

The NCAA News



Official Publication of the National Collegiate Athletic Association

November 8, 1993, Volume 30, Number 40

Dempsey the choice as new executive director

By P. David Pickle
EDITOR-IN-CHIEF, THE NCAA NEWS

Cedric W. Dempsey, praised by NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley as "a man of integrity," was announced as the Association's third executive director November 5.

The University of Arizona athletics director and NCAA secretary-treasurer is expected to assume his new position January 1 but will spend some time on NCAA matters before that date.

Dempsey affirmed his commitment to the Association's reform agenda and said he especially looked forward to the 1996 Convention, when the Association will consider matters pertaining to integrity in intercollegiate athletics.

Issues that require immediate attention, he said, are those involving gender equity, racial diversity and membership structure. He said he believes the Association needs to examine the ramifications of a Division I-A football playoff, but he doesn't see it as one

of the NCAA's primary priorities.

Flanked by NCAA Presidents Commission Chair Gregory M. St. L. O'Brien and Crowley and accompanied by his wife, June, Dempsey said the task he faces as executive director is two-fold. "First, there is the management of the staff," he said. "I want to develop a team relationship with these people. Second, the executive director must represent the Association externally and develop visionary ideas and concepts."

Finalists interviewed

Dempsey was chosen by the NCAA Executive Committee and confirmed by the NCAA Council and Presidents Commission after a series of interviews with four finalists November 1-2. The other finalists were William W. Cobey Jr., former U.S. Congressman and former director of athletics at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Judith M. Sweet, di-

See **Dempsey**, page 29 ▶



Cedric W. Dempsey (middle) joins NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley (right) and Gregory M. St. L. O'Brien (left), chair of the NCAA Presidents Commission, at a news conference November 5 announcing Dempsey's selection as new executive director of the NCAA.

Equality in salary is hot issue

By Jasmine Hightower
THE NCAA NEWS STAFF

Women's basketball coaches traditionally have received lower salaries than men's basketball coaches. Until recently, women's coaches accepted that, but now many are seeking compensation comparable to what men's coaches receive.

In the past, a women's coach

gladly might have accepted a \$96,000 per year offer regardless of what the men's coach made. However, Marianne Stanley, the former women's basketball coach at the University of Southern California, rejected that offer, alleging discrimination in contract negotiations. Stanley subsequently sued Southern California and athletics director Mike Garrett for

\$8 million and reinstatement.

In August, U.S. District Judge John G. Davies rejected Stanley's request for reinstatement. Davies ruled that Stanley had failed to prove sex discrimination. The case is currently before the Ninth U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals.

Stanley was not the only wom-

See **Salaries**, page 32 ▶

Joint Policy Board to lead structure study

The NCAA Joint Policy Board — made up of the NCAA Administrative Committee and the four officers of the NCAA Presidents Commission — has decided to initiate a study of the NCAA membership structure.

The decision was made in a special meeting November 2 in Kansas City, Missouri.

NCAA President Joseph N. Crowley and Presidents Commission Chair Gregory M. St. L. O'Brien explained that the Joint Policy Board will launch the study by inviting the membership to submit suggestions regarding the issues to be addressed in the study and then to submit models that deal with those issues.

Once that occurs, the Joint Policy

Board will appoint one or more representative committees to review the ideas submitted by the membership.

"There obviously is great interest in further federation of the Association," Crowley said. "I believe we will see models developed for the Association as a whole and also for the various divisions or subdivisions. It seems clear that there will be a much more federated NCAA in the future."

The membership will vote on a resolution at the 1994 NCAA Convention acknowledging this study and calling for a discussion of the issues and, if possible, legislation at the 1995 Convention, but legislation in any event not later than the 1996 Convention.

Winter-spring Top Six finalists named

Eight student-athletes from winter and spring sports have been selected as finalists for this year's NCAA Today's Top Six. Among the finalists are the 1993 Margaret Wade Trophy winner, the Amateur

Softball Association player of the year and six NCAA individual champions.

Fall-sport finalists also will be selected this year and then the Today's Top Six will be selected by

the NCAA Honors Committee from both groups of finalists.

They and six Silver Anniversary Award winners will be recognized

See **Finalists**, page 26 ▶

■ In the News

Championships previews	6
Football statistics	11
Administrative Review Panel actions	15
Institutional secondary infractions	23
Presidents Commission minutes	25
Administrative Committee minutes	25
The Market	31



Keilitz

■ The NCAA Special Committee to Study Rules Federation by Sport, chaired by David B. Keilitz of Central Michigan University, plans to develop a survey for use at the 1994 Convention: **Page 3.**

■ In a guest editorial, a sports publicist at the University of Notre Dame urges journalists to consider their role in promoting gender equity in intercollegiate athletics: **Page 4.**

■ The NCAA Olympic Sports Liaison Committee recommends use of a standardized form for determining the amateur status of foreign student-athletes: **Page 5.**

■ On deck

November 10	Special Advisory Committee for Women's Corporate Marketing, Washington, D.C.
November 12-14	Committee on Infractions, Kansas City, Missouri
November 21-22	Division I-AA Football Committee, Kansas City, Missouri
November 30-December 2	Division I Men's Basketball Committee, Seattle
December 5-6	Executive Committee, Kansas City, Missouri

The NCAA News DIGEST

A weekly summary of major activities within the Association

Executive director

Arizona's Dempsey new executive director

Cedric W. Dempsey, athletics director at the University of Arizona, will be the new executive director of the NCAA. The announcement was made November 5 at the NCAA national office; a complete account appears starting on page 1 of this issue.

The 61-year-old veteran athletics administrator will replace Richard D. Schultz, who announced his resignation May 11.

Other finalists for the position were William W. Cobey Jr., former director of athletics at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill (1976-1980), and former secretary of the North Carolina Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources (1989-1993); Judith M. Sweet, director of athletics at the University of California, San Diego, and immediate past-president of the NCAA, and R. Gerald Turner, chancellor at the University of Mississippi and immediate past-chair of the NCAA Presidents Commission. Turner withdrew his name from consideration November 2.

For more detail, see page 1 of this issue.

Gender equity

Source book subcommittee to develop publication drafts

The sourcebook subcommittee of the NCAA Gender-Equity Task Force has authorized the NCAA staff to develop drafts of publications directed at campus audiences that set policy as well as those that will implement policy regarding gender equity.

At its November 4 meeting in Denver, the subcommittee heard from representatives of the Office of Civil Rights, Region 8, regarding Title IX review processes; reviewed communication efforts of other organizations addressing gender equity, and developed an outline of those topics that should be included in an initial effort for an NCAA sourcebook.

Drafts of the materials will be reviewed by the subcommittee when it meets January 12 in San Antonio. The subcommittee expects the material to be ready for distribution no later than next fall.

Staff contact: Janet M. Justus.

Litigation

Drug-testing case heard; Nevada case in appeal

The California Supreme Court heard November 1 a long-standing lawsuit that challenges the NCAA's right to test for drugs at

its championships.

The case, Hill and McKeever v. NCAA, involves whether California's constitutional privacy guarantee requires the activities of a private association to be subject to a "strict scrutiny test" by the courts. The NCAA has claimed that the test should be whether the need for drug testing, in balance, is greater than the claimed private intrusion.

The NCAA case is the first in which the California Supreme Court must rule directly on drug testing and privacy rights in the private sector.

Steven Mayer, an attorney for the athletes bringing the suit, said the program "tests too many sports, too many people and too many drugs and asks too much information from people who do not test positive."

C. Douglas Floyd, attorney for the NCAA,

said the program was needed to protect athletes, to preserve competition and to combat the pressure some athletes feel to take drugs despite evidence of their harmful effects.

In another matter, a three-judge panel for the Ninth Circuit of the U.S. Court of Appeals is in the process of considering the appeal of NCAA v. Miller, et al., the case that involves the NCAA's challenge of a Nevada "due-process" law.

In June 1992, a Federal judge ruled for the NCAA, saying that the Nevada law restricts the Association's ability to enforce its rules consistently in all 50 states and prevents Nevada member institutions from fulfilling their contractual obligations to the NCAA. The NCAA filed the suit November 12, 1991.

For more detail, see the October 18, 1993, and June 10, 1992, issues of The NCAA News.

Schedule of key dates for November and December 1993

November

	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

NOVEMBER RECRUITING

Men's Division I basketball

1-8 (8 a.m.) Quiet period.
8 (8 a.m.)-12 (8 a.m.) Dead period.
12 (8 a.m.)-30 Quiet period.

Women's Division I basketball*

1-8 (8 a.m.) Quiet period.
8 (8 a.m.)-12 (8 a.m.) Dead period.
12 (8 a.m.)-30 Quiet period.

Men's, women's Division II basketball*

November 1 until the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest: Quiet period.

Period between the prospect's initial and final high-school or two-year college contests: Evaluation period.

Division I football

1-30 Evaluation period.

Division II football

1-30 Evaluation period.

MAILING

15 — Official Notice to Convention to be mailed. Official Notice includes all proposed legislation and the properly submitted amendments-to-amendments. The delegate-appointment form is sent to the member's chief executive officer with the CEO's copy of the Official Notice.

December

		1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31			

DECEMBER RECRUITING

Men's Division I basketball

1-11 Evaluation period.
12-31 Quiet period.

Women's Division I basketball*

1-5 Quiet period.
6-11 Evaluation period.
12-13 Quiet period.
14-18 Evaluation period.
19-26 Quiet period.
27-30 Evaluation period.
31 Quiet period.

Men's, women's Division II basketball*

Quiet period to the date of the prospect's initial high-school or two-year college contest. After that, evaluation period.

Division I football

1-23: Contact period, except for December 6 (8 a.m.) through December 10 (8 a.m.) for two-year college prospects and their educational institutions (dead period).
24-31 Dead period.

Division II football

1-31 Contact period.

*See page 111 of the 1993-94 NCAA Manual for exceptions. Also, see pages 114-115 for dead periods in other Divisions I and II sports.

Staff contacts: Frank D. Uryasz (drug testing) and Richard R. Hilliard (state laws).

Rules federation

Special committee plans to develop survey

The NCAA Special Committee to Study Rules Federation by Sport hopes to develop a survey of membership views on federation issues in time for the 1994 NCAA Convention.

The committee met October 25-26 in Chicago. A complete review of its meeting appears on page 3.

The committee continued discussions from its June meeting, when it began reviewing the rationale of bylaws regarding recruiting, eligibility, amateurism, playing and practice seasons, and coaching and personnel in an effort to identify those that could be amended to apply differently to different sports.

The committee is to report to the 1994 Convention about the possibility of developing legislation on rules federated by sport. If it believes federated rules are possible, legislation could be prepared for the 1995 Convention.

Staff contact: Stephen R. Morgan.

Convention

Sangster, Coll get VP nominations

William M. Sangster, faculty athletics representative at Georgia Institute of Technology, and Edward G. Coll Jr., president of Alfred University, have been nominated by the Association's Nominating Committee as vice-presidents for Divisions I and III, respectively.

The nominations will be voted upon at the 1994 Convention in San Antonio in January.

Also, a total of 43 proposals will be considered — all by roll-call vote — during the Convention's Presidential Agenda Day. The total number of proposals before the Convention this year, counting amendments-to-amendments and resolutions, is 192. That is the largest number since the 1988 Convention faced 200 proposals.

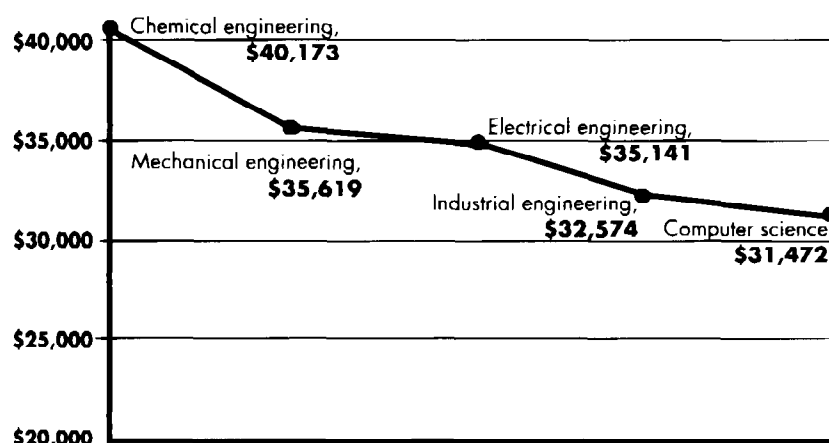
The Official Notice of the Convention will be mailed to the membership November 15. The delegate-appointment form will be sent to each institution's chief executive officer, along with the CEO's copy of the Official Notice.

For more detail, see the October 25 issue of The NCAA News.

Earning power

Academic majors attracting the highest average starting salaries for 1992-93 graduates.

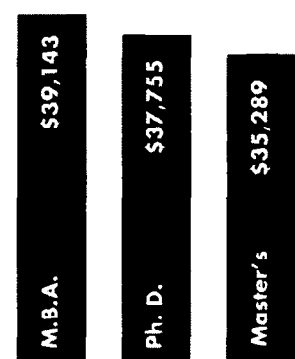
Source: The Kansas City Star, cited in a supplement prepared for the NCAA Committee on Review and Planning.



Next:
(All below \$30,000)
Civil engineering
Nursing
Physics
Chemistry
Accounting

At the bottom:
(Only ones below \$20,000)
Advertising
Journalism

Graduate degrees



Briefly in the News

Majors' show targets youth

University of Pittsburgh football coach **Johnny Majors** did not want a run-of-the-mill coach's show when he rejoined the Panther program last December. He wanted "The Johnny Majors Show" to be a hit with youngsters.

To that end, Majors and the producers of his show conceived the idea of taping the show at local elementary schools within the city of Pittsburgh school district.

"Over the years, I have developed a strong interest in helping the youth of our country," Majors said. "Any time I can, I just want to have a positive influence on our youth."

Bill Hilgrove, a longtime Pittsburgh broadcaster who hosts the show, said he is impressed with Majors' popularity and ability to connect with the youngsters.

"It is not easy to be able to reach and interest a preteen audience," Hilgrove said. "But coach Majors can recall images, pictures of his youth and even stories about his own elementary school teachers to which these kids can relate. I remember at our first taping, Coach recited a rhyme about crossing guards he learned from his first-grade teacher. It started something like 'stop, look and listen...' I can't even remember the rest of it. After he finished, I could see on the faces of the kids (that) he had their complete attention, and they seemed impressed that he could remember something that he learned so long ago."

Majors' show includes a question-and-answer segment with the students. He will ask them questions about current events or one of their class subjects, or offer a general question about what it is like being an elementary school student.



University of Pittsburgh football coach **Johnny Majors** tapes his weekly "The Johnny Majors Show" at local elementary schools within the Pittsburgh school district. He said he wants to have a positive influence on youth.

Yugoslavia, which is now a part of Serbia. Mosnia is a native of Barban, Yugoslavia, in the province of Istria near the Italian border. Mrak is a third-generation Croatian-American from Valparaiso, Indiana.

"We have a very good relationship," Begovic said. "It doesn't matter what's going on right now in Yugoslavia, and we don't really talk about it that much."

"We're good, good friends. I like Cizo and Mis a lot.... 'Let's go over there and make peace,' we joke. We care because we have families over there, but we don't talk about it because we are friends. It doesn't matter between us."

Mosnia added: "There are so many deep feelings that are involved in something like that, especially back in Yugoslavia where those people have been warring against each other. I don't approve of that. There should be a peaceful solution."

Galloping Dehere

A racehorse is running to help young people escape the dangers of violence-plagued cities. The two-year-old colt, Dehere, is named after Terry Dehere, who was the 1993 Big East Conference basketball

player of the year as a senior at Seton Hall University.

Robert E. Brennan owns the horse and has used its earnings to provide initial funding for the Dehere Foundation, which will seek to develop, fund and implement a program to remove handguns from the possession of young people.

Dehere, the horse, ran in the Breeders Cup November 6.

"Terry and I grew up in inner cities, and the senseless violence that is being perpetrated by the easy access of guns in the hands of kids is appalling to both of us," said Brennan, who is chair of the board of regents at Seton Hall. "Almost one out of every 10 kids in grades six through 12 in the inner cities has shot a gun at another human being. This is a major problem, and it has got to stop."

The player Dehere, now in the National Basketball Association with the Los Angeles Clippers, added: "I've been fortunate and I am on the threshold of what I hope will be an exciting professional career playing the game I love. However, many kids I grew up with have not been as lucky to get a chance to live any kind of life, or to live at all. The idea for a foundation emerged during conversations I had with Mr. Brennan, and I am excited to be a part of it. I have great hopes for its success."

All for one

When **Jerry Smith** resigned in 1987 as assistant men's soccer coach at Santa Clara University to become head women's soccer coach there, he knew there would be certain hurdles that he would have to clear.

In addition to accepting a cut in pay to fill the part-time job of women's coach, Smith was concerned about the struggle to gain respect for the program on campus and in the community.

He recalled recently an incident during his first season as head coach that changed his mind about the level of difficulty he faced achieving respect for the program at Santa Clara. When his team arrived at the practice field at Buck Shaw Stadium, the football team was practicing. Smith approached football coach **Terry Malley** and was prepared for a typical battle women's coaches often wage. But when Malley immediately—and willingly—moved his players off the field to make room for the women's soccer team to practice, Smith felt better about the future.

"That would never happen at other schools," he said. "It showed how unique Santa Clara is."

News quiz

Answers to the following questions appeared in October issues of *The NCAA News*. How many can you answer?

1. Since 1948, how many football coaches have won 10 or more games in their first year of coaching at the Division I-A level? (a) 13; (b) 18; (c) 23; (d) 28.

2. How many victories did Paul "Bear" Bryant record as a coach at the Division I-A level? (a) 313; (b) 314; (c) 323; (d) 381.

3. True or false: \$8.85 million of fees paid by CBS in 1994-95 for rights to NCAA championships will be placed in a membership trust reserve.

4. A California lawsuit challenging the Association's right to test for drugs at championships—*Hill and McKeever v. NCAA*—dates to what year? (a) 1985; (b) 1987; (c) 1988; (d) 1990.

5. At midseason, which Division I-A football conference was the only league in which teams averaged more rushing than passing yards per game? (a) Western Athletic Conference; (b) Pacific-10 Conference; (c) Big Eight Conference; (d) Southeastern Conference.

6. True or false: Soccer is the most rapidly expanding women's sport in the NCAA, in terms of sponsorship.

7. How many proposals were submitted as of October 15 for consideration at the 1994 NCAA Convention? (a) 175; (b) 176; (c) 191; (d) 192.

8. How many proposals for the 1994 Convention have been identified by the NCAA Presidents Commission for action during Presidential Agenda Day? (a) 43; (b) 45; (c) 51; (d) 53.

Answers on page 32.

Fact file

A study for the Hyatt Hotels Corp. suggests that executives who cheat at golf (e.g., move the ball for a better lie or "forget" a flubbed stroke while keeping score) also are more likely to cheat in business. In the study of 400 executives, 47 percent said practices on the golf course mirror those in the boardroom. Fifty-five percent admitted to cheating at golf, and more than a third of those said they also have lied in business.

Source: Report in the *Atlanta Journal and Constitution*, cited in a trends supplement prepared for the NCAA Committee on Review and Planning.

Committee notices

Member institutions are invited to submit nominations to fill vacancies on NCAA committees. Nominations to fill the following vacancy must be submitted in writing to Fannie B. Vaughan, executive assistant, in the NCAA national office no later than November 22, 1993 (fax number 913/339-0035).

Secretary-treasurer: Replacement for Cedric W. Dempsey, University of Arizona, who has been named as the new NCAA executive director. To be eligible to serve as an NCAA officer, an individual must be on the staff of a member institution as chief executive officer, faculty athletics representative, athletics director, senior woman administrator of athletics programs or a full-time athletics administrator who is a member of an ethnic minority, or must be a member conference's full-time, salaried employee who serves as its executive officer or senior woman administrator or as an athletics administrator who is a member of an ethnic minority.

Coach suspended for comments

Drake University men's basketball coach Rudy Washington has been suspended from the Bulldogs' November 27 opener with Simpson College because of his critical comments on officiating and general administration of the Missouri Valley Conference during last season's MVC championship tournament, the league an-

nounced October 25.

Washington made his public complaints after Drake's 60-59 loss to Illinois State University in the tournament semifinals March 7.

Conference rules stipulate a suspension for public criticism of officials or the league, a conference spokesman told *The Associated Press*.

Committee studying federated rules to launch survey at Convention

A special committee formed to study rules federation by sport continues to review NCAA bylaws to determine whether they should apply in the same way to all sports.

The NCAA Special Committee to Study Rules Federation by Sport, which met October 25-26 in Chicago, hopes to develop a survey to determine membership views on some issues in time for the 1994 NCAA Convention.

The committee continued discussions from its previous meeting in June, when it began reviewing the rationale of bylaws regarding recruiting, eligibility, amateurism, playing and practice seasons, and coaching and personnel in an effort to identify those that could be amended to apply differently to various sports.

'Piece by piece'

"We went through them piece

by piece to try to see what we might do differently for sports other than football and basketball," said David B. Keilitz, athletics director at Central Michigan University and chair of the committee. "What we're going to do is take suggestions and put them in the form of a survey to pass out at the Convention."

Proposal No. 151, adopted at the 1993 Convention, directed the committee to report to the 1994 Convention about the possibility of developing legislation on rules federated by sport. If the committee determines that federated rules are possible, legislation could be prepared for the 1995 Convention.

Keilitz said the survey will ask for reactions to about 12 suggestions.

"We don't want to put a recommendation forward that has no chance of flying," he said. "We'll

have a meeting in February where we take the feedback from the Convention and start forming something in terms of proposals for the 1995 Convention."

Started with coaches

Formal discussions on the topic of rules federation by sport started two years ago when a group of Division I coaches was assembled to discuss ways to simplify and reduce recruiting rules and make them more applicable by sport. Although football and basketball coaches advocated even more recruiting regulation for their sports, coaches of other team sports and individual sports said they thought rules were not made with their sports in mind.

Since that time, there has been considerable discussion not only

See **Federation**, page 5 ►

■ Comment



The NCAA News

Editor-in-chief
P. David Pickle
Managing editor
Jack L. Copeland
Assistant editor
Vikki K. Watson
**Editorial and
advertising assistant**
Ronald D. Mott

The Comment section of the NCAA News is offered as a page of opinion. The views do not necessarily represent a consensus of the NCAA membership.

□ Guest editorial

Media must check its role in equity

By Dennis K. Brown
UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

As the gender-equity issue rages on, I hope sports journalists will take a moment to examine their role in this debate.

Gender-equity critics often buttress their view by citing the lack of spectator and participatory interest in women's collegiate athletics. That fact can't be denied, but it's also perfectly understandable given the scant coverage of women in sport. It's difficult for anyone to work up much enthusiasm for a subject that receives little attention from popular media.

What is needed, then, is some affirmative action on the part of sports journalists. Rather than waiting for attendance and interest to magically materialize, reporters and editors should kick-start the process. I realize it isn't the media's job to stimulate public interest on any subject, but women are entitled to better than the second-class treatment they often receive on sports pages and broadcast reports.

This isn't to suggest that media outlets devote the same attention to women's collegiate sports as they do to football, for example. Better than most people, I recognize that space and time are tight. But just as college athletics departments must eliminate excessive spending for men's programs, the media should cut back on the excessive coverage of football and men's basketball in order to provide space and time for informed features, game stories and analysis of women's teams.

Would this make a difference? Sure, it already has.

Just five years ago, coverage of women's college basketball was spotty at best and public interest was low. Since then, the print and broadcast media have provided ever-increasing attention, which has played no small role in the game's rapidly rising attendance and ratings figures. And revenue — which is at the core of the gender-equity debate — is up, too.

The time is now to start providing first-class coverage of other women's sports.

There are 762 NCAA women's volleyball programs, second only to basketball, yet that sport receives nowhere near the coverage. Soccer is the fastest-growing sport for women

See Media, page 5 ►

Effect of football expenses challenged

Thomas O'Brien's letter to *The Chronicle of Higher Education*, a portion of which was printed in the Opinions feature of October 4 issue of *The NCAA News*, was laced with inaccuracies, innuendoes and false assumptions.

The University of Virginia football staff of 1991 had nine, not 10, assistants. The Commonwealth mandates that the salaries of Virginia (athletics) staff members come from generated revenue, not tax receipts. The range of salaries mentioned does not match the average of football staff salaries at Division I-A schools in the Southeast,

□ Letter

nor those of associate professors at the university.

Virginia football makes money. Otherwise, the athletics department could not pay the women's basketball coach — albeit deserving — a six-figure salary, nor could it have afforded to add women's sports during the 1980s.

Virginia had nine assistants in 1983, and the average attendance at home was under 20,000. Virginia had nine assistants in 1991, and the average attendance was more than 40,000. Ticket

prices were raised significantly during this period, and Virginia participated in five bowl games. Much of the money was used to enhance the coffers of the athletics department and the university. Women's sports were given additional financial support.

As long as it is required that athletics be supported strictly with generated revenues, the football program at Virginia must remain competitive in order to provide revenue for most of the other sports.

Edward H. Henry Jr.
Jacksonville, Florida

□ Opinions

Lower standard sends a bad message

Terence Moore, columnist

The Atlanta Journal

"I've said this before, and I'll say this again, or at least until everybody gets the message. The problem with the present and future academic standards for prospective athletes in the NCAA isn't that the standards are too tough. It's that they aren't tough enough.

"Anybody who can't score a 700 on the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) and maintain a grade-point average of 2.500 (4.000 scale) in high school shouldn't go to a major college anyway.

"That's just the way it is.

"Obviously, others disagree, starting with the members of the Black Coaches Association (BCA)....

"According to these coaches, many young black athletes can't achieve these higher academic standards. As a result, these coaches say that many black athletes will stay in the grip of poverty inside their ugly inner-city environments and not have the chance at a brighter future by dribbling or tackling or running for Plantation U.

"This is ridiculous. I'm not going to say that I doubt the sincerity of John Thompson, George Raveling and other black coaches who say they have noble reasons for trying to force NCAA officials to soften their emphasis on higher academic standards. I'm also sure that some white coaches actually believe they are looking out for the welfare of black youngsters. But I'm guessing that the majority of these coaches couldn't care less if these youngsters had a chance to rob a bank or become president of one if they couldn't play.

"Coaches get paid to win games. Black athletes help coaches win games. With the trend in the NCAA toward tougher academic standards, coaches see that there will be fewer black athletes to help them win games. Thus, some coaches fear for their jobs. Thus, some coaches are hiding behind this phony concern for the welfare of black youngsters because some coaches want it as easy as possible to bring slaves to their plantations.

"Anyway, it doesn't matter what the motive is for any coach or anybody else who says he favors the BCA's stance on this issue. This stance is wrong, period, because it sends a terrible message to black youngsters and others alike. What this stance says is that black youngsters don't have the mental capacity to achieve at the same level as white youngsters. That isn't the case, and I definitely know. I've worked regularly enough with black youngsters in Atlanta's inner city from single-parent homes to know that many of them suffer from low expectations. If you tell somebody that he can achieve only so much, then he'll achieve only so much....

"If black athletes continue to get the message that the NCAA has these tougher academic standards that only will get tougher, these black athletes will adjust, all right. And so will teachers, parents, relatives, coaches and anybody else who is just pushing them along.

"In the short run, with such standards, we'll have to sacrifice many among this current group of black athletes who won't qualify. So be it. I'm looking at the long run, where scores of black athletes from the inner city and everywhere else will shine both on and off the field through grade school, middle school, high school, college and life.

"Just watch and see."

John Thompson, men's basketball coach
Georgetown University

The Washington Post

"To us (the Black Coaches Association), this is so far beyond just leisure or games. I think what some people call leisure and games, we call a necessity...a vehicle. (We) feel we have an impact (through athletics) on kids becoming doctors, lawyers.... We feel athletics has more value amongst us than just competition."

George Raveling, men's basketball coach
University of Southern California

The Washington Post

"It's a moral issue, and it's a social issue. And we are not being heard. The people who make the decisions don't look like us, don't talk like us, don't live like us."

Coaching

Spike Dykes, football coach
Texas Tech University

The Houston Post

"Isn't something wrong with this if we take all the fun out of it? I mean, if we take the fun out of this game, we're missing the point. I think too often people forget what we're trying to accomplish here, to get these athletes prepared for life after college and maybe even have some fun playing football in the process."

Fighting in football

John Cooper, football coach
Ohio State University

The Associated Press

"A lot of things can be done. I think you'll see, if not this year then next year at the NCAA meetings with the Presidents Commission or with the ADs, there will be some recommendations to control it. I think there will be some talk that if any player comes off the bench, maybe he'll be suspended for the next week's game. I'd be in favor of that."

Charles M. Neinas, executive director
College Football Association

The Associated Press

"There's so much flaunting and taunting going on. I would hope the coaches will help change the philosophy that players can prove their manhood by intimidation. I don't know why it's so popular to trash talk and to try to intimidate. I think the coaches must take a leadership role to eliminate that philosophy of being macho by intimidation.

"When I was commissioner of the Big Eight Conference and Bob Devaney was coaching at Nebraska, he had the least penalized team in the conference. I asked him about it and he said he told his players if someone hit them, it took a bigger man not to retaliate and let the other guy get the 15-yard penalty. It makes common sense.

"We're already under the microscope. We have to remedy this quickly. I think the way to do it is the Devaney way."

Standardized form sought to determine amateur status

Concern about determining the amateur status of foreign student-athletes has resulted in a recommendation by the NCAA Olympic Sports Liaison Committee to create a standardized form for that purpose.

Meeting October 25-26 in New York City, the committee recommended to the NCAA Council that it sponsor legislation at the 1995 NCAA Convention to establish the form for use in all three membership divisions. Currently, a variety of methods are used by institutions and conferences to obtain information about foreign student-athletes' amateur status, and there is no requirement to compile such information.

Under the proposed legislation, completion of the form would be mandatory for both recruited and nonrecruited foreign student-athletes. It would require the signature of the foreign student-athlete and the institution's eligibility-certifi-

cation officer and be retained on file in the athletics director's office.

The committee also recommended that the form be used to solicit information from institutions on the various foreign athletics organizations—both amateur and professional—that those institutions encounter in recruiting and enrolling foreign student-athletes.

A tear-off portion of the form for easy use in submitting it to the NCAA would encourage institutions to provide that information to the Association for compilation in a resource document that would be made available to institutions.

The committee's action came after reviewing a recent membership survey regarding foreign student-athletes at NCAA institutions. The survey, which among other things attempted to determine how many foreign student-athletes are at member institutions, was conducted by the committee for the

Other highlights

In other actions at its October 25-26 meeting, which was held in conjunction with the third annual Olympic Congress of the USA in New York City, the Olympic Sports Liaison Committee:

- Met with representatives of national governing bodies for various sports to discuss those organizations' concerns regarding NCAA matters and to form an agenda for discussion of those concerns at future meetings. Also in attendance was Harvey W. Schiller, United States Olympic Committee executive director, and other USOC representatives. The Olympic Sports Liaison Committee will meet annually at the site of the Olympic Congress as part of an effort to maintain and improve lines of communication with the national governing bodies and USOC.

- Recommended to the NCAA Council that it ask the Association's executive director to continue discussions with the USOC executive director about the possibility of obtaining USOC grants for support of men's Olympic sports threatened with loss of sponsorship by NCAA institutions and for emerging women's sports as identified by the NCAA Gender-Equity Task Force.

- Reviewed 1994 Convention Proposal No. 2-132 in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation. The committee will ask the NCAA Executive Committee, sponsor of the proposal to establish

minimum sponsorship requirements for the continuation of championships, to consider encouraging the NCAA Women's Gymnastics Committee to continue its study of combining the National Collegiate Men's and Women's Gymnastics Championships, despite difficulties encountered to date in that effort.

- In another action involving men's gymnastics, agreed to ask the Executive Committee to consider the implications of the possibility that the National Collegiate Men's Gymnastics Championships will be discontinued during the year before the 1996 Summer Olympics in Atlanta.

- Discussed the development of proposed legislation for the 1995 Convention that would establish a new definition of a professional league or organization. The Association's amateurism legislation currently provides such a definition but it has proven to be difficult to apply to foreign student-athletes. The committee will refer a proposed definition to the NCAA Eligibility and Professional Sports Liaison Committees and the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism for review and comment.

- Recommended to the Council that it sponsor legislation at the 1995 Convention permitting the USOC to pay educational expenses for student-athletes, provided that certain conditions are met.

1991-92 academic year after concerns were expressed by the NCAA Eligibility Committee about an in-

crease in foreign-student eligibility-restoration cases dealing with amateurism issues.

Results of the foreign student-athlete survey will be published in a future issue of The NCAA News.

FARA takes close look at eligibility clearinghouse details

Members of the Faculty Athletics Representatives Association discussed several issues pertaining to intercollegiate athletics during their October 28-29 meeting.

Of particular interest in Chicago were sessions focusing on the new NCAA Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse. Calvin Symons, manager of the clearinghouse, led two roundtable sessions and briefly updated the entire group of about 150 faculty representatives.

Symons said most of the talk involved the operational aspect of the program. Those attending focused on questions such as how names would be entered and how reports would be acquired.

"They were very receptive to the fact that the clearinghouse is going

to be there," Symons said. "If there was any apprehension, it was conveyed in a way that was constructive.... People were telling me 'Beware of this,' 'Look for that,' and 'Have you experienced this?' It was a very useful two-way dialog."

The clearinghouse was approved at the 1993 NCAA Convention to certify the academic eligibility of prospective student-athletes in Divisions I and II. It was created to ensure that the interpretation and application of the Association's initial-eligibility legislation is consistent, to save money and time, and to establish a database that will permit the Association to study the effects of its initial- and continuing-eligibility legislation in greater detail.

Other roundtable discussions involved:

- Academic requirements, led by Jerry L. Kingston of Arizona State University, chair of the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee;

- Athletics certification, led by Annette O'Connor of La Salle University, a member of the NCAA Committee on Athletics Certification;

- Gender equity, led by Carla H. Hay of Marquette University, a member of the NCAA Gender-Equity Task Force.

Also, a session on Divisions II and III issues was led by George W. Schubert, University of North Dakota, and Gordon Collins, College of Wooster.

The meeting also featured a dinner and working session for new faculty representatives. Guidance for newcomers is a primary focus area for FARA; 155 of all faculty representatives for 1993-94 are serving in the role for the first time. Videotape was shot at this initiation session, with plans to distribute it in the future to all first-time faculty representatives.

The full group reviewed proposed legislation for the 1994 NCAA Convention. A final legislative report is expected to be distributed to the FARA membership before Thanksgiving.

The group also reviewed data pertaining to the academic performance of student-athletes and,

in that context, discussed the recent boycott of the National Association of Basketball Coaches "issues summit" by the Black Coaches Association. Interest was expressed in FARA providing its members and institutional chief executive officers with information to aid in responding to criticism of the Association's academic standards.

The next meeting of faculty athletics representatives will be at the 1994 NCAA Convention in San Antonio. The general session for faculty representatives will be Saturday, January 8, from 3 to 6 p.m. New or recently appointed faculty representatives will meet from 10:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. Sunday, January 9.

Media

Equity role vital

► Continued from page 4

in college and is receiving some notice, thanks to the next year's World Cup. But after that, who knows what will happen? Despite its more than 10,000 players at 605 schools, softball is perhaps the poorest sister in women's athletics. And other than occasional features on individual stars—usually those with Olympic or professional potential—stories on swimming, tennis, golf, track and gymnastics are rare. Some tremendously talented women engage in college athletics, providing quality sports entertainment. They deserve more attention than they currently receive, and the public deserves the opportunity to read and hear about—and perhaps become interested in—these athletes and their endeavors.

Dennis K. Brown is assistant director of public relations at the University of Notre Dame.

II, III football brackets to be aired live

Announcements of the brackets for the NCAA Divisions II and III Football Championships will be broadcast live via satellite November 14.

The bracket for the Division III championship will be aired at 11 a.m. (Central time). Satellite coor-

dinates for the broadcast, which will originate from the studios of Public Broadcasting System affiliate KCPT in Kansas City, Missouri, are Galaxy 7, Transponder 18 Vertical.

The Division II championship

bracket will be announced at 1:30 p.m. (Central time) from the same location. That broadcast will use the same satellite coordinates as the Division III selection show.

The audio for both shows will be on 6.2 and 6.8.

Federation

Rules federation committee to issue survey

► Continued from page 3

about federation by sport but within the NCAA's membership structure as well. The NCAA Presidents Commission and NCAA Council have sponsored a resolution for the 1994 Convention to launch a study of the membership structure, based upon concerns about the current structure and level of federation in the Association.

Keilitz said that action will have no immediate impact on the special committee's work in evaluating

whether some rules should apply only to certain sports.

"Even if they eventually come up with a different structure, it probably would be a few years down the road," he said. "It wouldn't affect our present bylaws (for quite some time)."

Recruiting discussion

Some of the bylaws the committee discussed at its recent meeting concerned recruiting. For example, the committee discussed the rationale of Bylaw 13.1.7, which

limits the number of evaluations of a prospective student-athlete to four per academic year.

"Should all sports be limited in the number of evaluations a coach might make?" Keilitz asked, adding that sports with small coaching staffs and limited recruiting budgets probably would not use an excessive number of evaluations. "We might look at opening that up and not having a limit on the number of evaluations (in sports other than football and basketball)."



The NCAA News

[ISSN 0027-6170]

Published weekly, except biweekly in the summer, by the National Collegiate Athletic Association, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422. Phone 913/339-1906. Subscription rate: \$24 annually prepaid; \$15 annually prepaid for junior college and high-school faculty members and students; \$12 annually prepaid for students and faculty at NCAA member institutions; \$50 annually for foreign subscriptions. For first-class upgrade, forward an additional \$26 (except foreign orders). No refunds on subscriptions. Second-class postage paid at Shawnee Mission, Kansas. Address corrections requested. Postmaster send address changes to NCAA Publishing, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas, 66211-2422.

■ Championships previews



Arkansas' Brian Baker, who placed third at the 1991 championships, returned to the team after missing the 1992 season because of injury.

Division I Men's Cross Country

Top-ranked Razorbacks still difficult to beat

Event: 1993 Division I Men's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: Arkansas has dominated the championships, winning six of the last nine team titles and finishing as runner-up once during that span. Chances are good the Razorbacks will make it seven out of 10. The nation's No. 1-ranked team, Arkansas is both deep and experienced, boasting a team featuring such veteran standouts such as Brian Baker, Niall Bruton, Mike Morin and Jason Bunston. But that's not to say the Razorbacks won't be challenged. Iowa State, the 1989 champion and runner-up in 1990 and 1991, boasts a squad that returns seven letterwinners and should be in the title hunt. The Cyclones are led by a trio of juniors: Steve Brooks, John Kihonge and Ian Robinson. Kihonge and Robinson earned all American honors in 1992. Villanova, fourth a year ago, will make a strong bid for the team title. The Wildcats, like Arkansas, boast an experienced and deep squad, returning four of their top five runners. Junior Louie Quintana, who placed fourth individually at last year's championships, leads the way for the Wildcats. Brigham Young and Colorado, among others, also will be in the title picture.

Field: A total of 184 individual competitors will be selected. Twenty-two teams of seven individuals—with at least two teams from each of eight districts—plus 30 individuals (at least three individuals from each district) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 22 at Lehigh.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 29 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: Arkansas' 46-point performance a year ago was its best showing in championships

history....If the Razorbacks win the team title, they will join UTEP (1978-81) as the only teams to win four consecutive titles....Michigan State (eight titles), UTEP (seven) and Arkansas (six) rank Nos. 1, 2 and 3 on the all-time team-championships list.

What they are saying

**Bill Bergan, head coach
Iowa State**

"It is a very competitive year....There are a lot of good teams out there. In my mind, Arkansas is the clear-cut favorite. Talentwise, they seem to be head-and-shoulders above the rest of us. After Arkansas, it's kind of wide open for second place. Brigham Young, Villanova and Colorado are very strong; I like to think we're in that group, also. We have a good group of kids who have been working their hearts out. If we continue to do that, I think we'll do quite well."

**Marty Stern, head coach
Villanova**

"We think we're much better than we were last year, when we finished fourth. We're a young team—we have only one senior—but we've got some experience. We feel we're going to win the meet. We're going to show up at Lehigh to win the meet. We've progressed to the stage where we expect to win. At one point we were just trying to get there. Last year, we just tried to do pretty good and we surprised ourselves. Now, we're going in trying and expecting to win. We know that teams like Arkansas, Iowa State and Brigham Young are excellent teams, but we think we are, too."

Division II Men's Cross Country

Perfect champs still class of field

Event: 1993 Division II Men's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: How do you do better than perfection? That's the question Adams State is facing. A year ago, the Indians posted the first perfect score in NCAA cross country championships history, cruising to the team title in their first year of NCAA competition. This year, the Indians may be just as formidable. With returning standouts such as Phillip Castillo (the defending individual champion), Shane Healy, David Brooks and Peter De La Cerda, Adams State is the class of the field. But several other teams, including Western State, Lewis, Cal Poly San Luis Obispo and Abilene Christian, also have title aspirations.

Field: A total of 132 individual competitors will be selected. Selection of teams will be based on a predetermined formula, which includes the previous year's championships finish. Seventeen teams of seven individuals—with at least one team from each of six regions—plus 13 individuals (at least two individuals from each region) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 22 at UC Riverside.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 29 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: Adams State's perfect score of 15 at the 1992 championships was 18 points better than the previous low score of 33 recorded by Southern Illinois in 1961....Western State's 56-point showing as the 1992 runner-up was the lowest score by the second-place team in the champion-

ships' 35-year history....UC Riverside is hosting the championships for the third time—it was the host institution in 1979 and 1986.

What they are saying

**Joe Vigil, head coach
Adams State**

"We're running great. We've had some great races this year against some of the toughest competition in America. We've had a few injuries, but those injuries seemed to have healed themselves. We're ready to see how we're going to do at nationals. Of course, we've got to qualify at regionals first."



Defending champion Adams State returns several standouts, including Peter De La Cerda (No. 6).

Division III Men's Cross Country

Cardinals like being back on top

Event: 1993 Division III Men's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: After four consecutive runner-up finishes (1988 through 1991), North Central stepped into the winner's circle last year. Now, it appears that the Cardinals may extend their stay. With six of seven returnees from last year, including two-time all-American Dan Mayer, the Cardinals are the No. 1-ranked team in Division III and the favorite to win the team title. Repeating as champion will not be an easy task, however. Several outstanding teams, including Albany (New York), Wisconsin-La Crosse and Calvin, have title aspirations of their own.

Field: A total of 184 individual competitors will be selected. Selection of teams will be based on a predetermined formula, which includes the previous year's championships finish. Twenty-one teams of seven individuals—with at least one team from each of eight regions—plus 37 individuals (at least three individuals from each region) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 20 at Grinnell.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 22 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: North Central has finished first or second at 11 of the last 12 championships. The Cardinals have earned four titles during that span.

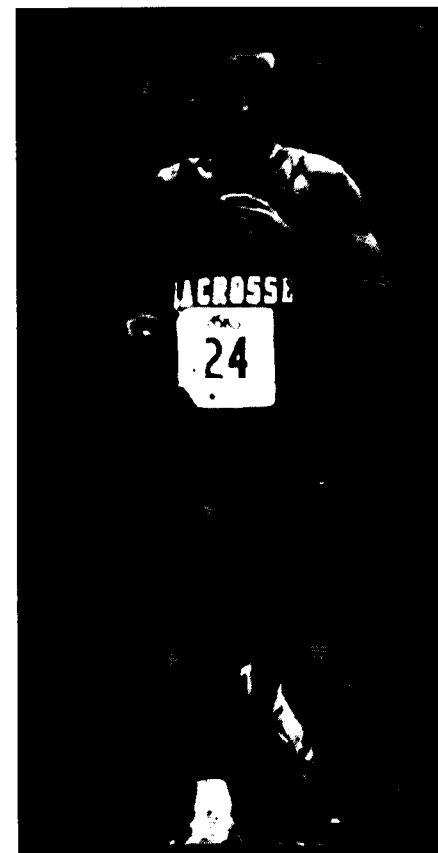
What they are saying

**Al Carius, head coach
North Central**

"I don't put a lot into polls (North

Central is ranked No. 1). There are a lot of things that can happen, that's why you have the meet. One year, we were sixth or seventh in the polls and finished second, so you can't really put a lot into them.

"All I know is what we're doing. We're running very well. We're an experienced team, and I think that is a strong factor that really helps us."



Wisconsin-La Crosse is led by senior Mahdi Omar.



University of Arkansas, Fayetteville photo

Deena Drossin of Arkansas finished second at last year's championships behind Villanova's Carole Zajac. Drossin is one of three all-Americans who return for Arkansas.

Division I Women's Cross Country

Another close contest expected at championships

Event: 1993 Division I Women's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: Eight points is all that separated the top three teams at last year's championships. This year's meet could be just as close—at least five teams have a legitimate shot at the team title. Villanova has won the last four titles and is very capable of making it five straight. The biggest plus for the Wildcats is the return of Carole Zajac, the 1992 NCAA individual champion. With Zajac setting the pace and returnees Becky Spies and Jen Rhines providing additional leadership and experience, Villanova most certainly will have a say about the outcome. If Villanova's title reign should end, Arkansas is the most likely successor. The Razorbacks, runners-up at the last two meets, return three all-Americans—Deena Drossin, Shelley Taylor and Michelle Byrne. Drossin was runner-up individually to Zajac a year ago, while Taylor earned honors with a 13th-place showing. Michigan, ranked No. 3 in the top-25 poll; Penn State, sixth a year ago; Brigham Young, and Oregon also will be competitive.

Field: A total of 184 individual competitors will be selected. Twenty-two teams of seven individuals—with at least two teams from each of eight districts—plus 30 individuals (at least three individuals from each district) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 22 at Lehigh.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 29 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: Villanova's seven-point victory over Arkansas a year ago was the closest team finish since 1987, when Oregon edged North Carolina State by two points....Villanova's score of 123 points in 1992 was the highest for a titlist in championships history....Zajac will attempt to join former Villanova standout Sonia O'Sullivan

as the only runners to win back-to-back individual titles. O'Sullivan completed the feat in 1990 and 1991.

What they are saying

**Lance Harter, head coach
Arkansas**

"This year's race is probably going to be one of the closest championships that has been held. There are probably five or six teams capable of winning on any given day. In the past few years, Villanova has had that great group that was always dominant. I don't think there is a dominant team this year."

**Marty Stern, head coach
Villanova**

"We haven't lost a meet since (Ronald) Reagan was president. We're still doing well. A lot of people thought that because we lost so many people that we wouldn't be good this year. We're proving them wrong. We've won some big meets. The only people who haven't counted us out are our runners and coaches. We feel we're going to win our fifth in a row. Arkansas is a great team, as is our neighbor Georgetown. Michigan is also a very good team. But we feel we have a terrific chance to win."

**Mike McGuire, head coach
Michigan**

"I think we can impact the front part of the pack with our runners. I'm optimistic about our chances. All year long we've been trying to focus, to try to get to a position where we're ready for that day. You only get one shot and you've got to get it done on that day. You need to be ready to go....I think we'll be ready."

Division II Women's Cross Country

Ten-time champ vs. newcomer

Event: 1993 Division II Women's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: Old vs. new could be the theme for the team championship. A year ago, Adams State took the meet by storm, winning the team title in its first year of NCAA competition. The Indians' victory ended Cal Poly San Luis Obispo's 10-year title reign; the Mustangs finished third, behind Adams State and Western State. This year, the Mustangs could climb back into the winner's circle. Led by all-Americans Angela Orefice (11th in 1992) and Jennifer Lacovara (17th), the Mustangs have the ingredients to win.

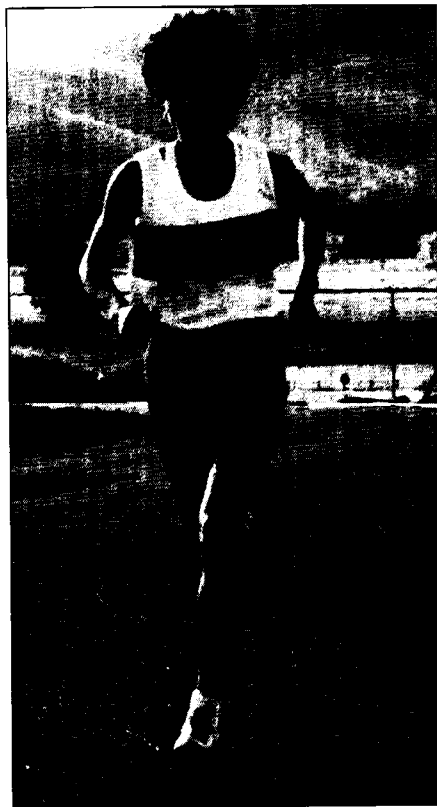
Field: A total of 132 individual competitors will be selected. Selection of teams will be based on a predetermined formula, which includes the previous year's championships finish. Seventeen teams of seven individuals—with at least two from each of six regions—plus 13 individuals (at least two individuals from each region) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 22 at UC Riverside.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 29 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: Cal Poly San Luis Obispo has claimed the most team (10) and individual (four) titles....Adams State's 35-point margin of victory over Western State a year ago was the largest since 1986, when Cal Poly San Luis Obispo outdistanced Cal State Northridge by 54 points (39 to 93).

week, that we're getting better every week. We've got one outstanding runner in Elva Dryer. She was second to Christie Allen of Pittsburg State last year, and we feel like she's a legitimate contender for the individual championship. Behind her we've got six solid runners. There are no all-stars, but they're all pretty solid. My feeling is that there are four or five teams capable of winning the national championship. We feel like we're in that category. We've got to get there, first, though."



Western State College of Colorado photo

Elva Dryer, last season's individual runner-up, leads Western State.

What they are saying

**Duane Vandebusch
Western State**

"We feel like we're coming on every

Division III Women's Cross Country

Calvin could reverse big margin

Event: 1993 Division III Women's Cross Country Championships.

Overview: What difference does a year make? Maybe 90 points. A year ago, Cortland State cruised to the most lopsided team triumph in championships history, outdistancing runner-up Calvin by 90 points. This year, Calvin could be the team cruising to victory. With five of seven runners returning—including Renea Bluekamp, the Knights' No. 1 runner, and all-Americans Laura Erffmeyer and Amy Kuipers—Calvin possesses the depth and experience to win.

Field: A total of 184 individual competitors will be selected. Selection of teams will be based on a predetermined formula, which includes the previous year's championships finish. Twenty-one teams of seven individuals—with at least one team from each of eight regions—plus 37 individuals (at least three individuals from each region) will make up the field.

Date and site: The championships will be November 20 at Grinnell.

Results: Championships results will appear in the November 22 issue of The NCAA News.

Championships notes: Cortland State's score of 18 points at the 1992 championships was 85 points better than its score in 1991, when it finished as runner-up with 103 points....St. Thomas (Minnesota), Cortland State and Wisconsin-Oshkosh are the only teams to win more than one team title.

What they are saying

**Jack Daniels, head coach
Cortland State**

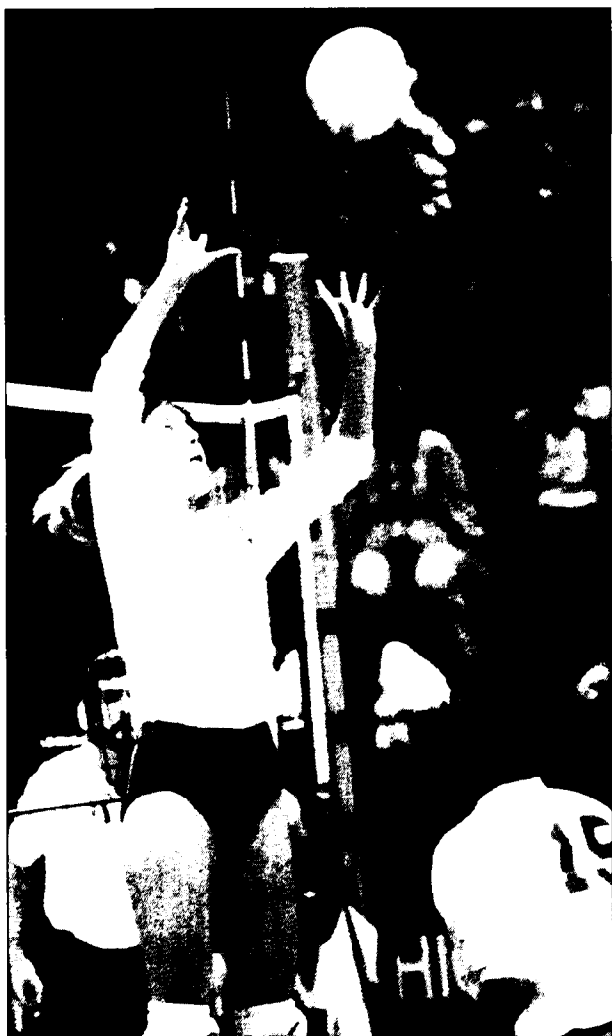
"We're so concerned with how things have gone that we've gone into secret



Calvin College photo

Calvin's Renea Bluekamp finished second last year.

training. I can't tell you what that is, it's a secret. Although we haven't been running the way we'd like, we are really looking forward to nationals...for a couple of reasons: We're going to get to run against teams from out West, teams that right now we really can't compare to. Another reason is that the championships are at Grinnell. The last time we ran at Grinnell, we won. We like the course...not that our whole team has run there, but we know what kind of times our team ran there three years ago. So to me that will be a really good way to measure our season. No matter whether we win or lose or where we place, we'll be able to finalize our season and see where we are."



Northern Michigan University photo

Stacy Metro, the American Volleyball Coaches Association player of the year last season, leads Northern Michigan.

Division II Women's Volleyball

Finalists on track for another net showdown

Event: 1993 Division II Women's Volleyball Championship.

Overview: Portland State and Northern Michigan appear to be on a collision course and repeat of last year's championship match, won by Portland State in five games. It was the Vikings' second title in five years. Portland State is under new leadership this year, as Cathy Nelson has taken over for Jeff Mozzochi, who was hired at Oregon State last summer. Two other perennial powers underwent coaching changes as well — Debbie Hendricks replaced Jim Giacomazzi at West Texas A&M and Carolyn Eide took over for Jolyn Montgomery at North Dakota State. Both teams finished in the top eight last year.

Field: The Division II championship bracket was expanded this year from 20 to 28 teams. Four teams each will be selected from the North Central, Northwest, South Central and Southwest regions, and three teams each will be selected from the Atlantic, Great Lakes, Northeast and South regions.

Dates and sites: Regional competition will be November 19 and/or 20 on the campuses of competing institutions. The finals will be December 4-6 on the campus of one of the participating institutions.

Results: Championship results will appear in the December 15 issue of The NCAA News.

Championship notes: Northern Michigan is paced by three returning all-Americans, including last year's American Volleyball Coaches Association player of the year, Stacy Metro. Metro, a 6-1 senior setter, is joined by classmates Andrea Gommans and Heather Koenig, who were among the hitting-percentage leaders in last year's finals....Portland State hosted a tournament on Halloween weekend that featured national-title contenders Northern Michigan, Cal State Bakersfield, North Dakota

State and Cal State Chico. Northern Michigan, Cal State Bakersfield and Portland State all posted 3-1 records, but Northern Michigan was declared the champion on the basis of games won. The Wildcats lost to Cal State Bakersfield for their first loss of the season, then came back two hours later to knock off the host Vikings. "I was impressed with our ability to come back in such a short time after our first loss," said Wildcat coach Jim Moore. "We were down after losing to Bakersfield and then we had to play what looked at that time to be the best team in the country, and we came out and played our best match of the season."

What they are saying

**Cathy Nelson, head coach
Portland State**

"The transition has been a good learning experience, and the team is doing a good job of doing what I want them to do. We're running a very different offense than they ran last year (under Mozzochi). I think Portland State, Cal State Bakersfield and Northern Michigan will slug it out for the title. Our tournament was a good barometer of where we stand."

**Mark Rosen, head coach
Cal State Bakersfield**

"We've played a really tough schedule (including six matches against Portland State, Northern Michigan and North Dakota State). Our players get more fired up and focused when we play a Portland State or Northern Michigan, but we're trying to work away from that so that we focus on every match."

Division II Football

Team seeks home-field appearance

Event: 1993 Division II Football Championship.

Overview: North Alabama has a chance to play for the national title on its home field at Braly Municipal Stadium in Florence, Alabama. The Lions, who have been the top-ranked team in Division II since the first week in October, have by far the best rushing offense in the division (382.9 yards per game through October 30). Second-ranked New Haven, which received its first championship bid last year, and third-ranked Hampton are the other leading contenders. Surprising Missouri Southern State and Wayne State (Nebraska) could make

things interesting in the evenly matched Midwest region.

Field: The 16-team field, which will be selected November 14, will include four teams from each of four regions (Midwest, South, West and Northeast).

Dates and sites: First-round (November 20), quarterfinal (November 27) and semifinal (December 4) games will be played on campuses of competing institutions. The championship game will be December 11 in Florence, Alabama; North Alabama will be the host institution.

Television coverage: ESPN will televise portions of the championship game live, beginning at 1:30 p.m. (Eastern time) December 11. The entire game will be shown tape-delayed at 1 p.m. (Eastern time) December 13.

Results: Scores and pairings from preliminary rounds will be published in the November 22, November 29 and December 6 issues of The NCAA News. Results from the championship game will appear in the December 15 issue.

Championship notes: This is the eighth consecutive year that the championship game has been in Florence.

What they are saying

**Bobby Wallace, head coach
North Alabama**
Currently ranked No. 1

"Everybody in town is talking about the fact that we are the top-ranked team and the title game is going to be played here, and they really want us in that game. It's the dream of not only our players, but also everybody in town. It puts a little added pressure on us. I don't know if the team feels it as much as I do since I associate more with the people involved in hosting the championship."



University of North Alabama photo

North Alabama running back Tyrone Rush certainly has lived up to his name. He is the leading rusher for the No. 1-ranked Lions.

Division III Football

'92 finalists head for rematch

Event: 1993 Division III Football Championship.

Overview: Defending champion Wisconsin-La Crosse and 1992 runner-up Washington and Jefferson could be headed for a rematch. Both were undefeated through October 30 and have been ranked first in their regions (West and South, respectively) since the first poll October 3. Balance is the key to Wisconsin-La Crosse's success; few Eagles are among the individual statistical leaders, and the team ranks near the top in no key offensive or defensive categories. Washington and Jefferson, meanwhile, relies on a strong defense that yields less than 150 yards per game. Mount Union, which lost to Wisconsin-La Crosse in the semifinals last year, has been atop the North-region rankings all season.

Field: The 16-team field, which will be selected November 14, will include four teams from each of four regions (East, West, North and South).

Dates and sites: First-round (November 20) and quarterfinal (November 27) games will be played on the campuses of competing institutions. Semifinal games will be hosted by the South and North regional winners (December 4). The championship game will be December 11 in Salem, Virginia; the City of Salem and the Old Dominion Athletic Conference will cohost the game.

Television coverage: ESPN will televise the championship game live at noon (Eastern time) December 11.

Results: Scores and pairings from preliminary rounds will be published in the November 22, November 29 and December 6 issues of The NCAA News. Results from the championship game will appear in the December 15 issue.

Championship notes: This will be the first time the championship game has been played in Salem. The last three title games were in Bradenton, Florida.

What they are saying

**Larry Kehres, head coach
Mount Union**

Currently ranked No. 1 in North region
"Things are considerably different for us this year because Dayton is not in Division III anymore. Dayton was one of the premier teams in the division and was in our region, and we always had the Flyers looming on the horizon in the playoffs. But in this division, only 16 teams out of almost 200 go to the playoffs, which makes it tougher than going to a bowl in Division I-A. So all playoff teams are excellent and they all can beat you, and our kids know that."



Mount Union College photo

Behind quarterback Jim Ballard, who leads Division III in total offense and passing yardage, Mount Union has been top-ranked regionally all season.

■ Championships dates and sites

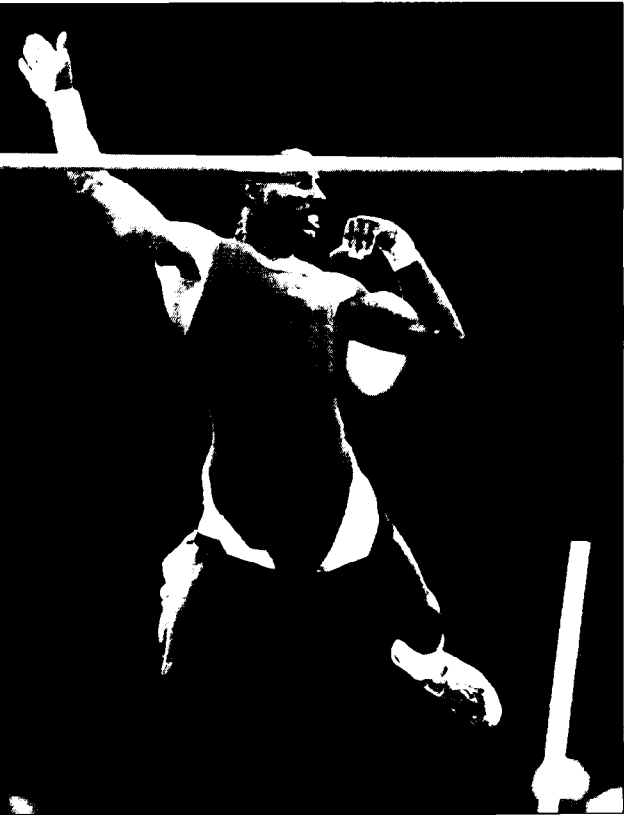
Fall		
Cross country		
— Men's —		
Division I, 55th	Lehigh University	11/22/93
Division II, 36th	University of California, Riverside	11/22/93
Division III, 20th	Grinnell College	11/20/93
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	Lehigh University	11/22/93
Division II, 13th	University of California, Riverside	11/22/93
Division III, 13th	Grinnell College	11/20/93
Field hockey		
Division I, 13th	Piscataway, New Jersey (Rutgers University, New Brunswick, host)	11/20-21/93
Division II champion		Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania
Division III, 13th	To be determined	11/12-13/93
Football		
Division I-AA, 16th	Marshall Stadium Huntington, West Virginia (Marshall University, host)	12/18/93
Division II, 21st	Braly Municipal Stadium Florence, Alabama (University of North Alabama, host)	12/11/93
Division III, 21st	Amos Alonzo Stagg Bowl Salem, Virginia (City of Salem and Old Dominion Athletic Conference, cohosts)	12/11/93
Soccer		
— Men's —		
Division I, 35th	Davidson College	12/3&5/93
Division II, 22nd	To be determined	12/3-4 or 4-5/93
Division III, 20th	To be determined	11/19-20 or 20-21/93
— Women's —		
Division I, 12th	To be determined	11/19&21/93
Division II, 6th	To be determined	11/13-14/93
Division III, 8th	To be determined	11/13-14/93
Volleyball		
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	University of Wisconsin, Madison	12/16 & 18/93
Division II, 13th	To be determined	12/4-6/93
Division III, 13th	To be determined	11/19-20/93
Water polo		
— Men's —		
National Collegiate, 25th	Belmont Plaza Olympic Pool Long Beach, California (California State University, Long Beach, and U.S. Water Polo, Inc., cohosts)	11/26-28/93

Winter		
Basketball		
— Men's —		
Division I, 56th	Charlotte Coliseum Charlotte, North Carolina (University of North Carolina, Charlotte, host)	4/2&4/94
Division II, 38th	Springfield Civic Center Springfield, Massachusetts (Springfield College and American International College, cohosts)	3/23-26/94
Division III, 20th	Sports Arena Buffalo, New York (State University College at Buffalo, host)	3/18-19/94
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	Richmond Coliseum Richmond, Virginia (Virginia Commonwealth University, host)	4/2-3/94
Division II, 12th	To be determined	3/23-26/94
Division III, 12th	To be determined	3/18-19/94
Fencing		
— Men's and women's —		
National Collegiate, 50th	Brandeis University	3/18-22/94
Gymnastics		
— Men's —		
National Collegiate, 52nd	University of Nebraska, Lincoln	4/22-23/94
— Women's —		
National Collegiate, 13th	University of Utah	4/21-23/94

Ice hockey		
— Men's —		
Division I, 47th	St. Paul Civic Center St. Paul, Minnesota (University of Minnesota, Twin Cities, host)	3/31 & 4/2/94
Division II, 9th	To be determined	3/11-12/94
Division III, 11th	To be determined	3/18-19/94
Rifle		
— Men's and women's —		
National Collegiate, 15th	Murray State University	3/10-12/94

Skiing		
— Men's and women's —		
National Collegiate, 41st	Sugarloaf/USA Carabassett Valley, Maine (Colby College, host)	3/9-12/94

Swimming		
— Men's —		
Division I, 71st	University of Minnesota, Twin Cities	3/24-26/94
Division II, 31st	C. T. Branin Natatorium Canton, Ohio (Ashland University, host)	3/9-12/94
Division III, 20th	Williams College	3/17-19/94
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	Indiana University Natatorium Indianapolis, Indiana (Indiana University, Bloomington, host)	3/17-19/94
Division II, 13th	C. T. Branin Natatorium Canton, Ohio (Ashland University, host)	3/9-12/94
Division III, 13th	Williams College	3/10-12/94



Chad Thomas of Muskingum College won his second straight pole vault title at the Division III Men's Outdoor Track and Field Championships last spring.

Indoor track		
— Men's —		
Division I, 30th	Indiana Hoosier Dome Indianapolis, Indiana (Butler University and USA Track and Field, cohosts)	3/11-12/94
Division II, 9th	North Dakota State University	3/11-12/94
Division III, 10th	University of Wisconsin, Oshkosh	3/11-12/94
— Women's —		
Division I, 12th	Indiana Hoosier Dome Indianapolis, Indiana (Butler University and USA Track and Field, cohosts)	3/11-12/94
Division II, 9th	North Dakota State University	3/11-12/94
Division III, 10th	University of Wisconsin, Oshkosh	3/11-12/94

Wrestling		
Division I, 64th	University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill	3/17-19/94
Division II, 32nd	University of Southern Colorado	3/3-6/94
Division III, 21st	University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point	3/4-5/94

Spring		
Baseball		
Division I, 48th	Rosenblatt Memorial Stadium Omaha, Nebraska (Creighton University, host)	6/3-11/94
Division II, 27th	Paterson Field Montgomery, Alabama (Valdosta State University, host)	5/28-6/4/94
Division III, 19th	C. O. Brown Stadium Battle Creek, Michigan (Albion College, host)	5/26-31/94

Golf		
— Men's —		
Division I, 97th	Stonebridge Country Club McKinney, Texas (Southern Methodist University, host)	6/1-4/94
Division II, 32nd	Harbour Yacht and Country Club Jacksonville, Florida (University of North Florida, host)	5/17-20/94
Division III, 20th	King's Grant Country Club Fayetteville, North Carolina (Methodist College, host)	5/17-20/94
— Women's —		
National Collegiate, 13th	Oregon Golf Club Portland, Oregon (University of Oregon, host)	5/25-28/94

Lacrosse		
— Men's —		
Division I, 24th	Byrd Stadium College Park, Maryland (University of Maryland, College Park, host)	5/28&30/94
Division II, 10th	To be determined	5/14 or 15/94
Division III, 15th	Byrd Stadium College Park, Maryland (University of Maryland, College Park, host)	5/29/94
— Women's —		
National Collegiate, 13th	University of Maryland, College Park	5/21-22/94
Division III, 10th	Byrd Stadium College Park, Maryland (University of Maryland, College Park, host)	5/21-22/94

Softball		
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	Amateur Softball Association Hall of Fame Stadium Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	5/26-30/94
Division II, 13th	Johnson County Girls' Athletic Association Softball Complex Shawnee, Kansas (Mid-America Intercollegiate Athletics Association, host)	5/18-21/94
Division III, 13th	City of Salem, Virginia (Old Dominion Athletic Conference, host)	5/19-22/94

Tennis		
— Men's —		
Division I, 110th	University of Notre Dame	5/21-29/94
Division II, 32nd	Carriage Club and Homestead Club Kansas City, Missouri (Southwest Baptist University, host)	5/13-19/94
Division III, 19th	University of the Redlands	5/16-23/94
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	University of Georgia	5/13-21/94
Division II, 13th	California State Polytechnic University Pomona, California	5/10-16/94
Division III, 13th	Kalamazoo College	5/10-16/94

Outdoor track		
— Men's —		
Division I, 73rd	Boise State University	6/1-4/94
Division II, 32nd	St. Augustine's College	5/25-28/94
Division III, 21st	North Central College	5/25-28/94
— Women's —		
Division I, 13th	Boise State University	6/1-4/94
Division II, 13th	St. Augustine's College	5/25-28/94
Division III, 13th	North Central College	5/25-28/94

Volleyball		
— Men's —		
National Collegiate, 25th	Indiana University-Purdue University, Fort Wayne	5/6-7/94

Among unbeatens, Seminoles face toughest overall schedule

By Sean W. Strazisar
NCAA STATISTICS COORDINATOR

Of the six undefeated football teams in Division I-A, Florida State has the toughest overall schedule. And if head coach Bobby

Bowden's team—which has won 16 consecutive games dating back to last season—wins its last three games of 1993, it could become the third regular-season perfect-record team to face a top-20 schedule and the first to have a top-10

slate since the NCAA's toughest-schedule rankings started in 1977. The others with top-20 schedules were Penn State in 1978 (14th) and Texas in 1983 (18th).

The Seminoles' Division I-A opponents this season have a .617 winning percentage vs. other I-A teams when not playing Florida State. That ranks eighth nationally.

Its three remaining foes—undefeated Notre Dame, North Carolina State and Florida—have a combined .840 winning percentage (21-4) against I-A teams, which ranks second among future schedules through November 6.

Of the other five unbeaten teams, Ohio State has the highest-ranked schedule. The Buckeyes' remaining opposition has a combined percentage of .667. Ohio State's overall strength of schedule ranks 17th.

Nebraska also is close to the top 20 with an overall ranking of 25th. The Cornhuskers' two remaining teams have a combined 10-8 record and their overall winning percentage is .544.

Notre Dame, which like Florida State has reeled off 16 straight victories dating back to last year, has an overall strength of schedule ranked 38th. Its remaining opponents boast a .882 winning percentage, which is ranked first among future schedules.

Auburn is the next highest undefeated team with an overall strength-of-schedule ranking of 40th.

The only other unbeaten team, West Virginia, has the lowest ranking of the undefeated teams with a schedule ranking of 54th. The Mountaineers' remaining opponents have a .542 percentage.

Five conferences are represented among the top 10 teams with the toughest schedules. The Big Ten, Pacific-10, Southeastern, Atlantic Coast and Big East Conferences all have two teams ranked in

Schedule strength of undefeated teams

Teams	Past	Future	Entire	Rank
Florida St.	.536	.840	.617	8
Ohio St.	.551	.667	.575	17
Nebraska	.540	.556	.544	25
Notre Dame	.441	.882	.529	38
Auburn	.492	.639	.526	40
West Va.	.500	.542	.512	54

Toughest schedules

1993 Top 10 I-A Overall Schedule Strength

Rank	Teams	Past	Future	Entire
1.	Purdue	.652	.706	.663
2.	Northwestern	.662	.588	.647
3.	Pittsburgh	.701	.412	.643
4.	Miami (Fla.)	.618	.640	.625
5.	Southern Cal	.601	.722	.624
6.	UCLA	.629	.579	.618
7.	Louisiana St.	.691	.324	.618
8.	Florida St.	.536	.840	.617
9.	Maryland	.671	.375	.616
10.	Florida	.607	.615	.609

1993 Top 10 I-AA Overall Schedule Strength

Rank	Teams	Past	Future	Entire
1.	Samford	.647	.765	.676
2.	Delaware St.	.583	.692	.607
3.	James Madison	.571	.667	.595
4.	Nicholls St.	.603	.529	.587
5.	Troy St.	.560	.667	.585
6.	Eastern Wash.	.621	.333	.582
7.	Florida A&M	.609	.429	.572
8.	Alcorn St.	.520	.719	.569
9.	Morgan St.	.478	.857	.567
10.	Montana	.534	.667	.552

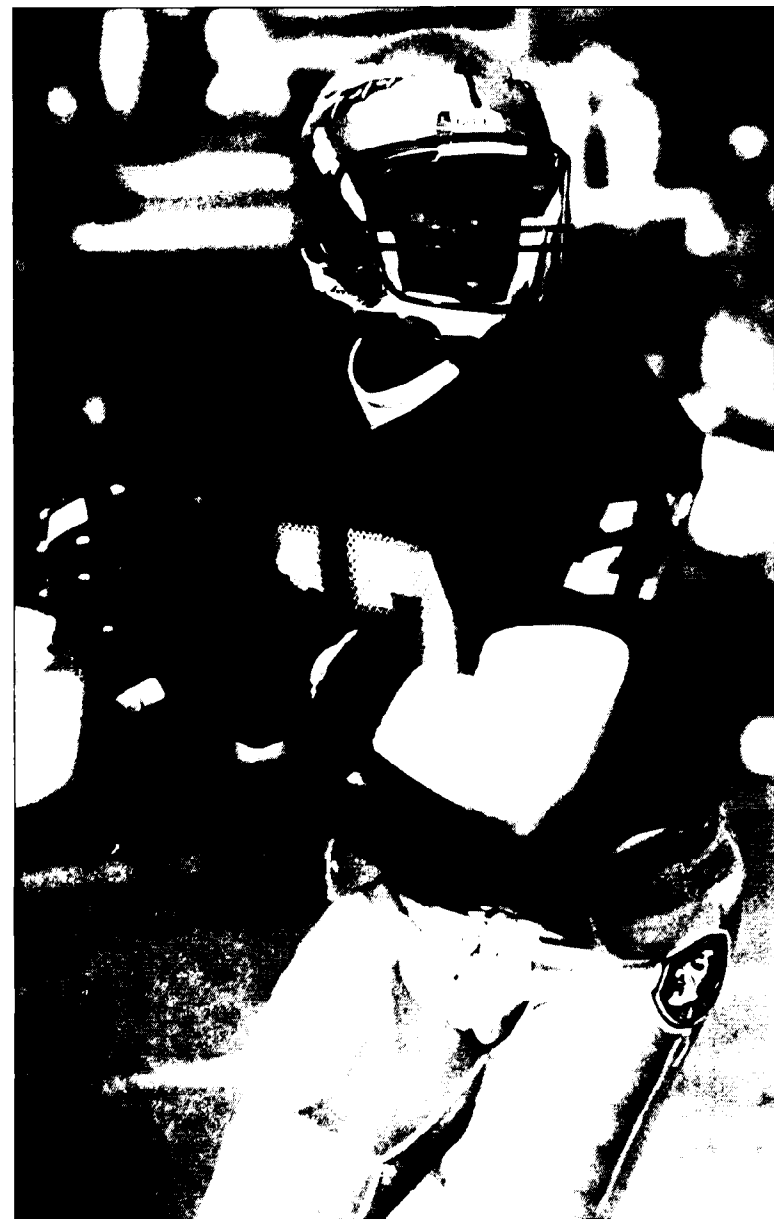
the top-10. The Big Ten has the most teams ranked in the top 20 with six members—including Purdue, which has the toughest overall schedule.

Of the teams with the toughest schedule based on past opposition, Pittsburgh is ranked No. 1. The Panthers have faced teams with a .701 winning percentage through November 8.

Samford's schedule strength ranks as the best in Division I-AA. The Bulldogs' opponents have a

.676 winning percentage vs. other I-A and I-AA teams. Samford also has played the toughest schedule through November 6. Its opponents have a combined 33-18 record (.647).

Connecticut has the toughest future schedule in I-AA. The Huskies' lone remaining opponent is previously unbeaten Boston University. Of those I-AA teams with more than one game remaining, Morgan State has the toughest schedule. Its opponents have an .857 winning percentage.



Florida State, led by quarterback Charlie Ward, is one of six undefeated teams in Division I-A—despite facing the nation's toughest schedule.

Bloomensburg defeats league rival, captures II field hockey crown

Match requires overtimes, two series of penalty strokes

It took two overtime periods and two series of penalty strokes for unbeaten Bloomensburg to edge defending champion Lock Haven, 2-1, and claim the Division II Field Hockey Championship November 7.



Hutchinson

Regulation play ended in a 1-1 tie after each team scored in the second half. Host Bloomensburg's Shelley Miller found the net first with her 20th goal of the season, knocking in a rebound off the pads of Lock Haven goalkeeper Alison Brita with 8:09 remaining. But Lock Haven's Colette Gasparini tied the game with her 26th goal of the year, also a rebound shot, with 4:23 left.

After two scoreless 15-minute sudden-death overtime periods, the first series of penalty strokes ended in a tie, 3-3, and no decision.

In the second series, Bloomensburg's Jen Hitzler and Gretchen Adams gave the Huskies a 2-0 lead in penalty strokes, each after a Lock Haven miss, but Lady Eagles Lori Leventhall and Steph Teleky tied the series 2-2 on their team's fourth and fifth attempts. Bloomensburg's Kristi Hertzler scored the game-winner on the final shot of the second shootout, beating Lock Haven goalkeeper Caroline Gillich, who had replaced Brita for the penalty-strokes period.

Despite her team's win, Bloomensburg coach Jan Hutchinson said she would prefer a different tie-breaker from the penalty-strokes system.

"I don't like it (the shootout),"

she said. "I would rather see us taking players off the field one at a time and keep going."

The Huskies (21-0-1)—who fell to Lock Haven, 3-1, in last year's title game—finished undefeated for the second time in their history. The two Pennsylvania State Athletic Conference rivals, who have played each other for the Division II title four times, already had played twice during the year. Bloomensburg won, 2-1, during the regular season and 1-0 in the conference finals.

Lock Haven finished the year with a 17-5 record.

CHAMPIONSHIP

Lock Haven 0 1 0 0 0—1
Bloomensburg 0 1 0 0 1—2
Second half: B—Shelley Miller (unassisted) 8:09; LH—Colette Gasparini, 4:23.
Penalty strokes: Bloomensburg 6, Lock Haven 5.
Shots: Lock Haven 25, Bloomensburg 14. Saves: Lock Haven 11, Bloomensburg 19. Penalty corners: Lock Haven 14, Bloomensburg 12.

Championship summaries

Division III field hockey

Regional semifinals: Cortland St. 3, Denison 0; Ithaca 2, Susquehanna 1; William Smith 1, Smith 0; Trinity (Conn.) 3, Plymouth St. 1; Trenton St. 2, Ohio Wesleyan 1; Lebanon Valley 1, Rowan 0 (2 ot, penalty strokes); Mary Washington 2, Johns Hopkins 1; Messiah 3, East Mennonite 3.

Regional finals: Cortland St. 1, Ithaca 0; Trinity (Conn.) 2, William Smith 1 (2 ot, penalty strokes); Trenton St. 3, Lebanon Valley 0; Mary Washington 1, Messiah 0 (ot).

Semifinals (November 13 on the campus of one of the participants): Cortland St. (20-1-1) vs. Trinity (Conn.) (13-2-1); Trenton St. (17-0-1) vs. Mary Washington (21-1).

Division II women's soccer

First round: Barry 2, SIU-Edwardsville 1; Cal Poly SLO 1, Sonoma St. 0.

Semifinals (November 13 on the campus of one of the participating institutions): Mercyhurst (12-2-1) vs. Barry (15-1); Cal Poly SLO (14-4-1) vs. Franklin Pierce (16-2). Final November 14.

Division III men's soccer

First round: Amherst 0, Salem St. 0 (Amherst advances on penalty kicks); Williams 1, Babson 0; Messiah 2, Gettysburg 1; Elizabethtown 2, Scranton 0; Richard Stockton 1, Trenton St. 0; Rowan 2, Kean 0; Clarkson 1, Plattsburgh St. 1 (Clarkson advances on penalty kicks); Cortland St. 2, Rochester 1; Roanoke 1, Methodist 0; Va. Wesleyan 3, Mary Washington 1 (2 ot); Colorado Col. 4, Claremont-M-S-I; UC San Diego 0, Gust.

Adolphus 0 (UC San Diego advances on penalty kicks); Wis.-Oshkosh 2, Washington (Mo.) 1; Wheaton (Ill.) 4, Ill. Benedictine 1; Ohio Wesleyan 1, DePauw 0 (2 ot); Kenyon 2, Wittenberg 1.

Second round: Williams 1, Amherst 0; Messiah 1, Elizabethtown 0 (3 ot); Clarkson 2, Cortland St. 0; Roanoke 3, Va. Wesleyan 0; UC San Diego 1, Colorado Col. 0; Wis.-Oshkosh 1, Wheaton (Ill.) 0; Kenyon 2, Ohio Wesleyan 1.

Third round (to be completed by November 14 on the campuses of participating institutions): Williams (13-0-1) vs. Messiah (14-6-2); Richard Stockton (16-3-1)/Rowan (15-2-3) winner vs. Clarkson (12-3-2); Roanoke (20-3) vs. UC San Diego (14-2-1); Wis.-Oshkosh (16-3) vs. Kenyon (15-0-4). Semifinals November 19 or 20; Final November 20 or 21.

Division III women's soccer

First round: Trenton St. 4, Gettysburg 0; Williams 2, Bates 0; Rochester 0, Cortland St. 0 (Rochester advances on penalty kicks); UC San Diego 1, Cal Lutheran 0.

Regional semifinals: William Smith 3, Denison 1; Ithaca 1, Geneseo St. 0 (2 ot); Trenton St. 5, Emory 0 (2 ot); Methodist 1, N.C. Wesleyan 0; Plymouth St. 2, Williams 0; Rochester 2, Mass.-Dartmouth 0; Wis.-Stevens Point 4, Trinity (Tex.) 2 (2 ot); UC San Diego 2, Gust. Adolphus 0.

Regional finals: William Smith 1, Ithaca 0 (2 ot); Trenton St. 2, Methodist 1 (4 ot); Plymouth St. 1, Rochester 0; UC San Diego 2, Wis.-Stevens Point 0.

Semifinals (November 13 on the campus of one of the participating institutions): William Smith (18-0-1) vs. Trenton St. (19-1-2); Plymouth St. (15-2-1) vs. UC San Diego (17-0-1). Final November 14.

■ Division I-A leaders Through November 6

RUSHING									
CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG			
LeShon Johnson, Northern Ill.	Sr	10	297	1917	6.5	12	191.70		
Byron Morris, Texas Tech	Jr	9	220	1307	5.9	16	145.22		
Brent Moss, Wisconsin	Jr	9	221	1208	5.5	11	134.22		
Erict Rhett, Florida	Sr	8	223	1137	5.1	9	126.33		
Ki-Jana Carter, Penn St.	Sr	8	175	1007	5.8	8	125.88		
Terrell Willis, Rutgers	So	9	151	997	6.6	7	124.63		
Ron Rivers, Fresno St.	Sr	9	177	1119	7.0	12	124.33		
Akili King, Army	So	7	141	845	6.0	6	120.43		
Marshall Faulk, San Diego St.	Jr	9	217	1065	4.9	15	118.23		
Iyone Wheatley, Michigan	Jr	7	152	828	5.4	8	118.23		
Napoleon Kaufman, Washington	Jr	9	181	999	5.5	11	111.00		
Robert Walker, West Va.	So	8	141	888	6.3	8	111.00		
Calvin Jones, Nebraska	Jr	7	134	753	5.6	10	107.57		
Yoncy Edmonds, Rice	So	9	196	931	4.8	7	104.44		
Lee Becton, Notre Dame	Jr	8	124	800	6.5	4	100.00		
Raymont Harris, Ohio St.	Sr	9	186	882	4.7	9	98.00		
Dwayne Thomas, Virginia Tech	So	9	159	878	5.5	9	97.56		
James Bostic, Auburn	Jr	9	161	875	5.4	8	97.22		
David Small, Cincinnati	Sr	8	162	771	4.8	10	96.38		
Mario Bates, Arizona St.	So	9	195	866	4.4	7	96.22		

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	PCT	YDS	ATT	TD
(Min. 15 att. per game)									
Jake Keilchner, West Va.	Sr	8	124	85	68.55	3	2.42	1373	11.07
Maurice DeShazo, Virginia Tech	Jr	9	177	101	57.06	6	3.39	1794	10.14
Trent Diller, Fresno St.	Jr	9	278	182	65.47	4	1.44	2736	9.84
Terry Dean, Florida	Jr	7	108	73	67.59	5	4.63	1008	9.33
Glenn Foley, Boston College	Sr	8	236	144	61.02	6	2.54	2374	10.06
John Walsh, Brigham Young	So	8	276	171	61.96	7	2.54	2641	9.57
Heath Shuler, Tennessee	Jr	9	232	151	65.09	6	2.59	2002	8.63
Joe Hughes, Wyoming	Sr	8	251	151	60.16	5	1.99	2414	9.62
Dave Barr, California	Jr	8	192	129	67.19	6	3.13	1712	8.92
Charlie Ward, Florida St.	Sr	8	241	168	69.71	1	4.1	2011	8.34
Chris Vargas, Nevada	Sr	9	400	273	68.25	16	4.00	3648	9.12
Rob Johnson, Southern Cal	Jr	10	332	231	69.58	4	1.20	2726	8.21
Jeff Brohm, Louisville	Sr	9	269	169	62.83	6	2.23	2462	9.15
Symon Willis, Virginia	So	9	222	141	63.51	9	4.05	2001	9.01
Danny O'Neil, Oregon	Jr	9	282	177	62.77	13	4.61	2651	9.40
Darrell Bevell, Wisconsin	So	9	215	146	67.91	10	4.65	1837	8.54
Cale Gundy, Oklahoma	Sr	9	205	125	60.98	4	1.95	1836	8.96
Tim Gutierrez, San Diego St.	Jr	7	257	163	63.42	6	2.33	2175	8.46
Eric Zeier, Georgia	Jr	9	331	207	62.54	5	1.51	2771	8.37
Joe Youngblood, Central Mich.	Sr	8	233	140	60.09	10	4.29	2078	8.92
Jason Stanicek, North Caro.	Jr	10	170	108	63.53	5	2.94	1480	8.71

TOTAL OFFENSE									
CAR	YDS	PLS	YDS	YDPL	TDR*	YDSPG			
Chris Vargas, Nevada	36	121	51	70	400	3648	436	3718	8.53
Anthony Calvillo, Utah St.	75	256	156	100	397	2680	472	2780	5.89
Scott Milanovich, Maryland	78	169	253	84	348	2639	426	2755	6.47
Mike McCoy, Utah	87	301	200	101	343	2944	430	3045	7.08
Eric Zeier, Georgia	43	116	160	44	331	2771	374	2727	7.29
Joe Hughes, Wyoming	37	102	96	6	251	2414	288	2420	8.40
Steve Stenstrom, Stanford	47	39	205	166	367	2874	414	2708	6.54
John Walsh, Brigham Young	57	28	267	239	276	2641	333	2402	7.21
Trent Diller, Fresno St.	31	48	111	63	278	2736	309	2673	8.65
Glenn Foley, Boston College	17	25	57	32	236	2374	253	2342	9.26
Tim Gutierrez, San Diego St.	27	27	145	143	257	2175	284	2032	7.15
Stoney Case, New Mexico	94	494	138	356	269	2251	363	2607	7.18
Danny O'Neil, Oregon	83	158	239	81	282	2651	365	2570	7.04
Charlie Ward, Florida St.	43	299	57	242	241	2011	284	2253	7.93
Jeff Brohm, Louisville	72	274	223	51	269	2462	341	2513	7.37
Jeff Garcia, San Jose St.	99	477	170	307	272	2108	371	2415	6.51
Robert Hall, Texas Tech	85	317	230	87	289	2324	374	2411	6.45
Gus Frerotte, Tulsa	60	132	115	17	256	2072	316	2089	6.61
Kordell Stewart, Colorado	77	452	115	337	257	2002	334	2339	7.00
Rob Johnson, Southern Cal	65	97	239	142	332	2726	397	2584	6.51

*Touchdowns responsible for

SCORING									
CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG			
Darnell Campbell, Boston College	Sr	8	17	0	0	102	12.75		
Byron Morris, Texas Tech	Jr	9	16	2	0	98	10.89		
Marshall Faulk, San Diego St.	Jr	9	16	0	0	96	10.67		
J. J. Stokes, UCLA	Jr	9	16	0	0	96	10.67		
Bryan Reeves, Nevada	Sr	9	15	0	0	90	10.00		
Calvin Jones, Nebraska	Jr	7	11	0	0	66	9.43		
Judd Davis, Florida	Sr	7	0	35	13	74	9.25		
Ryan Yarbrough, Wyoming	Sr	8	12	2	0	74	9.25		
Bjorn Merten, UCLA	Fr	9	0	28	17	79	8.78		
Stoney Case, New Mexico	Jr	9	13	0	0	78	8.67		
Terry Venetoulas, Texas A&M	Sr	8	0	36	11	69	8.63		
Nathan Morreale, Utah St.	Fr	9	0	28	16	76	8.44		
Michael Proctor, Alabama	So	9	0	25	17	76	8.44		
Derek Mahoney, Fresno St.	Sr	9	0	36	13	75	8.33		
Kanon Parkman, Georgia	So	9	0	27	16	75	8.33		
Leeland McElroy, Texas A&M	Fr	8	11	0	0	66	8.25		
Rodney Thomas, Texas A&M	Jr	8	11	0	0	66	8.25		
Omar Douglas, Minnesota	Sr	8	11	0	0	66	8.25		
Terrell Willis, Rutgers	Fr	9	12	2	0	74	8.22		
Kevin Pendergast, Notre Dame	Sr	9	0	37	12	73	8.11		
Joey Galloway, Ohio St.	Jr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00		
Scott Bentley, Florida St.	Fr	9	0	42	10	72	8.00		
Ron Rivers, Fresno St.	Sr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00		

NCAA statistics are available on the Collegiate Sports Network.

I-A single-game highs

PLAYER

Rushing and passing yards: 597, John Walsh, Brigham Young vs. Utah St., Oct. 30.

Rushing and passing plays: 74, Tim Schade, Minnesota vs. Penn St., Sept. 4.

Rushing yards: 322, LeShon Johnson, Northern Ill. vs. Southern Ill., Oct. 2.

Rushing plays: 42, LeShon Johnson, Northern Ill. vs. Pacific (Cal.), Oct. 16.

Passes completed: 37, Chris Vargas, Nevada vs. Weber St., Oct. 23.

Passes attempted: 66, Tim Schade, Minnesota vs. Penn St., Sept. 4.

Passing yards: 619, John Walsh, Brigham Young vs. Utah St., Oct. 30.

Passes caught: 16, Chris Penn, Tulsa vs. East Caro., Nov. 6.

Receiving yards: 297, Brian Oliver, Ball St. vs. Toledo, Oct. 9.

Punt return yards: 136, Ray Peterson, San Diego St. vs. Cal St. Northridge, Sept. 4.

Kickoff return yards: 184, Eric Scott, Northwestern vs. Ohio St., Oct. 2.

TEAM

Points scored: 76, Nebraska vs. North Texas, Sept. 4.

Rushing and passing yards: 794, Nevada vs. Nevada-Las Vegas, Oct. 2.

Rushing yards: 667, Oregon St. vs. Pacific (Cal.), Oct. 9.

Passing yards: 619, Brigham Young vs. Utah St., Oct. 30.

Fewest rushing and passing yards allowed: 51, Mississippi vs. Vanderbilt, Sept. 18.

Fewest rushing yards allowed: -32, Arizona vs. Pacific (Cal.), Sept. 11.

Last week's bests

PLAYER

Rushing and passing yards: 501, Chris Vargas, Nevada vs. San Jose St., Nov. 6.

Rushing yards: 306, LeShon Johnson, Northern Ill. vs. Iowa, Nov. 6.

Passing yards: 457, Chris Vargas, Nevada vs. San Jose St., Nov. 6.

Passes caught: 16, Chris Penn, Tulsa vs. East Caro., Nov. 6.

Receiving yards: 285, Thomas Lewis, Indiana vs. Penn St., Nov. 6.

TEAM

Rushing yards: 389, Arizona vs. Oregon, Nov. 6.

Passing yards: 512, Florida vs. Southwestern La., Nov. 6.

Rushing and passing yards: 642, Florida vs. Southwestern La., Nov. 6.

Points scored: 61, Florida vs. Southwestern La., Nov. 6.



Johnson



Lewis

RECEPTIONS PER GAME

CL	G	CT	YDS	TD	CTPG
Bryan Reeves, Nevada	Sr	9	84	1259	15
Chris Penn, Tulsa	Sr	8	72	1131	10
Darnay Scott, San Diego St.	Jr	9	67	1151	10
Johnnie Morton, Southern Cal	Sr	10	71	1233	12
Michael Stephens, Nevada	Sr	9	63	918	5
Brian Dusho, Kent	Sr	9	61	723	1
Mike Lee, Utah St.	Sr	9	61	625	3
Jermaine Lewis, Maryland	Fr	8	52	957	7
Isaac Bruce, Memphis St.	Sr	9	58	860	7
Brice Hunter, Georgia	So	9	58	799	8

FIELD GOALS

CL	G	FGA	FG	PCT	FGPG
Bjorn Merten, UCLA	Fr	9	21	17	810
Michael Proctor, Alabama	So	9	24	17	708
Nathan Morreale, Utah St.	Fr	9	21	16	762
Kanon Parkman, Georgia	So	9	23	16	696
Jon Baker, Arizona St.	Jr	9	21	15	714
Judd Davis, Florida	Jr	8	15	13	867
Steve McLaughlin, Arizona	Sr	8	19	13	684
Aaron Price, Washington St.	Sr	10	30	16	533
Tom Burke, Mississippi St.	Sr	9	18	14	778
Andre Lalleur, Louisiana St.	So	8	14	12	857

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS

CL	G	RUSH	REC	PR	KOR	YDS	YDSPG
LeShon Johnson, Northern Ill.	Sr	10	1917	106	0	0	2023
Terrell Willis, Rutgers	Fr	9	1119	52	0	507	1678
Iyone Wheatley, Michigan	Jr	7	828	152	0	246	1226
Napoleon Kaufman, Washington	Jr	9	999	139	25	343	1506
Byron Morris, Texas Tech	Jr	9	1307	151	0	0	1458
Marshall Faulk, San Diego St.	Jr	9	1065	368	0	0	1423
Darnay Scott, San Diego St.	Jr	9	1151	0	220	1423	158.11
David Palmer, Alabama	Jr	9	165	747	195	295	1402
Chris Penn, Tulsa	Sr	8	0	1131	0	0	1236
Mike Adams, Texas	So	8	36	571	104	513	1224
Bryan Reeves, Nevada	Sr	9	3	1259	108	0	1370
Erict Rhett, Florida	Sr	8	1007	169	0	0	1176
Ryan Yarbrough, Wyoming	Sr	8	0	1173	0	0	1173
Thomas Lewis, Indiana	Jr	9	45	748	218	282	1293

Division I-AA leaders Through November 6

RUSHING										
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG			
Keith Elias, Princeton	Sr	8	228	1345	5.9	15	168.13			
Tony Vinson, Towson St.	Sr	8	228	1325	5.8	14	165.63			
Richard Johnson, Butler	Sr	9	292	1359	4.7	10	151.00			
Anthony Russo, St. John's (N.Y.)	Sr	9	248	1279	5.2	15	142.11			
Robert Trice, Cal St. Northridge	Sr	9	211	1210	5.7	8	134.44			
Terrance Stokes, Pennsylvania	Jr	8	211	1052	5.0	6	131.50			
Willie High, Eastern Ill.	So	9	207	1176	5.7	10	130.67			
Irving Spikes, Northeast La.	Sr	9	195	1172	6.0	11	130.22			
Chris Parker, Marshall	So	9	165	1164	7.1	15	129.33			
Rico White, Alabama St.	Sr	8	181	1013	5.6	9	126.63			
Rene Ingoglia, Massachusetts	So	9	189	1127	6.0	12	125.22			
Erik Marsh, Lafayette	Jr	9	258	1100	4.3	8	122.22			
Michael Hicks, South Caro. St.	So	10	189	1201	6.4	4	112.10			
Sheriden May, Idaho	Jr	9	179	1078	6.0	15	119.78			
Kippy Bayless, Middle Tenn St.	Jr	9	172	1073	6.2	13	119.22			
James White, North Caro. A&T	Sr	9	164	1037	6.3	11	115.22			
Leon Brown, Eastern Ky.	Sr	7	112	801	7.2	10	114.43			
Eric Gant, Grambling	Sr	9	173	1015	5.9	11	112.78			
David Wright, Indiana St.	So	9	196	1009	5.1	6	112.11			
Alfredo Anderson, Idaho St.	Fr	10	142	1112	7.8	5	111.20			
Judd Mintz, Dayton	Sr	9	159	994	6.3	8	110.44			

PASSING EFFICIENCY										
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 att per game)										POINTS
Kelvin Simmons, Troy St	Sr	9	165	100	60.61	3	182	1619	9.81	169.4
Doug Nussmeier, Idaho	Sr	9	261	156	59.77	4	153	2454	9.40	168.6
Dave Dickenson, Montana	So	10	355	241	67.89	9	254	3245	9.14	166.6
Roy Fletcher, Drake	So	7	121	66	54.55	1	83	1138	9.40	156.4
Dan Crowley, Towson St	Jr	8	187	106	56.68	4	214	1578	8.44	155.1
Todd Bennett, Eastern Wash.	Jr	8	193	102	52.85	3	155	1730	8.96	150.7
Scott Semptimpheller, Lehigh	Sr	9	336	203	60.42	12	357	2831	8.43	147.6
Kenyon Earl, Tenn.-Chatt	Jr	9	210	121	57.62	12	571	1906	9.08	144.4
Robert Cobb, Northeast La.	Sr	9	296	169	57.09	7	236	2398	8.10	143.8
Darin Hinshaw, Central Fla.	Jr	9	273	163	59.71	12	440	2270	8.32	142.5
Kurt Warner, Northern Iowa	Fr	10	249	145	58.23	12	482	2209	8.87	140.3
Chris Hixson, Rhode Island	Fr	10	233	140	60.09	8	343	1984	8.52	138.9
Jim McGeehan, Pennsylvania	Sr	8	252	146	57.94	4	159	1718	6.82	138.2
Kendrick Nord, Grambling	So	9	186	89	47.85	8	430	1673	8.99	137.9
Bruck Spencer, Montana St.	Jr	8	155	88	56.77	4	258	1195	7.71	137.7
Jay Walker, Howard	Sr	9	308	174	56.49	10	325	2513	8.16	136.8
Tom Proudian, Iona	So	9	396	229	57.83	12	303	2967	7.49	135.5
Mich Maher, North Texas	Jr	9	264	144	54.55	9	341	2091	7.92	135.2
Brad Otten, Weber St.	Fr	8	261	156	59.77	5	345	2008	7.69	134.9
Philly Jones, Furman	Sr	9	185	95	51.58	5	303	1324	8.02	134.9
Joel Foote, Princeton	Sr	8	159	94	59.12	6	377	1348	8.48	133.2

TOTAL OFFENSE										
	CAR	GAIN	LOSS	NET	ATT	YDS	PLS	YDS	YDPL	TD*
Steve McNair, Alcorn St.	97	724	86	638	313	2560	410	3198	7.80	26
Dave Dickenson, Montana	121	516	236	280	355	3245	476	3525	7.41	42
Doug Nussmeier, Idaho	78	511	82	429	261	2454	339	2883	8.50	31
Tom Proudian, Iona	75	178	262	84	396	2967	471	2883	6.12	26
Scott Semptimpheller, Lehigh	83	210	211	-1	336	2831	419	2830	6.75	24
George Beisel, Hofstra	84	388	247	141	307	2305	391	2446	6.26	21
Jay Walker, Howard	54	295	157	138	308	2513	362	2651	7.32	19
Robert Dougherty, Boston U.	112	623	193	430	282	2096	394	2526	6.41	26
Robert Cobb, Northeast La.	24	40	87	47	296	2398	320	2351	7.35	21
Jay Fiedler, Dartmouth	69	231	124	107	256	1959	325	2066	6.36	16
Lonnie Galloway, Western Caro.	81	533	84	449	196	1800	277	2249	8.12	9
Rob Rayl, Valparaiso	79	373	92	281	221	1702	300	1983	6.61	12
Eric Fish, Evansville	46	175	60	115	325	2099	371	2214	5.97	17
Darin Hinshaw, Central Fla.	33	49	124	-75	273	2270	306	2195	7.17	19
Brad Otten, Weber St.	33	55	112	-57	261	2008	294	1951	6.64	14
Mich Maher, North Texas	73	219	122	97	264	2091	337	2188	6.49	24
John Whitcomb, Ala.-Birmingham	18	2	126	-124	319	2302	337	2178	6.46	14
Kenyon Earl, Tenn.-Chatt.	92	278	169	109	210	1906	302	2015	6.67	17
Jim McGeehan, Pennsylvania	47	150	78	72	252	1718	299	1790	5.99	22
Jeff Lewis, Northern Ariz.	94	265	256	9	313	2223	407	2232	5.48	14
Shawn Knight, William & Mary	58	321	57	264	118	1475	176	1739	9.88	23

SCORING										
	CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG			
Keith Elias, Princeton	Sr	8	16	2	0	98	12.25			
Anthony Russo, St. John's (N.Y.)	Sr	9	17	0	0	102	11.33			
Sheriden May, Idaho	Jr	9	17	0	0	102	11.33			
Tony Vinson, Towson St.	Sr	8	15	0	0	90	11.25			
Chris Parker, Marshall	So	9	16	0	0	96	10.67			
Chris Purdy, Wagner	Jr	8	13	6	0	84	10.50			
Kippy Bayless, Middle Tenn St.	Jr	9	15	2	0	92	10.22			
Wilbur Gilliard, Connecticut	So	10	17	0	0	102	10.20			
Dave Cecchini, Lehigh	Sr	9	14	4	0	88	9.78			
Richard Howell, Davidson	Sr	9	14	0	0	78	9.75			
Tamron Smith, Youngstown St.	Sr	9	14	0	0	84	9.33			
Pat Holacre, Dayton	So	9	14	0	0	84	9.33			
Jose Larios, McNeese St.	So	9	0	25	18	79	8.78			
Rene Ingoglia, Massachusetts	So	9	13	0	0	78	8.67			
Leon Brown, Eastern Ky.	Sr	7	10	0	0	60	8.57			
Jeff Stoval, Northern Iowa	Fr	10	14	0	0	84	8.40			
Mike Morelio, Boston U.	Jr	9	0	42	11	75	8.33			
Charlie Pierce, Central Fla.	Fr	9	0	34	13	73	8.11			
James White, North Caro. A&T	Sr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Tim Silo, Iona	Jr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Phil Anderson, Delaware St.	Jr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Rupert Grant, Howard	Jr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Judd Mintz, Dayton	Sr	9	12	0	0	72	8.00			
Garth Petrilli, Middle Tenn St.	Jr	9	0	32	13	71	7.89			
Dave Dickenson, Montana	So	10	13	0	0	78	7.80			

Division I-AA team Through November 6

PASSING OFFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	INT	PCT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	YDSPG	
Montana	10	397	263	10	66.2	3554	9.0	32	355.4	
Iona	9	421	239	15	56.8	3080	7.3	27	342.2	
Lehigh	9	352	213	13	60.5	2942	8.4	24	326.9	
Howard	9	346	187	13	54.0	2716	7.8	18	301.8	
Alcorn St.	9	337	171	15	50.7	2702	8.0	19	300.2	
Hofstra	8	324	181	14	55.9	2349	7.3	18	293.6	
St. Mary's (Cal.)	9	312	160	9	51.3	2597	8.3	19	288.6	
Morgan St.	9	315	156	17	49.5	2588	8.2	19	287.6	
Idaho	9	278	162	5	58.3	2510	9.0	26	278.9	
Ala.-Birmingham	10	413	221	16	53.5	2776	6.7	18	277.6	
Weber St.	9	305	174	7	57.0	2498	8.2	22	277.6	
Northeast La.	9	296	173	14	58.4	2411	8.1	19	267.9	
Central Fla.	9	327	178	17	54.4	2393	7.3	21	265.9	
Boston U.	10	286	165	13	57.7	2578	9.0	17	257.8	
Northern Iowa	9	278	152	7	54.7	2309	8.3	22	256.6	
Eastern Wash.	9	335	182	17	54.3	2250	6.7	8	250.0	
Boise St.	9	356	195	7	54.8	2222	6.2	17	246.9	
Dartmouth	8	256	127	16	49.6	1959	7.7	14	244.9	
Northern Ariz.	10	334	187	7	56.0	2383	7.1	14	238.3	

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	PCT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	RATING
Georgetown	7	248	108	43.55	11	4.44	1071	4.32	3	121
McNeese St.	9	286	154	53.85	23	8.04	1528	5.34	4	140
Duquesne	9	172	74	43.02	14	8.14	1076	6.26	5	2.91
Northern Iowa	10	213	97	45.54	11	5.16	1207	5.67	4	1.88
Iona	9	271	116	42.80	13	4.80	1450	5.35	9	3.32
Pennsylvania	8	237	104	43.88	15	6.33	1408	5.44	7	2.53
Southern-B.R.	10	237	104	43.88	17	7.17	1359	5.89	9	3.80
Dayton	9	263	128	48.67	14	5.32	1452	5.52	5	1.90
South Caro. St.	10	295	130	44.07	18	6.10	1821	6.17	9	3.05
Northeast La.	9	191	87	45.55	12	6.28	1070	5.60	8	4.19
Ala.-Birmingham	9	229	105	45.85	18	7.86	1333	5.85	11	4.80
St. John's (N.Y.)	9	257	111	43.19	16	6.23	1579	6.14	10	3.89
St. Peter's	8	219	112	51.14	11	5.02	1111	5.10	8	3.65
Montana St.	10	316	142	44.94	20	6.33	1967	6.29	11	3.48
Murray St.	9	176	80	45.45	12	6.84	1073	6.13	6	6.74
Murray & Mary	9	232	118	50.79	17	7.44	1206	5.20	8	3.45
Canisius	9	252	134	53.17	17	6.75	1401	5.56	8	3.17
Howard	9	223	97	43.50	13	5.83	1341	6.01	10	4.48
Evansville	9	212	97	45.75	12	5.66	1196	5.64	10	4.72

Division II leaders Through November 6

RUSHING									
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG			
Roger Graham, New Haven	Jr	9	167	1481	17	164.6			
Michael Mann, Indiana (Pa.)	Sr	9	248	1467	14	163.0			
Keith Higdon, Cheyney	Sr	9	282	1460	15	162.2			
Thelbert Withers, N.M. Highlands	Sr	9	242	1352	19	150.2			
Clifton Davis, Fayetteville St.	Jr	10	279	1461	15	146.1			
Richard Huntley, Winston-Salem	So	10	220	1460	11	146.0			
Preston Jackson, UC Davis	Sr	9	217	1309	16	145.4			
Joe Simmons, N.C. Central	Sr	10	216	1444	15	144.4			
Bobby Phillips, Virginia Union	Jr	10	228	1426	9	142.6			
Greg Walker, Delta St.	Sr	9	216	1276	9	141.8			
Marc DeBellis, Millersville	Jr	9	205	1256	10	139.6			
Lamonte Coleman, Slippery Rock	Sr	9	225	1251	12	139.0			
Leonard Davis, Lenoir Rhyne	Jr	9	237	1227	18	136.3			
Mason Gordon, Presbyterian	Sr	10	237	1348	15	134.8			
Scott Schulte, Hillsdale	Sr	10	278	1337	13	133.7			
Norman White, West Tex. A&M	Fr	8	166	1064	8	133.0			
Shannon Burnett, North Dak.	Sr	9	225	1199	11	126.6			
Rob Munson, Quincy	So	10	237	1252	7	125.2			
Clint Bedore, Fort Hays St.	Sr	9	188	1125	7	125.0			
Charles Dean, St. Cloud St.	Sr	9	156	1088	14	120.9			
Hosea Knowlton, Central Ark.	Sr	10	257	1195	13	119.5			
Darrell Whitaker, Eastern N. Mex.	Jr	9	191	1048	8	116.4			
Felix Addo, West Ga.	Jr	9	162	1043	7	115.9			
Henry Caldwell, Central Mo. St.	Sr	9	192	1040	11	115.6			
Joe Gough, Wayne St. (Mich.)	Jr	9	272	1037	10	115.2			
Elliott Armstrong, Elon	Sr	10	185	1140	9	114.0			
Bryce Carlson, Moorhead St.	Jr	9	184	1015	2	112.8			

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 att. per game)									
James Weir, New Haven	Jr	9	236	139	59.3	1	211	29	173.7
Brett Salisbury, Wayne St. (Neb.)	Sr	9	344	240	69.7	11	3344	27	170.9
Rob Hyland, North Dak. St.	Fr	9	137	84	61.3	5	1319	11	161.4
Gregory Clark, Virginia St.	Sr	10	340	203	59.7	10	2988	33	159.7
Perry Klein, LIU-C. W. Post	Sr	9	365	223	61.1	16	3299	34	159.0
Chris Hatcher, Valdosta St.	Jr	10	433	304	70.2	10	3298	35	156.3
Todd McDonald, South Dak. St.	Sr	10	283	167	59.0	9	2532	24	155.8
Khari Jones, UC Davis	Sr	9	290	163	56.2	8	2424	24	148.2
Mike Jinks, Angelo St.	Jr	8	135	67	49.6	4	1138	13	146.3
Matt Cook, Mo. Southern St.	Sr	9	261	137	52.4	7	2149	23	145.3
Ken Aveni, Catawba	Sr	9	150	89	59.3	4	1201	10	143.3
Matt Montgomery, Hampton	Jr	10	202	118	58.4	4	1592	12	140.3
Jody Dickerson, Edinboro	Jr	9	211	102	48.3	8	1682	20	139.0
Mike Fisher, Cal Poly SLO	So	9	256	138	53.9	8	1987	20	138.6
Shawn Dupris, Southwest St.	Fr	8	340	199	58.5	14	2657	23	138.2
Jamie Pass, Mankato St.	Sr	10	369	205	55.5	12	2992	33	137.7
Scott Woods, Indiana (Pa.)	Sr	9	190	101	53.1	6	1567	12	137.0
Jermaine Whitaker, N.M. Highlands	Jr	9	308	174	56.4	15	2476	21	136.8
Kermit Buggs, Norfolk St.	Sr	9	196	95	48.4	9	1696	14	135.5
Marty Washington, Livingston	Sr	8	404	221	54.7	13	3062	26	133.2
Terry Payne, Central Okla.	Sr	8	138	74	53.6	6	1137	7	130.9
Bill Matos, Portland St.	Sr	9	330	186	56.3	12	2464	17	128.8

TOTAL OFFENSE									
	CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG				
Perry Klein, LIU-C. W. Post	Sr	9	447	3555	395.0				
Marty Washington, Livingston	Sr	8	453	3146	393.3				
Brett Salisbury, Wayne St. (Neb.)	Sr	9	368	3366	374.0				
Jed Drenning, Glenville St.	Sr	10	476	3593	359.3				
Jamie Pass, Mankato St.	Sr	10	505	3330	333.0				
Shawn Dupris, Southwest St.	Fr	8	370	2573	321.6				
Chris Hatcher, Valdosta St.	Jr	10	456	3170	317.0				
Khari Jones, UC Davis	Sr	9	350	2785	309.4				
Vernon Buck, Wingate	Jr	10	421	3032	303.2				
Thad Trujillo, Fort Lewis	Jr	9	513	2709	301.0				
John Craven, Gardner-Webb	Jr	9	428	2675	297.2				
Gregory Clark, Virginia St.	Sr	10	383	2920	292.0				
Bobby McLaughlin, Lock Haven	So	10	468	2720	272.0				
Todd McDonald, South Dak. St.	Sr	10	377	2695	269.5				
Jermaine Whitaker, N.M. Highlands	Jr	9	348	2384	264.9				
Matt Cook, Mo. Southern St.	Sr	9	340	2256	250.7				
Brent Holsclaw, Ky. Wesleyan	Sr	9	379	2195	243.9				
Bill Matos, Portland St.	Sr	9	376	2175	241.7				
James Weir, New Haven	Jr	9	273	2147	238.6				
Jeff Palladino, West Va. Wesleyan	Jr	9	33	2126	252.2				
Kip Kieso, Northern St.	Sr	10	418	2287	228.7				
James Franklin, East Stroudsburg	Jr	9	342	2024	224.9				

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS									
	CL	G	RUSH	REC	PR	KR	INT	YDS	YDSPG
Chris George, Glenville St.	Jr	10	25	1896	157	562	0	2640	264.0
Roger Graham, New Haven	Jr	9	1481	116	0	481	0	2078	203.89
Johnny Cox, Fort Lewis	Sr	9	9	1017	189	688	0	1903	211.44
Dave Ludy, Winona St.	Sr	9	838	264	0	593	0	1695	188.33
Keith Higdon, Cheyney	Sr	9	1460	164	0	67	0	1691	187.89
Michael Mann, Indiana (Pa.)	Sr	9	1467	206	0	0	0	1673	185.89
Bryce Carlson, Moorhead St.	Jr	9	1015	27	0	588	0	1630	187.11
Darrell Whitaker, Eastern N. Mex.	Jr	9	1048	134	0	1599	0	1599	177.67
Fran DeFalco, Assumption	Jr	9	867	125	165	428	0	1585	176.11
Carter Ewe, Morris Brown	Jr	10	12	1073	0	570	0	1755	175.50
Tyrone Rush, North Ala.	Sr	9	1088	10	0	411	0	1509	167.67
Greg Walker, Delta St.	Sr	9	1276	187	0	3	0	1466	162.89
Scott Schulte, Hillsdale	Sr	10	1337	190	0	92	0	1619	161.90
Bobby Phillips, Virginia Union	Jr	10	1426	74	0	98	0	1598	159.80
Larry Jackson, Edinboro	Jr	8	995	122	0	161	0	1278	159.75
Willie McClelland, Livingston	Sr	10	44	767	56	730	0	1597	159.70
Joe Simmons, N.C. Central	Sr	10	1444	151	0	0	0	1595	159.50
Clifton Davis, Fayetteville St.	Jr	10	1461	99	0	4	0	1564	156.40
Clint Bedore, Fort Hays St.	So	10	1252	178	114	16	0	1560	156.00
Winston Horshaw, Shippensburg	Sr	9	461	450	136	353	0	1400	155.56

Division II team Through November 6

PASSING OFFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDSPG		
LIU-C. W. Post	9	391	238	60.9	18	3610	401.1		
Wayne St. (Neb.)	9	359	248	69.1	11	3414	379.3		
Livingston	10	538	294	54.6	16	3778	377.8		
Valdosta St.	10	470	330	70.2	11	3512	351.2		
Glenville St.	10	401	246	61.3	13	3403	340.3		
Mankato St.	10	415	229	55.2	14	3375	337.5		
Gardner-Webb	9	454	244	53.7	28	2947	327.4		
Southwest St.	9	389	221	56.8	17	2855	317.2		
Virginia St.	10	350	207	59.1	11	3030	303.0		
Fort Lewis	9	441	225	51.0	16	2722	302.4		
Portland St.	9	344	195	56.7	13	2663	295.9		
Wingate	10	389	185	47.6	16	2846	284.6		
N.M. Highlands	9	337	180	53.4	20	2550	283.3		
Lock Haven	10	433	248	57.3	18	2799	279.9		
New Haven	9	259	154	59.5	2	2495	277.2		
UC Davis	9	310	171	55.2	9	2493	277.0		
Ky. Wesleyan	9	342	195	57.0	17	2377	264.1		
South Dak. St.	10	296	174	58.8	10	2622	262.2		
Slippery Rock	9	298	151	50.7	18	2310	256.7		
Calif. (Pa.)	10	354	185	52.3	17	2548	254.8		
Mo. Southern St.	9	275	142	51.6	10	2292	254.7		

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Ashland	10	303	118	38.9	19	1310	5	68.1	
Millersville	9	230	87	37.8	15	1137	4	72.0	
Alabama A&M	10	154	58	37.6	9	733	3	72.4	
Stonehill	8	165	63	38.1	9	737	5	74.8	
East Stroudsburg	9	260	112	43.0	21	1307	6	76.8	
Albany St. (Ga.)	10	256	113	44.1	20	1337	7	81.4	
Lenoir Rhyne	9	230	101	43.9	16	1135	7	81.4	
Ferris St.	10	287	123	42.8	19	1423	9	81.6	
Bentley	9	194	83	42.7	14	882	9	81.9	
Hampton	10	268	114	42.5	16	1516	8	88.0	
Angelo St.	9	280	122	43.5	19	1466	12	88.2	
Tex. A&M-Kingsville	9	253	109	43.0	12	1342	8	88.6	
Clark Atlanta	9	205	88	42.9	14	1024	11	89.0	
Assumption	9	186	84	45.1	11	974	7	89.8	
Portland St.	9	217	91	41.9	10	1206	7	90.1	
Fort Hays St.	10	288	136	47.2	22	1640	9	90.1	
North Dak.	9	250	118	47.2	15	1416	6	90.7	

TURNOVER MARGIN									
	G	FUM	INT	GAIN	FUM	INT	LOSS	MARGIN	
Hillsdale	10	18	19	37	7	4	11	2.60	
New Haven	9	24	7	31	8	2	10	2.33	
South Dak. St.	10	12	27	39	10	10	20	1.90	
Angelo St.	9	12	19	31	5	9	14	1.88	
Quincy	8	15	15	30	9	6	15	1.87	
Mo. Southern St.	9	12	19	31	5	10	15	1.77	
East Stroudsburg	9	12	21	33	9	9	18	1.66	
Fort Hays St.	10	16	22	38	10	12	22	1.66	
Finn	10	12	17	29	7	8	15	1.40	
North Dak.	9	9	15	24	6	6	12	1.33	
Indiana (Pa.)	9	12	18	30	11	7	18	1.33	
Winona St.	9	18	17	35	9	14	23	1.33	
Albany St. (Ga.)	10	17	21	38	15	10	25	1.30	
Hampton	10	20	15	35	18	4	22	1.30	

Division III leaders Through October 30

RUSHING									
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG			
Carey Bender, Coe	SR	8	213	1460	13	182.5			
Drew Beers, Merchant Marine	SR	7	243	1208	12	172.6			
Heath Butler, N. Western (Wis.)	SR	8	236	1371	15	171.4			
Bill Sedgwick, Ursinus	SR	7	185	1190	16	170.0			
Rodney Bond, Jersey City St.	SR	7	222	1178	8	168.3			
Jimmy Henderson, Wis.-Stevens Point	SR	8	197	1302	17	167.8			
Frank Baker, Chicago	SR	9	256	1416	7	157.3			
Don Dawson, Ripon	SR	8	178	1228	14	153.5			
Kelvin Gladney, Millsaps	JR	7	168	1030	15	147.1			
Pedro Arruza, Wheaton (Ill.)	SO	7	181	1016	14	145.1			
Derrick Harris, Lureka	SR	9	314	1301	10	144.6			
Ronnie Howard, Bridgewater (Va.)	SR	8	214	1150	9	143.8			
Marlon Perryman, Wittenberg	SR	8	208	1141	6	142.6			
Jose DeLeon, MIT	FR	7	199	987	10	141.0			
Jeff Robinson, Albion	JR	8	178	1172	16	140.3			
David Kogan, Wabash	JR	7	195	962	14	137.4			
John Lutz, Colorado Col.	JR	7	186	947	12	135.3			
Rob Marchitello, Maine Maritime	SO	7	192	933	11	133.3			
Matt Friedman, Plymouth St.	SR	7	180	924	7	132.0			
Tony Fardulo, Pomona Pitzer	SR	7	139	884	9	126.3			
Steve Dixon, Beloit	SR	8	239	1010	11	125.3			
Kevin Matarelli, Monmouth (Ill.)	JR	8	163	1002	5	125.3			
Scott Tumilly, Augustana (Ill.)	SO	7	140	869	11	124.1			
Dave Cottrell, Wesleyan	SO	6	135	742	7	123.7			
Rashaan Jordan, Alfred	SR	8	182	988	7	123.5			
Jeremy Hurd, Rochester	SR	7	155	857	12	122.4			
Jay Gruber, Loras	SR	8	185	955	8	119.4			

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING
Willie Seiler, St. John's (Minn.)	SR	8	160	117	73.1	5	2192	30	243.8
Jim Ballard, Mount Union	SR	8	271	197	72.6	8	2834	29	190.0
Chris Conkling, Anderson	SR	8	136	97	71.3	1	1432	11	185.0
Troy Knox, Colorado Col.	SR	7	116	74	63.7	4	1109	13	174.2
Gay Simons, Coe	SR	8	150	87	58.0	7	1529	16	169.5
Matt Miller, Cornell College	SR	8	131	77	58.7	4	1132	12	155.5
Paul Bell, Allegheny	JR	8	120	72	60.0	5	1050	11	155.4
Jason Baer, Wash. & Jeff	SO	8	126	70	55.5	5	1018	14	152.2
John Smith, Delaware	JR	9	239	151	63.1	11	1958	21	151.8
Boo Perry, Wilkes	SO	8	206	122	59.2	9	1855	16	151.7
Ed Hesson, Rowan	SR	7	185	102	55.1	3	1598	15	151.2
Russ Young, Sewanee	JR	8	169	103	60.9	6	1481	11	148.9
Mike Montico, Albion	SR	8	136	82	60.2	6	1144	10	146.4
Steve Stratton, St. Norbert	JR	7	145	82	56.5	5	1216	10	142.9
Aaron Keen, Washington (Mo.)	SR	9	201	106	52.7	3	1544	14	137.3
Scott Newton, Union (N.Y.)	JR	8	140	75	53.5	13	1098	15	136.2
Jeff Lindquist, Neb. Wesleyan	SR	8	228	127	55.7	11	1662	20	136.2
Jim Connolly, Wesley	JR	8	213	123	57.7	7	1544	12	135.4
Mike Fijah, Wartburg	JR	8	155	84	54.1	4	1215	9	134.1
Chris Dee, Carnegie Mellon	JR	8	169	87	51.4	9	1361	13	133.8

TOTAL OFFENSE									
	CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG				
Jim Ballard, Mount Union	SR	8	322	2893	361.6				
Jordan Poznick, Principia	SR	7	434	2382	340.3				
Chris Ings, Wabash	SO	8	367	2269	283.6				
Willie Seiler, St. John's (Minn.)	SR	8	203	2217	277.1				
Keith Karpinski, St. Olaf	JR	9	297	2412	268.0				
John Smith, Delaware	SR	8	317	2130	266.3				
Tom Stallings, St. Thomas (Minn.)	SO	7	385	1806	258.0				
Brian Van Dusen, Western Md.	JR	6	267	1545	257.5				
John Shoop, Claremont-M.S.	SR	8	401	2012	251.5				
Dan Takah, Bethany (W. Va.)	JR	7	359	1758	251.1				
Sean McCullough, Muhlenberg	JR	7	343	1753	250.4				
Jon Ebert, Bethel (Minn.)	JR	7	339	1684	240.6				
LeRoy Williams, Upsala	SR	8	264	1887	235.9				
Roger Hauri, Wis.-Stevens Point	SO	8	245	1862	232.8				
Boo Perry, Wilkes	SR	8	292	1822	227.8				
John Koz, Baldwin-Wallace	SR	7	249	1571	224.4				
Brandon Grabowski, Rensselaer	JR	8	398	1789	223.6				
Brad Hensley, Kenyon	SR	7	200	1563	223.3				
Ed Hesson, Rowan	JR	8	240	1779	222.4				
Jay Schneider, Hamline	SR	8	320	1753	219.1				
Scott Isphording, Hanover	SO	8	280	1707	213.4				
Eric Noble, Wilmington (Ohio)									

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNERS									
	CL	G	RUSH	REC	PH	KR	INT	YDS	YDSPG
Carey Bender, Coe	SR	8	1460	449	0	0	0	1909	238.63
Bill Sedgwick, Ursinus	SR	7	1190	53	11	367	0	1671	231.57
Sam Williams, Delaware	JR	9	40	1144	410	48	0	2022	224.67
Scott Tumilly, Augustana (Ill.)	SO	7	869	138	116	37	0	1501	214.43
Eric Green, III, Benedictine	SR	7	982	226	562	0	0	1777	197.44
Roddy Patten, Framingham St.	SR	7	61	572	342	383	22	1380	197.14
Jammy Goss, Sewanee	SR	8	-1	926	257	323	0	1505	188.13
Kelvin Gladney, Millsaps	JR	7	1030	283	0	0	0	1313	187.57
Drew Beers, Merchant Marine	SR	7	1208	34	0	63	0	1305	186.43
Adam Henry, Carleton	SR	8	747	149	73	483	0	1452	181.50
Ronnie Howard, Bridgewater (Va.)	SR	8	1150	22	40	214	0	1426	178.25
Heath Butler, N. Western (Wis.)	SR	8	1371	18	0	0	0	1389	173.63
Jose DeLeon, MIT	FR	7	987	103	0	107	0	1197	171.00
Shaun Kirby, Trinity (Conn.)	JR	6	512	378	58	77	0	1025	170.83
Rodney Bond, Jersey City St.	SR	7	1178	17	0	0	0	1195	170.71
Jimmy Henderson, Wis.-Stevens Point	SR	8	1302	57	0	0	0	1359	169.88
Ed Bubonics, Mount Union	JR	8	15	1107	176	59	0	1357	169.63
David Kogan, Wabash	JR	7	962	184	0	27	0	1173	167.57
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	JR	8	4	956	44	317	0	1321	165.13
Derrick Harris, Lureka	SR	9	1301	86	0	91	0	1478	164.22
Damon Kleisa, Hanover	SR	8	22	648	0	641	0	1311	163.88

Wisconsin's best

Beloit College fullback Steve Dixon became the leading rusher in the history of Wisconsin football October 30



Dixon

when he gained 274 yards in a 14-7 victory over St. Norbert College, and he also became only the third player in Division III history to rush for 1,000 yards or more in each of his four seasons. Dixon, who now has 4,589 career yards, surpassed the previous Wisconsin best of 4,442, set by Scott Reppert of Lawrence University from 1979 to 1982.

RECEPTIONS PER GAME									
	CL	G	CT	YDS	TD	CTPG			
Matt Newton, Principia	SR	7	87	971	11	12.4			
Sam Williams, Delaware	JR	9	79	1144	13	8.8			
Tom Buslee, St. Olaf	SR	8	67	1141	9	8.4			
Rob Lokerson, Muhlenberg	JR	7	56	948	3	8.0			
Harold McKinley, Bethany (W. Va.)	SO	8	63	648	4	7.9			
Alan Pietkiewicz, Western Md.	JR	7	55	687	6	7.9			
Ed Bubonics, Mount Union	SR	8	62	1107	7	7.8			
Greg Lehrer, Heidelberg	SR	8	61	859	5	7.6			
Devin Willis, Upper Iowa	SR	8	59	600	5	7.4			
Brian Vandegriff, Rhodes	SR	8	59	791	6	7.4			
Joe Palumbo, Ithaca	SR	8	58	777	7	7.3			
Tom McDavitt, Trinity (Conn.)	JR	6	43	515	2	7.2			
Pete Marine, Cal Lutheran	JR	7	50	632	5	7.1			
Jammy Goss, Sewanee	SR	8	57	926	9	7.1			
Damon Kleisa, Hanover	SR	8	57	648	6	7.1			
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	SR	8	57	683	6	7.1			
Eric Green, III, Benedictine	SR	9	63	982	6	7.0			
Ted Brockman, Kenyon	SR	8	56	642	7	7.0			
Andy Wenk, Knox	SR	8	55	617	2	6.9			
Steve Endres, Wilkes	SR	8	55	801	3	6.9			
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	JR	8	54	956	11	6.8			
Kendall Griffin, Loras	SR	7	47	766	8	6.7			
Tony Norton, Franklin	SR	7	46	588	5	6.6			
Chris Garrity, Wilmington (Ohio)	SR	8	52	775	10	6.5			
Lance Yandell, Baldwin-Wallace	SR	8	51	777	6	6.4			
John Drake, Swarthmore	SR	8	47	554	4	5.9			
Mike Lundeen, Bethel (Minn.)	SO	8	47	439	4	5.9			
Steve Stock, Principia	SR	7	41	453	3	5.9			
Jim Francesca, Upsala	JR	7	41	549	3	5.9			
Colby Penzone, Kenyon	JR	8	46	541	5	5.8			

RECEIVING YARDS PER GAME									
	CL	G	CT	YDS	TD	YDSPG			
Ed Buslee, St. Olaf	SR	8	67	1141	9	142.6			
Ed Bubonics, Mount Union	SR	8	62	1107	7	138.4			
Rob Lokerson, Muhlenberg	JR	7	56	948	3	135.4			
Matt Newton, Principia	SR	7	87	971	11	131.6			
Sam Williams, Delaware	JR	9	79	1144	13	127.1			
Vic Moncato, FDU-Madison	JR	8	54	956	11	119.5			
Jammy Goss, Sewanee	SR	8	57	926	9	115.8			
Kendall Griffin, Loras	SR	7	47	766	8	109.4			
Eric Green, III, Benedictine	SR	9	63	982	6	109.1			
Greg Lehrer, Heidelberg	SR	8	61	859	5	107.4			
Steve Endres, Wilkes	SR	8	55	801	3	100.1			
Brian Vandegriff, Rhodes	SR	8	59	791	6	98.9			
Alan Pietkiewicz, Western Md.	JR	7	55	687	6	98.1			
Joe Palumbo, Ithaca	SR	8	58	777	7	97.1			
Chris Garrity, Wilmington (Ohio)	SR	8	52	775	10	96.9			
Lance Yandell, Baldwin-Wallace	SR	8	51	772	6	96.5			
Pete Marine, Cal Lutheran	JR	7	50	632	5	90.3			

PUNT RETURNS									
	CL	NO	YDS	AVG					

■ Administrative Review Panel actions

The following is a report of actions by the NCAA Administrative Review Panel. The panel was created to consider appeals—based on special circumstances—of actions by NCAA committees (other than the Eligibility Committee or Committee on Infractions) or the NCAA staff regarding the application of NCAA legislation.

This report contains actions taken by the panel from August through September 1993. The actions were reviewed by the NCAA Council at its October meeting.

Of these cases, 36 requests by institutions were granted by the panel; 42 were denied. Since the panel's formation in January, the panel has granted a total of 82 requests and denied 86.

In a change from past reports, the following cases are listed in NCAA bylaw numerical order, rather than by case number. However, the case number assigned by the panel to each case also is listed.

Case No.	Sport and Division	Citation	Special circumstances	Application of legislation	Request of institution	Action taken
193.	Field hockey, women's lacrosse (I)	B 11.7.4	A full-time assistant coach in field hockey took a medical leave of absence in the spring of 1993 to undergo a bone marrow transplant for leukemia. Although the coach has returned to work, the coach still is in recovery and tires easily during rigorous practice sessions with the team. The coach still is receiving treatment for the condition, which affects the coach's ability to stay on the practice field and perform administrative duties for extended periods of time.	There shall be a limit of two head or assistant coaches who may be employed by an institution in the sport of field hockey.	Waive the normal application of the coaching limitation and permit the institution to compensate a graduate student with a stipend of \$2,000 for the field hockey season to assist with on-field coaching activities. The duties of the graduate student would involve practice activities and attendance at home games only (the individual would not travel with the team or engage in any scouting or recruiting activities).	Granted.
166.	Football (I)	B 12.1.4	The student-athlete (SA) signed a minor league baseball contract after signing a National Letter of Intent to play football at the applicant institution. The SA received approximately \$1,700 in expenses but returned home within 24 hours and apparently practiced on only one occasion with the professional baseball team. The SA now plans to participate in football at the applicant institution.	Financial aid is prohibited at a member institution if the SA has an "active contractual relationship with any professional team." Such a SA may, however, be bound by an option clause to a particular team in the event the professional career resumes without affecting opportunities for financial aid.	Apparently, minor league contracts no longer include the option clause but rather are multiple-year contracts. This contract was for seven years, but no payments are made unless the individual participates. The institution submits that the SA's circumstance is consistent with the intent of the applicable legislation and that the SA cannot afford a college education without the relief that has been requested.	Granted.
155.	Football (I)	B 12.5.1.1	A charitable project is being produced by two organizations. The videotape will highlight the top 17 spectacular plays, 15 significant or dramatic plays, seven unusual plays, five bizarre plays and the block of the year for 1992. All proceeds from the sale of the videotape will go to one of the organization's 162 children's hospitals through the United States and Canada, and to the other organization's post-graduate scholarship fund.	A member institution or recognized entity thereof (e.g., fraternity, sorority or student government organization), a member conference or a noninstitutional charitable, educational or nonprofit agency may use the SA's name, picture or appearance to support its charitable or educational activities or to support activities considered incidental to the SA's participation in intercollegiate athletics, provided the SA receives written approval to participate from the athletics director.	Waive the requirement that each SA must receive written approval from the AD to participate in such activities. With this specific project, it would require that every player in every frame of the 45 plays of the highlight film receive a written waiver from each AD.	Granted.
156.	Women's basketball (N/A)	B 13.02.4.2	A noninstitutional basketball camp that was certified by the NCAA was required to reschedule its original camp dates due to flooding. The dates for which the camp was rescheduled was outside the contact and evaluation period.	Divisions I and II coaches in the sport of basketball are permitted to assess the academic qualifications and playing ability of prospects during contact or evaluation period.	Waive the normal application of the contact and evaluation period and permit basketball coaches in Divisions I and II to attend this camp, inasmuch as the camp was rescheduled due to flooding during a week that is not a permissible contact or evaluation period.	Granted.
124.	Women's basketball (I)	B 14.02.6 and 14.2.4.1	The SA participated in a few minutes of a preseason exhibition contest during the SA's freshman year in college. Thereafter, the head coach withheld the SA from competition because the SA was receiving poor grade reports. At the conclusion of the fall semester, the SA was declared academically ineligible. The SA was informed by the coach that there would be an appeal to allow the SA to recapture the season of competition used by competing in the one contest. The coach later left the institution, and the new coach indicated the matter would be pursued. The administration later told the SA that the matter would not be pursued.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of the time, during a season in an intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by a two- or four-year collegiate institution at the varsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SA's situation and permit the SA to have two seasons of eligibility with two years remaining on the SA's five-year clock.	Denied.
134.	Baseball (III)	B 14.02.6 and 14.2.4.1	The SA expressed an interest in transferring in the fall of 1992. The AD refused to release the SA until after the spring 1993 season, or, as an alternative, the release would be provided immediately if no further participation occurred. The AD was unaware that participation in the nontraditional season would count as a season of competition. The SA had participated during the nontraditional season.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of time, during a season of intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by two- or four-year collegiate institutions at the varsity or subvarsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule and permit the SA to participate in three seasons of competition at another Division III institution.	Granted.
209.	Women's cross country, women's track, women's volleyball (III)	B 14.1.8.1	Two SAs would like to enroll in four courses at the applicant institution, which would transfer back to their original institutions. During the time they are enrolled in these courses, both SAs would like to participate in intercollegiate competition at the applicant institution; however, they would not be considered degree-seeking SAs at the applicant institution.	To be eligible to participate (i.e., practice or compete) in intercollegiate athletics, SA shall be enrolled in at least a minimum full-time program of studies leading to a baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the regulations of the institution.	Allow both SAs to participate in their respective sports during the year away from their "home universities."	Denied.
162.	Football (I)	B 14.1.8.2	The SA initially enrolled at a collegiate institution in the fall of 1989 and had continuous enrollment until May 1993, at which time the SA graduated. The SA, while attending the institution, participated in football during the 1989-90 and 1990-91 academic years. The SA was informed by a coach at the institution that upon graduation the SA would be immediately eligible to participate in football at another institution. The SA now wishes to enroll in the applicant institution's graduate school and participate in football at that institution during the final year of SA's five-year clock.	A SA who is enrolled in a graduate or professional school of the institution he or she previously attended as an undergraduate may participate in intercollegiate athletics at that institution, provided the SA has eligibility remaining and such participation occurs within the applicable five-year or 10-semester period.	Permit the SA to participate in football competition as a graduate student while the SA has eligibility remaining, inasmuch as the SA was misinformed by institutional officials regarding eligibility after graduation.	Denied.
165.	Women's cross country (II)	B 14.1.8.2	The SA is an exchange student in the last two years of enrollment in a university in Denmark. Students from universities or colleges in Denmark are admitted directly to a five- to six-year program, of which the last two years are equivalent to an American master's degree. In Denmark, a baccalaureate degree does not exist as a degree itself. Thus, the SA technically has not graduated from a foreign collegiate institution. In order to transfer the credits taken at the applicant institution to the foreign institution, the SA is required to take graduate courses. The SA has been admitted to the graduate program at the applicant institution and would like to participate in cross country. The SA has never attended the institution as an undergraduate.	A graduate student (with eligibility remaining within the five-year period) is eligible to participate in intercollegiate athletics at the institution from which the SA's baccalaureate degree was earned.	Permit the SA to participate in competition as a graduate student while the SA has eligibility remaining under the NCAA five-year rule.	Denied.
187.	Men's soccer (I)	B 14.1.8.2, 14.2.1 and	The SA competed in two full seasons of soccer and was injured in the third season (would qualify for injury hardship). The SA's physi-	A SA who is enrolled in a graduate or professional school of the institu-	Waive the normal application of the five-year rule and the postbaccalaureate	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 15

		30.6.1	<p>cian detected cancer in November 1988 and the SA's attendance was interrupted for more than two years. The SA returned to complete a baccalaureate degree and has enrolled in graduate school at the applicant institution. The SA did not attend the applicant institution as an undergraduate. The SA's cancer redeveloped in May 1993.</p> <p>Appeal initially was denied, but significant votes were obtained to grant one season after review of additional information concerning illness.</p>	<p>tion he or she previously attended as an undergraduate may participate in intercollegiate athletics at that institution, provided the SA has eligibility remaining and such participation occurs within the applicable five-year or 10-semester period.</p>	<p>rule due to the SA's special medical circumstances.</p>	
26.	Football (I)	B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1	<p>The SA was diagnosed with a learning disability in high school. Due to this disability, the SA was advised by professional counselors with a state rehabilitation commission to attend a designated collegiate institution to concentrate exclusively on academics. Financial assistance would be provided to the SA only if these conditions were fulfilled. The SA satisfactorily completed two years and convinced counselors that the SA could succeed academically at a major university and also participate in football. The commission agreed to continue financing the SA's education as long as the SA passed 12 hours of each semester with a minimum GPA of 2.000 (4.000). The SA then enrolled at a Division I institution in the fall of 1990 and participated in varsity football practice for the 1990 and 1991 seasons and competed in the 1992 season.</p> <p>Appeal initially denied, but the institution requested reconsideration on the basis of disability and care with which the SA has approached transition of academic and athletics pressures.</p>	<p>A waiver of the five-year rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.</p>	<p>A two-year extension of eligibility for the SA to compensate for the two years during which the SA attended the two-year college and did not participate in intercollegiate athletics. The institution believes this extension is warranted in order to avoid penalizing the SA for the SA's disability and for following the professional advice given to the SA in 1988.</p>	Granted.
154.	Women's softball (I)	B 14.2.1, 14.2.1.3, 14.2.1.4 and 14.2.4.5	<p>The SA initially enrolled full-time at a two-year college in the fall of 1984. In November 1984, the SA became pregnant and dropped out of school. The SA married the father of the baby and subsequently suffered from drug addiction and domestic problems until sometime in 1989. The SA participated in slow-pitch noncollegiate amateur competition from 1988 through 1990, at which time the SA was 22, 23 and 24 years old, respectively. While at the two-year college, the SA earned a degree, and now wishes to transfer and participate at a Division I institution. The SA enrolled at the two-year college in September 1991 and participated during the 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years.</p>	<p>In Division I, the SA shall complete his or her seasons of participation within five calendar years from the beginning of the semester or quarter in which the SA first registered for a minimum full-time program of studies in a collegiate institution. In addition, a female SA whose initial collegiate enrollment occurred before the establishment of women's championships by the NCAA (1981-82 academic year) shall not be subject to the five-year rule but shall be subject to the 10-semester/15-quarter rule. Further, any participation as an individual or a team representative in organized sports competition by a student during each 12-month period after the student's 20th birthday and before initial full-time enrollment in a collegiate institution shall count as one year of varsity competition in that sport. The legislative services staff has determined that slow- and fast-pitch softball are considered the same sport when applying this legislation.</p>	<p>Waive the normal application of the five-year rule in the SA's situation and permit the SA to be subject to the 10-semester rule, which applied formerly, inasmuch as the SA lacked proper guidance, both in terms of the SA's personal life and knowing what was required to be eligible at a Division I institution.</p>	Granted.
164.	Men's cross country (I)	B 14.2.1 and 30.6.1	<p>The SA has been enrolled full-time in the applicant institution for the past five years and intends to enroll in the institution's graduate program for the 1993-94 academic year. The SA competed for only three years due to various injuries.</p>	<p>A waiver of the five-year rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.</p>	<p>Waive the normal application of the five-year rule and permit the SA to participate during the 1993-94 academic year.</p>	Denied.
178.	Men's basketball (I)	B 14.2.1	<p>The SA's father suffered a heart attack and subsequent stroke before the SA's enrollment at the applicant institution. During the fall of 1988, the SA enrolled at the applicant institution; however, he withdrew before the end of the semester. The SA reenrolled in the fall of 1989 and, at that time, was unaware of the fact the five-year period of eligibility started with the SA's initial enrollment in the fall of 1988. The SA's five-year period of eligibility ended after the spring of 1993.</p>	<p>The SA shall complete his or her seasons of participation within five calendar years from the beginning of the semester or quarter in which the SA first registered for a minimum full-time program of studies in a collegiate institution.</p>	<p>Waive the provisions of the five-year rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was unaware that enrollment in the fall of 1988 on a full-time basis would trigger the SA's five-year period of eligibility. Further, the institution believes that due to the great hardship the SA has suffered, it would be in the SA's best interests to allow him to participate during the SA's final seasons of competition.</p>	Granted.
196.	Football (I-A)	B 14.2.1	<p>The SA contends that he did not attend classes on a full-time basis during the fall term of 1988. The first four-year institution formally determined, based primarily on various university records, that the SA had attended classes for up to two weeks at the beginning of the fall term in 1988, thus beginning the SA's five-year period of eligibility. The applicant institution contends that the SA's five-year period of eligibility did not begin until the spring of 1989, when the SA enrolled in a two-year college, and thus the SA's five-year period of eligibility would end after the fall of 1993.</p>	<p>A SA shall complete his or her seasons of participation within five calendar years from the beginning of the semester or quarter in which the SA first registered for a minimum, full-time program of studies in a collegiate institution.</p>	<p>Waive the normal application of the five-year rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution believes that the SA did not attend classes in the fall and, thus, did not begin a five-year period of eligibility at that time.</p>	Denied.
208.	Women's track (I)	B 14.2.1	<p>The SA had a medical problem that precluded the SA from participating during the first two years of the SA's collegiate enrollment. The SA's five-year period of eligibility ended after the spring of 1993. If granted a waiver, the SA would be able to complete the SA's final season of eligibility.</p>	<p>The SA shall complete his or her seasons of participation within five calendar years from the beginning of the semester or quarter in which the SA first registered for a minimum, full-time program of studies in a collegiate institution.</p>	<p>Waive the provisions of the five-year rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA's medical problem precluded the SA from competing during the first two years of collegiate enrollment.</p>	Denied.
48.	Football (II)	B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1	<p>The SA was unable to compete in the 1992-93 academic year due to an injury. The five-year/10-semester rule precludes the SA, who currently is in the 10th semester of full-time enrollment, from participating in a second season of football. The SA could have competed in football next fall if the SA either had not enrolled or had enrolled part-time during the spring of 1993. However, these options were not feasible for the SA because the SA's Pell Grant would have been canceled if the SA was a part-time student, and the SA would have had to begin repaying the Pell Grant if the SA did not attend school.</p> <p>Appeal initially denied, but the institution requested reconsideration. Panel agreed due to close vote in matter.</p>	<p>A waiver of the 10-semester rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution or to continue enrollment on a full-time basis for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.</p>	<p>A one-semester extension of the 10-semester rule to allow the SA to compete in the SA's second season of competition.</p>	Granted.
147.	Men's track (III)	B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1	<p>The SA's 10th semester of eligibility was the spring of 1993. The SA had remained at a two-year college that had no cross country program for three years due to personal and financial reasons.</p>	<p>A waiver of the 10-semester rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution or to</p>	<p>One year of eligibility to participate during the SA's final year.</p>	Denied.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 16

				continue enrollment on a full-time basis for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.		
152.	Women's tennis (II)	B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1	The SA has been enrolled full-time at a collegiate institution for 10 semesters. The SA competed in only one season of tennis competition because the institution did not sponsor the sport until the 1992-93 academic year.	A waiver of the 10-semester rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution or to continue enrollment on a full-time basis for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.	An extension of the 10-semester rule to enable the SA to compete during the 1993-94 academic year due to "nonavailability" of the sport until the SA's ninth and 10th semesters.	Denied.
181.	Football (II)	B 14.2.2 and 30.6.1	The SA completed the 10th semester of attendance during the 1992-93 academic year and currently is enrolled in graduate school. The SA submits that the fall and spring of the 1984-85 academic year should not be counted due to the SA's inability to attend school full-time because of an injury sustained in an automobile accident and for financial reasons.	A waiver of the 10-semester rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution or to continue enrollment on a full-time basis for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.	Permit the SA to participate in the 1993 and 1994 football seasons due to the SA's inability to maintain full-time enrollment in at least two semesters of attendance at a two-year college. The SA received treatment for an injury and was required to work during that period. Documentation does not appear sufficient to support that the injury prevented attendance.	Denied.
113.	Women's track (I)	B 14.2.4.1	The SA transferred to the applicant institution with one season of eligibility remaining and was satisfying the transfer-residence requirement. After the institution's track season, the track coach permitted the SA to participate in what the coach believed to be noncollegiate open competition. In fact, the track meet was considered collegiate competition under NCAA rules and the SA's final season of eligibility was used.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of time, during a season in an intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by two- or four-year collegiate institutions at the varsity or subvarsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as had the coach been aware that the event the SA participated in was not an open event and was considered collegiate competition, the coach would not have permitted the SA to participate.	Granted.
115.	Football (I)	B 14.2.4.1	The SA participated in one junior varsity contest while at the first institution, and then transferred to the applicant institution and participated for three years. The SA would like to compete in the SA's final year of eligibility while attending graduate school at the applicant institution.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition) regardless of the time, during a season in an intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by a two- or four-year collegiate institution at the varsity or subvarsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA's brief participation in a junior varsity contest does not provide a competitive edge for the applicant institution.	Denied.
120.	Men's golf (I)	B 14.2.4.1 and 17.02.2	Three SAs participated in a golf outing, which served as an institutional fund-raiser. The SAs were sitting out the 1992-93 academic year as a "redshirt" season. The event was a best-ball scramble that was not considered collegiate competition by the event coordinator; however, the event did meet the NCAA definition of collegiate competition.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of the time, during a season in an intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by a two- or four-year collegiate institution at the varsity or subvarsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SAs' situations, inasmuch as the SAs were misinformed by their coach that they would not use a season of competition if they participated in the golf outing. The institution further noted that the golf program would gain no competitive advantage because it was a best-ball contest.	Granted.
128.	Men's tennis (I)	B 14.2.4.1	The SA used a season of competition during the 1990-91 academic year by participating in two contests in the fall and one contest in the spring. Due to budget constraints, the institution dropped the sport.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of the time, during a season in an intercollegiate sport shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport. This provision is applicable to intercollegiate athletics competition conducted by a two- or four-year collegiate institution at the varsity or subvarsity level.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was unaware of the potential for the elimination of the men's tennis program.	Granted.
146.	Women's softball (II)	B 14.2.4.1	The SA was unable to continue enrollment at the first institution due to financial problems resulting from a loan request being denied. However, before withdrawing, the SA participated in two fall scrimmages in the nontraditional season.	Any competition (including a scrimmage with outside competition), regardless of the time, during the season in an intercollegiate sport, shall be counted as a season of competition in that sport.	Waive the normal application of the season-of-competition rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA's serious financial problems at the first institution created a very difficult and unfortunate situation.	Denied.
88.	Field hockey (I)	B 14.2.5	The SA sustained an injury during the 1989-90 academic year and participated in a total of four contests (three in the first half of the season and one beyond the mid-point).	The injury or illness occurs before the completion of the first half of the traditional playing season in that sport (measured by the number of completed contests or dates of competition rather than scheduled contests or dates of competition or calendar dates) and results in incapacity to compete for the remainder of the traditional playing season.	One season be restored because the SA was not advised of the consequence of participation past the mid-point of the season, and the SA's former coach either was unaware or did not explain the rule to SA.	Denied.
107.	Basketball (I)	B 14.2.5	The SA sustained an injury during the SA's sophomore year and only participated in four contests. On the advice of the coach, the SA participated in a fourth contest, which was after the first half of the traditional playing season. The SA believes that the head basketball coach's lack of knowledge was harmful and that this cost the SA a season of competition. The SA competed relying solely on advice from the coach.	The injury or illness occurs before the completion of the first half of the traditional playing season in that sport (measured by the number of completed contests or dates of competition rather than scheduled contests or dates of competition or calendar dates) and results in incapacity to compete for the remainder of the traditional playing season.	Waive first half of the traditional playing season requirement of the hardship-waiver rule in this SA's situation, inasmuch as had the coach properly advised the SA of the hardship-waiver rule, the SA would not have participated in the fourth contest, which was after the first half of the traditional playing season.	Denied.
130.	Women's volleyball (II)	B 14.2.5	The SA sustained an injury during the institution's first day of practice. The SA participated on seven of the 24 dates of competition in the traditional season, which exceeded the 20 percent requirement. In five of the 13 volleyball contests in which the SA participated, the SA played in only one contest of the two-out-of-three game contests.	The injury or illness occurs before the completion of the first half of the traditional playing season in that sport (measured by the number of completed contests or dates of competition rather than scheduled contests or dates of competition or calendar dates) and results in incapacity to compete for the remainder of the traditional playing season.	Waive the normal application of the 20 percent requirement of the hardship-waiver rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as if the number of actual contests the SA participated in were counted, the SA would have played in 26 of 166 contests during the traditional playing season, which represents 15.6 percent of the institution's total number of contests.	Denied.
139.	Women's softball (II)	B 14.2.5	The SA used a season of competition in the fall of 1991 by participating in two scrimmages during the nontraditional season. The SA was unable to complete the remainder of the nontraditional and traditional season due to pregnancy.	A SA may be granted an additional year of competition by the conference or the NCAA Eligibility Committee for reasons of "hardship." Hardship is defined as an incapacity resulting from an injury or illness.	Waive the provisions of the hardship-waiver rule and treat the SA's pregnancy comparable to an injury or illness.	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 17

145.	Women's diving (I)	B 14.2.5	The SA meets all of the provisions for a hardship waiver except the first-half-of-the-season requirement. Due to the meet format, the one-meter diving event in which the SA participated occurred during the second day of a two-day event. Had the one-meter diving event been scheduled on the first day of the two-day event, the SA would have met the requirements for a hardship waiver.	The injury or illness occurs before the completion of the first half of the traditional playing season in that sport (measured by the number of completed contests or dates of competition rather than scheduled contests or dates of competition or calendar days) and results in incapacity to compete for the remainder of the traditional playing season.	Waive the normal application of the hardship-waiver rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was put at a disadvantage because of the way in which the event was scheduled.	Granted.
175.	Baseball (II)	B 14.2.5	The SA participated in 13 contests of a 55-contest season and was injured in the seventh contest of the season. The six contests the SA appeared in after the injury were mostly as a late-inning defensive replacement (having only four at-bats, three of which were in the same contest).	The injury or illness occurs before the completion of the first half of the traditional playing season in that sport (measured by the number of completed contests or dates of competition rather than scheduled contests or dates of competition or calendar dates) and results in incapacity to compete for the remainder of the traditional playing season.	Waive the normal application of the hardship-waiver rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution feels that the SA would have been better protected by the first four-year institution the SA attended had it not been for the uncertainty for the future of that institution's athletics programs.	Denied.
197.	Men's basketball (I)	B 14.2.5.1	The SA, while participating for a two-year college, was granted a hardship waiver by the National Junior College Athletic Association (NJCAA) during the 1991-92 academic year. However, because the SA enrolled at the two-year college before August 1, 1992, the SA is not permitted to use the hardship waiver to be eligible for an additional season of competition at a Division I institution.	A Division I institution is permitted to grant a hardship waiver for a SA who is injured while participating at a two-year college, provided the SA is first entering a collegiate institution on or after August 1, 1992.	Waive the normal application of the hardship-waiver rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was not aware that the NJCAA waiver was not applicable to Division I SAs who enrolled at a two-year college before August 1, 1992, and, without the waiver, the SA will begin in what would be a fourth, and final, season of eligibility.	Denied.
169.	Football (I)	B 14.5.5.6	The SA transferred to the applicant institution and because of the limited number of hours the SA transferred into the applicant institution, the SA was assigned to Development Studies (remedial courses). Regulations prohibit the transfer hours from being placed on the SA's official record until the SA exits from Development Studies and reports that status to the registrar. Due to an administrative error, the SA was precluded from enrolling in the necessary courses to meet the satisfactory-progress requirements. When the error was discovered, the SA was asked to return to the institution to enroll in an abbreviated summer term to make up the hours needed. The SA was unable to make up the hours needed during the abbreviated summer term.	Remedial courses may be used to satisfy the minimum academic-progress requirement only if the credit in such courses (for those students first enrolled in the certifying institution beginning with the 1986-87 academic year) does not exceed 12 semester or 18 quarter hours, and the courses are taken during the student's first academic year of collegiate enrollment.	Waive the normal application of the satisfactory-progress requirements and allow the SA to use the remedial courses taken to meet the satisfactory-progress requirements.	Granted.
167.	Football (I)	B 14.6.1	The SA signed a National Letter of Intent to attend the first four-year institution in February 1992. Thereafter, the SA enrolled in the fall of 1992 and attended preseason practice but withdrew before attending classes and the institution's first competition. The SA withdrew to care for the SA's mother and two-year-old daughter. The SA's decision was based on the fact that the SA's mother suffered a back injury and was diagnosed as having a tumor on her kidney. This injury and illness resulted in her having difficulty in raising the SA's daughter. Further, after a hurricane caused moderate damage to the SA's home, the SA concluded the combination of circumstances required the SA to return home to care for the SA's mother and daughter. The SA transferred to the applicant institution in January 1993 and was granted restoration of the SA's initial year of eligibility by the National Letter of Intent steering committee.	A transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I, II or III institution until the student has fulfilled a residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution.	Waive the normal application of the one-year residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA's transfer was unrelated to football or to personal or family finances. Further, the SA did not withdraw from the first four-year institution because the SA desired to participate for the applicant institution; rather, the withdrawal and transfer were necessitated by a need to care for the SA's daughter and ailing mother. In addition, had the first four-year institution released the SA in August, the SA would have been able to enroll at the applicant institution in time to satisfy the transfer-residence requirement and, thus, be eligible to compete during the 1993 football season.	Granted.
174.	Men's ice hockey (I)	B 14.6.1 and 14.6.5.1	During the SA's senior year in high school, the SA was recruited by a four-year institution and had an opportunity to visit its campus. During the SA's interview with the ice hockey coach, the SA was told that participation in ice hockey while pursuing a degree in biology would be permitted. After the SA's first year of collegiate enrollment, while planning the schedule with an adviser for the SA's second and third years, it became clear that the SA would not be able to pursue a biology major and play ice hockey at the same time due to scheduling conflicts.	A student who transfers to a member institution from any collegiate institution is required to complete one full academic year of residence at the certifying institution before being eligible to compete for or to receive travel expenses from the member institution, unless the student satisfies the applicable transfer requirements or receives an exception or waiver to the transfer legislation.	Waive the normal application of the residence requirement in the SA's situation inasmuch as the institution believes that the SA was given misleading information, which dramatically affected the SA's decision to attend the first four-year institution.	Denied.
207.	Football (II)	B 14.6.1	The SA was not enrolled in a collegiate institution when the applicant institution dropped its football program and, therefore, could not use the discontinued/nonsponsored sport exception. The SA does not meet another transfer exception or waiver.	A student who transfers to a member institution from any collegiate institution is required to complete one full academic year of residence at the certifying institution before being eligible to compete for or receive travel expenses from the member institution, unless the student satisfies the applicable transfer requirements or receives an exception or waiver to the transfer legislation.	Waive the provisions of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution believes that it is in the SA's best interest and the institution would not gain a competitive advantage.	Granted.
148.	Football (III)	B 14.6.1.1	The SA transferred from the first institution to the applicant institution due to personal problems the SA suffered while at the first institution. The SA was not in good academic standing when the SA transferred from the first institution.	If a SA ever has participated in intercollegiate athletics and transfers from a two- or four-year collegiate institution to a Division III institution, he or she must have been academically eligible had he or she remained at that institution in order to be immediately eligible at the certifying Division III institution.	Waive the normal application of the Division III transfer regulation in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA needs competitive involvement in order to recover from traumatic personal problems.	Denied.
188.	Football (III)	B 14.6.1.1 and 14.6.5.1	In the spring of 1993, the SA contacted the applicant institution about transferring to the school. After obtaining permission to talk to the SA, the institution learned that the SA's cumulative GPA was 1.960 at the first four-year institution. In order for the SA to be eligible, if the SA is to remain at the first institution, the SA needs a 2.000 GPA. The SA was taking six semester hours at a two-year college to elevate the GPA to the required level. After completing the six hours, the SA's GPA was raised to 2.060. The first institution will accept the six hours the SA took at the two-year college; however, it will not accept the quality points that would raise the SA's GPA to 2.060. Thus, the SA will not meet the transfer requirements, inasmuch as the SA would not be eligible to play football if the SA remained at the first four-year institution.	A student who has not previously participated in intercollegiate athletics and who transfers from a two- or four-year collegiate institution to a Division III institution shall be immediately eligible, under the Association's transfer regulations, to compete for the Division III institution, including NCAA championship competition. If the student has ever participated in intercollegiate athletics, the student must have been academically eligible had he or she remained at that institution.	Waive the normal application of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was following the information that was given to the SA from the first institution's student-athlete handbook. Further, had the SA been aware of an institutional policy that permits students to enhance their GPA at the first institution by repeating a "D" grade, the SA would have repeated one of the courses in which the SA received a "D" and the cumulative GPA would have been 2.060.	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 18

199.	Football (III)	B 14.6.1.1, 14.6.5.1 and 20.4.1.1	The SA applied for admission to the applicant institution in January 1993 and was admitted in February 1993 for the 1993 spring semester. At the time of the SA's application, the SA was under the impression that the institution competed in Division III football. The SA was not recruited to participate in football at the institution. The SA approached the football coach about trying out for the team, and the coach referred the SA to the institution's compliance coordinator who informed the SA that the institution is required to become a member of Division I-AA in the sport of football and will be applying all Division I transfer regulations for the 1993-94 academic year. Thus, the SA would be required to satisfy an academic year in residence before being eligible to participate in football.	A member of Division I may petition to be classified in football in Division I-A or I-AA (revised 1/19/91; effective 9/1/93). A transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I institution until the student has fulfilled a residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution. Further, a student who previously has not participated in intercollegiate athletics and who transfers from a two-year or four-year collegiate institution to a Division III institution immediately shall be eligible, under the Association's transfer regulations, to compete for the Division III institution, including NCAA championships competition. If the student ever has participated in intercollegiate athletics competition, the student must have been academically eligible had he or she remained at that institution.	Waive the normal application of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as at the time of his application for admission to the applicant institution, no public announcement of the institution's plans to change membership to Division I-AA had been made. The SA had acted in good faith on the facts presented at the time and had no reason to believe that the one-year residence requirement would be applicable to the SA.	Denied.
202.	Football (III)	B 14.6.1.1 and 14.6.5.1	The SA was a freshman at the applicant institution in the fall semester of 1992 and passed 13 hours with a GPA of 2.000. The following semester the SA transferred to a second four-year institution for social reasons. While at the second institution, the SA passed only seven hours with a GPA of 1.380.	A student who has not previously participated in intercollegiate athletics and who transfers from a two- or four-year collegiate institution to a Division III member institution shall be immediately eligible, under the Association's transfer regulations, to compete for the Division III institution, including NCAA championships competition. If the student ever has participated in intercollegiate athletics, the student must have been academically eligible had he or she remained at the institution.	Waive the normal application of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution believes that it was a combination of immaturity; the freedom of a much larger, urban campus, and particularly, the SA's significant illness at approximately midsemester that caused the SA to have a poor semester academically at the second four-year institution.	Denied.
194.	Women's volleyball (I)	B 14.6.1.6 and 14.6.6	The SA attended a foreign collegiate institution before transferring to a domestic two-year college and then to the applicant institution. After the SA's enrollment at the applicant institution, it was determined that the SA's transcript from the foreign collegiate institution indicated that the course work completed was below the postsecondary level and that the SA was part of a two-year precollege program.	A transfer student from a foreign collegiate institution (college, university or two-year college), except one entering as a bona fide exchange student, shall comply with the four-year college transfer residence requirement. Thus all foreign SA transfers are treated as though they are "4-4" transfers. Further, a student who transfers from a four-year college to a two-year college and then to the certifying institution shall complete one calendar year of residence at the certifying institution, unless the student has completed a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours at the two-year college after transfer from the four-year college and the SA has graduated from the two-year college.	Waive the normal application of the "4-2-4" transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution was not aware of the legislation applicable to foreign institution transfers and was under the impression that the SA would be immediately eligible upon transferring to the institution as a "2-4" transfer. Further, the SA was recruited under this assumption and was informed by the institution's coaching staff that the SA would be eligible.	Denied.
204.	Football (I)	B 14.6.2, 14.6.5.1 and 14.6.5.3	The SA participated in preseason football practice at the first four-year institution, and then decided to leave on the first day of classes because the SA did not like the military setting and the SA's father was in poor health. After withdrawing from the institution, the SA did not attend any other collegiate institution for the 1992-93 academic year. The SA now wishes to transfer to the applicant institution and be immediately eligible to participate during the 1993-94 academic year.	One of the conditions affecting transfer status is when a student participates in practice or competition in a given sport even though the student was enrolled in less than a minimum full-time program of studies. Further, a transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I, II or III institution until the student has fulfilled a residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution, unless the SA is eligible for an exception or waiver.	Waive the normal application of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was not on any campus for the entire 1992-93 academic year, and without an exception being granted, the SA will have only three seasons of football because the SA's five-year clock will expire during the 1996-97 academic year and the conference allows SAs only four years to complete their athletics eligibility.	Denied.
149.	Football (I-A)	B 14.6.4.1.2 and 14.6.4.4.5	The SA enrolled, upon the advice of the registrar at a two-year college, at a four-year institution that is on a semester system but offers two modules during each semester in which a student can complete a maximum of nine credit hours per module. The SA completed nine credit hours during the third module and six credit hours during the fourth module, giving the SA a total of 15 hours for the semester, which is considered full-time enrollment. The SA currently is completing final-degree requirements and will receive an associate's degree from the two-year college.	A partial qualifier is eligible for institutional financial aid, practice and competition the first academic year in residence only if the student graduated from the two-year college, completed satisfactorily a minimum of 48 semester or 72 quarter hours of transferable degree credit acceptable toward any baccalaureate degree program at the certifying institution and has attended a two-year college as a full-time student for at least three semesters or four quarters. In addition, the student must have a cumulative GPA of 2.000.	Waive the normal application of the "2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was unaware that attending both the third and fourth modules would cause the SA to be considered a full-time student at the first institution. The SA attended the third and fourth modules based on information from the registrar at the two-year college. The registrar was under the impression that as long as the SA did not register for more than 12 hours, the SA still would be considered a part-time student.	Granted.
179.	Men's basketball (I)	B 14.6.4.1.2	The SA was a partial qualifier when the SA entered a two-year college and satisfied all requirements for an AA degree except passing the subtests of the College Level Academic Skills Test (CLAST). The coach at the two-year college assured the SA that a waiver could be obtained when necessary. Because the SA could not receive a waiver of the CLAST examination before enrollment at the applicant institution, the SA now is unable to establish eligibility for the 1993-94 academic year.	A SA must receive an AA degree from a two-year college in order to be certified immediately eligible for financial aid, practice and competition.	Waive the normal application of the two-year college transfer requirement and permit the SA to be considered to have received an AA degree because of misinformation and because the two-year college will adopt a policy that will avoid the problem in the future.	Granted.
186.	Men's basketball (I)	B 14.6.4.4.4	The SA attended a two-year college and participated in basketball during the 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years. In May 1993, the SA graduated from the two-year college with an associate in criminal justice degree. The SA was informed by his basketball coach that upon completing the academic requirements for the degree and graduat-	In order to satisfy the two-year college graduation requirement for eligibility immediately upon transfer from a two-year college to a member institution, a SA must receive an as-	Waive the normal application of the two-year college transfer regulation in the SA's situation and permit the SA to be immediately eligible to participate at the applicant institution, inasmuch as	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 19

			ing from the two-year college, the SA would be eligible to continue the SA's educational pursuits and participate immediately in intercollegiate athletics at an NCAA Division I institution. [Note: During its August 27, 1993, meeting, the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee determined that the associate in criminal justice degree offered at the two-year college is not considered an associate or equivalent degree in an academic curriculum per the two-year college transfer regulations (academic degree).]	sociate or equivalent degree in an academic, rather than a vocational or technical, curriculum.	the SA was misinformed by the SA's two-year college coach regarding the SA's transfer eligibility. Further, it appears that three other SAs at the two-year college graduated in 1993 with the identical degree. Those SAs were accepted and certified immediately eligible at three other collegiate institutions].	
206.	Women's soccer (II)	B 14.6.4.2.2	The SA is a nonqualifier who enrolled as a full-time student for two semesters at a two-year college during the 1992-93 academic year. The SA was unable to complete 24 transferable credits during the academic year due to a vigorous physical therapy program wherein the SA was recuperating from knee surgery.	A transfer student from a two-year college who was not a qualifier is eligible at a Division II institution for practice and competition during the first academic year in residence only if the student has attended a two-year college as a full-time student for at least two semesters or three quarters and has presented a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours of transferable degree credit with a cumulative minimum grade-point average of 2.000.	Waive the normal application of the two-year college transfer requirement for a partial qualifier or nonqualifier in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA's vigorous physical therapy program prohibited the SA from completing 24 transferable credits.	Denied.
158.	Football (I-AA)	B 14.6.5.1	The SA transferred from one four-year institution to another four-year institution for the fall 1992 semester due to family pressure and was ineligible to compete under the transfer legislation; however, the SA practiced with the football team. The SA returned to the first institution as a full-time student for the spring 1993 semester.	A transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I, II or III institution until the student has fulfilled a residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution.	Waive the normal application of the four-year college transfer rule on the basis that there was miscommunication between the SA and the second institution. The second institution indicated its support of any efforts made by the first institution to have an exception granted on the SA's behalf, making competition permissible during the 1993 fall season.	Denied.
183.	Football (I-AA)	B 14.6.5.1	The SA completed the 1991-92 and 1992-93 academic years at a four-year institution and practiced but did not compete. The SA was involved in an altercation with another football SA and was hospitalized for a severely fractured jaw. The institution conducted hearings into the matter and found the SA guilty of violations of the conduct code. The SA was placed on probation for one year; the other SA involved in the incident was expelled. The AD at the institution informed the SA that the SA's grant-in-aid had been canceled due to the SA's voluntary withdrawal from the football team. The SA indicates that he has not voluntarily withdrawn but was forced into not returning because of the head coach's misuse of his authority, which resulted in an unsafe learning environment not conducive to SA's social, sociological and academic growth.	A transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I institution until the SA has fulfilled a residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution.	Waive the normal application of the transfer-residence requirement in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was forced to transfer from one four-year institution to the applicant institution.	Denied.
157.	Football (II)	B 14.6.5.3.7	The SA was a nonrecruited, walk-on SA at a collegiate institution in the fall of 1991 and practiced as a walk-on the entire season but did not compete in any contests. After the SA's transfer to another collegiate institution in the spring of 1992, the SA attended the second institution for three semesters and did not practice or compete. The SA would like to transfer to the applicant institution and be immediately eligible; however, under the provisions of the two-year nonparticipation exception, the SA would not be eligible until November of the 1993-94 academic year.	The student transfers to the certifying institution from another four-year college and, for a consecutive two-year period immediately before the date in which the student begins participation (practice and/or competition), the SA has neither practiced nor competed in the involved sport in intercollegiate competition.	Waive the provisions of the two-year nonparticipation exception in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution believes the intent of the rule is to prohibit a bona fide, recruited, scholarship SA from transferring and being immediately eligible at another institution in less than two years.	Denied.
180.	Football (I)	B 14.6.5.3.9	The SA applied for admission at the applicant institution for the fall of 1992 but was accepted for the spring of 1993. The SA then elected to enroll at another four-year institution for the fall semester and practiced with the wrestling team. During the spring of 1993, the SA transferred to the applicant institution. The SA's intent is to participate in football and the SA would like to be eligible for the fall of 1993.	A student who transfers to the certifying institution may be immediately eligible if the SA was not recruited by the certifying institution; no athletically related financial assistance has been received by the SA, and the SA has neither practiced nor competed in intercollegiate athletics before transfer, except that the SA may have participate in limited pre-season tryouts.	Waive the normal application of the nonrecruited-student exception in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution does not feel the contact between the coach and the SA should be deemed recruitment. Further, the institution feels that the legislation should not affect the SA since the SA never competed or tried out for the football team at the first institution.	Denied.
129.	Football (I-AA)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA transferred to the applicant institution in January 1993 after the SA received a release from the first institution.	Effective August 1, 1993, a participant in Division I-A football may transfer to an institution that sponsors Division I-AA football and be eligible immediately under the one-time transfer exception.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA transferred to the applicant institution a semester before the effective date of the new legislation.	Denied.
140.	Women's cross country, women's track (I)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA has participated in one season of cross country and two seasons of track and field, and desires to be certified eligible to participate during the 1993-94 academic year at the applicant institution. The SA transferred from a four-year institution to the applicant institution and was immediately eligible, inasmuch as the first four-year institution did not sponsor the sports of cross country or track and field. The SA now wishes to transfer to the applicant institution and use the one-time transfer exception to be immediately eligible. Further, the SA needs to transfer to the applicant institution in order to complete the SA's nursing degree.	A SA who has transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution is not eligible for the one-time transfer exception, even though the SA may have used a different transfer exception (e.g., nonrecruited student exception, discontinued/nonsponsored sport exception) when the SA initially transferred from one four-year institution to another.	Permit the SA to use the one-time transfer exception and be immediately eligible upon transferring to the applicant institution.	Granted.
141.	Women's track (I)	B 14.6.5.3.10 and 14.6.6	The SA was sexually assaulted by another SA at the first four-year institution. As a result of this traumatic experience, the SA decided to withdraw from the institution and was informed that it would be permissible to enroll full-time at a two-year college. Officials at the original four-year institution assumed that the SA would be returning. The SA now wishes to transfer to the applicant institution and compete in the sport of track and field. The original institution supported the request.	A student who transfers from a four-year college to a two-year college and then to the certifying institution shall complete one calendar year of residence at the certifying institution, unless the student has completed a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours at the two-year college after transfer from the four-year college most recently attended, one calendar year has elapsed since the transfer from the four-year college and the SA has graduated from the two-year college.	Permit the SA to use the one-time transfer exception and be immediately eligible upon transferring to the applicant institution.	Granted.
144.	Football (II)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA attended a collegiate institution during the 1991-92 academic year and competed in football. The SA became academically ineligible at that institution for that year, electing to attend a two-year college part-time to improve the SA's grades and academic standing. Before transferring to the certifying institution at the beginning of the 1993 spring semester, the SA's two-year college grades were transferred to the first four-year institution and the SA was informed that they would count in the computation of the SA's GPA. After enrolling at the applicant institution, a review of the SA's official transcript from the first four-year institution revealed that the two-year college grades did transfer to that institution, but were not computed into	The transferring SA must be one who would have been eligible had he or she remained at the institution from which the SA transferred.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was misinformed by an institutional official that the two-year college grades and hours would transfer and be computed in the SA's GPA.	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 20

			the SA's GPA. Thus, the SA was not considered to be in good academic standing at the first four-year institution.			
151.	Football (II)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA transferred to a four-year institution after the fall semester at another four-year institution due to the fact that the SA's father was diagnosed with cancer. After the SA's father died, the SA decided to stay in the area and enrolled in the applicant institution.	A SA who has transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution is not eligible for the one-time transfer exception.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception and allow the SA to practice and compete during the 1993-94 academic year. The institution feels that due to the SA's extreme circumstances, a waiver of the transfer legislation is justifiable.	Granted.
160.	Football (I-AA)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA transferred from a Division I institution to a Division II institution and was immediately eligible under the discontinued/non-sponsored sport exception. Due to financial circumstances, the SA plans to transfer to a Division I-AA institution that is located closer to home. The SA would like to use the one-time transfer exception and be immediately eligible.	A participant in Division I-AA football may use the one-time transfer exception if the SA has not transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception and permit the SA to transfer and be immediately eligible to compete.	Denied.
161.	Football (I-AA)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA transferred from a Division II institution to a Division I-AA institution after being encouraged to do so by family and friends. The SA was unsuccessful and now plans to transfer to the applicant institution.	A participant in Division I-AA football may use the one-time transfer exception if the SA is transferring from a Division I-A program and the SA has not transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception and permit the SA to transfer and be immediately eligible to compete.	Denied.
170.	Men's tennis (I)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA enrolled as a part-time student at a second four-year institution in the fall of 1992 to complete the initial university entrance requirement for the engineering program. After the initial requirements were completed, the university policy required the SA to register as a full-time student during the spring of 1993.	A SA who has transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution is not eligible for the one-time transfer exception.	Waive the normal application of the one-time transfer exception to allow the SA to be immediately eligible for collegiate competition.	Granted.
177.	Men's soccer (II)	B 14.6.5.3.8 and 14.6.5.3.10	The SA transferred from a four-year institution to another four-year institution and did not use the one-time transfer exception in an attempt to retain that option. The SA's coaches at the second institution and the applicant institution informed the SA that the SA would be eligible upon returning to the applicant institution.	A SA who has transferred previously from one four-year institution to another four-year institution is not eligible for the one-time transfer exception.	The institution states that the SA would have remained at the second four-year institution if the SA had been counseled correctly.	Denied.
200.	Women's soccer (II)	B 14.6.5.3.10	The SA attended one week of the fall term and competed at the first four-year institution before withdrawing. Upon enrollment at the applicant institution in the fall of 1993, the SA could not be certified eligible because the SA would not have satisfied minimum academic progress rules to be eligible if the SA had returned to the first institution.	The transferring SA must be one who would have been eligible had he or she remained at the institution from which the SA transferred.	The institution submits that because the SA withdrew at such an early date, it is unreasonable to require that the SA be considered eligible at the first four-year institution in order to compete at the applicant institution.	Denied.
185	Football (III)	B 14.6.5.3.11 and 14.6.5.3.3	The SA transferred to a second four-year institution for financial reasons, and tried out for football in the spring but recognized that he was not a Division I player. The SA returned to the original four-year institution, but not in good academic standing.	A transfer student from a four-year institution may be eligible immediately to compete, provided the student enrolls in a second four-year institution, does not practice or compete in the involved sport at the second institution and returns to the original institution.	Waive the normal application of the return to original institution without participation exception in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was required to transfer to the second institution due to financial reasons and was not physically capable of competing at the Division I level.	Denied.
108.	Men's lacrosse (I)	B 14.6.6	The SA initially enrolled at the first institution and participated in lacrosse during the spring of 1991. After the fall term of 1991, the SA left school and sought emotional counseling for depression, an anxiety disorder and a general sense of being lost. Following the advice of the SA's counselor, the SA did not return to school but sought employment. After being employed for a year, the SA enrolled full-time at a two-year college on the advice of his employer and completed the spring semester of 1993. The SA now would like to transfer to the applicant institution and be immediately eligible.	A student who transfers from a four-year college to a two-year college and then to the certifying institution shall complete one calendar year of residence at the certifying institution, unless the student has completed a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours at the two-year college after transfer from the four-year college most recently attended, one calendar year has elapsed since the transfer from the four-year college and the SA has graduated from the two-year college.	Waive the application of the "4-2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was not aware of NCAA regulations and was following an employer's advice by returning full-time to a two-year college.	Denied.
172.	Football (II)	B 14.6.6 and 14.6.6.2	The SA was a recruited football SA at the first four-year institution, but received no athletically related aid. The SA returned to that institution for the fall 1992 term but did not participate in practice or competition, having made a decision at the end of the spring 1992 term to no longer continue with football. The SA decided to return to the SA's original two-year college for the spring 1993 term and enrolled as a full-time student.	A student who transfers from a four-year college to a two-year college and then to the certifying institution shall complete one calendar year of residence at the certifying institution, unless the student has completed a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours at the two-year college after transfer from the four-year college most recently attended, one calendar year has elapsed since the transfer from the four-year college and the SA has graduated from the two-year college.	Waive the normal application of the "4-2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was unaware that enrolling in the two-year college on a full-time basis for a second time would require the SA to meet the provisions of the "4-2-4" transfer legislation.	Granted.
192.	Men's basketball (I)	B 14.6.6 and 14.6.6.2	The SA is a "4-2-4" transfer student who has satisfied all the requirements except that the SA has not yet received an AA degree. The SA has completed all requirements for the degree except a state requirement to sit for the College-level Academic Skills Test (CLAST) and achieve a passing score on all four subtests. The SA was successful on all subtests except for the essay component. The SA received a score of five and the passing score is six. The essay component of the test is the only component that cannot be taken except at one of the regularly scheduled mass testing sessions. The SA's next opportunity to attempt the essay is October 1993, after the SA enrolls in the applicant institution.	A SA must receive an AA degree from a two-year college in order to be certified immediately eligible for financial aid, practice and competition.	Waive the normal application of the "4-2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as had the SA taken the examination before October 1, 1992, the score of five on the essay would have been a passing grade.	Granted.
201.	Football (I)	B 14.6.6	The SA transferred from a four-year institution after the fall semester 1991, and then enrolled at a two-year college for the spring semester 1992 and the 1992-93 academic year. The SA did not practice or compete at either institution. The SA completed 26 hours of transferable degree credit at the second two-year college but did not graduate. The SA was not aware of the "4-2-4" rule before transferring to the applicant institution.	A student who transfers from a four-year college to a two-year college and then to the certifying institution shall complete one calendar year of residence at the certifying institution, unless the student has completed a minimum of 24 semester or 36 quarter hours at the two-year college after transfer from the four-year college most recently attended, one calendar year has elapsed since the transfer from the four-year college and the SA has graduated from the two-year college.	Waive the normal application of the "4-2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA has never competed in football and was unaware of the "4-2-4" transfer regulation.	Granted.
203.	Football (I)	B 14.6.6 and 14.6.6.2	The SA initially enrolled at the first four-year institution and did not practice or compete due to being diagnosed with Lyme disease. After completing the fall semester at that institution, the SA's medical condition became worse, requiring daily medical attention. Because of	A transfer student from a four-year institution shall not be eligible for intercollegiate competition at a Division I institution until the SA has fulfilled a	Waive the normal application of the "4-2-4" college-transfer rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA was forced to transfer due to medical problems.	Granted.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 21

			the SA's medical problem, the SA returned home and enrolled at a two-year college to continue his education while receiving daily medical attention. After the spring semester at the two-year college, the SA's medical condition improved and the SA's physician cleared the SA to resume playing football. The SA chose to transfer to the applicant institution as a precaution for any further relapse of the disease, inasmuch as it is close to the SA's home and relatives.	residence requirement of one full academic year (two full semesters or three full quarters) at the certifying institution.		
136. 137. 138.	Men's ice hockey (I)	B 15.5.1.2.1	The SA was awarded need-based institutional aid without regard to athletics ability and intends to compete in the sport of ice hockey.	The adoption of 1993 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 31 requires an institution to count the SA's institutional aid in its team equivalency limitations if the SA is permitted to compete.	Exempt the SA from counting in the sport of ice hockey.	Denied.
181.	Football (I)	B 15.5.1.2.1, 15.5.5.1 and 15.5.5.3.7	A recruited freshman SA was not awarded athletics aid but did receive institutional aid. The institution did not expect the SA to win the starting punting position, and, thus, did not offer the SA an athletics grant-in-aid. After the final preseason scrimmage, the SA was chosen to be the starting punter. The institution is at its limit for initial counters and, thus, would exceed the limit if the SA participates in competition. The SA has agreed to forfeit all institutional aid in order to be eligible for competition this season.	A recruited SA receiving institutional financial aid certified as having been granted without regard in any degree to athletics ability becomes an initial counter in the first academic year in which the SA competes on the varsity level.	Permit the SA to give back the institutional aid received and be eligible to compete without being considered an initial counter.	Denied.
135.	Women's basketball (I)	B 15.5.3.5 and 20.9.1.2	The applicant institution does not have dormitories or dining facilities, and has not been computing room and board in its equivalency computations for its SAs. To attract SAs to its basketball program, the institution has been awarding room and board stipends to certain members of its basketball teams. Five SAs and one prospective SA have been offered room and board stipends for the 1993-94 academic year. However, for the SAs to receive the room and board stipends, the institution will be required to figure room and board into its equivalency computations for all SAs at the institution, which may cause the institution not to be in compliance. If the institution were to eliminate the room and board stipend, it would meet the minimum-awards requirement, but the SAs awarded room and board may not be able to continue attendance at the institution due to financial reasons.	If an institution does not have on-campus housing and no SAs are awarded room and board, the institution does not need to include the cost of room and board when calculating each SA's equivalency. However, if any SAs are awarded room and board, the institution must include the cost of room and board for all SAs when calculating each SA's equivalency.	Permit the SAs to continue receiving the room and board stipends for the 1993-94 academic year. This would allow the SAs sufficient time to obtain an athletics grant to attend another institution, or for their families to make the necessary budgetary and logistical arrangements to live either at home or on their own.	Denied.
190.	Football (I)	B 15.5.7.1	The SA was recruited in the sport of football and received financial aid for the 1989-90, 1990-91 and 1991-92 academic years. The SA did not practice or compete in football during the 1992-93 academic year; however, the SA received athletically related aid for track and field and competed in that sport. The SA was offered and signed an athletics grant-in-aid agreement for the 1993-94 academic year for track and field. After signing the scholarship for track and field, the SA decided to participate in football during the SA's final year. If the SA participates in football, the SA would count in the financial aid limitations for football instead of track and field. The institution already has committed all of its aid for the 1993-94 academic year. The only option to allow the SA to be part of the football program is for the SA not accept any athletics aid. Because of the SA's socioeconomic background, the SA would be unable to attend school and complete his degree without financial support.	A counter who practices or competes in football and one or more other sports (including basketball) shall be a counter in the sport of football.	The institution considers the SA's contribution to the football program minimal and believes that the legislation is not relevant to the SA's situation. The institution also believes that this legislation would be relevant to the SA's situation if the SA was an outstanding athlete being camouflaged as a track and field athlete in order to give football another player.	Denied.
212.	Football (I-A)	B 16.8.1.2.1	A flight was chartered with USAir to transport the applicant institution's football team to another four-year institution. USAir was one of the only chartered services available and had given the institution a departure time of 3 p.m., which was 30 minutes beyond the 48-hour limit specified in the departure/return expense restrictions.	An eligible SA may receive actual and necessary travel expenses to represent the institution in athletics competition, provided the SA departs for the competition not later than 48 hours before and remains not more than 36 hours after an intercollegiate contest, even if the SA does not return with the team.	Waive the normal application of the departure-return expense restriction rule, inasmuch as it appears that USAir was unable to accommodate the institution with a later flight on the planned date of departure. Further, the institution preferred not to travel the next day because of the distance of the trip.	Granted.
171.	Football (I)	B 17.7.4	The institution is seeking permission to host a home football game in April 1994 against a Japanese university team. The need for this waiver request for a spring game stems from existing conference scheduling requirements and game contracts. The football schedules are completed through the year 2000 and the institution is proposing that this game be played in lieu of a game against an alumni-student team.	A member institution's last contest (game or scrimmage) with outside competition in football shall not be played outside the traditional segment or after the second Saturday or Sunday in December with four exceptions to this legislation, one being a spring practice scrimmage or contest at the conclusion of the spring practice, provided the game is with a team composed of bona fide alumni or students or both.	Waive the normal application of the spring practice scrimmage and permit the institution to host a home football game in the spring of 1994 against a Japanese university team. The institution believes that this game would provide an unusual opportunity to advance in its academics and athletics programs.	Granted.
142.	Football (I)	B 20.02.3 and 20.3.5.1.1	Beginning with the 1989 football season, the applicant institution began operating its football program on the Division III level. In December 1988, the institution's board of trustees determined that the financial aid packages of current SAs would be continued on the basis in which they were awarded when the institution's football program was operating under Division I rules for the duration of the SAs' eligibility. Because the institution choose to continue awarding athletics scholarships to its SAs, the football program has not been in compliance with the Division III financial aid requirements and, thus, its football program has been in a restricted-membership status since September 1990. Further, the institution was required by the NCAA to meet the Division III football requirements during the 1992-93 academic year or its NCAA membership would be transferred to a corresponding membership category effective September 1, 1993. The institution mistakenly believed that it was complying with the Division III financial aid requirements during the 1992-93 year. Appeal initially denied, but the institution requested reconsideration on the basis of additional information regarding application of legislation.	If an institution (or its sport) does not qualify for membership in any division, the institution (or its sport) may be placed in a "restricted-membership" category for a minimum of one but not more than three years. At the conclusion of the minimum one-year period, the institution automatically shall be granted membership in its preferred division, provided the institution complies with the division's criteria. If the member does not meet the criteria of any division at the end of the "restricted-membership" period, the member shall be reclassified as a corresponding member. In addition, with the adoption of 1991 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 53, all Division I institutions are required to have their football programs classified in Division I (effective September 1, 1994), with a compliance period required during the 1993-94 academic year.	Waive the application of the restricted-membership status and permit the institution's football program to be classified in the restricted-membership category for an additional year. By permitting the institution to continue in this status for an additional year, the institution automatically would qualify for placement in Division I-AA beginning September 1, 1994, provided the institution certified its compliance with the rules of that division for the 1993-94 academic year.	Granted.
133.	Baseball (I)	B 30.6.1	The SA sustained an injury during the SA's sophomore season in the sport of baseball. The injury required surgery, and the likelihood of recovery to return and participate in baseball was minimal. After two years of rehabilitation, the SA was able to return and participate during the 1992-93 academic year, which was the final year of the SA's five-year clock.	A waiver of the five-year rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establishes that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution for reasons that are unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and are beyond the control of either the SA or institution.	Waive the normal application of the five-year rule because of the extensive rehabilitation that prevented the SA from participating before the completion of the SA's five-year clock.	Granted.

■ Institutional secondary infractions

In addition to the secondary cases summarized below, the NCAA Committee on Infractions considered a case in which several violations of NCAA legislation were found involving members of the men's basketball program at the University of South Carolina, Columbia.

Specifically, a prospect resided in a student-athlete's dormitory room without being billed or paying the prescribed rate for lodging. It should be noted that the prospect had an apartment in Columbia, but spent most nights in the student-athlete's room. This prospect also was provided workout gear and athletics shoes, and an assistant coach arranged for him to be enrolled in a correspondence course in that the coach obtained and completed the course application, obtained a cashier's check using funds provided by the young man's grandfather, and mailed the application and check to pay for the course on behalf of the prospect. Also, a representative of the institution's athletics interests provided round-trip automobile transportation to another prospect for an official visit, and the university reimbursed the young man for the mileage associated with the visit.

In regard to the case, the institution took the following actions: (1) requested and received the resignations of the two involved assistant coaches, effective May 31, 1993, and precluded them from participating in recruiting activities for the remainder of their employment; (2) reassigned the head coach at the conclusion of the 1992-93 academic year to another area not involving coaching or the operation of the basketball program; (3) reduced the number of official paid visits to 12 for the 1992-93 academic year; (4) ceased recruitment of the first prospect (the second prospect committed to attend another institution); (5) disassociated the involved representative of its athletics interests; (6) implemented a more thorough and detailed procedure for

documentation of all official paid visits and initiated a program to better monitor and control the athletics dormitory; (7) revised the procedures for ordering, securing and distributing basketball practice and game equipment, and (8) initiated a rules-education program for student-athletes residing in the athletics dormitory and established an additional intensive and expanded compliance seminar for all coaches.

Although the Committee on Infractions determined that the case was secondary and accepted the university's actions, it also determined that it was appropriate to make a public announcement of the case.

The NCAA also processed 40 cases that involved a violation of NCAA Bylaw 30.1 and the failure to submit the enrollment and persistence rates disclosure form to the NCAA compliance services staff by the prescribed deadline. In that regard, although Bylaw 30.1 indicates that each institution must submit the form to the NCAA by July 1, the NCAA Council subsequently changed the deadline date to June 15 to allow the NCAA an opportunity to compile and submit the data to the U.S. Department of Education and ensure compliance with the Federal Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act, which requires such data to be submitted by July 1.

Upon review of the cases, it was noted that 38 of the 40 involved Division III institutions did submit the form by the original due-date of July 1, and it was determined that the involved institutions should be notified that no action would be taken, but that they should take every precaution to ensure that they meet the prescribed deadline in the future, and that a similar violation in the future may result in action being taken.

Finally, approximately 24 cases were processed related to violations of Bylaw 12.5.4(b) involving members of

men's and women's tennis teams. These violations were noted during NCAA championship competition and were forwarded to the NCAA enforcement staff for review. The violations involved student-athletes wearing clothing that carried multiple logos, logos that exceeded the permissible 1½-inch-square size and improper commercial logos. Although these types of violations relate to amateurism issues and may affect the eligibility of the involved student-athletes, it was determined that eligibility would not be affected in these cases. However, the involved institutions were required to review all team uniforms to ensure that they comply with NCAA legislation and were advised that future violations may affect the eligibility of involved student-athletes (which would require an appeal for restoration through the NCAA eligibility-appeals process), as well as points earned by those individuals and, ultimately, a team's standing in regular-season and championship competition. It also was noted that, although it has been an accepted practice to cover improper logos (and a violation is avoided), if such a cover (such as tape) comes off during competition, the student-athlete and institution will not be relieved of responsibility for a violation, and it may be in everyone's best interests to ensure that clothing worn during competition adheres to NCAA legislation at the outset.

Questions relating to the permissibility of clothing worn during competition should be directed to the NCAA legislative services staff for consideration.

The Committee on Infractions expressed appreciation for the continued efforts by member institutions and conferences to review and report secondary violations.

DIVISION I					
How reported	Sport	Citation	Facts	Institutional action	NCAA action
Conference	Field hockey	B 11.02.6	Volunteer coach traveled with the team to several away contests.	Institution will allow only two coaches to attend a two-day contest during 1993 season and will preclude off-campus recruiting at any high-school state-tournament games during 1993-94. Compliance office circulated memorandum outlining coaching-staff limitations to all coaches.	No further action.
Self-reported	Men's ice hockey	B 11.3.4.5	Restricted-earnings coach used a vehicle provided by a dealer at no cost to drive to and from work for one year.	Reviewed legislation with head coach.	Required institution to review legislation with all coaching-staff members.
Self-reported	Men's ice hockey	B 11.7.4.2.3 and 13.1.6.2	On one occasion, head coach invited two foreign coaches to display techniques on the ice, therefore exceeding the permissible number of volunteer coaches by one. Also, head coach had contact with a prospect's mother before the young man's competition. Prospect's mother was a friend of the coach. The young man will not attend the university.	Reprimanded coach.	Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
Self-reported	Women's softball	B 13.02.4.4	During a dead period, two assistant coaches attended a tournament to evaluate prospects. Head coach had approved the recruiting trip. No contact was made with any prospects.	Reprimanded coaches.	Prospects are ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process. Required institution to preclude recruiting activities by coaching staff for two days and to submit a written report indicating measures taken to avoid a similar violation.
Self-reported	Baseball	B 13.1.1.3	A restricted-earnings coach contacted a student-athlete from another institution before receiving written permission from that institution. The coach requested that permission be obtained, but contacted the young man before receiving such permission.	Reprimanded coach and precluded further recruitment of the young man.	Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
NCAA inquiry	Women's basketball	B 13.11.1	Head coach was quoted in a newspaper article regarding a prospective student-athlete before the young woman signed a letter of intent. Prospect has signed with another institution.	Reminded coach of importance of adhering closely to NCAA legislation.	No further action.
Self-reported	Men's basketball	B 13.7.5.1	During official visit, prospect made long-distance telephone calls totaling \$53.69 and charged them to his hotel bill. Young man indicated he would reimburse institution but has not done so to date.	Developed a form that is signed by prospects that indicates what costs the institution will and will not cover.	Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
Conference	Men's golf	B 13.8.2.1.1.1	During an unofficial visit, a prospect ate at the athletics dining hall with the head coach but did not pay the required cost.	Requested and acquired repayment of the cost of the lunch, discontinued recruitment of the young man and reviewed dining-hall check-in procedures.	Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
Self-reported	Baseball	B 15.3.5.1	Institution did not notify one student-athlete of nonrenewal of financial aid by July 1. Young man had been dismissed from the team because of two criminal arrests so his name did not appear on the squad list, which was used for reference in developing letters.	Notified young man of non-renewal and opportunity to appeal.	Required institution to submit a written report outlining changes made in procedures to avoid a similar violation.
Self-reported	Baseball	B 16.2.1.2	Student-athlete designated parents of his girlfriend as relatives on his complimentary ticket list.	Required young man to miss one contest and to relinquish complimentary ticket privileges for the first half of the season.	No further action.
Self-reported	Women's basketball	B 16.2.2.5	A representative of the institution's athletics interests provided three tickets to a professional basketball game to a student-athlete as a graduation gift. Both the student-athlete and the representative thought that because the young woman had exhausted her eligibility, it would be permissible to receive the tickets.	Required repayment of the cost of the tickets and provided a quick reference guide to NCAA rules to the representative.	No further action.
Conference	Women's basketball	B 16.8.1.2.1	Institution's team departed more than 48 hours before the start of away contest. Coach incorrectly interpreted 48 hours to mean two calendar days.	Conference required the institution to submit a written report regarding procedures implemented to avoid a similar violation and expressed concern regarding the time elapsed before reporting the violation.	Required institution to forward to the NCAA a copy of the conference-required report.

Institutional secondary infractions

► Continued from page 23

Self-reported	Men's swimming, women's swimming	B 17.16.2.1-(a)	Teams practiced for two days before the first permissible date.	Reviewed legislation with coaching staffs and precluded practice for two days at the permissible start date.	No further action.
Self-reported	Men's basketball	B 17.3.2.1.2	Before November 1, an assistant coach played in a pickup game with an incoming freshman student-athlete. An associate director of athletics happened to see the activity and reported the violation.	Reprimanded coach, suspended him for one game and precluded him from working out in the gym during the off season.	No further action.
Conference	Women's basketball	B 17.3.3-(a)	Team played a scrimmage with an alumni team before December 1. Institution did not exceed maximum number of contests.	Required coach to have pre-season schedule approved through compliance office.	No further action.
Conference	Women's tennis	B 30.10.7.1	Prospect's official on-campus visit extended two hours into a dead period. Young woman will attend another institution.	Institution will inform coaches in advance of dead periods; institution and conference reprimanded head coach; conference required all tennis coaching staff members to review recruiting-contact legislation, and conference precluded further recruitment of prospect and required that she be notified of the violation.	Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.

DIVISION I-A

Conference	Football	B 13.1.2	A student assistant was contacted by a friend who was a high-school coach and asked to look at a kicker and provide some assistance. The student assistant was hired as a graduate assistant and discovered the violation during orientation. Institution is not recruiting the prospect.		Young man is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
Self-reported	Football	B 13.16.1	Head coach sent letters to institution's boosters asking them to support the implementation of a football program at a local junior college. The program will not begin until 1994.	Sent letter to boosters advising them of the violation and noted that they should not support the program because of the request by the head coach. Also, reviewed legislation with the head coach.	No eligibility consequences. No further action.
Conference	Football	B 13.3.1.2	Institution did not provide written report of graduation rates to prospective student-athletes. Staff members did verbally report information to prospects during home visits and have since sent written reports.	Conference recommended that the institution implement a plan to ensure that a similar violation does not occur and forwarded a written report of the plan to the conference.	Required institution to forward to the NCAA a copy of the conference-required report.
Self-reported	Football, women's volleyball	B 14.1.4.1	First-year student-athletes practiced on a few occasions before signing the drug-testing consent form. Student-athletes were otherwise eligible.	Sent memorandum to all coaches reminding them of application of legislation.	No further action.
Self-reported	Men's tennis	B 16.12.2.1	During the summer, a student-athlete and an assistant coach shared an apartment in a city where both were employed for the summer. Each paid his own expenses. Young man did not practice or participate after that summer, and previously competed only on the junior varsity team. Young man has graduated.	Reprimanded assistant coach, precluded him from participating in the first three days of practices and required him to meet with compliance officer bi-monthly for at least two months to review NCAA rules.	No further action.
Self-reported	Football	B 16.1.6.1-(e)	Senior team members who already had attended an end-of-the-season banquet were provided another banquet by the institution's booster club. Controller noted the violation upon request for a check by the club. Young men have graduated.	Reprimanded executive director of the club, instructed him to request permission before inviting student-athletes to any such event and requested him to attend monthly rules-compliance seminars.	No further action.

DIVISION II

Self-reported	Women's basketball	B 13.12.1 and 17.3.6	On three occasions during the summer, head coach participated in pickup games with two or three student-athletes and several prospective student-athletes. Prospects are not being recruited by the university.		Prospects are ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process. Required institution to preclude involved coach from participating in one practice session and to review legislation with coaching staff members.
Self-reported	Men's water polo	B 17.20.5 and 17.20.6	Student-athlete enrolled in institution's summer camp and participated in practice activities.	Precluded coach from attending two contests, reviewed legislation with coaching staff members and will review conduct and organization of the camp.	No further action.

DIVISION III

Self-reported	Football	B 11.6.3	Assistant coach contacted a parent of a student-athlete to scout a scrimmage opponent.	Forwarded a tape to the opponent of its own scrimmage to minimize any advantage gained.	Required institution to review legislation with all coaching staff members.
Self-reported	Women's soccer	B 13.1.1.3	Head coach had contact with a student-athlete from another institution without obtaining a release. Young woman initially had enrolled at the offending institution but transferred to another institution because she could not afford the tuition and indicated that she would return once she was in a financial position to do so. Student-athlete contacted head coach and requested information regarding transferring.	Precluded further recruitment of the student-athlete and required the coach to attend a rules-review session.	Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process.
Self-reported	Women's tennis	B 14.1.6.2.2	Student-athlete competed while enrolled in only 10 semester hours. Registrar's office failed to notify athletics office (as is institutional policy) that the young woman had dropped a course. Also, student-athlete did not advise athletics staff that she had dropped a course.	Reprimanded registrar's office and required its staff to attend rules review; developed a new tracking system for monitoring eligibility; implemented extended rules education for coaches and student-athletes, and forfeited points earned by the young woman and adjusted team standings accordingly.	Young woman is ineligible unless restored through NCAA appeals process. Commended institution for the responsive actions taken and for its extensive report.

■ Presidents Commission minutes

Meeting September 28-29, 1993

Following are the minutes of the September 28-29, 1993, meeting of the NCAA Presidents Commission, at the Airport Marriott Hotel in Kansas City, Missouri. All actions taken by the Commission are included. Highlights of the meeting were reported in a story in the October 4 issue of The NCAA News.

1. Opening Remarks.

a. Chancellor Gregory M. St. L. O'Brien of the University of New Orleans, Commission chair, introduced Presidents Betty Turner Asher of the University of South Dakota, Robert A. Burnett of Armstrong State College and Adam W. Herbert of the University of North Florida, the new members of the Commission in attendance at this meeting. Chancellor O'Brien also extended the Commission's welcome to President J. Barton Laedeke of Rider College, who was attending his first meeting since joining the Commission.

b. Chancellor O'Brien welcomed four officers of the Association who attended all or a portion of the meeting: NCAA Secretary-Treasurer Cedric W. Dempsey, Division I Vice-President R. Elaine Dreidame, Division II Vice-President Charles N. Lindemann and Division III Vice-President John H. Harvey.

c. Chancellor O'Brien also welcomed Wilford S. Bailey and Asa N. Green, consultants retained to assist the Commission, and Stephen A. Mallonee, new staff liaison to the Division II subcommittee.

2. Previous Minutes.

It was voted that the minutes of the June 29-30, 1993, meeting be approved as distributed.

3. **Executive Committee.** Chancellor O'Brien reported on the Commission's executive committee's meeting earlier that day.

a. Chancellor O'Brien reported that the Executive Committee reviewed legislative decisions it had reached during an August 14, 1993, telephone conference.

b. Chancellor O'Brien noted that the executive committee spent much of its time discussing concerns expressed recently in relation to the current NCAA membership structure. The Commission discussed concerns expressed by representatives of the College Football Association and by representatives of all three divisions of the membership. The primary emphasis of the discussion was on increasing the level of federation in the Association, as well as assuring that the membership-structure issue is addressed within the NCAA, rather than by outside entities.

(Note: At the direction of Chancellor O'Brien, members of the Joint Policy Board caucused at the conclusion of the first day of the meeting to consider this issue further. The following action occurred later in the meeting but is included here for convenience of reference.)

c. It was voted that the Commission sponsor a resolution for the 1994 Convention to direct that the Joint Policy Board appoint a special committee to conduct a review of the NCAA membership structure by soliciting membership advice concerning topics that must be addressed and suggested alternative models; further, that the special committee select and present what it deems to be the most acceptable models to the membership for review and reaction during a forum conducted in conjunction

with the 1995 Convention, and finally, that the special committee shall, if deemed appropriate, present one or more proposed models in legislative form for consideration during the 1996 Convention.

4. 1994 NCAA Convention.

a. The Commission reviewed legislative amendments proposed for the 1994 Convention. (Note: Specific legislative proposals noted below refer to numbered amendments set forth in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation for the 1994 NCAA Convention.)

(1) The Commission considered proposals that it had voted to sponsor. [Note: These legislative amendments appear as Proposal Nos. 2-1, 2-5, 2-13, 2-17, 2-20, 2-22, 2-25, 2-26 (submitted without sponsorship), 2-41, 2-42, 2-44, 2-45, 2-85, 2-93, 2-120, 2-121, 2-122, 2-135, 2-153 and 2-154 in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation.] All three subcommittees expressed continued support for all of the Commission-sponsored proposals.

(2) The Commission reviewed other actions by division subcommittees regarding proposed legislation.

(a) The Division I subcommittee reported the following actions:

(i) Recommended that the Commission oppose Proposal Nos. 2-12, 2-27, 2-54, 2-61, 2-86 and 2-107.

(ii) Recommended Commission support for Proposal No. 2-155, with the understanding that the language in the proposal be subject to revision.

(iii) Agreed to take no position with regard to Proposal No. 2-31.

(iv) Agreed to take no position in relation to Proposal No. 2-80 and to recommend that the Commission's executive committee be authorized to act on this proposal after it has been considered during the October Council meeting.

(v) Assuming that the Commission supported its recommendation to oppose the proposals noted above, recommended that the Commission prepare a statement to clarify the Commission's reasons for opposing proposals to increase grant-in-aid limits for men's sports and not taking corresponding positions in relation to similar proposals to increase grant limits for women.

(b) The Division II subcommittee reported the following actions:

(i) Agreed to support Proposal Nos. 2-2, 2-141 and 2-155.

(ii) Recommended opposition to Proposal Nos. 2-54 and 2-107.

(iii) Agreed to take no position with regard to Proposal Nos. 2-31 and 2-112.

(c) The Division III subcommittee reported the following actions:

(i) Agreed to support Proposal Nos. 2-2 and 2-114.

(ii) Recommended that the Commission oppose Proposal No. 2-109.

(iii) Agreed to take no position in relation to Proposal Nos. 2-31, 2-105, 2-106, 2-110 and 2-118.

(3) It was voted that the Commission support the legislative actions of the division subcommittees.

b. It was voted that the Commission's executive committee be authorized to determine the Commission's final positions in regard to proposed legislation for the 1994 Convention after learning of the NCAA Council's actions in its October meeting.

5. Other Actions by Division Subcommittees.

a. Chancellor Charles E. Young of the University of California, Los Angeles, Division I chair, reported the following actions of the Division I subcommittee:

(1) Received a report of recent activities related to the Division I athletics certification program.

(2) Received a presentation by represen-

tatives of a coalition of organizations calling itself the Athletic Issues Task Force without taking formal action.

b. President Arend D. Lubbers of Grand Valley State University, Division II chair, reported the following actions of the Division II subcommittee:

(1) Discussed continuing efforts to evaluate academic performance of student-athletes in Division II and agreed to continue to study this issue in order to determine whether academic standards in Division II should be revised.

(2) Discussed the concept of athletics certification for Division II and agreed to work in cooperation with the Division II Steering Committee in this regard.

c. President Claire L. Gaudiani of Connecticut College, Division III chair, reported the following actions of the Division III subcommittee:

(1) Reviewed the results of a survey showing that the majority of Division III chief executive officers favor continuation of national championships, rather than regional championships, and agreed to forward the results of the survey to the Division III membership without recommending further action.

(2) Continued a discussion of Division III membership concerns and agreed to consider including this issue for discussion during the Division III business session at the 1994 Convention.

6. Sportsmanship and Proper Conduct.

a. Henry O. Nichols, secretary-rules editor of the NCAA Men's Basketball Rules Committee and national coordinator of men's basketball officiating, joined the meeting. The Commission discussed with Nichols several issues related to sportsmanship and proper conduct, including taunting, bench decorum and crowd behavior. Nichols noted that these issues had been addressed earlier this year by basketball rules changes, which then were emphasized during national basketball officiating clinics. The Commission expressed its gratitude to the basketball officiating community for its efforts to begin to address these concerns and noted the responsibilities of coaches and administrators in this regard.

(Note: The following actions occurred later in the meeting but are included here for convenience of reference.)

b. The Commission noted recent instances of fighting and other inappropriate conduct at football games. The Commission considered a resolution that would request that the chief executive officer of each NCAA member institution convene a meeting with the athletics director and the football coaching staff to discuss the standards of deportment expected by the university; that conference officers instruct football officials to take decisive, prompt and, when necessary, severe steps to enforce proper competitive behavior; that the Football Rules Committee review promptly the present rules governing proper deportment to ascertain their efficacy and severity, and that the American Football Coaches Association advise the Commission and the NCAA regarding appropriate means of maintaining sportsmanship and high levels of proper competitive conduct.

It was voted that the Commission sponsor the resolution and that its action in this regard be communicated through chief executive officers of NCAA member institutions and to the media and public as soon as possible.

c. It was voted that the Commission establish an advisory committee to recommend to the Commission in January specific short-term actions that might be taken to address concerns regarding sportsmanship and proper conduct in all sports. (Note: Subsequently, President Eamon M. Kelly of Tulane University agreed to serve as the

committee's chair.)

7. **Discussion of the Concept of a Division I-A Football Playoff.** Chancellor Young informed the Commission that the Division I subcommittee had taken time during its meeting to continue its discussion of the concept of a Division I-A football playoff. Chancellor Young reported that the subcommittee had taken no action but had agreed that it should continue to gather information concerning the potential benefits and problems presented by such a playoff, in order that the subcommittee and the full Commission might engage in a careful analysis of the concept. The Commission received this information without taking formal action.

8. Status Reports on Other Major Commission Topics.

a. President Thomas K. Hearn Jr. of Wake Forest University summarized actions taken by the Subcommittee on Strategic Planning during its September 27 meeting.

(1) It was the sense of the meeting that the Commission sponsor resolutions at the 1994 Convention (as specified in the Commission's strategic plan) to call for legislation regarding student-athlete welfare, access and equity to be submitted for action at the 1995 Convention and to initiate the study of the topic of integrity, ethics and sportsmanship that will be the focus of the 1996 Convention.

(2) President Hearn reported that the subcommittee recommended that no new topic be identified for the period ending with the 1997 Convention. He reported the subcommittee's preference for reserving time during that year to review and take any desirable additional actions in the topics already identified in the strategic plan, as well as in the areas of gender equity and membership structure. It was the sense of the meeting that the subcommittee's recommendation be approved and that the strategic plan recommended by the subcommittee be revised and printed in an issue of the News later this fall.

b. Chancellor Donald F. Behrend of the University of Alaska Anchorage reported on recent activities of the Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity. Chancellor Behrend noted that the special committee had identified four primary areas of study and intended by early November to prepare specific plans for studying those topic areas. The Commission received the report without taking formal action.

c. President David G. Carter of Eastern Connecticut State University reported that the Commission's Subcommittee on Minority Issues met the evening before the Commission's meeting with representatives of the NCAA Minority Opportunities and Interests Committee. President Carter reported the subcommittee's interest in continuing to work closely with the Council-appointed committee. He also reported that the two groups had discussed the concept of diversity workshops and intended to consider other approaches by which to address race and gender issues in addition to the proposed workshops. Chancellor Behrend requested that representatives of the student-athlete-welfare committee be included in such discussions. The Commission received the report without taking formal action.

d. President Richard F. Peck of the University of New Mexico informed the Commission of meetings conducted by the Liaison Committee with representatives of various coaching associations and other constituent organizations in recent months. The Commission reviewed summaries of presentations by the American Football Coaches Association, the American Volleyball Coaches Association (also representing, in this instance, the National Softball

Coaches Association) and the National Association of Basketball Coaches. President Peck also offered information concerning recent meetings conducted with representatives of the American Baseball Coaches Association and the Faculty Athletics Representatives Association. He noted that written summaries of those appearances would be distributed to all Commission members as soon as possible. The Commission received the report without taking formal action.

e. The Commission received a report concerning the work of the Executive Director Search Committee without taking formal action.

9. **Position Papers Forwarded by Commissioners of Division I-A Conferences.** The Commission reviewed position papers submitted by a group of commissioners of Division I-A conferences. The position papers expressed support for proposed legislation that would permit student-athletes to retain collegiate eligibility after entering a professional sports draft and opposition to the concept of stipends for student-athletes beyond the current grant-in-aid limitations. It was noted for the record that these position papers had been reviewed by the Liaison Committee and that the committee concluded that no action was needed; further, that the committee agreed to extend another invitation to the commissioners to meet with the Liaison Committee. The Commission took no formal action.

10. **Nominating Committee.** The Commission received the Presidential Nominating Committee's slate of candidates for vacancies on the Commission occurring upon adjournment of the 1994 Convention.

It was voted that the report of the Presidential Nominating Committee be accepted.

11. **1994 Convention Schedule.** The Commission reviewed the 1994 Convention schedule.

a. It was the sense of the meeting that the annual breakfast for chief executive officers be conducted during the 1994 Convention, even though it will be in a location other than the primary Convention hotels.

b. It was the sense of the meeting that the CEO Forum at the 1994 Convention should include discussion of the membership-structure concerns and a report on the Division I athletics certification program, as well as the usual discussion of Convention legislation.

c. It was noted for the record that the Commission's executive committee would be meeting later in October to determine the proposals to be acted upon during Presidential Agenda Day and the proposals that will be voted on by roll call.

d. At the suggestion of several Commission members, Chancellor O'Brien directed that consideration be given to initiating an orientation for new chief executive officers during the 1994 Convention.

12. **Dates and Sites of Future Meetings.** The Commission reviewed its schedule of future meetings:

a. 1994:

(1) January 9, 8 a.m. to noon, Marriott Riverwalk Hotel, San Antonio (1994 NCAA Convention).

(2) March 31-April 1, hotel to be determined, Charlotte, North Carolina.

(3) June 28-29, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Kansas City, Missouri.

(4) September 27-28, hotel to be determined, Kansas City, Missouri.

b. 1995:

(1) January 8, Marriott Marina, San Diego (1995 NCAA Convention).

(2) March 30-31, hotel to be determined, Seattle.

(3) June 27-28, hotel to be determined, Kansas City, Missouri.

(4) September 26-27, hotel to be determined, Kansas City, Missouri.

■ Administrative Committee minutes

Conference No. 19 November 3, 1993

1. Acting for the NCAA Council, the Administrative Committee:

a. Appointed Mary M. Schrad, Western State College of Colorado, and Janice L. Lange, University of Vermont, to the Men's and Women's Skiing Committee, replacing Linda Estes, University of New Mexico, whose term expired September 1, and Sarah Bergstrom, no longer at an NCAA institution, respectively; appointed Robert L. "Bud" Fisher, Williams College, to replace Estes as

committee chair.

b. Appointed Cathy Beene, University of Texas at Arlington, to chair the Men's and Women's Tennis Committee, replacing Scott Prehman, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, resigned from the committee.

c. Appointed Kenneth A. Shaw, Syracuse University, to the Special Committee to Review Student-Athlete Welfare, Access and Equity, replacing James D. McComas, resigned; appointed Donald F. Behrend, University of Alaska Anchorage, to replace McComas as chair of that committee.

d. Noted that terms of service on nearly all NCAA committees will be four years with no immediate reelection if the NCAA Convention adopts legislation in that regard at

the 1994 Convention, and the Council has specified that no individual currently serving would serve a shorter period of time than he or she would have served under the current term limits (three-year term with one reelection to another three-year term); determined that those persons eligible for reappointment to a term beginning after the 1994 Convention should receive a three-year term.

e. Received a response by the Football Rules Committee to the actions of the Presidents Commission and the Council regarding fighting in college football games; agreed with the rules committee that those actions have resulted in an improvement in the situation and that it is not wise to

change the application of a playing rule during a season; therefore, accepted the committee's pledge to take appropriate action in its January 1994 meeting.

f. Approved per NCAA Bylaw 14.9.1.2 (a) a request for a health-related transfer waiver to permit a student-athlete to transfer from Virginia Military Institute to another institution and be immediately eligible.

2. Acting for the Executive Committee, the Administrative Committee:

a. Approved an addition to Bylaw 31.3 to afford the Association the right to use in championship-related activities the name, mascot and other identifying marks of each member institution selected to participate in a National Collegiate Championship.

b. Approved a request by the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism for permission to conduct in December in Kansas City, Missouri, a one-day meeting of its three-member subcommittee to review pertinent research relating to development of a need-based financial aid model.

c. Confirmed the earlier election of Judith M. Sweet, University of California, San Diego, to the board of the NCAA Foundation, noting that this action had not been reflected in earlier Administrative Committee or Executive Committee minutes. [Note: This confirmation occurred in the October 15 telephone conference of the Joint Policy

See Minutes, page 28 ►

Finalists

Eight student-athletes from winter, spring sports selected as Today's Top Six finalists

► Continued from page 1

as the College Athletics Top XII at the honors dinner during the 1994 NCAA Convention in San Antonio.

The winter-spring finalists are track and field athlete Christie Allen, Pittsburg State University; fencer Nick O. Bravin, Stanford University; gymnast Dana N. Dobransky, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa; softball player Lisa M. Fernandez, University of California, Los Angeles; basketball player Karen Jennings, University of Nebraska, Lincoln; track and field athlete Anu Kaljurand, Brigham Young University; track and field athlete Nnenna J. Lynch, Villanova University, and gymnast John Roethlisberger, University of Minnesota, Twin Cities.

Selection is based 50 percent on athletics ability, 25 percent on academic achievement and 25 percent on character, leadership and extracurricular activities. Nomination forms are sent to all member institutions, and selections are made by the Honors Committee.

Biographical sketches of the winter-spring finalists follow:

Christie Allen
Pittsburg State
Track and field

Winner of eight NCAA individual championships, Allen has won more titles than any other Division II female student-athlete. She is a two-time individual champion in cross country and a two-time winner in the outdoor 5,000-meter and 10,000-meter runs. Allen also holds titles in the indoor 1,500-meter and 3,000-meter races.

Among her track and field accomplishments are 14 Mid-America Intercollegiate Athletics Association championships and victories against primarily Division I competition in the 10,000-meter run at the Texas Relays and 5,000-meter run at the Kansas Relays.

Allen was honored as GTE academic all-American of the year for the women's at-large college division and compiled a 3.950 grade-point average (4.000 scale) while earning a degree in elementary education. She is a Vacation Bible School instructor and a counselor and language-arts instructor for disadvantaged inner-city youth.

Nick O. Bravin
Stanford
Fencing

Bravin is a three-time NCAA foil champion, a two-time U. S. national fencing champion and the gold-medal winner at the 1993 Pan American Fencing Championships. He twice was named Stanford's athlete of the year and in



Allen



Bravin



Dobransky



Fernandez



Jennings



Kaljurand



Lynch



Roethlisberger

1990 was recognized as the Pacific-10 Conference's most valuable player. He also was the recipient of the Al Masters Award, Stanford's highest honor for athletics and academic leadership.

An NCAA postgraduate scholarship recipient, Bravin earned a 3.250 grade-point average while majoring in human biology. He was a Special Olympics volunteer and a tutor for underprivileged elementary children. In addition, he was a staff member on the Stanford Daily and has served internships at the Santa Clara County Public Defender's Office and with the California State Assembly.

Dana N. Dobransky
Alabama
Gymnastics

Dobransky registered a perfect 10 on the balance beam at the 1993 National Collegiate Women's Gymnastics Championships to help Alabama to a second-place finish in the team competition. The balance beam title was Dobransky's second straight and her third all-America honor in the event. She also is a two-time all-American in the floor exercise.

She was a member of the Southeastern Conference Student Advisory Board and the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Self-Study Committee for Intercollegiate Athletics. She also was a GTE academic all-American and a three-time SEC all-academic choice.

Dobransky was awarded an NCAA postgraduate scholarship

and was named the University of Alabama female scholar-athlete of the year. A telecommunications and film major with a 3.590 grade-point average, she is a Special Olympics volunteer and has organized a group of student-athlete volunteers to help in the Partlow State Retardation Center.

Lisa M. Fernandez
UCLA
Softball

A four-time all-American pitcher with a 93-7 career record, Fernandez led the Bruins to the 1990 and 1992 Women's College World Series titles and a second-place finish in 1993.

She established a WCWS record by pitching 35 consecutive scoreless innings in 1992 and hurled two no-hitters in the 1993 series. Among the leaders in nearly every NCAA pitching category, Fernandez also won the 1993 batting crown with a .510 batting average. Her accomplishments earned her Amateur Softball Association sportswoman-of-the-year honors.

She is a member of the U. S. national team that won softball gold medals in China and Cuba, and she hopes to participate in the 1996 Olympics. She was awarded an NCAA postgraduate scholarship last June after posting a 3.094 grade-point average while earning a degree in psychology.

Karen Jennings
Nebraska
Basketball

Recipient of the 1993 Margaret Wade Trophy, awarded to the na-

tional player of the year in women's basketball, Jennings also was named the 1993 Big Eight Conference female athlete of the year. She is a two-time Big Eight player of the year and was a two-time team captain at Nebraska.

Jennings is an NCAA postgraduate scholarship recipient and a two-time academic all-American of the year for women's basketball. She also was awarded a National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics/Disney postgraduate scholarship. A Rawlings female scholar-athlete and a United States Basketball Writers Association student-athlete of the year, Jennings also was president of the Nebraska student-athlete advisory board.

Jennings compiled a 3.809 grade-point average while earning an exercise-science degree. She is a project coordinator for the university food and clothing drive and a member of the Ventures in Partnership Outreach program with Lincoln public schools.

Anu Kaljurand
Brigham Young
Track and field

Kaljurand won the 1992 NCAA heptathlon title by accumulating 6,142 points, second best in championships history. She also earned all-American honors by placing second in the heptathlon in 1991 and fourth in 1990. She also placed fourth in the long jump at the 1993 indoor championships.

She holds school records in three outdoor and three indoor events and is a nine-time Western Athletic Conference champion. A

1992 GTE academic all-American, Kaljurand also has been a WAC all-academic choice three times. She is an NCAA postgraduate scholarship recipient and has compiled a 3.810 grade-point average while earning degrees in Russian and business.

Nnenna J. Lynch
Villanova
Track and field

Lynch, an eight-time all-American, won the 3,000-meter race in the 1992 NCAA outdoor championships and placed third in last year's cross country championships. A three-time Eastern College Athletic Conference individual champion, she helped lead Villanova to four consecutive Division I cross country titles.

Lynch received an NCAA postgraduate scholarship and a National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics/Disney postgraduate scholarship last June and used them to continue her studies at Oxford University in England. She was a Rhodes scholarship recipient in 1992 and was named the Big East Conference scholar-athlete of the year.

Lynch has compiled a 3.920 grade-point average while majoring in sociology. She has participated in several community outreach programs, including the Campus Ministry soup kitchen, and has been a speaker at local hospitals and youth groups.

John Roethlisberger
Minnesota
Gymnastics

Roethlisberger is a three-time NCAA all-around champion and holds additional titles in the pommel horse (1993) and parallel bars (1991). He is a 15-time all-American and captured 10 Big Ten Conference individual titles on his way to being a four-time Big Ten gymnast of the year.

He was the recipient of the Nissen Award, which is presented to the top senior gymnast for athletics excellence and academic achievement. A 1992 Olympian, Roethlisberger is a two-time national winner in the all-around competition and has been a U. S. National Team member since 1989.

An NCAA postgraduate scholarship recipient, Roethlisberger is a four-time Minnesota scholar-athlete and was presented the university's President's Student Leadership and Service Award. He compiled a 3.340 grade-point average while majoring in general management and German. His sister, Marie Roethlisberger, was awarded a Walter Byers Scholarship by the NCAA in 1991.

Evansville to become 11th member of Missouri Valley

The University of Evansville was chosen November 4 to join the Missouri Valley Conference in a move that officials say will strengthen the league regionally as well as nationally.

"We really feel that Evansville will be a good fit in this league," Commissioner J. Douglas Elgin said. "We feel it strengthens our league both regionally and nationally."

Evansville officially will leave the Midwestern Collegiate Conference for the MVC in July 1994. Evansville was a charter member of the MCC in 1979. Five schools remain in the MCC.

The Missouri Valley Conference, founded in 1907, has been a 10-team league since adding Southwest Missouri State University in 1991. With the addition of Evansville, the league has the largest

number of members in its history.

Elgin said only one team was added because the conference wants to avoid breaking into divisions. With each team playing a home-and-home schedule in basketball with other conference schools, division play would have meant that each school would play 22 of 26 games within the MVC.

"Another team would have meant a radical change," Elgin

told The Associated Press. "Eleven teams does not have nearly the impact that 12 would."

The addition gives the MVC six state institutions and five private schools.

It also gives the league some built-in traditional rivalries. MVC member Indiana State University has played Evansville 115 times in

basketball—more than any other opponent—and Southern Illinois University at Carbondale also is a longtime opponent.

"This is a tremendous step for our athletics program because of the rich traditions of the Missouri Valley Conference schools," Evansville basketball coach Jim Crews said. "Evansville fans can really relate to these schools."

■ Initial-eligibility waivers

Following is a report of actions taken by the NCAA Council Subcommittee on Initial-Eligibility Waivers. The report includes actions taken since the last published summary. That summary appeared in the August 18, 1993, issue of The NCAA News.

This report covers actions taken by the subcommittee in telephone conferences June 21 and August 27, as well as those taken during deliberations conducted by facsimile September 8.

Acting for the NCAA Council, the subcommittee:

Discussed various issues referred to it from the Special Committee to Oversee Implementation of the NCAA Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse.

■ The subcommittee reviewed whether the institution involved or the clearinghouse should be responsible for forwarding to the subcommittee the information required in the review of initial-eligibility waiver applications. The subcommittee determined that the institution should be responsible for obtaining all information from the clearinghouse and forwarding it to the subcommittee for purposes of processing an initial-eligibility waiver request.

■ The subcommittee reviewed whether the clearinghouse should receive information on initial-eligibility waiver cases that have been granted or denied (e.g., denial and approval letters; approved minutes). The subcommittee determined that the clearinghouse should not be involved in receiving or forwarding to member institutions initial-eligibility waiver information regarding a waiver application that has been approved or denied by the subcommittee. The subcommittee noted that its staff liaisons should be responsible for providing information to the institution involved regarding the outcome of an initial-eligibility waiver appeal. The subcommittee further noted that, at this time, any inquiries regarding initial-eligibility waivers that have been approved or denied should be directed to the staff liaisons.

Considered the following core-course waiver applications:

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Nigeria and an SAT score of 800. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of science on his West African Examinations Council (WAEC) school certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Switzerland and an SAT score of 780 with a mathematics subscore of 490. The student-athlete lacked .6 core-course credits in science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and SAT mathematics subscore.

■ Approved the application of a nonrecruited student-athlete who presented 10.5 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 4.000, an overall grade-point average of 3.971, an ACT score of 27 (reading subscore of 26) and an SAT score of 1250 (verbal subscore of 520). The student-athlete lacked .5 core-course credits in social science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's nonrecruited status, outstanding academic record and SAT scores.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10.6 core credits with a grade-point average of 3.200, an overall grade-point average of 3.300, and SAT scores of 800 and 910 (verbal subscores of 290 and 300). The student-athlete lacked 4 core-course credits in English. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented acceptable secondary credentials from Singapore and an SAT score of 870. The student-athlete obtained five academic subject passes on her Singapore-Cambridge General Certificate of Education; however, she lacked one pass at the advanced level. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from South Africa and

an SAT score of 800. The student-athlete lacked an academic subject pass in the core area of mathematics on her Senior Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in mathematics.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented acceptable secondary credentials from Singapore and an SAT score of 950. The student-athlete obtained five academic subject passes on her Singapore-Cambridge General Certificate of Education; however, she lacked one pass at the advanced level. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from South Africa and an SAT score of 970 with a mathematics subscore of 450. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of mathematics on her Senior Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in mathematics. The subcommittee further noted the student-athlete's good SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Australia and an SAT score of 1130. The student-athlete failed to achieve two units in the core area of social science on her Victorian Certificate of Education. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from a home-schooling program and an SAT score of 1030. The student-athlete was schooled at home by her mother under the guidance of a certified teacher. The student-athlete's progress and achievement were assessed orally but not in writing (i.e., no grades were assigned for any course work completed). In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's high SAT score, acceptable nature of her secondary course work and positive evaluation reports.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10.66 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.900, an overall grade-point average of 3.789 and an SAT score of 1290. The student-athlete lacked .34 core-course credits in social science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.636, an overall grade-point average of 2.868 and an SAT score of 850. The institution was unable to obtain a Form 48-H for the student-athlete, inasmuch as the high school no longer exists. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's acceptable secondary credentials and SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from the United Kingdom and an SAT score of 780. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on her General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) examination. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Trinidad and SAT scores of 1180 and 1120 with a composite score of 1240. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of science on his Caribbean Examinations Council Secondary Education Certificate (CXC) examination. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in science. The subcommittee further noted the student-athlete's high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Jamaica and an SAT score of 1190. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on his CXC examination. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary

course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10.5 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.900, an overall grade-point average of 3.090 and an ACT score of 23 with a reading subscore of 23. The student-athlete lacked .5 core-course credits in social science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and ACT reading subscore.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented combined secondary credentials from Senegal and a domestic high school, which equates to approximately 13.8 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.100 and an ACT score of 17.2 with a reading subscore of 18. The student-athlete lacked .4 core-course credits in social science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and ACT reading subscore.

■ Approved the application of a nonrecruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Ireland and an SAT score of 1050. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on her Leaving Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 14.5 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.380, an overall grade-point average of 3.350, and ACT scores of 22 and 22 with a composite score of 23 (with an English subscore of 20 and a reading subscore of 24). The student-athlete lacked .5 core-course credits in English. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and ACT scores.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10.4 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.200, an overall grade-point average of 3.500 and an ACT score of 19 with a science subscore of 20. The student-athlete lacked .6 core-course credits in natural science. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and ACT science subscore.

■ Approved the application of a nonrecruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Germany and an ACT score of 21. The institution was unable to obtain a Form 48-H for the student-athlete, inasmuch as the high school no longer exists. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's acceptable secondary credentials and high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Australia and the United Kingdom and an SAT score of 1160. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of science on his GCSE examination. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Jamaica and an SAT of 1020. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on his CXC examination. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science. The subcommittee further noted the student-athlete's high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a nonrecruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.500, an overall grade-point average of 3.740 and an SAT score of 1170. The institution was unable to obtain a Form 48-H for the student-athlete, inasmuch as the high school no longer exists. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's acceptable secondary credentials and high SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Ireland and an SAT score of 840. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on her Leaving Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented eight core-course credits with a grade-point aver-

age of 3.000, an overall grade-point average of 3.400 and an SAT score of 900. The courses completed by the student-athlete were designed for his learning disability and met the definition of a core course. The NCAA Academic Requirements Committee was unable to approve the use of the courses as core courses, inasmuch as the principal would not certify that students who take the courses are required to obtain the same knowledge, both quantitatively and qualitatively, as students in other core courses. The principal did indicate that the courses meet the Association's definition of a core course. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the acceptable nature of the core courses for students with learning disabilities completed by the student-athlete in grades nine, 10 and 11. The subcommittee further noted the student-athlete's good overall academic record and SAT score.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from South Africa and an SAT score of 850. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on her Senior Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Ireland and an SAT score of 970. The student-athlete failed to achieve a pass in the core area of social science on her Leaving Certificate. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete successfully completed additional secondary course work in social science.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits and an SAT score of 760. The student-athlete attended two different high schools in Australia, one of which did not provide grades for grades nine and 10. The student-athlete did attend a high school that provided grades for grades 11 and 12, and obtained a grade-point average of 1.400 in the core-course areas and an overall grade-point average of 1.300 for grades 11 and 12 only. The institution requested that the subcommittee waive the core-curriculum grade-point average requirement of NCAA Bylaw 14.3. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's marginal SAT score and overall academic record for those years in which grades were available. The subcommittee further noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from the United Kingdom and an SAT score of 910. The student-athlete failed to achieve a countable pass in the core area of mathematics on his General Certificate of Secondary Education and did not complete any additional secondary course work in mathematics. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the fact that the student-athlete failed to meet the minimum review criteria for a core-course waiver. The subcommittee further noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.180, an overall grade-point average of 1.820 and an SAT score of 810. The student-athlete lacked a science laboratory course. The student-athlete's high school offered a laboratory in biology, earth science, and Chemistry I and II. The student-athlete originally was enrolled in a chemistry course that did offer a laboratory but was advised by both his football coach and guidance counselor that he should withdraw from the course because his previous science course work was sufficient to meet the high school's graduation requirements and his eligibility for intercollegiate competition. The institution requested that the subcommittee waive the science laboratory core-course requirement in the student-athlete's situation, inasmuch as he was given improper information from his high-school football coach and guidance counselor. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that, inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards. In this regard, the subcommittee noted that the institution began recruiting the student-athlete early enough in his senior year to enable the

institution to inform him of the initial-eligibility requirements of Bylaw 14.3. The subcommittee further noted that it is an institution's responsibility to identify in a timely fashion any academic deficiencies that may prevent a recruited student-athlete from fulfilling the initial academic eligibility requirements of 14.3. Finally, the subcommittee noted that officials at the student-athlete's high school should have been aware of the Association's initial academic eligibility requirements, inasmuch as the NCAA, on behalf of its membership, notifies every high school in the country regarding the Association's initial academic eligibility requirements through the annual distribution of the NCAA Guide for the College-Bound Student-Athlete and Form 48-11.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10.5 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.428, an overall grade-point average of 2.387 and an ACT score of 18 (mathematics subscore of 16). The student-athlete lacked .5 core-course credits in mathematics. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's marginal ACT mathematics subscore and the fact that he failed to meet the minimum review criteria for a core-course waiver. Further, the subcommittee noted that the inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 1.820 and an ACT score of 20. The institution requested that the subcommittee consider the fact that the student-athlete graduated from an academically challenging high school. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's overall marginal academic record and the fact that he failed to meet the minimum review criteria for a core-course waiver. The subcommittee further noted that it cannot consider the putative quality of instruction among the nation's various high schools.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 10 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.450, an overall grade-point average of 2.927 and an SAT score of 820. The student-athlete lacked one core-course credit in science. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the fact that the student-athlete failed to meet the minimum review criteria for a core-course waiver. The subcommittee further noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

Considered the following graduation waiver applications:

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.450 and an SAT score of 1140. The student-athlete will be participating in an accelerated program that allows her to finish high school while completing her first year of college. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's high SAT scores and the accelerated nature of her secondary program of studies.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.640 and an SAT score of 1080. The student-athlete will be participating in an accelerated program that allows her to finish high school while completing her first year of college. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's high SAT scores and the accelerated nature of her secondary program of studies.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 14 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.090 and an SAT score of 990. The student-athlete graduated from a nonaccredited high school. In its approval of the application, the subcommittee noted the acceptable nature of the secondary course work completed by the student-athlete, her good overall academic record and SAT score.

Considered the following test-score waiver applications:

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented acceptable secondary credentials from New Zealand and no test score. The approval of the student-athlete's application was contingent upon her successful completion of the ACT or SAT at her first opportunity on a national testing date under national test-

Waivers

► Continued from page 27

ing conditions. In addition, the approval of the student-athlete's application was based on the policy for recruited foreign student-athletes, which requires her to fulfill her initial academic year in residence as a partial qualifier. Thus, inasmuch as the student-athlete already has completed one semester in residence at a collegiate institution in New Zealand, the approval is contingent upon her fulfillment of one additional semester in residence, thereby competing a full academics year in residence. In this regard, the student-athlete would have the option of receiving financial aid during the second semester of her residence requirement and would, therefore, be eligible for three seasons of competition commencing with the spring term of the 1993-94 academic year. In the alternative, the student-athlete could choose not to accept financial aid for the second semester of her residence requirement and thereafter receive four seasons of competition, practice and financial aid.

■ Approved the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.720, an overall grade-point average of 2.075 and an ACT score of 15. The student-athlete has a certified learning disability and did not have an opportunity to take a nonstandard ACT or SAT before the test-score deadline. The application was approved contingent upon the student-athlete's successful completion of the SAT or ACT under nonstandard testing procedures approved by the testing agency.

■ Denied the application of a recruited

student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.820, an overall grade-point average of 3.640 and no test score. The student-athlete attended a collegiate institution in Puerto Rico during the 1991-92 academic year, and then transferred to an NCAA institution during the 1992-93 academic year. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that an approval of the application would afford the student-athlete the opportunity to take the SAT or ACT after completing two full years of collegiate enrollment, which is a benefit that generally is unavailable to prospective student-athletes.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented secondary credentials from Ireland and an SAT score of 650. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that the student-athlete had an opportunity to take the SAT before the test-score deadline and failed to achieve the qualifying score. The subcommittee further noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, she is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.000, an overall grade-point average of 2.000, ACT scores of 14 and 15, and SAT scores of 480, 550 (nonstandard administration) and 590 (nonstandard administration) with a composite score of 610. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the student-athlete's repeated failure to successfully complete the ACT or SAT despite having had two opportunities to take the examination under nonstandard testing conditions. The subcommittee further noted

that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.220, an overall grade-point average of 2.580, and ACT scores of 16 and 17 (residual examination). The student-athlete's qualifying test score was a residual examination administered by his high-school guidance counselor. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that, inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.540 and no test score. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.000, an overall grade-point average of 3.643 and an SAT score of 1010. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test score directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the delay in receipt of the student-athlete's test scores from SAT was not due to the testing-service computer problems but, rather, the institution's late request for the test score.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.900, an overall grade-point average of 2.034 and a residual ACT score of 14. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee

noted that the institution began recruiting the student-athlete early enough in his senior year to inform him that the required test score must be achieved on a national testing date under national testing conditions. The subcommittee further noted that the student-athlete had additional opportunities to take an ACT or SAT on a national testing date before the test-score deadline. The subcommittee also noted that inasmuch as the student-athlete is a recruited student-athlete, he is subject to the subcommittee's more restrictive review standards.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.730, an overall grade-point average of 2.560 and an SAT score of 980. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test score directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the delay in receipt of the student-athlete's test scores from SAT was not due to the testing-service computer problems but, rather, the institution's late request for the test score.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 3.000, an overall grade-point average of 3.643 and an SAT score of 1010. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test score directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the delay in receipt of the student-athlete's test scores from SAT was not due to the testing-service computer problems but, rather, the institution's late request for the test score.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-

course credits with a grade-point average of 4.000, an overall grade-point average of 3.910 and an SAT score of 1180. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test score directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the delay in receipt of the student-athlete's test scores from SAT was not due to the testing-service computer problems but, rather, the institution's late request for the test score.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.500, an overall grade-point average of 2.620 and an SAT score of 700. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test score directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted the delay in receipt of the student-athlete's test scores from SAT was not due to the testing-service computer problems but, rather, the institution's late request for the test score.

■ Denied the application of a recruited student-athlete who presented 11 core-course credits with a grade-point average of 2.500, an overall grade-point average of 2.800, an ACT score of 22 and an SAT score of 840. The institution did not receive the student-athlete's test scores directly from the testing agency. In its denial of the application, the subcommittee noted that although the SAT computers were not operating and it was not possible to obtain a copy of the student-athlete's SAT results before the institution's scheduled scrimmage, a copy of the ACT results could have been obtained from ACT in a timely manner.

Minutes

► Continued from page 25

Board but is reported here for convenience of reference.}]

3. Acting for the Council and the Executive Committee, the Administrative Committee:

Agreed to conduct the committee's remaining telephone conferences in 1993 at 2 p.m., rather than 1 p.m., Central time.

4. Report of actions taken by the executive director per Constitution 4.3.2.

a. Acting for the Council:

(1) Granted per Bylaw 11.7.1.1.1.2 requests by the following institutions for temporary replacement of coaches: California State University, Long Beach (volleyball); Georgia Institute of Technology (football); Santa Clara University (soccer), and the University of Tennessee, Knoxville (track and field).

(2) Granted waivers per Bylaw 14.8.6.1-(c) to permit student-athletes from various

institutions to participate in competition involving national teams in baseball, basketball, cross country, fencing, field hockey, gymnastics, ice hockey, lacrosse, soccer, swimming, tennis and volleyball.

(3) Granted waivers per Bylaw 16.13.1 to permit institutions to provide incidental expenses in these situations:

(a) To student-athletes to attend funerals of family members and, in some instances, to rejoin their team at away-from-home competition after such funerals.

(b) To student-athletes to attend funerals of members of teammates' families.

(c) To student-athletes to attend the funeral of a member of their coach's family.

(d) To send flowers to the families of those involved in funerals.

(e) To student-athletes to visit their coach who is recovering from surgery.

(f) To a student-athlete to return home to be with a seriously injured family member.

(g) To a student-athlete to return to the institution after leaving due to emotional problems.

(h) To pay the required fee and necessary course-related materials for a student-athlete with a learning disability.

b. Acting for the Executive Committee:

(1) Granted waivers for championships eligibility per Bylaw 31.2.1.3 to the following institutions that failed to submit certification-of-compliance forms or enrollment and persistence-rates forms by the deadline as specified in Bylaws 18.4.2.1-(d) and 18.4.2.3-(c), respectively: University of Alaska Fairbanks; University of California, Riverside; Cheyney University of Pennsylvania; Coastal Carolina University; University of the District of Columbia; Erskine College; Florida Atlantic University; Fort Lewis College; Humboldt State University; North Carolina Wesleyan College, and the U.S. Naval Academy.

(2) Granted waivers of the conference-representative reporting requirement per Bylaw 31.3.3.4.1 to the Southwest Conference, Central Intercollegiate Athletic Association, Lone Star Conference, New York Collegiate Athletic Conference, Pacific West Conference and Sunshine State Conference, with the waivers covering both men's and women's programs in each instance.

(3) Approved the realignment of Austin Peay State University from District 3 North to District 3 South and Eastern Washington University from District 8 to District 7 for the Division I Men's Golf Championships, as recommended by the Men's and Women's Golf Committee.

(4) Approved the realignment of Ripon College from the North Central/Far West region to the South Central region for the Division III Men's Soccer Championship, as recommended by the Men's Soccer Committee.

(5) Approved a recommendation by the Women's Softball Committee that the Mid-America Intercollegiate Athletics Association host the 1994 Division II Women's Softball Championship, May 18-21, in Shawnee, Kansas (Johnson County Girls' Athletic Association softball complex).

(6) Approved recommendations by the Men's and Women's Tennis Committee that Kalamazoo College serve as host institution for the 1994 Division III Women's Tennis Championships, May 10-16, and that the University of the Redlands serve as host institution for the 1994 Division III Men's Tennis Championships, May 16-23.

(7) Approved a recommendation by the Men's and Women's Track and Field Committee that St. Augustine's College serve as host institution for the 1994 Division II Men's and Women's Outdoor Track Championships, May 25-28.

Administrative Review Panel

► Continued from page 22

153.	Women's gymnastics (II)	B 30.6.1	The SA transferred to the applicant institution in the fall of 1990 and was required to fulfill an initial academic year in residence before being eligible to compete. Upon completion of the residence requirement, the SA had five semesters of eligibility remaining; the SA intended to compete in three seasons of competition. The SA could bypass the 10-semester rule and be eligible to compete during the spring of 1994 if the SA enrolls in a part-time program during the fall of 1993. However, the institution does not allow students to take less than 12 hours during any particular semester.	A waiver of the 10-semester rule may be granted only when circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establishes that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution or continue enrollment on a full-time basis for reasons unrelated to athletics or personal or family finances and are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.	Waive the normal application of the 10-semester rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the institution's policy requires the SA to take a full-time program of study. But for the institutional policy, the SA could have avoided using the 10th semester this fall.	Denied.
176.	Men's basketball (I)	B 30.6.1	The SA was removed from the applicant institution's basketball team in March 1992 by the head coach, who claimed that the SA and another basketball SA caused a mutiny on the team. The institution thereafter conducted an investigation into the basketball program, which the SA indicated revealed that neither the SA's colleague nor the SA were guilty of any misconduct. After the 1992-93 academic year, the coach was asked to leave the university. The SA was enrolled and completed the 1992-93 academic year, but did not compete on the team. The SA now wishes to return during the SA's sixth year of enrollment and compete in his fourth season of competition.	A waiver of the five-year rule may be granted only when the circumstances clearly supported by objective evidence establish that a SA is unable to attend a collegiate institution for reasons unrelated to athletics or to personal or family finances and that are beyond the control of either the SA or the institution.	Waive the provisions of the five-year rule in the SA's situation, inasmuch as the SA had only one year of remaining eligibility at the time of dismissal from the team in 1992 and, thus, transfer was not an option for the SA.	Granted.

The following case was omitted from the report of Administrative Review Panel actions from April through July 1993 that was published in the September 13 issue of The NCAA News.

126.	Men's soccer (I)	B 14.2.4.7	Two SAs did not compete during the 1991 traditional soccer season due to injuries. During the spring of 1992, the SAs practiced with the team. On May 13, 1992, the SAs participated in five matches with the institution's soccer team during a foreign tour in Germany.	A SA who did not compete during the institution's season just completed, and who represents the institution in a certified foreign tour after that intercollegiate season and before the start of the next academic year, shall be charged with a season of eligibility for the preceding season.	Waive the normal application of the foreign-tour competition rule in the SAs' situations, inasmuch as at the time the SAs participated in the foreign tour, the compliance coordinator and the head coach at the institution were not aware of the application of seasons of competition in regard to a foreign tour. The institution does not believe that both SAs should be charged a full year of eligibility for an inadvertent and administrative error.	Granted.
------	------------------	------------	---	---	--	----------

Dempsey's committee experience

The complete list of NCAA committees on which NCAA Executive Director designate Cedric W. Dempsey has served:

- Budget Subcommittee: January 27, 1993, to present.
- Special Advisory Committee to Review Recommendations Regarding Distribution of Revenues: January 27, 1993, to present.
- Joint Policy Board: January 15, 1993, to present.
- Division I Championships Committee: January 15, 1990, to present.
- Council: January 15, 1993, to present.
- Special Committee to Review the Mission of the NCAA Foundation: November 11, 1992, to July 1, 1993.
- Marketing Subcommittee: January 15, 1990, to January 26, 1993.
- Executive Committee: January 15, 1990, to January 15, 1993.
- Nominating Committee: May 1, 1992, to August 3, 1992.
- Special Committee to Study Factors Affecting Automatic Qualification in Division I Men's Basketball: December 2, 1990, to January 28, 1992.
- Special Committee on Cost Reduction: February 24, 1989, to January 22, 1991.
- Special Television Negotiations Committee: August 1, 1986, to September 2, 1987.
- Football Television Committee: September 1, 1981, to January 10, 1987.
- Division I Men's Basketball Committee: September 1, 1983, to September 1, 1986.
- Division I Women's Basketball Committee: September 1, 1981, to September 1, 1983.
- Promotion Committee: September 1, 1980, to January 12, 1983.
- Television: September 1, 1976, to September 1, 1979.
- Men's Committee on Committees: May 1, 1973, to May 1, 1975.

Dempsey

Arizona AD to be NCAA executive director

► Continued from page 1

rector of athletics at the University of California, San Diego, and immediate past-president of the NCAA, and R. Gerald Turner, chancellor of the University of Mississippi and immediate past chair of the Presidents Commission. Turner withdrew from contention November 2.

In accepting the position, Dempsey praised the outgoing executive director, Richard D. Schultz. "What he has accomplished as executive director is something we can all marvel at," he said. "I look forward to picking up the baton."

Schultz, who replaced Walter Byers in 1987, announced his resignation May 11. Dempsey said he anticipated Schultz would step down by the end of the year.

Athletics director

Dempsey has been athletics director at Arizona since 1982. Previous to that, he was AD at the University of Houston from 1979 to 1982, a period during which that university's football program was determined to have committed

"His whole career record and integrity are known to us. The Presidents Commission officers are very comfortable on that issue."

■ Gregory M. St. L. O'Brien
NCAA Presidents Commission chair

numerous rules violations.

Houston was placed on probation for three years by the NCAA Committee on Infractions for violations between 1978 and 1984. Dempsey was not found to be involved in any of the infractions and was not cited in the committee's report.

"This is something that the search committee—at Ced's request, although we probably would have done it, anyway—looked at a number of times," Crowley said. "It is a history that we reviewed thoroughly. We came to understand the Houston chapter as well as it could be understood, and it did not alter our confidence in Cedric Dempsey as our choice as executive director."

Crowley said the committee also considered whether public or media perception of the Houston

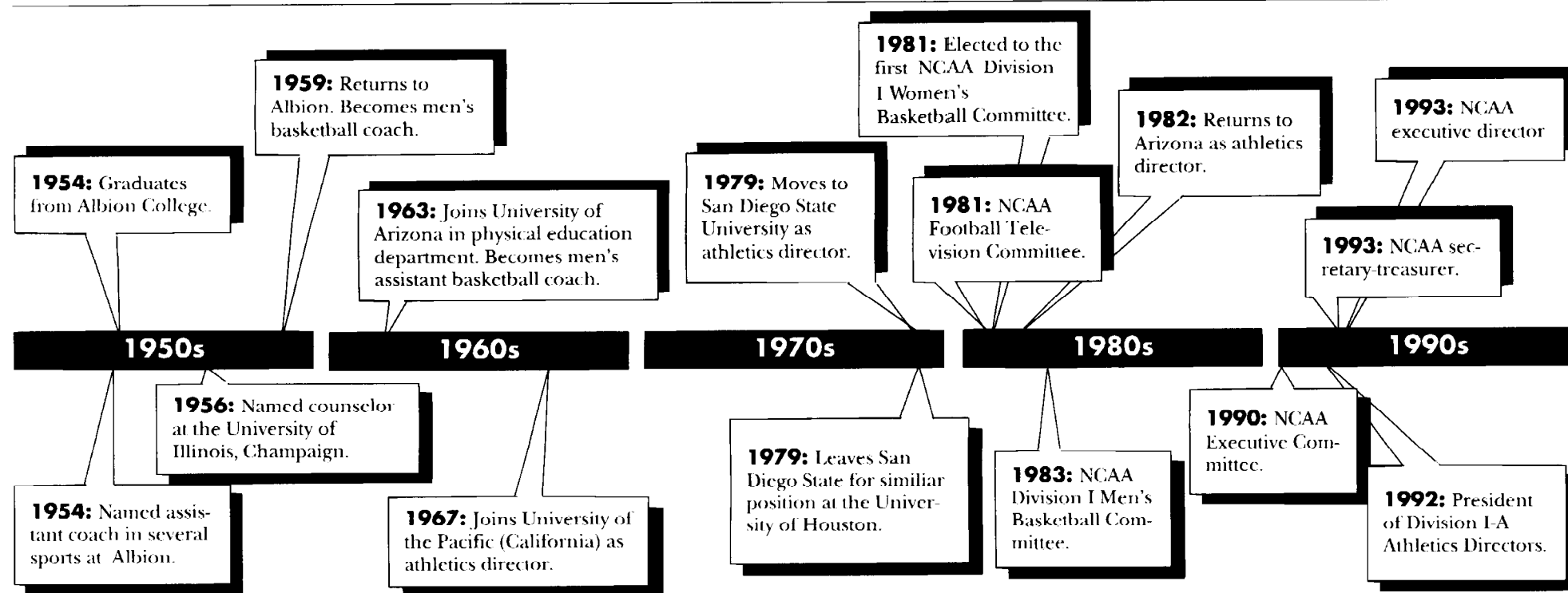
matter—however unwarranted—should be a factor in considering Dempsey's candidacy. He said, however, that because the investigation indicated that Dempsey had no role in the violations, "to not advance his candidacy based on media reaction or public reaction would have been wrong."

Integrity known

"His whole career record and integrity are known to us," O'Brien said. "The Presidents Commission officers are very comfortable on that issue."

Dempsey has not signed a contract yet, although he said a five-year pact has been offered. Asked how long he will be on the job, he said, "I will remain as long as I am effective and have the energy to do the job."

Dempsey timeline



Wisconsin stampede termed a 'spontaneous event'

A preliminary report found no obvious cause of a stampede that left dozens injured at the University of Wisconsin's Camp Randall Stadium after a Badger football victory over the University of Michigan, the school's chancellor said November 2.

"It was an unprecedented, spontaneous event," David Ward told The Associated Press.

Damage at the stadium was repaired as school officials discussed how to prevent a repeat of the incident at the Badgers' sold-out Big Ten Conference showdown November 6 against Ohio State University. State inspectors checked those officials' plans and were to inspect the stadium prior to the game.

At least 69 hurt

Thousands of fans surged down

from the student sections of Camp Randall Stadium October 30 after Wisconsin beat Michigan, 13-10, pressing those below into a pile several people deep.

At least 69 were injured, seven critically. Most victims suffered broken bones and some lost consciousness from a lack of oxygen.

Wisconsin spent \$6,000 replacing fences and guard rails torn down by the crowd as spectators in front rows were crushed against the barriers. Some of those who were trampled were dragged to safety by players.

New ticket policies

The university has amended ticket policies so gate monitors can prevent student seating sections from getting overcrowded.

"I'm happy with the strategies,"

said Dan Murray, chief building inspector for the state Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations. James R. Klauser, secretary of the state Department of Administration, suggested November 3 that a \$1.4 million stadium remodeling project could be expanded next year to include new security structures.

Players gave aid

Football coach Barry Alvarez said some players still were coping with visions of the incident days later. Some reported having found victims unconscious under the feet of other spectators.

"We had guys performing CPR, guys who literally jumped over a fence with people lying underneath, blue and limp and not breathing," Alvarez said.

"You can imagine the trauma and emotion the players had gone through," he said. "It's something that just doesn't take a day and disappear."

Alvarez addressed a letter to fans in a student-newspaper advertisement, urging them to play it safe.

"Is there a lesson to be taken away from last weekend's events? Certainly. We must have celebration traditions which are sweet and safe," the letter said. "Safe celebrations begin and end with respect for your neighbors in the student section."

'Scariest thing I've seen'

Offensive lineman Joe Panos and receiver Michael Brin told a news conference November 1 about their assistance. Brin de-

scribed giving mouth-to-mouth resuscitation to a young woman who witnesses said had turned blue from lack of oxygen.

"It was the scariest thing I've ever seen," Panos said. "I had to hop the fence to pull some people out of there who were unconscious. A couple of them were blue, literally blue. I thought they were gone."

Some students said following the incident that players or other fans saved their lives.

Pinned with dozens of others in the narrow gap between the stands and the chain-link fence, sophomore Aimee Jansen was ready to pass out when a Wisconsin player came to her aid.

"He grabbed me by my pants and whipped me over," she said.

NCAA Record

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Theodore L. Hullar, chancellor at UC Davis, announced his resignation, effective upon the selection of his successor but no later than March 1, 1994. **John E. Johns**, president at Furman, announced his retirement, effective May 31, 1994. **Thomas C. Stanton**, president at Francis Marion, will retire from his post, effective June 30, 1994.

ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

John Bostick, assistant athletics director for compliance at Kentucky, named senior associate athletics director at Villanova.

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

Tim Hofferth, director of marketing, promotions and licensing at Kentucky, named assistant athletics director for external operations at Villanova.

COACHES

Baseball—**Barry Bowles**, head coach at Gustavus Adolphus from 1978 to 1980, is returning to the institution as coach for the 1994 season. He replaces **Ross Peterson**, who resigned to become a physical education teacher and girls' basketball coach at Cannon Falls (Minnesota) High School.

Men's basketball—**Matt Capeless**, head coach at Lee High School in Massachusetts for the past two years, named at North Adams State, succeeding **Tim Kelly**, who resigned in September. **Ray McCallum**, the all-time leading scorer at Ball State with 2,109 points, named head coach there, replacing **Dick Hunsaker**, who resigned. McCallum spent the past 10 years as an assistant coach at Wisconsin.

Men's basketball assistants—**Rich Barnard**, an assistant at Pella (Iowa) Christian High School for the past two years, named at Central (Iowa), where he has

Morris named baseball coach at Miami (Florida)

Jim Morris, who has spent the past 12 seasons at Georgia Tech, was named head coach at Miami (Florida). He will replace **Brad Kelley**, who resigned in September.

Morris compiled a 504-244-1 record and won 40 or more games in nine of the last 10 years as head coach at Georgia Tech. Last season, his Yellow Jackets won the Atlantic Coast Conference regular-season championship for the fifth time and earned their ninth trip to the Division I Baseball Championship.

Morris previously was an assistant at Florida State for two years and helped start the program at Dekalb College in Georgia. He served as pitching coach for the 1987 USA national team that won a silver medal in baseball at the Pan American Games.



Morris

served since last season as assistant baseball coach. **W. Thomas Wolfe** chosen as an assistant at Bard. He served as an assistant boys' basketball coach at Pine Plains (New York) High School during the 1992-93 season.

Women's basketball assistants—**Yvette Maison**, an aide at Ferris State for the past two seasons, named to a similar position at St. Louis, replacing **Beth Warner**, who resigned recently. **Michelle Maxwell**, a 1993 graduate of Clark (Massachusetts), named assistant coach at Worcester Polytechnic.

Women's cross country assistant—**Stephanie Gore** named to her first intercollegiate coaching assignment as assistant coach at Wellesley.

Football—**Jim Butterfield** announced his retirement as head coach at Ithaca, effective at the end of the 1993-94 academic year.

Jim Kent, in his sixth season as coach at Massachusetts-Boston, announced his retirement, effective after the end of the 1993 season. **Barry Wilson**, head coach at Duke for the past four seasons, announced he will resign after this season. He has compiled a 12-29-1 record in four seasons, including a 2-7 record this season through October 30.

Men's lacrosse—**Kevin Tyska** appointed at Quinnipiac.

Women's soccer assistant—**Julia Claudio**, former men's assistant at Salem State, named at Wellesley.

Women's softball assistants—**Doede Donough**, a four-year letterwinner at Ohio Northern, named at her alma mater. **Liz Jones**, an assistant at Western Michigan for the past three years, named at Toledo.

Women's tennis assistant—**Michael**

Calendar

November 10	Special Advisory Committee for Women's Corporate Marketing	Washington, D.C.
November 12-14	Committee on Infractions	Kansas City, Missouri
November 15	Committee on Athletics Certification Peer-Selection Subcommittee	Salt Lake City
November 21-22	Division I-AA Football Committee	Kansas City, Missouri
November 30-December 2	Division I Men's Basketball Committee	Seattle
December 1	Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism Subcommittee to Review Research for the Financial Aid Model	Kansas City, Missouri
December 4	Budget Subcommittee	Kansas City, Missouri
December 5-6	Postgraduate Scholarship Committee	San Diego
December 5-6	Divisions I, II and III Championships Committees	Kansas City, Missouri
December 5-6	Executive Committee	Kansas City, Missouri

Suk, a 1990 graduate of Carleton, named assistant coach at Wellesley.

Men's and women's track and field—**Dennis Barker** hired at Augsburg, replacing **Paul Grauer**, who will concentrate on duties as men's athletics director at the school. Grauer coached the men's and women's programs for the past 14 years.

Women's volleyball assistant—**Mary Tyler** named at Wellesley after concluding a four-year playing career at Northeastern.

Wrestling assistant—**Ron Gross**, an assistant at Ithaca, named associate coach at Rochester Institute of Technology. He formerly was head coach at Wesleyan (Connecticut), where he compiled a two-year record of 13-1-1.

STAFF

Development directors—**Lewis B. Mills**, vice-president of network facilities for TDI Services Corporation in Richmond, Virginia, named director of development for university athletics at Western Kentucky. Mills served as head men's basketball coach and golf coach at Richmond from 1963 to 1974. **Shon Morris**, director of marketing and promotions at Marquette, named director of development for athletics there.

Sports information directors—**Douglas A. Homer**, a 1993 graduate of Davis and Elkins, named sports information director for the 1993-94 academic year at his alma mater. **Michael Mominney** hired at St. Thomas (Minnesota).

Sports information assistant—**Marlen**

See NCAA Record, page 31 ▶

Polls

Division I Men's Cross Country

The Martin Surfacing top 25 NCAA Division I men's cross country teams through November 2 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. Arkansas, 450; 2. Iowa State, 429; 3. Brigham Young, 415; 4. Villanova, 394; 5. Colorado, 362; 6. Portland, 361; 7. Notre Dame, 319; 8. Georgetown, 317; 9. Michigan, 312; 10. Wisconsin, 280; 11. Washington, 265; 12. Wake Forest, 263; 13. North Carolina State, 224; 14. Penn State, 199; 15. Washington State, 188; 16. Oregon, 174; 17. Tennessee, 171; 18. West Virginia, 108; 19. Cornell, 103; 20. Oklahoma State, 85; 21. William and Mary, 72; 22. Eastern Michigan, 66; 23. Stanford, 58; 24. South Florida, 51; 25. Miami (Ohio), 45.

Division I Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division I women's cross country teams through November 2 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. Arkansas, 197; 2. Villanova, 190; 3. Michigan, 189; 4. Brigham Young, 167; 5. Georgetown, 166; 6. (tie) Stanford and Penn State, 150; 8. Providence, 137; 9. Alabama, 135; 10. Arizona, 122; 11. North Carolina State, 117; 12. Cornell, 113; 13. Nebraska, 102; 14. UCLA, 81; 15. Dartmouth, 70; 16. Oregon, 62; 17. (tie) Colorado and Notre Dame, 58; 19. Baylor, 55; 20. Kansas State, 54; 21. Georgia, 52; 22. Virginia, 50; 23. Florida, 26; 24. (tie) William and Mary and Minnesota, 16.

Division II Men's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division II men's cross country teams through November 1 as listed by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association:

1. Adams State, 2. Western State, 3. Lewis, 4. Cal Poly San Luis Obispo, 5. Abilene Christian, 6. Mankato State, 7. Edinboro, 8. Central Missouri State, 9. South Dakota State, 10. Humboldt State, 11. South Dakota, 12. UC Davis, 13. Keene State, 14. Ashland, 15. Southern Indiana, 16. Shippensburg, 17. Alabama A&M, 18. North Dakota State, 19. Cal State Los Angeles, 20. Grand Canyon, 21. Bloomsburg, 22. Augustana (South Dakota), 23. North Dakota, 24. Emporia State, 25. Indiana (Pennsylvania).

Division II Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division II women's cross country teams through November 1 as listed by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association:

1. Cal Poly San Luis Obispo, 2. Adams State, 3. Cal State Los Angeles, 4. Western State, 5. North Dakota State, 6. South Dakota State, 7.

Air Force, 8. Augustana (South Dakota), 9. Abilene Christian, 10. UC Davis, 11. North Florida, 12. Edinboro, 13. St. Cloud State, 14. Springfield, 15. Humboldt State, 16. Pittsburg State, 17. North Dakota, 18. Indiana (Pennsylvania), 19. Millersville, 20. Cal State Stanislaus, 21. Wisconsin-Parkside, 22. New Mexico Highlands, 23. Central Missouri State, 24. Fort Hays State, 25. Slippery Rock.

Division III Men's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division III men's cross country teams through November 1 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. North Central, 125; 2. Wisconsin-La Crosse, 118; 3. Albany (New York), 116; 4. Calvin, 111; 5. Rowan, 98; 6. Wisconsin-Oshkosh, 97; 7. Rochester, 95; 8. Case Reserve, 84; 9. Wabash, 78; 10. Haverford, 76; 11. Wisconsin-Stevens Point, 71; 12. Williams, 70; 13. St. Thomas (Minnesota), 69; 14. Rochester Institute of Technology, 67; 15. UC San Diego, 63; 16. Augustana (Illinois), 60; 17. St. John's (Minnesota), 41; 18. Franklin and Marshall, 30; 19. Brandeis, 29; 20. Carleton, 26; 21. MIT, 25; 22. Claremont-Mudd-Scripps, 24; 23. Nebraska Wesleyan, 15; 24. Lynchburg, 14; 25. Ithaca, 10.

Division III Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division III women's cross country teams through November 1 as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association, with points:

1. Calvin, 125; 2. Cortland State, 120; 3. Wartburg, 114; 4. St. Olaf, 107; 5. Moravian, 103; 6. Wisconsin-Oshkosh, 98; 7. Williams, 95; 8. Hope, 93; 9. Allegheny, 73; 10. Wisconsin-La Crosse, 71; 11. St. Thomas (Minnesota), 70; 12. Chicago, 67; 13. Geneseo State, 64; 14. Occidental, 63; 15. Emory, 54; 16. Middlebury, 48; 17. UC San Diego, 45; 18. Luther, 36; 19. Claremont-Mudd-Scripps, 35; 20. Colby, 27; 21. Rowan, 24; 22. Carleton, 24; 23. Grinnell, 18; 24. (tie) Bowdoin and Haverford, 11.

Division I Field Hockey

The top 20 NCAA Division I field hockey teams through November 2, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Penn St. (17-1).....120
2. Maryland (16-2).....114
3. Iowa (15-3).....108
4. North Caro. (12-2-3).....102
5. Northwestern (11-3-1).....96
6. Massachusetts (15-3).....90
7. Old Dominion (15-3-2).....84
8. James Madison (15-4).....78
9. Syracuse (14-3-1).....71
10. Boston U. (14-3-1).....67
11. Ball St. (12-6).....60

12. Pennsylvania (10-4).....54
13. Virginia (9-7).....48
14. Princeton (11-3).....42
15. Temple (10-8).....36
16. Connecticut (10-7-2).....27
16. Rutgers (11-6).....27
18. Lafayette (12-6-1).....18
19. New Hampshire (11-6-3).....12
20. Northeastern (9-9).....4

Division I-AA Football

The Sports Network top 25 NCAA Division I-AA football teams through October 30, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Youngstown St. (7-1).....1,499
2. Marshall (6-2).....1,450
3. Ga. Southern (6-2).....1,372
4. Troy St. (7-0-1).....1,302
5. Montana (8-1).....1,300
6. Idaho (7-1).....1,246
7. Northeast La. (6-2).....1,120
8. McNeese St. (6-2).....1,076
9. Boston U. (8-0).....1,011
10. Howard (8-0).....945
11. William & Mary (6-2).....848
12. North Caro. A&T (7-1).....830
13. Central Fla. (6-2).....789
14. Delaware (6-2).....739
15. Northern Iowa (6-3).....635
16. Princeton (7-0).....501
17. Southern-B.R. (8-1).....452
18. Alcorn St. (6-2).....447
19. Montana St. (7-2).....439
20. Western Caro. (5-3).....401
21. Pennsylvania (7-0).....337
22. Stephen F. Austin (5-3).....322
23. Eastern Ky. (5-3).....273
24. Western Ky. (6-2).....220
25. Massachusetts (6-2).....166

Division II Football

The top 20 NCAA Division II football teams through October 30, with records in parentheses and points:

1. North Ala. (8-0).....79
2. New Haven (8-0).....77
3. Hampton (9-0).....72
4. Indiana (Pa.) (8-0).....68
5. Portland St. (6-2).....64
6. Mo. Southern St. (7-0-1).....60
7. Mankato St. (8-1).....56
8. UC Davis (7-1).....52
9. Albany St. (Ga.) (9-0).....48
10. North Dak. (7-1).....44
11. Ferris St. (7-0-2).....40
12. Wayne St. (Neb.) (8-0).....35
13. Angelo St. (6-2).....33
14. Edinboro (7-1).....28
15. Carson-Newman (6-1-1).....24
16. Ashland (7-2).....20
17. Northern Colo. (7-2).....11
18. Abilene Christian (7-2).....9

18. Pittsburg St. (6-2).....9
18. Valdosta St. (7-2).....9

Division III Football

The top six NCAA Division III football teams in each region through October 31, with records:

East: 1. Buffalo State, 7-0; 2. Rowan, 6-1; 3. Union (New York), 8-0; 4. Montclair State, 5-2; 5. William Paterson, 6-2; 6. (tie) Brockport State, 6-2, and Plymouth State, 5-2.
North: 1. Mount Union, 8-0; 2. Albion, 8-0; 3. Anderson, 8-0; 4. Wheaton (Illinois), 6-1; 5. Allegheny, 7-1; 6. Defiance, 8-1.
South: 1. Washington and Jefferson, 8-0; 2. Frostburg State, 8-0; 3. Wilkes, 8-0; 4. Dickinson, 7-1; 5. Moravian, 6-2; 6. Emory and Henry, 6-2.
West: 1. Wisconsin-La Crosse, 8-0; 2. St. John's (Minnesota), 8-0; 3. Coe, 8-0; 4. Wartburg, 7-1; 5. Colorado College, 8-0; 6. Central (Iowa), 7-1.

Division I Women's Volleyball

The Tachikara top 25 NCAA Division I women's volleyball teams through November 2 as selected by the American Volleyball Coaches Association, with records in parentheses and points:

1. UCLA (19-0).....1,200
2. Texas (20-2).....1,123
3. Long Beach St. (20-2).....1,099
4. Brigham Young (18-1).....1,038
5. UC Santa Barb. (22-2).....1,030
6. Stanford (16-5).....941
7. Penn St. (21-2).....927
8. Southern Cal (16-4).....857
9. Nebraska (17-3).....769
10. Colorado (18-5).....687
11. Pacific (Cal.) (13-7).....666
12. Kentucky (23-3).....628
13. Arizona St. (16-4).....610
14. Florida (21-2).....596
15. Ohio St. (17-3).....582
16. Georgia (21-2).....502
17. Notre Dame (19-5).....460
18. Arizona (12-8).....347
19. Santa Clara (19-5).....340
20. Hawaii (15-8).....261
21. Washington St. (15-6).....243
22. Duke (21-2).....222
23. Florida St. (19-4).....153
24. Colorado St. (16-6).....126
25. Oregon St. (14-9).....64

Division II Women's Volleyball

The Tachikara top 25 NCAA Division II women's volleyball teams through November 2 as selected by the American Volleyball Coaches Association, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Northern Mich. (29-1).....623

2. Cal St. Bakersfield (24-2).....595
3. Portland St. (25-3).....582
4. Northern Colo. (28-3).....546
5. Metropolitan St. (26-4).....519
6. North Dak. St. (18-8).....502
7. Fla. Southern (27-3).....471
8. UC Davis (21-3).....451
9. Cal St. Los Angeles (17-6).....407
10. Nebraska-Omaha (19-7).....363
11. Grand Canyon (20-3).....353
12. UC Riverside (18-8).....341
13. Tampa (24-5).....304
14. Mankato St. (20-8).....278
15. Cal St. Chico (17-14).....266
16. Regis (Colo.) (18-11).....245
17. Cal Poly Pomona (18-12).....234
18. Michigan Tech (21-5).....219
19. North Fla. (26-5).....193
20. Sonoma St. (17-6).....138
21. Central Mo. St. (30-9).....123
22. Augustana (S.D.) (21-12).....108
23. St. Cloud St. (17-9).....85
24. Neb.-Kearney (30-7).....74
25. Cannon (24-5).....34

Division III Women's Volleyball

The Tachikara top 15 NCAA Division III women's volleyball teams through November 2 as selected by the American Volleyball Coaches Association, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Washington (Mo.) (38-1).....300
2. UC San Diego (20-9).....280
3. Juniata (36-3).....258
4. Thomas More (38-7).....235
5. John Carroll (31-3).....209
6. Wis.-Whitewater (29-6).....204
7. Rochester Inst. (32-7).....182
8. Trinity (Tex.) (24-5).....156
9. St. Benedict (24-6).....127
10. St. Olaf (29-6).....105
11. Wis.-Oshkosh (30-8).....84
12. Wittenberg (27-5).....77
13. Claremont-M.S. (17-9).....57
14. Redlands (20-6).....37
15. Ithaca (32-11).....26

Men's Water Polo

The top 20 NCAA men's water polo teams through November 2 as selected by the American Water Polo Coaches Association, with points:

1. Stanford, 100; 2. Southern California, 95; 3. California, 90; 4. Pacific (California), 83; 5. UC Irvine, 81; 6. UCLA, 75; 7. UC Santa Barbara, 70; 8. Pepperdine, 66; 9. UC San Diego, 57; 10. (tie) Navy and Long Beach State, 54; 12. Air Force, 45; 13. Brown, 40; 14. Massachusetts, 34; 15. (tie) UC Davis and Arkansas-Little Rock, 25; 17. Bucknell, 23; 18. Princeton, 13; 19. Slippery Rock, 11; 20. Redlands, 8.

NCAA Record

► Continued from page 30

Garcia appointed at Indiana State.

Assistant trainer—Mary Stanbra, assistant trainer at Regis (Colorado), resigned to accept a position in East Lansing, Michigan.

ASSOCIATIONS

LaRae Maruyama, district operations-

manager for the past two years at Digital Equipment Corporation, named controller at USA Hockey, replacing **Terry Plunkett**, who resigned in August.

Notables

Mike Bedosky, a football offensive

lineman at Missouri, selected as a member of the College Football Association 1993 "Good Works Team."

Six finalists for the Johnny Unitas Golden Arm Award for quarterbacks have been announced. They are **Jeff Brohm** of Louisville, **Marvin Graves** of Syracuse, **Jake Kelchner** of West Virginia, **Jim Miller** of Michigan State, **Doug**

Nussmeier of Idaho and **Charlie Ward** of Florida State.

Deaths

Everett Dean, who coached Stanford to an NCAA men's basketball championship in 1942 and also led Indiana to

three Big Ten Conference co-championships, died October 26 in Caldwell, Idaho. He was 95. Dean played basketball and baseball at Indiana in the 1920s. He coached both sports at Indiana from 1925 to 1938; his basketball squads were 162-93 and shared conference titles in

See **NCAA Record**, page 32 ►

The Market

Readers of The NCAA News are invited to use The Market to locate candidates for positions open at their institutions, to advertise open dates in their playing schedules or for other purposes relating to the administration of intercollegiate athletics.

Rates: 55 cents per word for general classified advertising (agate type) and \$27 per column inch for display classified advertising. (Commercial display advertising also can be purchased elsewhere in the newspaper at \$12 per column inch. Commercial display advertising is available only to NCAA corporate sponsors, official licensees and members, or agencies acting on their behalf.)

Deadlines: Orders and copy for The Market are due by noon Central time six days prior to the date of publication for general classified space and by noon seven days prior to the date of publication for display classified advertisements. Orders and copy will be accepted by mail, fax or telephone.

For more information or to place an ad, call classified advertising at 913/339-1906, ext. 3000, or write NCAA Publishing, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422, Attention: The Market. To fax an ad, call 913/339-0031.

Positions Available

Academic Counselor

Athletics Academic Counselor. Requires master's degree in education, student personnel, educational counseling, curriculum and instruction, or related field and some counseling or teaching experience, preferably in athletics academic counseling, or the equivalent. Doctorate in related field preferred. Position is 88 percent full-time. Position funded through June 30, 1994; continuation is contingent upon refunding. Hiring Range: \$20,993 - \$23,939. Application Deadline: November 19, 1993. Request application information from the Department of Personnel, 901/678-2601. Memphis State University, Memphis, Tennessee 38152. Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

Athletics Trainer

Athletics Training Graduate Intern. North Central College is accepting applications for a graduate intern position in athletics training. This position will begin January 1994. Tuition for graduate work and stipend included. Must be NATA certified. North Central College is a four-year comprehensive college located 35 miles west of Chicago in Naperville, Illinois. A community of more than 90,000 people, Naperville is one of the fastest growing cities in the Midwest. Interested candidates should contact: Ms. Heidi Matthews, Director of Sports Medicine, North Central College, 30 North Brainerd, Naperville, Illinois 60566, 708/420-3418.

Athletics Trainer. Intercollegiate athletics division seeks an athletics trainer to report to the athletics director. Duties include prevention and care of athletics injuries; coverage of scheduled competitions; manage a campus-based treatment center; and other duties as assigned by the athletics director. Teaching assignments in athletics training may become available for additional compensation. Minimum requirements include a bachelor's degree, NATA certification, good interpersonal and communication skills. Salary \$23,000-\$25,000, commensurate with qualifications. Position is available for immediate appointment. Applicants should submit a letter of interest and resume by November 30, 1993, to: Paul Bobb, Director of Athletics, City College of New York, 138th Street and Convent Avenue, New York, NY 10031. An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer M/F.

Baseball

Baseball, Assistant Coach—Community College. Requires bachelor's and one year of experience coaching baseball; general knowledge of athletics training and field maintenance. Ability to communicate effectively with students, staff and public. Salary will be commensurate with duties assigned and in conformance with the current salary schedule. Apply by submitting letter of application directly discussing your qualifications for the position, plus a resume, unofficial transcripts, and names and telephone numbers of three professional recommendations to: Larry Humphrey, Personnel Officer, Yavapai College, 1100 East Sheldon, Prescott, AZ 86301, 602/776-2218, fax number 602/776-2209. All application materials must be received on or before November 19, 1993. Equal Opportunity Employer.

Basketball

Assistant Men's Basketball Coach. West Virginia University, a Division I institution competing in the Atlantic 10 Conference, invites applications for the position of Assistant Men's Basketball Coach. Bachelor's degree is required and prior Division I coaching and on-floor teaching experience is preferred as well as effective communication skills. Position will assume a major role in the recruitment

process of prospective student-athletes as well as considerable responsibility for practice organization and game strategy to include the evaluation of game video and the preparation of opponent scouting reports. In addition, the position will assist in the monitoring of academic progress of team members. Strict adherence to applicable NCAA, Atlantic 10 Conference, West Virginia University and state of West Virginia rules and regulations is mandated. Salary to be commensurate with qualifications and experience. A letter of application, resume and a minimum of three references are to be sent to the attention of: Mr. Gale Catlett, Head Men's Basketball Coach, West Virginia University, PO Box 0877, Morgantown, WV 26507-0877. Review of the applications will begin immediately and will continue until such time as the position is filled. West Virginia University is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

Football

Graduate Assistant—University of California, Berkeley. Position available fall 1994. Please send cover letter and resume as soon as possible to: Tina Pisenti, 209 Memorial Stadium, Berkeley, CA 94720. Deadline for graduate school applications is December 31, 1993. For further information, please call 510/643 6524.

Lacrosse

Head Coach, Women's Lacrosse, Part Time. For new lacrosse program. Responsible for operation of Division III program, including recruiting and budget, game, and student management. Bachelor's degree and previous coaching experience required. Accepting applications, resume and three references until position is filled. No phone inquiries please. Send credentials to: Ted Kolva, Director of Athletics, Manhattanville College, 2900 Purchase Street, Purchase, NY 10577. Equal Opportunity Employer.

Soccer

Creighton University is accepting applications for the position of head women's soccer coach. Duties: responsible for the development and management of a Division I program in accordance with the rules and regulations of the university, the Missouri Valley Conference and the NCAA. The head coach will be responsible for all program components including coaching, scheduling, practice, recruitment, promotion, budget and camps/clinics. Great potential for additional camp income. Qualifications: minimum of bachelor's degree and five years' successful coaching experience on collegiate, high school or club level. Starting date: January 1. Twelve-month position. Salary range: \$20,000-\$30,000. Send resume and three letters of reference to: Julia Stone, Department of Human Resources, Creighton University, 2500 California Plaza, Omaha, NE 68178. Applications will continue to be received until the position is filled.

Head Coach, Women's Soccer Intercollegiate Athletics, Penn State. Penn State University is seeking applications and nominations for the position of head women's soccer coach. The opening is a combined 48-week faculty position in the Department of Intercollegiate Athletics and the Department of Exercise and Sport Science. Individuals will be responsible for the organization and administration of the women's soccer program, which will assume varsity status in the fall of 1994. Responsibilities also include coaching, recruitment, promotion and knowledge of NCAA rules and regulations needed to run a Division I program. Limited teaching in the basic instruction program or undergraduate program as qualifications permit. Bachelor's degree required; master's degree preferred with four to seven years of successful coaching experience, preferably in a college setting. Send letter of application and resume to: Linda Woodring, Personnel Specialist, Intercollegiate Athletics, 256-N Recreation Building, University Park, PA 16801. Application Deadline: November 30, 1993. An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

Employer. Women and minorities encouraged to apply.

Head Women's Soccer Coach. The University of Alabama invites nominations and applications for the position of head women's soccer coach. This is a full-time position. Responsibilities include, but are not limited to: recruiting, scheduling, academic progress of the student-athletes, conduct of practice, travel arrangements, budget management, public relations and demonstrated excellent communication and leadership skills. Salary commensurate with experience. Candidate must possess a minimum bachelor's degree, successful college coaching experiences (or equivalent substitute) and the knowledge and commitment to Division I NCAA rules. A candidate should possess a strong commitment to the welfare of the student-athlete and demonstrate the ability to work effectively with the administration and the ability to work within the framework of the philosophy of the University of Alabama. Appointment will be after January 1, 1994, to begin initial playing schedule for the fall of 1994. Written resumes with three professional references, inclusive of addresses and phone numbers, should be submitted to: The University of Alabama, Director of Athletics, P.O. Box 870323, Tuscaloosa, Alabama 35487-0323. The University of Alabama is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. Application deadline is December 1, 1993.

Swimming

Head Women's Swimming Coach. Category: Full-time with benefits. Minimum Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required, master's degree preferred. Experience in coaching elite swimmers in a highly competitive women's program. Ability to develop and manage a collegiate program including the ability to recruit under highly selective academic standards. Ideal candidate possesses strong communication skills with a commitment to women's collegiate swimming. Job duties include: all managerial and coaching functions for the development and maintenance of a highly competitive Division I swimming program as directed by university. Southeastern Conference and NCAA rules and regulations; coaching of elite national and international athletes; scheduling, practice, recruiting, budgeting, promotions and summer camp. Salary: Competitive (opportunity for additional remuneration through summer camp). Starting Date: Negotiable. Application closing date: Open until position is filled. Application procedures: Send letter of application, resume, and the names, addresses and phone numbers of three professional references to: Janet Fenn, Assistant Athletics Director, Attention: Swim Coach Search, University Athletic Association, Inc., P.O. Box 14485, Gainesville, FL 32604 2485. Women and minorities are encouraged to apply. Equal Opportunity Employer.

Track & Field

Assistant Track Coach (Weight Coach). Responsibilities: Assistant coach for the men's and women's track program (weights only). This coach reports directly to the head coach. Duties to include, but are not limited to, assisting the head coach with practice sessions, scheduling meets, purchasing equipment, coordinating team travel and other general duties as assigned. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required. Must have at least one year's experience in the sport of track (weights in particular) as well as coaching experience. Starting Date: November 26, 1993. Salary: Dependent upon qualifications and experience. Application: Please send resume and a letter of application to: Roger Bowen, Head

Track Coach, Old Gym, Mail Stop 264, University of Nevada, Reno, NV 89557. Applications must be received by November 18, 1993. The University of Nevada is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, national origin, age, veteran status or disability in any program or activity and encourages the employment of minority groups and women. The University of Nevada employs only U.S. citizens and aliens lawfully authorized to work in the United States.

Volleyball

Creighton University is accepting applications for the position of head women's volleyball coach. Duties: responsible for the start up, development and management of a new Division I program in accordance with the rules and regulations of the university, the Missouri Valley Conference and the NCAA. The head coach will be responsible for all program components including coaching, scheduling, practice, recruitment, promotion, budget and camps/clinics. Great potential for additional camp income. Qualifications: minimum of bachelor's degree and five years' successful coaching experience on collegiate, USVBA or high school level. Starting date: January 1. Twelve-month position. Salary range: \$20,000-\$30,000. Send resume and three letters of reference to: Julia Stone, Department of Human Resources, Creighton University, 2500 California Plaza, Omaha, NE 68178. Applications will continue to be received until the position is filled.

Health and Physical Education: Potsdam College. The oldest higher education institution in the State University of New York System, invites application for two full-time positions for the 1994-95 academic year. The first position has responsibilities which include teaching health science courses and coaching the women's volleyball team. Qualifications are a master's degree in health and/or physical education required; doctorate preferred with experience teaching drug studies and coaching volleyball. The second position has responsibilities which include teaching courses in outdoor activities and environmental studies. The qualifications for this position are a master's degree in outdoor education or environmental education required with teaching experience in an outdoor setting and a strong interest in wellness preferred. Potsdam College actively is seeking candidates with significant multicultural experience, which may be demonstrated by research and/or course work in ethnic, minority or gender studies; work experience in culturally diverse communities; participation in the cultural life of minority communities on and off campus, and other comparable evidence. Diversity of this type is a preferred qualification. Review of applications will begin as received and continue until the position is filled. To assure full consideration, applications should be received by January 15, 1994. Qualified candidates should send a letter of application, resume, and the names and telephone numbers of at least three references to: Chair, Search Committee for Health and Physical Education, Potsdam College, Potsdam, New York 13676. Potsdam College is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer committed to excellence through diversity.

Graduate Assistant

Graduate Assistant, Strength & Conditioning. A position as a graduate assistant for the strength and conditioning coordinator at Western Michigan University is available for January 1994. Qualifications include a B.S. in

physical education or a related field, current CPR certification, and CSCS is preferred, but not mandatory. Duties will consist of assisting the strength coach with the weight training and conditioning of 16 male/female athletics teams. If interested, please send a resume, cover letter, and two (2) letters of recommendation to: Western Michigan University, c/o Mike Poidomani, Athletics Department, Kalamazoo, MI 49008, or call Mike Poidomani at 616/387-8610. Applications accepted until December 1.

Graduate Assistant: Bethany College (WV), an NCAA III and Presidents' Athletic Conference member, seeks applicants for the position of graduate assistant coach in women's soccer and women's swimming. Applicants must be admissible into graduate school and establish residency in West Virginia. Preference given to individuals who have college playing experience in both sports and/or coaching experience in both sports. Women and minorities are urged to apply. Compensation is in the form of a monthly stipend, on-campus room and board, and in-state tuition waivers. Starting date: January 1, 1994. Deadline: December 1, 1993. Apply to: Wallace Neel, Athletics Director, Bethany College, Bethany, WV 26032. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

Miscellaneous

Assistant/Associate Professor, leader in physical education pedagogy to direct undergraduate teacher preparation, teach undergraduate and graduate pedagogy courses, advise graduate projects. Requires earned doctorate; successful university and public school teaching; familiarity with prestudent teaching clinicals, student teacher supervision, coordination; scholarly activity, grant success, administrative experience; experience developing partnerships with schools and others. Begin August 29, 1994. Send application letter, vitae, college transcripts, three current letters of professional recommendation to: Dr. Sandy Price, Chair, Department of Physical Education, University of Wisconsin-La Crosse, La Crosse, WI 54601, fax 608/785-6520. Must be received by December 22, 1993. Unless confidentiality is requested in writing, lists of applicants must be released upon request. Finalists cannot be guaranteed confidentiality. Women, minorities encouraged to apply. Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

Camp Staff—Top Maine children's camp seeks instructors/college players/coaches for baseball, basketball, tennis, soccer, lacrosse, swimming, fitness and gymnastics. Prime facility. Must have sincere desire to work with children. Call today, 516/482-7512, or write: Keith N. Klein, Box 4378, Boca Raton, FL 33429.

Earn A Master's Degree in Sports Science in two 5-week summer sessions plus a mentorship. Scholarships and other financial aid available. Contact: The United States Sports Academy, Department of Student Services, One Academy Drive, Daphne, Alabama 36526, 1/800-223-2668. An Equal Opportunity Institution. SACs accredited.

Open Dates

Women's Basketball—Teams needed (Division I) for Holiday Classic, Brigham Young

University, December 29-30, 1994. Please contact Glenna de Lisle, 801/378 5285.

Men's Basketball—Teams needed for tournament on December 3 and 4, 1994. Contact Jeff Garner, 717/849-1614, York College of Pennsylvania.

Women's Basketball Teams (NCAA Division I) needed for Thanksgiving tournament on November 25-26, 1994. Cash guarantee for each team. Please contact Jim Middleton, Assistant Coach, Southwest Missouri State University, at 417/836-4136.

NCAA Division III Men's Basketball Tournament: Capital University is seeking three teams to compete in the Capital Classic in Columbus, Ohio, on November 18-19, 1994. Lodging, meals and guarantee included. Contact Scott Weakley, Head Basketball Coach, at 614/236-6913.

Football, Division III, University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point has open dates in 1994, 1995 and 1996. The open dates for 1994 are September 10 and September 24. The open dates for 1995 are September 9, September 16 and September 23. The open dates for 1996 are September 7, September 14 and September 21. Contact: John Meech, Head Football Coach, 715/346-3758.

Division III Football: Jersey City State College seeks an opponent for November 12, 1994, and November 11, 1995. Contact Mark Griffin, Assistant Athletics Director, at 201/200-3365.

Boise State University. Men's basketball Division I. Real Dairy Classic, November 25 & 26, 1994. Albertson's Holiday Classic, December 29 & 30, 1994. Contact: Ernie Wheeler, Assistant Coach, 208/385-1963.

Hardin-Simmons University has open dates for October 15, 1994, and October 14, 1995, in football. Contact: Jimmie Keeling at 915/670-1471.

Men's Basketball—Western Connecticut State University, a Division III institution, is seeking two teams for its 1994 Holiday Tournament on December 29 and 30. One night's lodging and meals are provided. If interested, please contact: Ed Farrington, Director of Athletics, Western Connecticut State University, 181 White Street, Danbury, CT 06810, or call 203/797-4239 or 4253.

Jacksonville State University is seeking football games for the 1994 and 1995 seasons. Several dates currently are available. Prefer home and home contracts, but will consider reasonable offer from any NCAA Division I, I-AA, II or NAIA school. Call Jerry Cole at 205/782-5368.

Football Game, two-year contract, first game of the 1994 and 1995 season, September 10, 1994, in Marietta and September 9, 1995, away. Marietta College is a NCAA Division III school. Contact: Debbie Lazarik, 614/376-4667.

Mesa State (Colorado) seeks NCAA II/III or NAIA teams for two basketball tournaments, November 25-26 and December 28-29, 1994. Six rooms for three nights plus \$800 to \$1,500, depending on distance. Call Doug Shakel, 303/248-1278.

Troy State, I-AA independent, seeks football opponents. Seeking a Division I-A away game for guarantee. I-AA home-and-home games, and others for guarantee games at Troy. The dates are as follows: October 1, October 8, October 15 and November 5, 1994. Contact: Tim Doggett, 205/670-3711.

Men's Basketball Tournament—Note Corrected Dates. NCAA Division II or NAIA, November 26-27, 1994; excellent guarantee. Contact Bud Ellwell, 814/871-7415. Gannon University.

THE BIG EAST

CONFERENCE

Associate Commissioner

High-level administrative opportunity. Administrative experience in men's basketball is required.

Responsibilities include managing the men's basketball championship, drafting of the men's basketball schedule and coordinating the conference's men's and women's basketball fall and summer tours. Involvement in licensing and marketing as related to basketball. Computer experience helpful. Other duties as assigned by commissioner, including involvement in football.

The **BIG EAST** is committed to building a diverse administrative staff and invites applications from members of minority groups.

Resumes must be received at the **BIG EAST** Conference office by November 23, 1993. Resumes should be sent to: Lisa Zaneccchia, Assistant to the Commissioner, **BIG EAST** Conference, 56 Exchange Terrace, Providence, RI 02903.

LOCK HAVEN UNIVERSITY

Head Coach of Women's Soccer

Full-time, 12-month position as head coach of women's soccer; assistant duties in a spring sport possible.

QUALIFICATIONS: Bachelor's degree required, master's preferred; successful college coaching experience and operation of summer camp program preferred.

REQUIREMENTS: To initiate and handle all aspects of a successful Division II women's soccer program including coaching, recruiting, summer camp operation and administrative duties; also, knowledge of and commitment to NCAA and University rules.

SALARY: Commensurate with qualifications and experience.

APPLICATION: Forward letter of application and resume, along with name and telephone number (only) of three (3) references to: Sharon E. Taylor, Director of Athletics, Lock Haven University, Lock Haven, PA 17745. Applications accepted until position is filled.

ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE: January 1994.

Lock Haven University is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Women and minority candidates and persons with disabilities are encouraged to apply.

■ Legislative assistance

1993 Column No. 40

Clarification

1993 Column No. 14 (April 7, 1993)

Legislative Assistance Column No. 14, which appeared in the April 7, 1993, issue of The NCAA News, indicated that with the adoption of 1993 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 100 (as amended by Proposal No. 100-1), not more than once every four years, a Division I institution may exempt not more than one contest (or four contests on a single, regular-season trip to Hawaii) or one tournament (not to exceed three contests) either against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii, which is correct. However, the column implied that the Rainbow Classic is the only contest or tournament in Hawaii that may be exempted, which is not correct, inasmuch as any contest or tournament either against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii may be exempted once every four years. The column should read as follows:

NCAA Bylaw 17.3.5.3

Once-in-four-years exemptions—Division I basketball

Division I institutions should note that in accordance with NCAA Bylaw 17.3.5.3.2 (effective August 1, 1993), not more than once every four years, a Division I institution may exempt not more than one of the following from counting toward the maximum number of basketball contests: (1) not more than one contest (or four contests if scheduled on a single, regular-season trip to Alaska or Hawaii) or one tournament (not to exceed three contests) either against or under the sponsorship of an active member located in Alaska or an active Division II institution located in Hawaii; (2) not more than one contest (or four contests if scheduled on a single, regular-season trip to Puerto Rico) or one tournament (not to exceed four contests) either against or under the sponsorship of an active member located in Puerto Rico, and (3) the games played in the Preseason National Invitation Tournament.

In addition, with the adoption of 1993 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 100 (as amended by Proposal No. 100-1), not

more than once every four years, a Division I institution may exempt not more than one contest (or four contests if scheduled on a single, regular-season trip to Hawaii) or one tournament (not to exceed three contests) either against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii. During its March 11, 1993, telephone conference, the NCAA Interpretations Committee reviewed 1993 Convention Proposal No. 100 (as amended by 100-1) as it relates to contest exemptions in the sport of basketball and determined the following:

1. An institution that participated in the Rainbow Classic during the 1992-93 academic year has utilized its once-in-four-years exemption against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii, and thus, is not permitted to exempt a basketball contest or tournament against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii until the 1996-97 academic year.

2. An institution that participated during the 1992-93 academic year in the Rainbow Classic or the Hall of Fame Tip-Off Classic may utilize any of the remaining exceptions set forth in Bylaw 17.3.5.3.2.1 (e.g., Maui Classic, Great Alaska Shootout, San Juan Shootout and Preseason National Invitation Tournament) during the 1993-94 academic year, inasmuch as the contests or tournament against or under the sponsorship of an active Division I institution located in Hawaii, and the Hall of Fame Tip-Off Classic no longer are included in that once-in-four-years cycle.

The accompanying charts illustrate the application of Proposal No. 100 (as amended by 100-1).

An institution that participated in the Rainbow Classic or Hall of Fame Tip-Off Classic during the 1992-93 academic year is eligible to participate and exempt contests in Box A or Box C during the 1993-94 academic year. In addition, an institution that participated in the Rainbow Classic during the 1992-93 academic year has utilized its once-in-four-years exemption and, thus, may not exempt basketball contests in Box B (e.g., Rainbow Classic) until the 1996-97 academic year.

Finally, please note that in accordance with Bylaw 17.3.5.3.1, not more than once every four years, a Division I institution may exempt from counting toward the maxi-

mum number of basketball contests the games played on a foreign basketball tour certified in accordance with the procedures set forth in Bylaw 30.7, provided the foreign tour is not taken in the same academic year (or the summer immediately thereafter) in which the member institution utilized any of the exemptions provided in Bylaw 17.3.5.3.2 (Boxes A and B).

Box A: Once-in-four-year exemptions (Effective August 1, 1993)

- Hawaii contests—Division II (e.g., Maui Classic)
- Alaska contests
- Puerto Rico contests
- Preseason National Invitation Tournament

Box B: Once-in-four-year exemption (Effective August 1, 1993)

- Hawaii contests—Division I (e.g., Rainbow Classic)

Box C: Annual exemption (Effective August 1, 1993)

- Hall of Fame Tip-Off Classic

This material was provided by the legislative services staff as an aid to member institutions. If an institution has a question it would like to have answered in this column, such correspondence should be directed to Nancy L. Mitchell, assistant executive director for legislative services, at the NCAA national office. This information is available on the Collegiate Sports Network.

News quiz answers: 1-(a). 2-(c). 3-True. 4-(b). 5-(c). 6-True. 7-(d). 8-(a).

Salaries

Coaches of women's sports seeking to gain compensation comparable to men's coaches

► Continued from page 1

en's coach in court. Howard University's women's basketball coach, Sanya Tyler, was awarded \$1.1 million in her discrimination suit. Howard is appealing the decision.

In the presence of such legal battles, a few institutions already have moved to give successful women's coaches comparable base salaries. But women's coaches and administrators say those schools are rare exceptions.

Betty F. Jaynes, executive director of the Women's Basketball Coaches Association, said that judging from preliminary findings of WBCA questionnaires, most women's coaches are not being adequately compensated.

Equalize base salaries

To rectify the situation, she said, "Institutions should have base salaries that are comparable. Whatever additional money (is paid) would be based on incentives—if you are top-25 or coach of the year...objective things you can measure."

Cindy Scott, head women's basketball coach at Southern Illinois University at Carbondale and

"We have to get to the point where people understand that the value of women's sports is equal to that of men's sports."

■ Cindy Scott
President, Women's Basketball Coaches Association

WBCA president, agreed that the base salary is the starting point in any discussion of compensation.

"I think people should be paid based on years of experience, success—wins and losses, graduation rates, attendance—and how well the coach sells the program," Scott said. "All those things need to be considered."

However, Scott cautioned that she does not advocate paying a first-year women's coach the same base salary as a men's coach with much more experience, or vice versa.

"You don't pay equal salaries because you think that's what you should do," Scott explained. "You have to base it on the things I mentioned."

Establish a system

Charlotte West, associate athletics director at Southern Illinois, said, "The focus ought to be on what is a good salary system for athletics departments to utilize. I don't think you can just say that the women's coach should get what the men's coach gets because there are a lot of other factors that need to be considered."

When an evaluating committee recommended raising coach Vivian Stringer's base salary at the University of Iowa to the same level as the men's coach, it considered several factors, said Christine H. B. Grant, Iowa women's athletics director.

"We looked at years of experi-

ence, educational preparation, success—wins and losses both in the conference and in the NCAA tournament, rankings, graduation rates—and contributions to public relations," Grant said.

Public perceptions

Public relations, along with other promotional considerations, may be necessary to change the way women's coaches are compensated. Marian Washington, head women's basketball coach at the University of Kansas and president of the Black Coaches Association, said public perceptions play a role in the debate.

"We place values on things, and the worth or value is gauged by public appeal," Washington said. "We celebrate athletics abilities of men. We have made athletics a worthwhile experience. We place tremendous value on their talents and justify men's salaries because people come out to see them."

"Women are challenged to establish themselves as a valuable entity. So many things must happen to bring about exposure. Women haven't had access to proper marketing. We have been

limited in a lot of different ways. We need more exposure to allow us to be viewed on a greater basis."

Scott also recognizes increased exposure as a key. "We need to expose more people," she said. "We have to get to the point where people understand that the value of women's sports is equal to that of men's sports. It's just a matter of educating people and showing them that women's basketball is a viable entertainment option."

Cooperation required

Jaynes said convincing people of that viability—and that women's coaches should be compensated similarly to experienced men's coaches—will require cooperation.

"I would think and hope that we can sit down with athletics administrators and college presidents and talk this through," Jaynes said. "Perhaps men's coaches, women's coaches, college presidents, athletics administrators and women's administrators could put together a working document. Maybe we could get people to listen when we're coming from a task force perspective."

NCAA Record

► Continued from page 31

1926, 1928 and 1936. He compiled a 167-120 mark at Stanford, including a 28-4 record in the 1941-42 championship season.

Cal Koonce, former baseball coach at Campbell who earlier was a relief pitcher for the 1969 "Miracle Mets" team that

won the World Series, died October 28 after battling cancer for the past four years. He was 52. He registered a 174-123-1 coaching mark from 1980 to 1986 at Campbell. As a pitcher in the major leagues, Koonce had a 47-49 record with 24 career saves.

Lou Miller, a former sportswriter in

New York who covered college track and field, died October 25 at age 79. Miller also was active in harness racing as a driver and a trainer.

Danielle Murphy, a sophomore mid-fielder and point guard on the women's soccer and basketball teams at Greensboro, died October 24 from injuries suffered in an automobile accident.

Edie Patton, assistant field hockey coach at Ball State for 14 years, died October 26 after a lengthy battle with cancer. She was a high-school teacher in New Jersey for 21 years and served at various times as head girls' basketball, soccer and tennis coach. She helped lead Ball State to five Mid-American Athletic Conference field hockey titles.

Lisa Siegenthaler, a former student-athlete and assistant women's volleyball coach at Wisconsin-Eau Claire, died October 16 from injuries sustained in an automobile accident in Owen, Wisconsin. She was 24. Siegenthaler was cocaptain of the Blugolds' volleyball team in 1991 and served as an assistant coach with the program in 1992.