during the 1993-94 academic year.

**NCAA eligibility actions:** Extension request denied. SA's choice to attend several institutions that did not sponsor her sport were within her control and, as a result, did not deprive her of the opportunity to participate in four seasons of competition.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 13

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled at junior college full time for 1989-90 academic year but chose not to compete so he could focus on grades. SA transferred to NCAA school and competed during 1990-91, 1991-92 and 1992-93 seasons. SA was injured and underwent surgery in November 1993 that prevented him from competing. SA attended full time during the 1993-94 academic year.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. SA's choice not to participate was within his control and did not

deprive him more than one year of participation opportunity within his 10-semester period of eligibility. Also, SA's injury, while beyond his control, did not deprive him of the opportunity to participate in four seasons of competition.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 14

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time for the 1989-90 academic year but did not compete because he was recuperating from knee surgery. SA competed during the 1990-91, 1991-92 and 1992-93 seasons. SA injured his knee during the sixth game of the 1993-94 season and underwent surgery. SA received a hardship waiver from the conference.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension granted for one year. SA was deprived of more than one year of participation opportunity, within his five-year period of eligibility, due to circumstances beyond his control.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 15

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled during 1989 academic year, but did not participate due to back injury. SA competed during 1990-91 and 1991-92 seasons. SA did not participate during 1992-93 season due to a second back injury. During 1993-94, SA practiced but did not participate.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension granted for a period of one year. SA was deprived of the opportunity to participate for more than one season within a 10-semester period due to circumstances beyond the control of the SA. Medical documentation was contemporaneous and indicated the young man was unable to participate due to incapacitating physical circumstances.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 16

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Men's soccer

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time at community college for the 1988 fall semester and competed. SA transferred to another community college for the 1989 spring semester, but dropped to part time due to knee surgery. SA said he was told he could not play during the 1989 fall semester so he did not attend school. SA enrolled full time at community college for 1990 spring semester but dropped to part time for financial reasons. SA did not attend school for the 1990 fall semester because he moved to his home in another state. SA transferred to a third community college as a full-time student for the 1991 spring

semester. He attended full time and competed during the 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years. Upon transferring to NCAA school for the 1993-94 year and competing, SA injured his other knee in the fall. Conference granted a hardship waiver.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. SA chose not to attend school during two possible seasons of eligibility. Also, financial reasons are not currently recognized by the Eligibility Committee as a circumstance beyond the control of the SA. Finally, his injury did not deprive him of the opportunity to participate in more than one season of competition within his 10-semester period of eligibility.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 17

Citation: B 14.5.5.3.3

Sport: Football

**Facts:** Upon transferring to institution to pursue a particular major, SA learned academic program had been dropped. Because SA began pre-season practice (but had not begun classes), SA became a transfer student. SA immediately transferred to a second institution to pursue his degree.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Waiver of transfer-residency requirement granted.

#### Bylaw 30

Case No: 18

Citation: B 30.6.1 and 14.2.2

Sport: Women's soccer

**Facts:** During SA's first and second semester SA attended a college that did not sponsor her sport; SA competed in three seasons during next six semesters; during SA's ninth and 10th semesters, SA experienced medical problems and was unable to compete.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension denied. SA had the opportunity to participate in four seasons of competition, but lost one of these seasons by choosing to attend a college that did not sponsor her sport. SA was not denied more than one season of participation opportunity due to circumstances beyond her control.

Eligibility Committee for Division II affirmed staff decision on appeal.

### Division III

#### Bylaw 14

Case No: 19

Citation: B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Football

**Facts:** SA initially enrolled full time at

junior college for 1989 fall semester. SA attended full time for 1989-90 and 1990-91 academic years but did not compete because junior college did not sponsor his sport. SA transferred to school for 1991-92 academic year and competed until he injured his shoulder. SA attended full time during 1992-93 academic year but did not compete due to injury. SA attended full time and competed during 1993-94 academic year. SA stated he had to attend that community college for financial reasons.

**NCAA eligibility action:** Extension request denied. Eligibility Committee does not currently consider financial considerations as beyond the control of the SA and, as a result, did not deprive SA of opportunity to participate. SA was not deprived of more than one year of participation opportunity due to circumstances beyond the control of SA.

On appeal, Eligibility Committee for Division III affirmed the staff's decision.

■ ■ ■

Case No: 20

Citation: 14.2.2 and 30.6.1

Sport: Field hockey

**Facts:** During 10-semester period in which SA was enrolled, SA participated for two seasons, was a nondegree-seeking student for one season (institutional policy prevented SA from participating), chose not to participate during one season and withdrew from school during one season due to mononucleosis.

**NCAA eligibility actions:** Extension request denied. SA was not denied more than one season of participation opportunity for reasons beyond SA's control.

Eligibility Committee for Division III affirmed staff decision on appeal.

#### Bylaw 30

Case No: 21

Citation: B 30.6.1 and 14.2.2

Sport: Men's basketball

**Facts:** SA was unable to compete for a two-year period due to injury.

**NCAA eligibility actions:** Extension granted for a period of one year.

*This report of eligibility appeals decisions and action taken regarding institutional responsibility was prepared by the NCAA eligibility staff as an aid to member institutions and conference offices. Institutions or conference offices with questions can contact Carrie A. Doyle, NCAA director of eligibility, at the national office. Those who have questions regarding the action taken regarding institutional responsibility should contact Cynthia J. Gabel, NCAA enforcement representative, also at the national office.*

## Satisfactory-progress waivers

Following is a report of actions taken by the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee Subcommittee on Satisfactory-Progress Waivers on requests for waivers of satisfactory-progress legislation.

The report includes actions taken since the last summary was published. That summary appeared in the May 25, 1994, issue of The NCAA Register.

This report covers actions taken by the subcommittee in telephone conferences March 8, May 5, May 22, June 20, July 7, July 25, August 12, September 2 and September 8, and during an in-person meeting July 25-26.

Acting for the Academic Requirements Committee, the subcommittee:

### Considered the following satisfactory-progress waivers, per Bylaw 14.4.3.1.3 ("75/25"):

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a freshman. During the 1993-94 academic year, he successfully completed 15 credit hours. The student-athlete has a documented learning disability. The institution has afforded learning-disabled student-athletes an opportunity to take lighter loads during the academic year and then

complete additional summer work. In order for the student-athlete to be eligible in the fall of 1994, he successfully completed nine credit hours during the summer of 1994. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the severity of the student-athlete's learning disability, the willingness of the institution to assist learning-disabled students and the student-athlete's improved academic performance during the 1994 spring term. It also was noted that the student-athlete was making a good-faith effort to attempt to complete the necessary requirements during the summer, despite his learning disability.

■ Denied a waiver request from an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a freshman. Following an altercation and had to withdraw from classes for the rest of the semester. The student-athlete reentered the institution in the spring of 1994 and successfully completed 16 credit hours with a cumulative grade-point average of 1.720. He enrolled in more than eight credit hours during the summer of 1994, which would give him a total of more than 24 credit hours for the 1993-94 academic year. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count two additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the overall weak academic record of the student-athlete, including an F during the spring of 1994 and a

low grade-point average.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at a two-year college in the fall of 1990 and transferred to the applicant institution in the fall of 1993. During the 1993-94 academic year, he successfully completed 18 credit hours toward his degree; however, it was ascertained that three of the 18 hours could not be counted, as the course was a repeat of one that had transferred from the two-year college. As a result, the student-athlete successfully completed only 15 countable credit hours during the 1993-94 academic year. The student-athlete was enrolled in nine credit hours during the summer of 1994. Assuming he successfully completed the nine credit hours, he would have a total of 24 hours for the 1993-94 year. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the student's overall weak academic record.

■ Approved the application of a member institution on behalf of a student-athlete who enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a freshman. During the 1992-93 academic year, he successfully completed 24 credit hours, including four summer hours. In the fall of 1993, he successfully completed 13 credit hours; however, during the spring of 1994, the student-athlete was placed on disciplinary suspension and was dismissed from the institution. He then enrolled in 14 credit hours at a community college during the summer of

1994. Assuming he successfully completed these credit hours, he would have a total of 27 hours for the 1993-94 year. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the strength of the student's overall academic record and that the student was attempting 14 hours in the summer in order to continue to make progress toward his degree, demonstrating a commitment to meeting satisfactory-progress requirements.

■ Denied, upon resubmission, the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the spring of 1993 as a two-year college transfer. During the spring of 1993, the student-athlete successfully completed 12 credit hours; however, only nine hours could count toward his degree, as the College of Journalism and Broadcasting will not accept grades less than a C. He then successfully completed six credit hours during the summer of 1993. During the 1993-94 academic year, he initially enrolled in 27 credit hours and completed 21. However, only 15 of these hours counted toward satisfactory progress. The student-athlete enrolled in these hours based on advice given to him in May of 1993. At that time, all of the hours were applicable to his degree; however, during the 1993 summer term, he enrolled in a three-hour course, which satisfied the same degree requirements as one of the three-hour courses he had previously been advised to take in the fall. Upon review of his academic record, his advisor noted that the course

was applicable to his degree. However, when reviewed by the College of Arts and Sciences, it was determined that the course was not applicable to his degree. Further, it was noted that his major field of study permits few electives. As a result, the student-athlete had a total of 15 countable degree credits for the 1993-94 academic year. He successfully completed three credit hours during the first summer session and was attempting six credit hours during the second summer session. Assuming he successfully completed the six credit hours, he would have a total of 24 hours for the 1993-94 year. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. During its June 20, 1994, telephone conference, the subcommittee denied the waiver request. In denying the application, the subcommittee again noted the weak nature of the student's overall academic record. [Note: The NCAA Council upheld the denial of this case during its August meeting.]

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a freshman. He successfully completed 20 credit hours during the 1992-93 regular academic year and another six credit hours during the summer of 1993. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete successfully completed 18 credit hours; however, based on the April 20, 1994, official interpretation regarding correspondence and extension courses and

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## Satisfactory-progress waivers

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the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee's review of these courses, one three-hour course taken during the spring of 1994 would not count in the regular academic year because it is a correspondence course. The student-athlete then completed six credit hours during the summer of 1994. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count one additional summer hour as a regular academic-year hour. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete actually was enrolled in the correspondence course before the Academic Requirements Committee's recommendation to the Council regarding the distinction between extension and correspondence courses, and he was following institutional advice in good faith.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the spring of 1993 as a transfer student. During the spring and summer of 1993, he successfully completed nine credit hours. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete successfully completed 24 credit hours; however, based on the April 20, 1994, official interpretation regarding correspondence and extension courses and the Academic Requirements Committee's review of these courses, six credit hours could not be counted as regular academic-year hours because they were earned in correspondence courses. He then completed three credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 27 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete was actually enrolled in the correspondence course before the Academic Requirements Committee's recommendation to the Council regarding the distinction between extension and correspondence courses, and he was following institutional advice in good faith.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a freshman. During the 1993-94 academic year, he successfully completed 20 credit hours. However, three credit hours could not count because departmental policy would not accept grades of less than a C, and the student-athlete received a D+. The student-athlete successfully completed six credit hours during the first summer session of 1994 and was enrolled in an additional three credit hours during the second summer session. Assuming he successfully completed the three credit hours, he would have a total of 26 credit hours for the 1993-94 year. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count one additional summer hour as a regular academic-year hour. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted the extraordinary pressure freshmen must endure at the institution, a military academy. The subcommittee also noted the strong nature of his academic progress and that the student-athlete made every effort to make up hours during the summer.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a freshman. He successfully completed 20 credit hours during the 1992-93 regular academic year, as well as eight credit hours during the summer of 1993, giving him a total of 28 credit hours. The student-athlete returned to the institution in the fall of 1993 and successfully completed only four credit hours. During the spring of 1994, he had to withdraw from the institution due to a medical condition (prostatitis). He then successfully completed four credit hours during the first summer session of 1994 and was enrolled in an additional four hours. Assuming he successfully completed the four credit hours, he would have a total of 12 credit hours for the 1993-94 academic year. The student-athlete would not be responsible for the spring of 1994, as the institution intended to apply for a medical-absence waiver due to the student-athlete's medical condition. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the considerable medical problems the student-athlete had endured. The approval was contingent upon the institution receiving approval of a medical-absence waiver for the student-athlete.

■ Approved the application of an institution

on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a two-year college transfer. He successfully completed 10.5 credit hours during the 1992-93 regular academic year and an additional seven credit hours during the summer of 1993, giving him a total of 17.5 credit for the entire year of 1992-93. Based on his work, the institution placed him on academic suspension for one year. As a result, the student-athlete did not attend a collegiate institution during the 1993-94 academic year. He then reentered the institution during the first summer session of 1994 and successfully completed seven credit hours. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count 7.5 credit hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the student's improved academic performance during summer school and that the student-athlete already had paid a penalty for his poor academic performance by being suspended for one year.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a two-year college transfer. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete successfully completed 22 credit hours; however, two three-hour courses taken during the spring of 1994 could not be used to meet satisfactory progress because he needed grades of C or better, and he earned grades of D in both courses. In addition, a one-hour course in career planning was not countable toward his degree, giving him a total of 16 countable credit hours for the 1993-94 regular academic year. During the summer of 1994, the student-athlete successfully completed 12 credit hours, giving him a total of 28 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. Initially, the student-athlete was a psychology major, which was the reason the two courses taken during the spring of 1994 would not count; however, he changed his major to sociology in the summer of 1994, and these courses could count toward that major. The student-athlete suffered from a documented learning disability, which affected his academic performance. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count two additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that, despite a documented learning disability, the student was making good academic progress and also noted the limited scope of the waiver request.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the spring of 1994 as a two-year college transfer. During the spring of 1994, he successfully completed six credit hours. When the student-athlete initially enrolled at the institution, he had no intention of participating in football; however, upon meeting the institution's football coaching staff at the end of the spring term, he decided he would like to try out for the team in the fall of 1994. As a result, the student-athlete attended summer school at his own expense and successfully completed six credit hours with a grade-point average of 2.500, giving him a total of 12 credit hours at the applicant institution. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count three summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete was a nonrecruited student-athlete who was not aware of the regulations regarding satisfactory progress before the conclusion of the spring semester of 1994, and that he made a "good-faith" effort to fulfill the requirements once he became aware of them.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. During the 1991-92 academic year, he successfully completed 25 credit hours. During the fall of 1992, the student-athlete married and discovered that his wife was expecting a child. He concluded the semester and successfully completed six credit hours. He then withdrew from the institution to find work to support his new family. The student-athlete did not return to the institution until the summer of 1994, when he successfully completed six credit hours. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count 2.25 additional summer hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete was making good academic progress and had attended the summer session in a "good-faith" effort to meet satisfactory-progress requirements.

■ Denied, upon resubmission, the application of a member institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a freshman. He successfully completed 17 credit hours during the 1993-94 regular academic year and 11 credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 28 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. During the fall of 1993, the student-athlete sustained an injury, which resulted in surgery the following spring. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count one additional summer hour as a regular academic-year hour. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the student's overall weak academic record, including several failed courses.

■ Denied, upon resubmission, the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a freshman. He successfully completed seven credit hours during the 1993-94 regular academic year and 10 credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 17 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. The student-athlete experienced significant personal problems during the fall of 1993, which resulted in depression. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count one additional summer hour as a regular academic-year hour. In denying the request, the subcommittee expressed sympathy toward the student-athlete's personal problems but noted his overall weak academic record, which included three failed courses and withdrawal from two others.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. During the 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years, he successfully completed 48 credit hours. During the fall of 1993, the student-athlete successfully completed 12 credit hours. During the spring of 1994, the student-athlete experienced significant personal and emotional stress because of a family hardship and, as a result, successfully completed only five credit hours. He completed an additional seven credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 24 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count one additional summer hour as a regular academic-year hour. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's personal hardships, the fact that he was making good academic progress before the onset of his personal problems and the limited scope of the waiver request.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the summer of 1993 as a freshman and successfully completed four credit hours. During the 1993-94 academic year, he experienced a prolonged illness (pneumonia) that resulted in six consecutive days spent in the hospital and which affected his academic performance. The student-athlete successfully completed only 14 credit hours toward his degree in civil engineering during the 1993-94 regular academic year. Following recovery, the student-athlete successfully completed 12 credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 26 credit hours for the entire year of 1993-94. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count four credit hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that, following the student-athlete's illness, he made a "good-faith" effort during the summer of 1994 to complete 12 credit hours, as well as his good overall academic performance.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the spring of 1993 as a two-year transfer. As a chemistry major, he successfully completed 15 credit hours during the spring of 1993 and an additional four credit hours during the summer of 1993. In the fall of 1993, the student-athlete successfully completed seven credit hours that were applicable to his degree. However, in the spring of 1994, he changed his major to engineering and successfully completed only three credit hours toward that degree. During the summer of 1994, the student-athlete changed his major again to biology and successfully completed seven credit hours. The institution requested a waiver to permit the student-athlete to count two credit hours as regular academic-year hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete was making good progress toward a degree in a demanding

course of study.

### Considered the following satisfactory-progress waivers, per Bylaw 14.5.4.4 ("50 percent"):

■ Denied, upon resubmission, the application of a member institution on behalf of a student-athlete on scholarship who enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. At that time, she attempted to be accepted into a degree program in recreation studies. After taking nine hours unique to that field during her sophomore year, the institution chose to drop that field of study. Since the student-athlete had not been accepted into the program, she had to select another major. She selected a degree program in exercise and sports science, which allows for no electives and would not accept the nine hours earned toward recreational studies. The student-athlete enrolled in 13 credit hours during the 1994 spring semester. Assuming she successfully completed the 13 hours, she would successfully have completed a total of 55 credit hours (43 percent) of the 128 credit hours required for a degree in exercise and sports science, giving her a deficit of nine credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the overall weak nature of the student-athlete's academic record and that, during her collegiate career, the student-athlete had withdrawn from nine credit hours of course work, which contributed to her academic deficit. In addition, it appeared that if the student-athlete had been accepted into the recreation-degree program, she would have been short of the 50 percent requirement in that major with a deficit of three credit hours.

■ Approved, upon resubmission, the application of a member institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. He had successfully completed 73 credit hours toward a business degree, which is 55 percent of the 131 hours required toward that major. During the fall of 1993, he changed his major from business to electrical engineering. He enrolled in 17 credit hours toward the electrical engineering degree during the spring of 1994. Assuming he successfully completed the 17 credit hours, he would have a total of 90 credit hours at the conclusion of his third year of enrollment. A degree in electrical engineering requires 135 credit hours. However, 21 hours of his regular course work, eight hours of his remedial work and six hours of his prerequisite work could not be applied to his electrical engineering degree. As a result, only 55 hours, including the 17 hours completed in the spring of 1994, would count toward the electrical engineering degree at the start of his fourth-year enrollment, and the student would have completed only 41 percent of the hours in his engineering degree, with a deficit of 12.5 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had successfully completed 55 percent of the degree requirements in the business degree previously sought.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. He was pursuing a degree in special education. Students are required to declare either two majors and a minor or two minors and one major when following this degree program. The student-athlete chose special education, emphasis in elementary education, teacher of the emotionally impaired, and a minor in physical education. He enrolled in 12 credit hours during the spring of 1994. Assuming he successfully completed the 12 credit hours, he would have completed 77 credit hours (42 percent) of the 185 credit hours required for a degree in special education, with a deficit of 15.5 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. He was pursuing a degree in special education. Students are required to declare either two majors and a minor or two minors and one major when following this degree program. The student-athlete chose special education, emphasis in secondary education, teacher of the emotionally impaired, and minors in secondary physical education and sociolo-

gy. He enrolled in 13 credit hours during the spring of 1994. Assuming he successfully completed the 13 credit hours, he would have completed 82 credit hours (44 percent) of the 188 credit hours required for a degree in special education with a deficit of 12 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year programs of study recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman and declared a major in advertising in the College of Journalism and Mass Communication. She completed 71 credit hours (57 percent) of the 125 credit hours required for that degree program. In the fall of 1993, the student-athlete changed her major to elementary education (K-6) and special education, mildly/moderately handicapped (K-9), within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 13 credit hours during the spring of 1994 and enrolled in an additional five credit hours during the summer of 1994. Assuming she successfully completed the five summer hours, she would have completed 61 credit hours (41 percent) of the required 149 credit hours for the second designated degree program, giving her a deficit of 13.5 credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the 50 percent requirement in her original degree program.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman and declared a major in advertising in the College of Journalism and Mass Communication. She completed 67 credit hours (54 percent) of the required 125 credit hours for that degree program. In June 1993, the student-athlete changed her major to social science (7-12) within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 13 credit hours during the spring of 1994; therefore, she would have completed 64 credit hours (44 percent) of the required 144 credit hours for her second designated degree program, giving her a deficit of eight credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the 50 percent requirement in her original degree program.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution as a freshman in the fall of 1991 and declared a major in marketing in the College of Business Administration. He completed 71 credit hours (55 percent) of the required 128 credit hours for that degree program, which included 12 credit hours he completed during the spring of 1994. In the spring of 1994, the student-athlete changed his major to business education (7-12) within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 12 credit hours, which may be applied to either degree; therefore, he had completed 59 credit hours (42 percent) of the required 141 credit hours for the second designated degree program, giving him a deficit of 11.5 credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the 50 percent requirement in his original degree program.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. In the fall of 1992, she declared a major in social science (7-12) and athletics coaching (7-12) within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 15 credit hours for the 1994 spring semester; therefore, she completed 73 credit hours (48 percent) of the 152 credit hours required for the designated degree program, giving her a deficit of three credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted the significant number of hours required to complete the degree program and concluded that the program was analogous to a five-year program of study. The subcommittee also noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. In the spring of

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1993, she declared a major in elementary education (K-6), special education, mild/moderately handicapped (K-9), within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed nine credit hours during the spring of 1994; therefore, she completed 59 credit hours (40 percent) of the 149 credit hours required for the designated degree program, giving her a deficit of 15.5 credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted the significant number of hours required to complete the degree program and concluded that the program was analogous to a five-year program of study. The subcommittee also noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Reconsidered and approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at a two-year college in the fall of 1991. In the fall of 1993, she transferred to the applicant institution. At the conclusion of the 1994 spring term, she had satisfactorily completed 62.990 credit hours (49.2 percent) of the 128 credit hours required to complete her major in physical education, giving her a deficit of 1.010 credit hours. The student-athlete had achieved a 2.860 grade-point average upon conclusion of the 1994 spring term. Due to prior summer job obligations, she was unable to attend summer school. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the overall strong nature of the student-athlete's academic record. The subcommittee also noted that the intent of the legislation was to assure that student-athletes make progress toward their degree, and that this student-athlete's academic record was consistent with that intent.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a recruited student-athlete who initially enrolled at another NCAA institution in the fall of 1991. During the 1993-94 academic year, the other NCAA institution dropped its football program. As a result, the student-athlete decided to transfer to the applicant institution during the fall of 1994. While at the other NCAA institution, the student-athlete successfully completed 69 credit hours (53.9 percent) of the 128 credit hours required for graduation with a degree in physical education. However, only 60 credit hours (45.4 percent) of the 132 credit hours required for his specific degree at the applicant institution would transfer from the other NCAA institution, giving him a deficit of six credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete met the 50 percent requirement at the other NCAA institution. The subcommittee also noted that the other institution's decision to drop its football program placed the student-athlete in a position of having to transfer to continue his athletics career.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the member institution in the fall of 1991 and declared a major in business administration. He successfully completed 85 credit hours (66.4 percent) of the required 128 hours for that degree program. In April 1994, the student-athlete changed his major to social science (7-12) within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 57 credit hours (41.3 percent) of the 138 credit hours required for the second designated degree program, giving him a deficit of 12 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the 50 percent requirement in his original degree program.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at a two-year college in the fall of 1991. After completing two years of general studies, the student-athlete apparently was informed by another member institution (before transfer) that she would not be eligible to compete until she received her associate's degree, since she was a nonqualifier. The student-athlete subsequently attended the two-year college for a third year to complete her associate's degree. She then was approached by the applicant institution and was offered a scholarship in the sport of soccer. However, it was ascertained that she would not meet the requirements of Bylaw 14.4.3.2.1 and, therefore, would be ineligible for competition upon enrollment at the applicant institution. She successfully completed three credit hours during the first summer session of 1994 and enrolled in six credit hours in the second summer session. Assuming she successfully completed the six credit hours, she would have a total of

61 credits (46.9 percent) of the 130 credit hours required for a degree in speech communication, leaving her a deficit of four hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete presented a strong grade-point average and good overall academic record, but repeatedly had received bad advice regarding her eligibility.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman and declared a major in government and politics. In the fall of 1992, he changed his major to pharmacy; however, 15 of the credit hours taken toward his initial major would not transfer into the pharmacy program. The student-athlete successfully completed 71 credit hours (42 percent) of the 168 credit hours required for a degree in pharmacy, which is considered to be a five-year program. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at a two-year college in the fall of 1991. Upon completion of 2 1/2 years of study, he earned an associate's degree in general studies and transferred to the applicant institution in the spring of 1994. However, only 41 of the 68 credit hours that transferred to the institution counted toward his degree program in therapeutic education. During the spring of 1994, he successfully completed six countable credit hours at the institution, giving him a total of 47 credit hours (36.7 percent) of the 128 credit hours required for his degree, giving him a deficit of 17 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the significant deficit in hours that remained for the student to satisfy the 50 percent requirement and maintain progress toward graduation.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at a two-year college in the fall of 1991 and did not participate in athletics. After receiving an associate's degree in general studies, the student-athlete transferred to the applicant institution in the fall of 1993; however, only 24 credit hours of her completed work transferred to the institution. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete completed 29 credit hours toward her specific degree program, giving her a total of 53 credit hours (36.5 percent) of the 145 credit hours required for a degree in accounting and computer information systems, and a deficit of 19.5 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the significant deficit in hours that remained for the student-athlete to satisfy the 50 percent requirement, even if the degree program was considered a five-year program. The subcommittee also noted that the institution could resubmit the waiver request after the successful completion of course work during the 1994 fall term.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution as a two-year college transfer in the spring of 1994. Upon enrollment at the institution, the student-athlete declared a major in athletics training. The institution accepted 64.5 transferable credit hours; however, only 21 credit hours applied toward his major. He successfully completed 15 credit hours during the spring of 1994. Therefore, he had 36 credit hours (28 percent) of the 128 hours required for this degree program, giving him a deficit of 28 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted that, as a recruited student-athlete, the institution should have been aware that the student-athlete would not meet the percentage-of-degree requirements through pre-enrollment evaluation. The subcommittee also noted the large number of hours the student-athlete would have to make up to meet the 50 percent requirement and maintain progress toward graduation.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. He selected a degree program in special education. Students are required to declare either two majors and a minor or two minors and one major when following this degree program. The student-athlete chose a major in special education (emphasis in secondary education, teacher of mentally impaired) and minors in physical education and mathematics. He enrolled in six credit hours during the summer of 1994. Assuming he suc-

cessfully completed the six credit hours, he would have 84 credit hours (42 percent) of the 199 credit hours required for a degree in special education, giving him a deficit of 15.5 credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted the student's good overall academic progress. The subcommittee also noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. He initially majored in business, but now was pursuing a degree in elementary education with three required minors in science, physical education and mathematics. The student-athlete successfully completed 75 credit hours (37 percent) of the 202 credit hours required for graduation in this degree program, giving him a deficit of 26 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the student's good academic progress, the unusually large number of hours required for his degree program and the fact that his prior major affected his ability to fulfill the 50 percent requirement. The subcommittee also noted that the student-athlete had approached the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Denied the request of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution as a two-year college transfer in the spring of 1994. Upon enrollment at the institution, the student-athlete declared a major in English (secondary education). The institution accepted 61 transferable credit hours; however, only 42 credit hours applied toward this major. He successfully completed 12 credit hours during the spring of 1994, giving him a total of 54 credit hours (42 percent) of the 129 credit hours required for this degree program, giving him a deficit of 10.5 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted that, as a recruited student-athlete, the institution should have been aware that the student-athlete would not meet the percentage-of-degree requirements through pre-enrollment evaluation. The subcommittee also noted the large number of hours the student-athlete would have to make up to meet the 50 percent requirement and maintain progress toward graduation.

■ Approved, upon resubmission, the application from an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. In the fall of 1993, the student-athlete sustained a severe knee injury, which precluded him from competing during the rest of the season. The injury, together with personal problems at home involving his parents' divorce, resulted in the student-athlete being severely depressed and attempting suicide in December 1993. The student-athlete then enrolled as a full-time student at another NCAA institution near his home in order to continue his academic progress; however, due to aggravation of the knee injury, he withdrew with zero credits from that institution. He then satisfactorily completed nine credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 58 credit hours (43.9 percent) of the 132 credit hours required for a degree in physical education, resulting in a deficit of eight credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted that, had the student-athlete not enrolled at the second institution during the spring of 1994 in an effort to continue his academic progress, he would have received a missed-term exception and would have met satisfactory progress requirements. In addition, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had performed particularly well academically during the summer of 1994, reflecting a "good-faith" effort to meet satisfactory progress.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution as a two-year college transfer in the spring of 1994. Upon enrollment, he declared a major in business. The institution accepted 66.5 transferable credit hours; however, only 35 credit hours applied toward his degree. He successfully completed 10 credit hours during the spring of 1994 and enrolled in three credit hours during the summer of 1994, giving him a total of 48 credit hours (37 percent) of the 128 credit hours required for his degree program and a deficit of 16 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted that, as a recruited student-athlete, the institution

should have been aware that the student-athlete would not meet the percentage-of-degree requirements through pre-enrollment evaluation. The subcommittee also noted the large number of hours the student-athlete would have to make up to meet the 50 percent requirement and maintain progress toward graduation.

■ Denied the request of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution as a two-year college transfer in the spring of 1994. Upon enrollment at the institution, the student-athlete declared his major in environmental health. The institution accepted 61 transferable credit hours; however, only 42 credit hours applied toward this major. He successfully completed 12 credit hours during the spring of 1994, giving him a total of 54 credit hours (42 percent) of the 129 credit hours required for this degree program and a deficit of 10.5 credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted that, as a recruited student-athlete, the institution should have been aware that the student-athlete would not meet the percentage-of-degree requirements through pre-enrollment evaluation. The subcommittee also noted the large number of hours the student-athlete would have to make up to meet the 50 percent requirement and maintain progress toward graduation.

■ Approved the request of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. The state education department specifies that, through results of academic placement tests, student-athletes may be required to complete developmental course work. The student-athlete had to complete 18 credit hours of developmental work and, as a result, successfully completed only 63 credit hours (47 percent) of the 132 credit hours required for his degree program, giving him a deficit of three credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete needed only three credit hours to meet the 50 percent requirement, in spite of the large number of developmental credit hours he was required to complete. In addition, the subcommittee noted that, on two prior occasions, the student had been advised that it was not necessary to attend summer school to maintain satisfactory progress.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman and declared a major in the College of Engineering. He found this degree to be more demanding than expected and, upon completion of the 1993 summer session, the student-athlete withdrew from the institution. In the fall of 1993, he enrolled at another college as a part-time student and satisfactorily completed six credit hours. He reenrolled at the applicant institution in the spring of 1994, changing his major to environmental and business economics. Upon the conclusion of the 1994 summer session, the student-athlete had successfully completed 62 credit hours (48.4 percent) of the 128 credit hours required for his degree, giving him a deficit of two credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that, as a walk-on, nonrecruited student-athlete, it appeared the student-athlete was not receiving the academic guidance he should have been given with regard to his choice of degree. The subcommittee also noted his good academic progress in his new degree program.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993 as a two-year college transfer. The institution accepted 52 transferable degree credits; however, only 30 credit hours could be directly applied toward a degree in sociology. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete successfully completed 28 credit hours, giving him a total of 58 credit hours (46.8 percent) of the 124 hours required for a degree in sociology and a deficit of four credit hours. Initially, the athletics department miscalculated the number of satisfactory-progress hours that the student-athlete needed. As a result, he was unable to attend summer school in a timely manner. In addition, the student-athlete "tested out" of a foreign-language requirement but, according to institutional policy, he could not be awarded credit for these courses. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the limited number of hours that were acceptable by the institution, as well as the rationale behind the adoption of the 50 percent requirement.

■ Approved the application of a member institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution

in the fall of 1993 as a transfer student from a four-year institution. Upon entering the applicant institution, he selected a major in secondary education (mathematics). The applicant institution accepted 24 credit hours from the other institution and six credit hours toward his degree program. During the 1993-94 academic year, the student-athlete successfully completed 27 credit hours at the applicant institution and successfully completed eight credit hours during the summer of 1994 at a two-year college, giving him a total of 65 credit hours (47.4 percent) of the 137 credit hours required for his degree and a deficit of 3.5 credit hours. The applicant institution noted that the student-athlete lost additional hours due to transferring and inadequate advising. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted the large number of hours required for the student-athlete's degree program, his loss of credit hours upon transfer and the fact that his decision to transfer involved compelling personal reasons.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. She declared a major in the College of Pharmacy, which is considered to be a five-year degree program. The student-athlete had successfully completed 97 credit hours (46 percent) of the 209 credit hours required for a degree in pharmacy. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had achieved the "20/40/60" standard for five-year degree programs recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1993. She initially was declared a freshman, as it appeared that she had attended an HBO in the Netherlands, which is considered to be a collegiate institution, on only a part-time basis. Based on the information received from the student-athlete and a review of her transcript, it later was ascertained that the student-athlete had attended the HBO as a full-time student for two years and now was considered to be a four-year college transfer. As a result, the student athlete was entering her fourth year of collegiate enrollment and had to meet the 50 percent requirement. No credit hours were transferable from the HBO; therefore, the student-athlete completed countable degree credit only during the 1993-94 academic year. During 1993-94, she successfully completed 33 credit hours (27.5 percent) of the 120 credit hours required for a degree in psychology, giving her a deficit of 27 credit hours. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete was a qualifier upon graduation from high school and had completed a strong academic record during her first academic year at the applicant institution. In addition, the subcommittee noted that the institution had made repeated "good-faith" efforts to establish her entrance status.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman in the developmental-studies program. The student-athlete had successfully completed 85 credit hours (47.2 percent) of the 180 quarter hours required for a degree in criminal justice, giving him a deficit of five credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete had failed three courses and had withdrawn from three other courses, which contributed to his poor academic performance. In addition, the subcommittee noted that the student did not appear to be making progress toward his degree.

■ Denied the request of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman. As a result of improper monitoring and too many remedial hours, the student-athlete had successfully completed only 60 credit hours (47.6 percent) of the 126 credit hours required for a degree in administration of justice, giving him a deficit of three credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the overall weak academic record of the student-athlete, including five failed courses and two withdrawals.

■ Approved the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at another four-year institution in the fall of 1991 as a freshman; however, he withdrew receiving no credit from the other institution. In the spring of 1992, he transferred to the applicant institu-



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tion. The student-athlete had declared a major in physical education and successfully completed 61 credit hours (49 percent) of the 124 credit hours required for a degree in that program, giving him a deficit of one credit hour. In approving the request, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete appeared to be making good progress toward his degree and noted the limited scope of the waiver request.

■ Denied the application of an institution on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of

1991 as a freshman. As a result of improper monitoring and too many remedial hours, the student-athlete successfully completed only 62 credit hours (47.7 percent) of the 130 credit hours required for a degree in general business, giving him a deficit of three credit hours. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted the overall weak academic record of the student-athlete, which included two failed courses and five withdrawals.

### Other applications:

■ Approved the application of an institution, per NCAA Bylaw 14.4.3.2.2

("25/50/75"), on behalf of a student-athlete who initially enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a freshman in general studies. In the fall of 1994, he intended to declare a major in industrial education (7-12) within the Teachers College. The student-athlete successfully completed 53 credit hours in general studies; however, only 33 credit hours will apply toward the Teachers College program. In addition, the student-athlete was enrolled in three credit hours applicable toward the designated degree during the summer of 1994. Assuming that he successfully completed the three credit hours, he would have a total of 36 credit hours (23 percent) of the

156 credit hours for the designated degree program, giving him a deficit of three credit hours. In approving the application, the subcommittee noted the significant number of hours required to complete the degree program and concluded that the program was analogous to a five-year program of study. The subcommittee noted that the student-athlete achieved the "20/40/60" standard for a five-year degree program recommended by the Academic Requirements Committee.

■ Denied the application of an institution, per Bylaw 14.4.3.3.1 ("90/95"), on behalf of a student-athlete who initially

enrolled at the institution in the fall of 1992 as a freshman. Upon entering his third year of collegiate enrollment in the fall of 1994, the student-athlete had a grade-point average of 1.783. The institution's graduation policy requires that all students achieve a minimum cumulative grade-point average of 2.000 for graduation. Therefore, the student-athlete needed a 1.800 grade-point average in order to meet the 90 percent requirement. In denying the request, the subcommittee noted there were no extenuating circumstances surrounding the deficit in the grade-point average and that the student-athlete had an overall weak academic record.

## ■ NCAA staff directory

6201 College Boulevard ■ Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422 ■ 913/339-1906

### Academic Requirements

Daniel T. Dutcher  
Kevin C. Lennon

### Accounting

Keith E. Martin  
David A. Knopp  
John H. Leavens  
Kevin C. Lennon

### Attendance

Baseball—Sean W. Straziscar  
Football—James F. Wright  
Men's Basketball—Gary K. Johnson  
Softball—John D. Painter  
Women's Basketball—Richard M. Campbell

### Baseball

Div. I—Dennis L. Poppe  
Media—James F. Wright  
Records—James F. Wright  
Div. II—R. Wayne Burrow  
Div. III—Thomas A. Jacobs  
Publications—Theodore A. Breidenthal

### Basketball, Men's

Div. I—Thomas W. Jernstedt  
William Hancock  
Daniel A. Calandro  
Bernard M. Muir  
Media—David E. Cawood  
Records—Gary K. Johnson  
Finances—Keith E. Martin  
Div. II—Thomas A. Jacobs  
Media—Sean W. Straziscar  
Div. III—Christine M. Pohl  
Publications—Laura E. Bollig  
Summer Leagues—Christopher D. Schoemann  
Summer Events—Christopher D. Schoemann

### Basketball, Women's

Div. I—Patricia E. Bork  
Donna J. Noonan  
Media—Cynthia M. Van Matre  
Records—James F. Wright  
Div. II—R. Wayne Burrow  
Div. III—Deborah R. Nelson  
Publications—Laura E. Bollig  
Summer Leagues—Christopher D. Schoemann  
Summer Camps—Christopher D. Schoemann

### Betty Ford Center Program

Frank D. Uryasz  
Ellen Hanley  
Donna L. Hockersmith

### Bowl Games

David E. Cawood  
Keith E. Martin

### Catastrophic Athletics Injury Program

Michael S. McNeely

### Certification of Compliance

Garnett Purnell

### Championships Accounting

Keith E. Martin  
Sarah A. Robert  
Kevin G. Clark

### Championships Committees

Div. I—Patricia E. Bork  
Div. II—Dennis L. Poppe  
Div. III—Donna J. Noonan

### Championships Insurance

Michael S. McNeely

### CHOICES

Frank D. Uryasz

### Classification

Shirley Whitacre

### Cooches Certification

Kevin C. Lennon

### College Sports USA

Cynthia M. Van Matre

### Committee on Infractions

Robin J. Green

### Committees

Fannie B. Vaughan

### Compliance

John H. Leavens

### Compliance Assistant Software

Carrie A. Dias  
Kathy L. Day

### Compliance Reviews

David A. Knopp

### CompuServe/Collegiate Sports Network

Daniel W. Spencer

### Conference-Grant Programs

Frank E. Marshall

### Conference Insurance

Suzanne M. Kerley

### Contracts

Michael S. McNeely

### Convention

Arrangements—Louis J. Spry  
Will J. Rudd  
Ronald D. Mott  
Honors Dinner—James A. Marchiony  
Legislation—Nancy L. Mitchell  
Daniel T. Dutcher  
Media—Kathryn M. Reith  
Publications—Nancy L. Mitchell  
Laura E. Bollig  
Registration—Phyllis M. Tonn  
Voting—S. David Berst  
Daniel W. Spencer

### Copyright Royalty Tribunal

Regina L. McNeal

### Corporate Partners

David E. Cawood  
Alfred B. White

### Council

Stephen R. Morgan

### Cross Country, Men's and Women's

Div. I—Deborah R. Nelson  
Div. II—Carl E. Daniels  
Div. III—Stann Tate  
Publications—Stephen R. Hagwell

### Data Processing

Daniel W. Spencer  
Douglas A. Carpenter  
Kathy L. Day

### Degree-Completion Grants

Ursula R. Walsh

### Distribution of Revenue

Frank E. Marshall  
Keith E. Martin

### Drug and Alcohol Education

Frank D. Uryasz  
Ellen Hanley

### Drug Testing

Frank D. Uryasz  
Ellen Hanley  
Donna L. Hockersmith

### Eligibility Restoration Appeals

Carrie A. Doyle

### Enforcement

S. David Berst  
Charles E. Smrt

### Enrollment and Persistence Rates

N. Bea Pray

### Exceptional Student-Athlete Disability Program

Michael S. McNeely

### Executive Committee

Patricia E. Bork

### Facility Specifications

Wallace I. Renfro

### Fencing, Men's and Women's

Stann Tate  
Publications—J. Gregory Summers

### Field Hockey

Michelle A. Pond  
Publications—Martin T. Benson

### Films/Videotapes

Regina L. McNeal  
Kerwin E. Hudson

### Financial Audit

David R. Brunk

### Football

Div. I-AA—Dennis L. Poppe  
Media—Will J. Rudd  
Div. II—Stann Tate  
Div. III—R. Wayne Burrow  
Publications—J. Gregory Summers

### Foreign Student Records

Jacqueline G. Hudson  
Marybeth Ruskamp

### Foreign Tours

Shane Lyons

### Gambling Task Force

Richard R. Hilliard

### Gender-Equity Issues

Janet M. Justus

### Golf, Men's

Philip A. Buttafuoco  
Publications—Gary T. Brown

### Golf, Women's

Michelle A. Pond  
Publications—Gary T. Brown

### Governmental Relations

Federal—Francis M. Canavan  
State—Richard R. Hilliard

### Graduation-Rates Disclosure

N. Bea Pray

### Graphics

Victor M. Royal

### Gymnastics, Men's

Deborah R. Nelson  
Publications—Stephen R. Hagwell

### Gymnastics, Women's

Christine M. Pohl  
Publications—Stephen R. Hagwell

### Halls of Fame

John T. Waters

### Honors Program

James A. Marchiony

### Ice Hockey, Men's

Div. I—Philip A. Buttafuoco  
Media—John D. Painter

Divs. II/III—Carl E. Daniels  
Publications—Theodore A. Breidenthal

### Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse

Robert A. Oliver

### Initial-Eligibility Waivers

Marybeth Ruskamp

### Injury Surveillance System

Randall W. Dick

### Institutional Self-Study

Robert W. Thomas

### Insurance Programs

Michael S. McNeely

### Intern Program

Stanley D. Johnson

### Interpretations

Nancy L. Mitchell  
Stephen A. Mallonee

### International Competition

Shane Lyons

### Joint Policy Board

Thomas W. Jernstedt  
Nancy L. Mitchell

### Lacrosse, Men's

Philip A. Buttafuoco  
Media—James A. Marchiony  
Publications—Martin T. Benson

### Lacrosse, Women's

R. Wayne Burrow  
Publications—Martin T. Benson

### Legislation

Nancy L. Mitchell  
Daniel T. Dutcher

### Legislative Services Database

Christopher D. Schoemann

### Library of Films

Regina L. McNeal

### Licensing

John T. Waters

### Life-Skills Program

Betty B. Norrie

### Media Inquiries

Kathryn M. Reith

### Membership

Shirley Whitacre

### Merchandising

Alfred B. White

### Metrics

Wallace I. Renfro

### Minority-Enhancement Program

Stanley D. Johnson

### Minority Issues

Stanley D. Johnson

### NCAA Foundation

Emmy F. Morrissey  
Editorial—P. David Pickle  
Jack L. Copeland  
Vikki K. Watson

### The NCAA News

Advertising—Ronald D. Mott  
Subscriptions—Maxine R. Alejos

### NYSP

Edward A. Thiebe  
Rochelle M. Collins

### Official-Ball Program

David E. Cawood

### Personnel

Suzanne M. Kerley  
De Ann M. Mortensen  
Fannie B. Vaughan

### Postgraduate Scholarships

David E. Cawood

### Postseason Football

David E. Cawood

### Presidents Commission

Francis M. Canavan

### Printed Championships Programs

Cynthia M. Van Matre

### Productions

James A. Marchiony  
Kerwin E. Hudson

### Professional Development Seminars

Alfred B. White

### Professional Sports Counseling Panels

Richard C. Perko

### Promotion

Alfred B. White  
Cynthia M. Van Matre

### Public Relations

Francis M. Canavan  
Kathryn M. Reith

### Publishing

Michael V. Earle  
Circulation—Maxine R. Alejos  
(913/339-1900)

### Regional Seminars

Nancy L. Mitchell  
John H. Leavens

### Research

Ursula R. Walsh  
Todd A. Petr

### Rifle, Men's and Women's

Michelle A. Pond

### Scholarships

Degree Completion—Ursula R. Walsh  
Ethnic Minority—Stanley D. Johnson  
Postgraduate—Fannie B. Vaughan  
Walter Byers—Todd A. Petr  
Women's Enhancement—Stanley D. Johnson

### Skiing, Men's and Women's

Philip A. Buttafuoco

### Publications—Martin T. Benson

### Soccer, Men's

Div. I—Thomas A. Jacobs  
Div. II—Christine M. Pohl  
Div. III—Christine M. Pohl  
Publications—Gary T. Brown

### Soccer, Women's

Philip A. Buttafuoco  
Publications—Gary T. Brown

### Softball

Div. I—Christine M. Pohl  
Media—Laura E. Bollig  
Div. II—Deborah R. Nelson  
Div. III—Deborah R. Nelson  
Publications—Laura E. Bollig

### Speakers Bureau

John T. Waters

### Special Events Committee

David E. Cawood  
Keith E. Martin

### Sports Safety, Medicine

Frank D. Uryasz  
Randall W. Dick  
Ellen Hanley  
Donna L. Hockersmith

### Squad Lists

N. Bea Pray

### Statistics

Rankings  
Divs. I-AA/I-AA Football—  
Gary K. Johnson  
James F. Wright  
Div. II Football—  
John D. Painter  
Div. III Football—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Div. I Men's Basketball—  
Gary K. Johnson  
Divs. II/III Men's Basketball—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Div. I Women's Basketball—  
James F. Wright  
Divs. II/III Women's Basketball—  
John D. Painter  
Divs. I/II/III Baseball—  
John D. Painter  
Divs. I/II/III Softball—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Records and Research  
Divs. I-AA/I-AA Football—  
Richard M. Campbell  
Div. II Football—  
John D. Painter  
Div. III Football—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Div. I Men's Basketball—  
Gary K. Johnson  
Divs. II/III Men's Basketball—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Div. I Women's Basketball—  
Richard M. Campbell  
Divs. II/III Women's Basketball—  
John D. Painter  
Divs. I/II/III Baseball—  
Sean W. Straziscar  
Divs. I/II/III Soft