

# The NCAA News



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## Council to review proposals

A review of all 155 proposals appearing in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation for the 1993 NCAA Convention is featured on the agenda for the NCAA Council's fall meeting, October 12-14 in Kansas City, Missouri.

That total is up seven from the same time last year. Of the 155 proposals, 61 are being sponsored by the Council, up from 58 a year ago.

No new amendments can be submitted for the January Convention, but the Council does have until October 15 to submit amend-

See **Council**, page 17 ▶



Chris Voelz (left), director of women's athletics at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities, and James L. Jones, director of athletics at Ohio State University, made presentations at the Presidents Commission meeting.

## Commission plans next major topic

The NCAA Presidents Commission has identified "Integrity: sportsmanship and ethical conduct in intercollegiate athletics" as the next major topic in its rolling, three-year strategic plan.

With its highest meeting attendance in the group's nine-year history, the Commission conducted its annual fall meeting September 30-October 1 in Kansas City, Missouri. Forty-one of the 44 Commission members attended, beating the previous high of 40 at the June 1985 Commission meeting.

Its Subcommittee on Strategic Planning, which met the day before the Commission convened, reviewed an updated version of the strategic plan, which was

adopted last fall, and proposed the new topic to the full Commission. That topic now will be inserted in the plan, which will be printed in an issue of The NCAA News later this month and mailed to all chief executive officers.

During much of 1993, the Commission will attempt to refine the issues to be included in the new topic. It clearly will incorporate earlier attempts by the Commission to emphasize the importance of ethical behavior and sportsmanlike conduct in college athletics, and it probably will expand to include consideration of some means of promoting value devel-

See **Presidents**, page 20 ▶

## Summary disposition gets first use

An NCAA infractions case involving Syracuse University was the first to employ the new summary-disposition and expedited-hearing process that was authorized by the NCAA Council earlier this year.

The concept of summary disposition was developed by the Special Committee to Review the NCAA Enforcement and Infractions Process. It permits an institution and the NCAA enforcement staff to agree that certain findings are factually correct and represent violations of NCAA legislation.

In the Syracuse case, the university also recommended specific punitive actions.

The Committee on Infractions accepted the agreed-upon findings derived from the summary-disposition process but revised or developed additional penalties under the expedited-hearing process.

The complete report on the case begins on page 13.

## Football option play at hand in Division I

By J. Gregory Summers  
THE NCAA NEWS STAFF

Division I institutions that play Division II or III football were thrown for losses at the last two NCAA Conventions.

In 1991, the membership voted to eliminate multidivision classification in football, effective in 1993. Then in 1992, a proposal was defeated that would have created Division

I-AAA for Division I institutions that want to play low-cost, non-scholarship football.

With the reclassification deadline looming, these institutions face third and long, to borrow a phrase from football vernacular. And, barring the passage of significant legislation at the 1993 Convention, they have only three options in their playbook:

■ Add \$1 million or more to

their budgets and compete at the top level of Division I-AA.

■ Drop football, or

■ Band together and find a niche for cost-containment football in Division I-AA.

### Conferences formed

Because the first two options are unrealistic and distasteful, respectively, to athletics administrators, two new conferences have been formed to enable

Division I cost-containment-oriented programs to maintain a level playing field and still meet the Division I-AA scheduling requirement (more than half of their contests must be against Division I-A or I-AA opponents).

The Pioneer League will begin play in 1993 with four Division I schools that currently

See **Football**, page 8 ▶

## Guidelines to ease certification duplication

A tentative set of guidelines has been proposed to eliminate duplication between the proposed NCAA athletics certification program and the regional accrediting process of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

The 1993 NCAA Convention will vote on legislation that would establish an athletics certification program for Division I members. The Southern Association already

includes an evaluation of an institution's athletics program as part of its accreditation process. Potential for redundancy exists with other accrediting agencies, but concern about duplication has been most pronounced in the Southern Association.

In a September 25 meeting, representatives of the NCAA Presidents Commission, the NCAA Special Committee on Athletics

Certification and the Southern Association agreed on the following tentative conclusions:

■ That schedules for institutional self-studies and campus peer-review visits related to NCAA athletics certification and Southern Association accreditation should coincide.

■ That information collected on campus in advance of peer-review visits, and the activities of

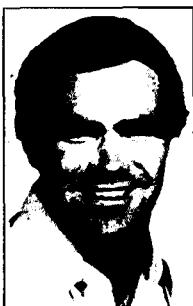
visiting teams, should be aligned in areas of mutual interest to the NCAA and the Southern Association.

■ That peer-review teams should include representatives of both the NCAA and the Southern Association. Each team would be composed of two to four individuals whose activities would be ded-

See **Certification**, page 17 ▶

## ■ In the News

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Bailey

■ T. Ross Bailey, head athletics trainer at Texas Christian University, has some suggestions that might help institutions contain rising medical insurance costs. **Page 4**

■ A University of Iowa field hockey player has her sights set on the 1996 Olympics. **Page 5**

■ Answers to the most commonly asked questions about the Division II championships enhancement fund help clear up confusion among member institutions. **Page 7**

## ■ On deck

October 6	Gender-Equity Task Force, Washington, D.C.
October 7	Special Committee to Review Financial Conditions in Intercollegiate Athletics, Chicago
October 11	Nominating Committee, Kansas City, Missouri
October 12-14	Council, Kansas City, Missouri
October 18	Presidents Commission Executive Committee, Chicago

## Briefly in the News



Lake Superior State University photo

### Presidential visit

President George Bush and wife, Barbara, met the Lake Superior State University ice hockey team, which won the 1992 Division I Ice Hockey Championship, in a ceremony last month at the Chippewa County International Airport. Bush was in the Eastern Upper Peninsula to participate in the annual Mackinac Bridge Walk.

## Dog sniffs out competition

Lori Baynes calls her dog Buddy for a reason.

When the high-school volleyball standout was considering her college options, it didn't take her 3-year-old cockapoo too long to determine that North Dakota State University was the place for Baynes.

When coaches from three Division I institutions visited the Baynes household in Foley, Minnesota, Buddy was an ungracious host. However, when North Dakota State head coach Jolyn Montgomery and assistant Tim Moser made their way to the Baynes home, Buddy hummed a different tune.

"When those other coaches visited, he was just barking his head off and nipping at their feet," Baynes told the St. Cloud (Minnesota) Times. "When Jolyn and Tim came, he just laid down at their feet. I kept that in the back of my mind. Call it animal intuition."

Baynes has helped the Bison to a 9-0 start this season, leading the team in hitting percentage.

"It's really not like she is a freshman," Montgomery said. "She has just played so

much volleyball, she plays like she is a junior or senior."

### Budget slashed

Northern Illinois University recently announced plans to cut \$1 million from its support of the institution's intercollegiate athletics program by July 1, 1995. That funding is expected to fall to zero by July 1, 1998.

"Ten years of diminished state support has necessitated some substantial reordering of priorities and reallocation of university funding," Northern Illinois President John E. La Tourette said in a memorandum. "No tax dollars are involved. Since 1972, no general revenue appropriations have been used for intercollegiate athletics."

The reduction over a period of eight fiscal years (1991 to 1998) will force Northern Illinois' 16-sport program to operate without the \$1.6 million in direct support to athletics that the income fund now contributes to the \$6.5 million annual athletics budget.

### From soccer to stage

Emory University women's soccer coach Michael Sabatelle recently took to an arena of a different kind when he performed in

the Atlanta Opera production of "Carmen."

Sabatelle had three nonsinging roles as a soldier, guitarist and orange vendor and devoted more than 40 hours to rehearsals with other cast members before the curtains opened.

"You had to know who was supposed to be next to you," Sabatelle said. "Then you had to move around without knocking over anything or bumping into anyone. And the whole time, you're supposed to act naturally. Changing costumes and handling props added to the challenge."

### Clinton and the Irish

Democratic presidential candidate Bill Clinton chatted with University of Notre Dame football coach Lou Holtz during a recent campaign stop at the institution, reviving the memory of a shared experience in Arkansas about 15 years ago.

Clinton, then the attorney general of Arkansas, represented the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, and Holtz, then the Razorbacks' football coach, in a lawsuit filed against them by three starters who were suspended by Holtz before the 1978 Orange Bowl.

The suit later was dismissed and Arkansas went on to defeat the University of Oklahoma, 31-6.

## Looking back

**5 years ago:** The Division I-A members of the NCAA Presidents Commission voted unanimously (11-0) in their fall meeting to oppose the concept of a Division I-A football playoff if such a proposal was submitted in any form for a vote at the 1988 NCAA Convention. (The NCAA News, October 5, 1987)

**10 years ago:** The Select Committee on Athletic Problems and Concerns in Higher Education—funded by the NCAA but operated as an independent panel—held its first meeting October 4, 1982, in Denver and identified "the athlete as a student," governance issues and financing of college athletics as its primary topics. David P. Gardner, president of the University of Utah, was chair of the blue-ribbon committee. (The NCAA News, October 11, 1982)

**20 years ago:** The NCAA terminated its long-held membership in the U.S. Olympic Committee October 25, 1972, but agreed to continue its support of the Olympic movement in general. ("NCAA: The Voice of College Sports")

**40 years ago:** The NCAA Council, meeting October 14-16, 1952, in Chicago, voted to recommend to the 47th annual Convention that disciplinary action be taken against member institutions for the first time for violations of NCAA rules and regulations. The three institutions involved were the University of Kentucky, Bradley University and Midwestern University (Texas). ("NCAA: The Voice of College Sports" and 1952-53 NCAA Yearbook)

## Fact file

Seventy-eight Division I institutions sponsored the minimum 12 sports or just one sport over the minimum (13) in the tabulations used for determining distribution of the sports sponsorship fund for 1991-92. Of the 78, 41 sponsored only the minimum 12 and thus received no money in the distribution. Thirty-seven sponsored 13 and received the lowest amount of those receiving funds. Of the 78, two were Division I-A institutions, 26 were Division I-AA and 50 were Division I-AAA.

Source: Report of payments to Division I member institutions in the 1991-92 sports sponsorship fund of the revenue distribution plan.

## Judge elevates status of women's team

A Federal magistrate judge in the Northern District of New York has ordered Colgate University, on the basis of the requirements of Title IX, to grant varsity status to its women's ice hockey program and to provide "equivalent athletic opportunities for the women's ice hockey players."

The case arose from a 1988 request by Colgate women ice hockey players—the fourth such request in a decade—to elevate the sport from club to varsity status, parallel to the status that had been enjoyed by men's ice hockey at the institution for many years.

In his opinion, which was issued September 28, Judge David N. Hurd reviewed the significant disparities existing in the women's club and men's varsity hockey programs and then rejected various justifications offered by the institution for those disparities.

Among the rejected Colgate justifications were the comparatively high cost of adding a women's team, the absence of an NCAA championship, the lack of varsity competition opportunities and the lack of student interest or ability.

On the basis of this analysis, the judge found that Colgate was "in violation of Title IX by not providing equal athletic opportunities to its women ice hockey players" and ordered Colgate "to grant the women's ice hockey team varsity status and provide the team all the amenities that accompany such a designation."

He declined, however, to require Colgate to make the two hockey programs "equivalent," stating that the women players were not necessarily entitled to "equal funding." He also declined to award the plaintiffs any damages on the ground that the amount of such

damages was vague.

The decision is believed to be the first in which an institution has been required to take action with respect to the status of a particular team, solely on the basis of a comparison of the treatment of men and women participants in a single sport.

In this respect, it is viewed by the NCAA's Washington counsel—Squire, Sanders & Dempsey—as representing a significant departure from the announced policy of the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Education as assessing institutional Title IX compliance on a program-wide, rather than single sport, basis.

The judge specifically rejected Colgate's contention that the OCR approach should be followed in determining the existence of a Title IX violation.

## Committee notices

Member institutions are invited to submit nominations to fill vacancies on NCAA committees. Nominations to fill the following vacancy must be received by Fannie B. Vaughan, executive assistant, in the NCAA national office no later than October 19, 1992.

**Women's Basketball Rules Committee:** Replacement for Allison Jones, formerly at Pace University, now at the University of Hartford, a Division I institution. Appointee must be from Division II.

### COMMITTEE CHANGES

The following changes should be made in the 1992 NCAA Committee Handbook. Appointments are effective immediately unless otherwise noted.

**Presidents Commission:** Appointed to replace Gene A. Budig, University of Kansas, resigned: Jon Wefald, President, Kansas State University, Manhattan, Kansas 66506

### Sports committees

**Women's Softball:** Holly Gera, Montclair State College, appointed to replace Judy Christ, State University of New York at Stony Brook.

Paula Jantz, University of Iowa, appointed to replace Jeri Findlay, no longer at Ball State University.

**Men's and Women's Tennis:** Dave Fish, Harvard University, appointed to replace Mike DePalmer, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, resigned.

# Committee studies financial aid alternatives

Anticipating a role in the NCAA Presidents Commission's effort to study financial

issues in intercollegiate athletics, the NCAA Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism has begun developing alternative methods for providing financial aid to student-athletes.



Bowlsby

Meeting September 16-17 in Kansas City, Missouri, the committee began its work in anticipation that options for awarding financial aid will be solicited by the recently appointed Special Committee to Review Financial Conditions in Intercollegiate Athletics, which was formed as part of the Presidents Commission's plan to address financial issues as its primary topic in 1993.

The special committee met for the first time September 20. A representative of the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism, Robert A. Bowlsby of the University of Iowa, attended that meeting to describe that group's preliminary work on proposing methods for awarding financial aid.

One early decision by the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism was to identify several general objectives or principles that should be used to evaluate any proposed alternative method.

## Other highlights

*In other actions at its September 16-17 meeting in Kansas City, Missouri, the Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism:*

- Reviewed a summary of information submitted by Division I conferences regarding the first year of use of the special-assistance fund created under the NCAA revenue-distribution plan and observed that the fund does not appear to be used to its maximum potential by Division I institutions. The committee recommended to the NCAA Council that the fund continue to operate under current guidelines until after conference reporting forms for the 1992-93 fund are submitted and analyzed, and that efforts be made to better inform the membership of the fund's existence.

- Recommended that the Council seek reconsideration by the Executive Committee of an action prohibiting institutions from using the special-assistance fund to pay premiums for a student-athlete's personal health insurance. The committee recommended that an institution should be permitted to purchase only institutionally administered insurance for student-athletes who meet the criteria of the special-assistance fund.

- Recommended that the Council ask for reconsideration by the Interpretations Committee of an interpretation that a student-athlete who is a professional in one sport but has eligibility remaining in a second sport may not conduct a private camp or clinic in the first sport. The committee believes that the interpretation is inconsistent with existing amateurism legislation. Further, the committee will consider a draft of legislation at its February meeting that would specify that a student-athlete who is a professional in one sport but has eligibility remaining in a second sport may market athletics abilities in the sport in which he or she is a professional without jeopardizing amateur status in the other sport.

- Noted reauthorization of the Federal Higher Education Amendments, including changes in Federal student financial aid

programs—many of which will be in effect for the 1993-94 school year.

- Recommended that the Council oppose Proposal No. 69 in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation on the basis of earlier research by the committee, which demonstrated that an increase in Pell Grant money to \$2,400 as specified in the proposed legislation is not justified.

As an alternative, the committee recommended that the Council sponsor an amendment-to-amendment to Proposal No. 69 that would permit student-athletes to receive Pell Grant assistance in combination with other institutional financial aid, provided the overall grant total does not exceed the value of a full grant plus the maximum award a student-athlete is eligible for at a member institution, or the student-athlete's cost of attendance, whichever is less. The committee noted that, depending upon Federal appropriations and institutional factors, the maximum amount a student-athlete may receive can fluctuate, and further noted that a maximum of \$2,300 is anticipated for 1993-94.

- Recommended to the Council that it overturn an Interpretations Committee ruling that an institution that provides financial aid to a student-athlete for the institution's summer session must provide the recipient with a written statement of the amount, duration, conditions and terms of the award before that term. The committee believes it is impractical to provide such notification before the beginning of the summer term.

- Received from the Council a request originating from the NCAA Eligibility Committee that consideration be given to considering new policies or legislation that would address the growing problem of participation by foreign student-athletes on teams in their home countries that are deemed to be professional or in tournaments that award expenses based on place finish. The committee agreed to await action by the NCAA Olympic Sports Liaison Committee, which also was asked to consider the question.

Those objective or principles include:

- Gender equity.
- Cost reduction.
- Ethical treatment for student-

athletes.

- Standardization of aid.
- Competitive equity.
- Simplification.
- Determining the method's ef-

fect on exceptionally needy student-athletes.

- Considering issues of amateurism vs. professionalism.
- Preserving athletics opportu-

nities for student-athletes.

The Committee on Financial Aid and Amateurism is seeking authorization to conduct additional meetings if necessary.

## Postgraduate scholarship nominations due soon

NCAA postgraduate scholarship nominations for football are due to district selection committee chairs by October 23, 1992. Nomination folders have been mailed to the faculty athletics representative at each member institution, along with an instruction memorandum and a list of district selection committee chairs.

The NCAA will award postgraduate scholarships of \$5,000 each to 29 football players. Of the winners,

10 will be selected from Division I, 10 from Divisions II and III, and the remaining nine will be selected at large.

Following are the criteria for nominating a student-athlete:

1. The student-athlete must have an overall minimum cumulative grade-point average of 3.000 (4.000 scale) or its equivalent.

2. The student-athlete must be enrolled in the academic year in

which his or her final season of eligibility under NCAA legislation occurs.

3. The student-athlete must have performed with distinction as a member of the varsity team in the sport in which he or she has been nominated. The degree of the student-athlete's athletics achievement will be weighed at least equally with the degree of academic performance.

4. The student-athlete should

intend to continue academic work as a full-time graduate student within five years from the date of the award.

5. The student-athlete must have behaved, both on and off the field, in a manner that has brought credit to the student-athlete, the institution and intercollegiate athletics.

It is suggested that institutions nominate no more than two stu-

dent-athletes for football. To nominate a student-athlete, the school's faculty athletics representative must coordinate the completion of five forms included in the nomination folder.

The eight district selection committees will screen nominations from their respective districts and forward the names of the finalists to the NCAA Postgraduate Scholarship Committee, which will make the final selections.

## Interpretations Committee minutes

### Conference No. 15 September 10, 1992

Acting for the NCAA Council, the Interpretations Committee issued the following interpretations:

#### In-person committee meeting

1. In-person committee meeting. The committee scheduled an in-person meeting for December 17, 1992, at the Hyatt Regency DFW Airport Hotel.

#### Individual eligibility

2. Student-athlete who does not "attend" institution but receives baccalaureate degree and wishes to participate at second institution. A student who attended classes through military education centers and never attended a class at the institution, but received a baccalaureate degree from the institution, may subsequently participate in intercollegiate athletics at an institution other than the institution from which the individual received the baccalaureate degree. [References: NCAA Bylaw 14.1.8.2 (postbaccalaureate)]

#### Institutional control/faculty athletics representative

3. Faculty athletics representative serv-

ing as interim athletics director. A faculty athletics representative who did not hold an administrative or coaching position in the athletics department before January 12, 1989 (the date on which institutions were required to designate an individual to serve as a faculty athletics representative), is permitted to hold an interim position in the athletics department only if the individual temporarily relinquishes duties as the faculty athletics representative while holding the position in the athletics department. [Reference: NCAA Constitution 6.1.3 (faculty athletics representative)]

#### Official visits/test score

4. Receipt of transfer student's test score before expense-paid visit. A prospect who is transferring from a two-year or four-year institution is not required to present the certifying institution with a score from a PSAT, SAT, PACT Plus or ACT taken on a national testing date under national testing conditions before receiving an expense-paid visit from that institution. [Reference: 13.7.1.2.3 (presentation of test scores for an official visit)]

#### Printed recruiting materials

5. Earliest date for providing NCAA educational information to prospects. It is permissible for an institution or conference to provide NCAA educational information

(e.g., Guide to the College-Bound Student-Athlete) to a prospect before September 1 at the beginning of the prospect's junior year. [Reference: 13.4.1(d) (Divisions I and II—permissible items—NCAA educational information)]

#### Partial qualifier and nonqualifier/extra benefits

6. Partial qualifiers and nonqualifiers receiving occasional family meal. A partial qualifier or nonqualifier may receive an occasional family meal from an institutional staff member or representative of the institution's athletics interests during his or her first year of residence at the institution. [References: 14.3.2 (eligibility for financial aid, practice and competition—partial qualifier and nonqualifier), Figure 14.3 (initial eligibility—Divisions I and II) and 16.12.1.4 (occasional meals)]

#### Initial eligibility/core courses

7. Calculation of core-curriculum grade-point average. If a high school provides grades and credits on both a semester and yearly basis for all of its students (including a high school that bases a percentage of the yearly grade on a separate final examination) it is permissible for an institution to use either the semester or yearly grade (i.e., the method most beneficial to the prospect) in computing the prospective student-ath-

lete's core-curriculum grade-point average. [References: 14.3.1.1(a) (qualifier, basic requirements), 14.3.1.2.6 (grade value of core courses)]

#### Five-year rule

8. Application of five-year rule to transfer student-athlete attending national service academy preparatory school. A student-athlete who transfers to a national service academy preparatory school subsequent to enrollment as a full-time student in a collegiate institution may not exempt time spent in the service academy preparatory school from the student's five-year period of eligibility. [References: 14.2.1 (five-year rule—Division I) and 14.2.3.3 (collegiate enrollment concurrent with service assignment)]

#### Coach—restricted earnings

9. Restricted-earnings coach receiving expenses to attend national conventions. In all sports, a restricted-earnings coach may receive actual and necessary expenses to attend the convention of the national coaches association. The committee recommended that the NCAA Legislative Review Committee editorially clarify the provisions of 11.3.4.6 (c) to reflect this interpretation. [References: 11.02.3 (restricted-earnings coach) and 11.3.4.6 (c) (expenses incurred in the performance of coaching duties)]



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# ■ Comment



The NCAA News

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The Comment section of The NCAA News is offered as a page of opinion. The views do not necessarily represent a consensus of the NCAA membership.

## □ Guest editorial

### Winning incidental to sports' purpose

By Donald L. Lyle  
GROVE CITY COLLEGE

Fall is the time of year when the nights turn cooler, the days grow shorter and the college sports season begins. Sports enthusiasts turn their attention to the coming season and the future success of their team.

As the first game approaches, lofty expectations are widespread, and the fans are confident their team is a winner. Unfortunately, as the season progresses, someone has to lose. For those teams that win, enthusiasm runs high and all is well. For those that lose, positive attitudes are replaced by frustration and disappointment.

Today, winning is the only acceptable outcome. Society is willing to overlook poor grades, negative conduct and lack of respect for others in the pursuit of success.

Winning and success are what society desires, so if an individual wins, he or she is considered successful. This can create an individual who ignores morals and ethics and focuses instead on the end product. Success is frequently measured by winning, regardless of the means.

But winning is only an outcome of an athlete's best effort. The primary goal of athletics is to teach individuals to work to their potential. When athletes are taught to set and achieve goals, they have been programmed for success, not failure.

Unfortunately, so much emphasis is placed on winning that the individual is lost and the ultimate victory is all that is important. Athletes then lose sight of the reason they are competing.

The 1992 Summer Olympic Games illustrated this point very clearly. When an Olympic athlete finished with an unusually fast time, he or she immediately was suspected of cheating. This attitude has become so common that society expects cheating to exist and develops tests to protect against athletes gaining an unfair advantage.

Administrators, regardless of the competitive level, must set standards that reinforce the basic values of society: motivation, hard work, dedication and discipline. Coaches then must be encouraged to teach these

## Insurance costs a threat to all

I am writing in response to Ronald D. Mott's article in the September 14 issue of The NCAA News regarding rising insurance costs.

The athletics training/sports medicine department at Texas Christian University has experienced the same increases in medical costs and insurance premiums as the rest of the country. However, we have instituted a number of measures attempting to contain these costs.

We have computerized all of our athletics training rooms for better record-keeping and and to improve tracking of student-athletes receiving treatment and rehabilitation. This has accelerated our claims with the insurance companies as well as justified our existence and need for more staff to the administration.

Our ability to show what the market cost would have been for the 10,000 treatments and rehab sessions we administer in a year easily justified the hiring of an additional trainer.

We formed our own health-maintenance-organization type of program with area physicians and hospitals. This Sports Medicine Advisory Team (SMAT) brought together a select group of care providers who either donate their services to the athletics department or provide care at a substantially reduced rate. The participating members of the SMAT group are provided with complimentary tickets and admission to other university events they wish to attend.

The outside-physician response to the program has been very good. The university also is self-insured up to the



Bailey

## □ Letters

\$2,000 deductible.

The university also provides in-house rehabilitation services. This further lowers the costs of the total medical care and keeps student-athletes in touch with teammates, allowing them to feel like part of the team despite their injuries.

The university requires all students to be covered by an insurance policy. This supplemental student insurance policy covers the student-athlete for general illness and accidents. This has given us a way to cover coughs and colds that are not always related to athletics practice or competition. This policy also has covered several surgical procedures that were not directly related to athletics. The premium for this policy is about \$250 per student per semester.

The future is uncertain. Unfortunately, the depressed economic times continue to be hard on all socioeconomic groups. "Extras" such as insurance for dependent students frequently are one of the first items cut by parents, who often expect the university to pick up the tab for their children's medical expenses.

Without parental insurance coverage, athletics departments continue to be called upon for further coverage, therefore increasing expenses.

The costs of providing first-class medical care for student-athletes will continue to rise, and we all must look at ways to help limit and contain these costs.

T. Ross Bailey  
Head athletics trainer  
Texas Christian University

## Share the wealth

On June 26 of this year, each Division I institution received \$25,000 to be used to enhance its academic support system for student-athletes. Also, \$2,999,871 was distributed July 31 to Division I institutions for assisting student-athletes with special financial needs.

How does one decide that the student-athletes who attend a Division I institution are the only athletes who have academic and financial needs? I hope the NCAA does not believe that all Divisions II and III student-athletes are excellent students and are capable of paying their total education costs.

If I were to ask Charlie Brown, I feel he would say, "The NCAA is all of us."

Jim Jordan  
Director of athletics  
Delta State University

## Too much pressure

As a public school district administrator for more than 25 years and as an avid sports fan, I am particularly concerned about the direction of high-school athletics.

I believe that colleges and universities need to be concerned, also.

Unfortunately, high-school coaches are under extreme pressure to win, in many instances at any cost. The professionalism of high-school sports is hurting the schools, the students and the coaches. In today's society, we are forgetting the fun of participating.

We need to reassess our priorities. Hopefully, the NCAA and the high-school athletics associations will be able to redefine our priorities and bring about some changes in the direction of high-school athletics. If this does not happen, many programs and students will suffer.

A. L. Brackbill Jr.  
Director of support services  
Easton (Pennsylvania) Area  
School District

## □ Opinions

### Athletes a lightning rod for youth

Terence Moore, columnist  
The Atlanta Journal

"Everybody in society has an obligation to be a positive role model. Whether you're young or old, rich or poor, black or white, athlete or otherwise, somebody is watching you. The more responsibility you have as, say, a parent, a teacher or a preacher, the more eyes you have cast your way, the more of an obligation you have to be a positive role model.

"That's just the way it is.

"Few people have more eyes cast their way than athletes. As a result, athletes are lightning rods for youth, especially nowadays. With the growing number of single-parent and no-parent families, athletes have become the central figures in the lives of many youngsters. It's unfortunate, but that's just the way it is, too.

"Therefore, when an athlete stumbles away from the field, court or diamond, he hurts not only himself, but others. Plenty of others.

"You're not going to find me out there acting a fool, just to get attention," heavyweight boxing champion Evander Holyfield says. "I think that happens with some guys, but that's not me. My goal in life isn't to be on the mountaintop all by myself, but to reach down and pull others up there with me."

"Amen."

## Sportsmanship

Brenda Bredemeier, sports psychologist  
University of California, Berkeley

For the Record (sports law report)

"Teach athletes to put themselves in the shoes of their opponents. Think of them as somebody like you. You don't want to be kicked in the shin; neither do they. Athletics is for the students to enjoy, and it is crucial that they can exploit this opportunity in a safe, comfortable manner."

## Bowl alliance

LaVell Edwards, head football coach  
Brigham Young University

Los Angeles Times

"I probably don't have a complete understanding of the reasons, what it's about, but my general feeling is I don't like it. They're taking a giant step toward a playoff system, and I have not been in favor of a playoff.

"I can see in this alliance thing that most of the Western teams are going to be cut out of many (of the) bowl options."

Tom Mickle, assistant commissioner  
Atlantic Coast Conference

Los Angeles Times

Mickle is credited with the idea that led to the bowl alliance.

"There's not as much tension and fear out there about scheduling wins. People are much more willing to go out and play some (tough teams) rather than schedule Division I-AA or lower Division I-A games.... I hope that it will bring better games, more sanity to the bowl system and make people more interested in football."



# Iowa star eyes Olympics

## Site of 1996 Games helps motivate field hockey player

By Martin T. Benson  
THE NCAA NEWS STAFF

News that Atlanta would host the 1996 Olympics excited many Americans, but University of Iowa field hockey player, motivational speaker and future psychologist Andrea Wieland was blown away.

If the Atlanta native can stick it out on the U.S. field hockey team for four more years, Wieland can realize the Olympic dream she has had for 16 years, and Mom and Dad needn't fly the friendly skies to witness it.

How many parents of Olympians can say it was easier to see their daughter go for the gold than to attend one of her college games?

### 'Dream come true'

"(Atlanta hosting) is beyond a dream come true," she said. "It's totally what keeps me going."

Wieland said she has wanted to compete in the Olympics since admiring gymnast Nadia Comeneci's perfection on television in 1976, but she didn't know in which sport.

Soccer was choice No. 1, but that changed in junior high, when she headed to suburban Philadelphia to attend the Westtown School, which didn't have a girls' soccer team.

Since that area of Pennsylvania is to high-school field hockey what the other side of the state is to football, it's no surprise she wound up with a stick in her hand. She found her niche, albeit unwillingly, as a goalkeeper under Westtown coach Betsy Pryor.

"I wanted to be a field player, but she encouraged me to be a goalkeeper because of the footwork I had developed from playing soccer," Wieland said. "It was a blackmail-type thing where she said you can either start in goal as a freshman or sit on the bench and wait your turn to play in the field. I decided to play."

### Blossomed

Pryor encouraged her budding star to attend field hockey developmental camps after her sophomore year. By her senior year, Wieland had blossomed into a Penn Monto high-school all-American and captured the attention of national power Iowa, where after a couple of interruptions, she started her freshman year.

With Wieland in the cage, the Hawkeyes have been persistent contenders for a national title. Iowa was fourth in the NCAA in 1987, her freshman year; second in 1988, and third in 1990, when she was nominated for the Broderick Award, which honors the nation's outstanding college player.

She missed all of 1989 (Iowa still finished fourth) while recovering from back surgery, after making the junior national team that January.

Wieland didn't play a game for Iowa last year either, but not because of ill health. She spent much of the fall practicing and playing for the senior national team, which was attempting to qualify for the 1992 Olympics.

Though playing for that team was the next step toward fulfilling

her Olympic goal, Wieland didn't greet her invitation to join the squad with the elation that came with Atlanta winning the Olympics bid.

### Difficult decision

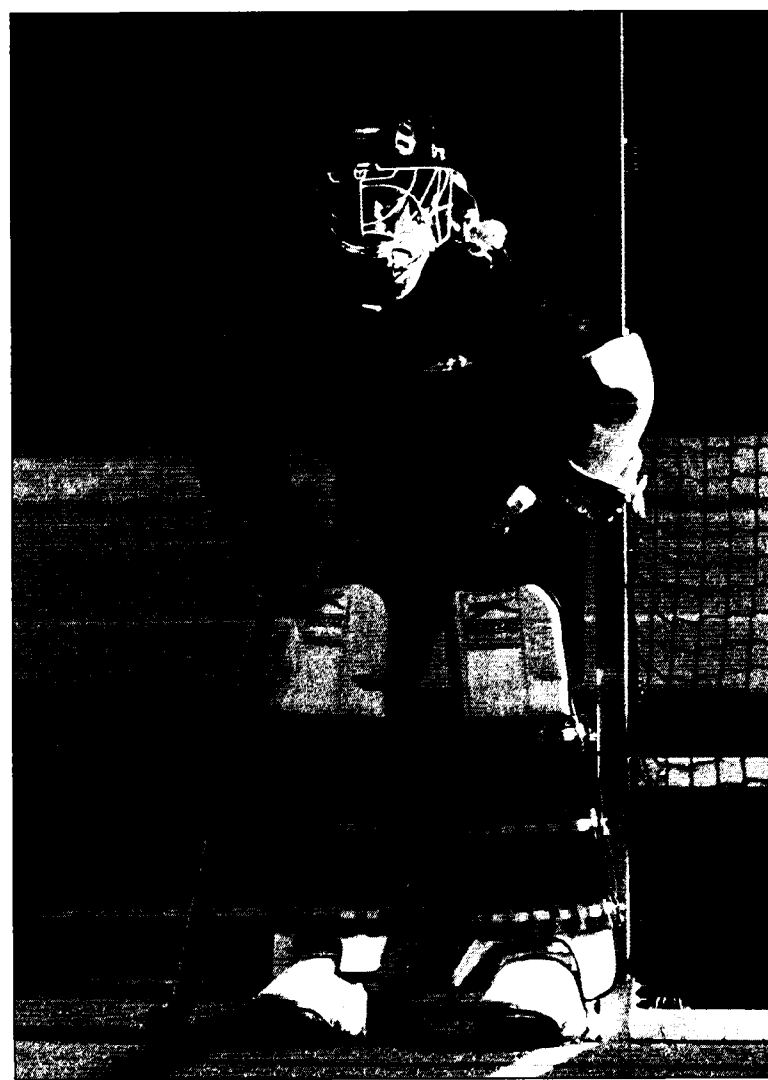
The message came via telephone last year on the first day of classes, forcing her to make a difficult decision within hours. If she played on the national team, which was preparing for the qualifying tournament for the Barcelona games, she wouldn't be able to play for Iowa that year, and possibly never again. Since classes and practice already had started, she might forfeit her last year of NCAA eligibility by joining the national team.

"Here was the opportunity I had dreamed about, but when it happened I was like...whoa, wait...it came under different circumstances than I expected.

"I was a cocaptain (for Iowa)," she said, "and I wouldn't know until October if I would be able to get an eligibility waiver from the NCAA."

She consulted her coach, Beth Beglin, the 1988 Olympic team captain and a former national team assistant coach, for guidance. Beglin already had lost two of her top players, Kristy Gleason and Kris Fillat, who had made the national team in midsummer, but she supported Wieland's eventual decision to join them.

"It's not easy to leave your team for a year," Beglin said. "I supported her and her teammates supported her, but it's still not easy, especially when she had al-



Tom Jorgensen/University of Iowa photo

Andrea Wieland, a goalkeeper on the University of Iowa field hockey team, is hoping to fulfill an Olympic dream in 1996.

ready missed a year because of her back."

In early October 1991, Wieland learned that she would receive a one-time, one-semester extension of her five-year period of eligibility under NCAA Bylaw 14.2.1.4.1.

That same month, the national team finished ninth of 12 teams at the qualifying tournament for the Barcelona Olympics. To advance, the team had to finish in the top

five.

However, 1996 will be a different story. As host nation, the United States field hockey team automatically qualifies for the Atlanta Games.

### Gaining experience

Wieland played in the last three games of the 1991 qualifying tour-

See **Wieland**, page 17 ►

## Committee supports scrimmage proposal

The NCAA Two-Year College Relations Committee supports a proposal that would permit student-athletes at both two- and four-year colleges to participate in regularly scheduled scrimmages without using a season of competition in that sport.

The committee met September 16-17 in Provincetown, Massachusetts.

The committee agreed, however, to support the season of competition exception only under the following conditions: The scrimmage is on the institution's schedule, no official score is kept, no admission is charged, no game uniforms are used, the scrimmage is approved by the institution, no official time is kept, no media are allowed to attend, the scrimmage is played before the first regularly scheduled outside competition, the scrimmage counts as a contest for institutional purposes, and there are no more than two such scrimmages.

The committee agreed to refine this proposal before submitting it to the NCAA Council for its April 1993 meeting.

After a review of actions taken at the NCAA Recruiting Committee's May meeting, the Two-Year College Relations Committee also recommended that the Council withdraw a proposal that would

### Other highlights

*In other actions at its September 16-17 meeting in Provincetown, Massachusetts, the Two-Year College Relations Committee:*

■ Forwarded its concerns to the Recruiting Committee related to an NCAA Interpretations Committee minute that permits a member institution to arrange employment for a prospect enrolled at a two-year college. The Two-Year College Relations Committee thought the arrangement could reintroduce the "feeder" school concept and permit boosters to become more involved with the recruiting process.

■ Agreed with an earlier decision by the NCAA Academic Requirements Committee that an associate of science degree at Chipola (Florida) Junior College is not equivalent to an associate degree in an academic curriculum and therefore does not fulfill requirements of NCAA Bylaw 14.6.4.4.4. The committee noted that the Chipola catalog indicated the vocational/technical associate of science degree "is intended for students whose primary goal is to learn a skill and enter the job market."

■ Considered a request from the National Association of Academic Advisors for Athletics

(N4A) that the committee review N4A's recommendation that a core curriculum for two-year college student-athletes be established. The committee elected to support the Academic Requirements Committee's previous position that it would be better to test the current satisfactory-progress requirements enacted in 1992 NCAA Convention Proposal No. 21 (which requires a student-athlete to complete at least 25 percent of course requirements in a degree program by the beginning of the third year, 50 percent by the beginning of the fourth year and 75 percent by the beginning of the fifth year) before making any adjustments.

■ Elected not to support an N4A recommendation to amend Bylaw 14.6.4.1.2 and require a partial qualifier or nonqualifier transferring to a Division I institution to have completed an average of 12 hours of transferable degree credit for each semester or quarter attended.

■ Confirmed its earlier recommendation that a "junior college diploma" from Jacksonville College (Texas) is not the equivalent of an associate of arts degree and that a student-athlete would not be permitted to use this diploma for certification purposes.

allow a two-year college student-athlete to compete in a particular sport at a two-year college during a fall term and then compete at a Division II school during the spring term of the same academic year if the student-athlete meets

the appropriate two-year college transfer regulations.

Specifically, the committee noted the conflicts that would arise in the transfer status of a student-athlete who played basketball at the two-year college during the

fall term and then decided during the middle of the season to transfer to an NCAA Division II school. The committee believed such an arrangement could lead to a significant competitive advantage for the NCAA institution.

### Winning

#### Values need stressing

► Continued from page 4

values. If this type of foundation is built, winning will be an outcome, not the objective.

Athletics provides an excellent environment to teach qualities that are essential for a person to be productive in today's society. Are we willing to accept the responsibility of teaching the student-athlete that grades and personal conduct are important and that respect is in vogue and not passe?

When we teach the basic standards of success and are not consumed by winning at all costs, we can turn the tide on the decay of athletics and, more importantly, on the decay of traditional values.

*Lyle is an associate professor of physical education and head soccer and baseball coach at Grove City College.*

### Have a story or photo idea?

Mail stories and photos to: Jack Copeland, Managing Editor, The NCAA News, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2122

# Officiating videos now available

Basketball officiating video cassettes are available from the NCAA in preparation for the 1992-93 season.

Instructional videotapes for both the men's and the women's game can be ordered by using the form that accompanies this story. The instructional tapes are available in VHS format for \$15.

The 1992-93 men's instructional video (VII) demonstrates hanging on the rim, principle of verticality, rough low-post play, coach and bench decorum, and taunting and baiting—points of emphasis in this year's rules.

The 1992-93 women's instructional video (VII) demonstrates blocking, charging, post play, screening and other special situations.

Videotapes of one of the men's and one of the women's regional officiating clinics can be purchased for \$20 after October 30.

In their seventh year, the regional clinics are administered by the NCAA Basketball Officiating Committee. All supervisors of officials, officials and head coaches in Division I are required to attend one of the 1992 clinics.

The women's clinics will be conducted by Marcy Weston, secretary-rules editor of the NCAA Women's Basketball Rules Committee and coordinator of women's basketball officiating. Weston will be assisted by Bill Stokes, supervisor of officials for the Metro Conference.

The men's officiating clinics will be conducted by Henry O. Nichols, secretary-rules editor of the NCAA Men's Basketball Rules Committee and coordinator of men's basketball officiating. Nichols will be assisted by Don Shea, former Division I basketball official.

Copies of instructional video cassettes from previous years and from past clinics also can be purchased.

Purchase Order Form NCAA OFFICIATING VIDEO CASSETTES				
8201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422 Telephone 913/339-1906				
Name _____		Date _____		
Street _____				
City/State/Zip _____				
Telephone _____				
Quantity	Name of Video Cassette	Format	Unit Price	Amount
	<b>Men's Instruction VII (1992-93)</b> Hanging on the rim, principle of verticality, rough low-post play, coach and bench decorum, taunting and baiting, philosophy of officiating (20 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Instruction VI (1991-92)</b> Traveling, verticality, post play, screening and miscellaneous violations (40 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Instruction V (1990-91)</b> Blocking, charging, continuous motion, miscellaneous violations, court-coverage philosophy (50 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Instruction IV (1989-90)</b> Intentional foul, screening, principle of verticality, post play (50 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Instruction III (1988-89)</b> Five seconds closely guarded, three seconds in lane, hand checking (30 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Instruction II (1987-88)</b> Basket interference, goaltending, intentional foul and traveling (40 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction VII (1992-93)</b> Blocking, charging, post play, screening and special situations (20 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction VI (1991-92)</b> Post play, screening, traveling, verticality and block charge (25 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction V (1990-91)</b> Player control, blocking, traveling, screening, principle of verticality and post play (21 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction IV (1989-90)</b> Block-charge, illegal screen, post play, handchecking, principle of verticality, intentional foul and traveling (18 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction III (1988-89)</b> Traveling, charging, blocking, screening and post play (18 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Women's Instruction II (1987-88)</b> Airborne shooter, three-point field goal, charging, blocking, post play and screening (20 min.)	VHS	\$15.00	
	<b>Men's Clinic (1992) 1.5 hours</b> Available after October 25, 1992	VHS	\$20.00	
	<b>Men's Clinic 1991, 1990, 1989, 1988, 1987 or 1986</b> (Cost is \$20 PER YEAR.) Please specify which year(s).	VHS	\$20.00	
	<b>Women's Clinic (1992) 1.5 hours</b> Available after October 25, 1992	VHS	\$20.00	
	<b>Women's Clinic 1991, 1990, 1989, 1988, 1987 or 1986</b> (Cost is \$20 PER YEAR.) Please specify which year(s).	VHS	\$20.00	
All noncredit-card order forms must be accompanied by personal check or money order. NO C.O.D. orders accepted. If "ship to" address is different than above address, please list on a separate piece of paper.				
			<b>TOTAL AMOUNT ENCLOSED</b>	
• Major credit card Card Number _____ Expiration Date _____ Signature (required for credit-card order) _____				

## Other highlights

In other actions at their September 26-27 meeting in Overland Park, Kansas, the NCAA Foreign Student Records Consultants:

■ Reviewed Proposal No. 51 in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation for the 1993 NCAA Convention, with respect to foreign student-athletes who achieve foreign postsecondary degrees that are identified as "baccalaureate" but are not equivalent to a United States baccalaureate degree. The proposed legislation would specify that such foreign student-athletes entering an undergraduate program of studies may be eligible to compete at an NCAA institution as a transfer student, subject to review on a case-by-case basis by the Association's Academic Requirements Committee and its Foreign Student Records Consultants.

■ Reviewed Proposal No. 57 for the 1993 Convention, which would confirm that a foreign student-athlete enrolled in the second phase of a two-tiered secondary diploma system may be considered to be in the final term of secondary education for the purpose of fulfilling the test-score component of the Association's initial-eligibility requirements.

■ Reviewed various editorial changes to the Guide to International Academic Standards for Athletics Eligibility.

■ Discussed the possibility of not publishing a guide for the 1994-95 academic year, pending changes in the initial-eligibility index. The consultants recommended that a guide be published to coincide with the effective date of the new initial-eligibility legislation (August 1995).

## Consultants seek change in international guide for foreign student-athletes

The NCAA Foreign Student Records Consultants spent most of a recent meeting discussing changes needed in the Guide to International Academic Standards for Athletics Eligibility as a result of adoption of the new initial-eligibility index in Bylaw 14.3.1.1.1.1., which goes into effect August 1, 1995.

The consultants met September 26-27 at the NCAA national office.

The NCAA Academic Requirements Committee had recommended that the consultants focus on the scale's end points (i.e., the test scores of 700 SAT/17 ACT, which require a core-course grade-

point average of 2.500, and 900 SAT/21 ACT, requiring a core-course GPA of 2.000) in the revision of the guide.

"Core courses" is not a concept that readily applies in all foreign educational systems," said Daniel T. Dutcher, NCAA director of legislative services. "Some countries can apply it in concept. But there are many other educational systems that are global—based on an all-or-nothing approach."

With the global system, instruction in different areas is combined and culminates in the achievement of a completion document and an exit examination.



Wayne Davis photo

### Joint effort

Greg Schuh (above, left) of Collegiate Sports Design Inc. and Alfred B. White, NCAA director of promotions, address NCAA licensees at the annual licensees' meeting September 23 in Overland Park, Kansas. For the first time, the licensees' meeting was held in conjunction with the NCAA corporate partners' meeting, which took place September 24. The licensees and corporate partners participated in a joint dinner, and the licensees conducted a product display for the corporate partners September 24 in the NCAA Visitors Center. Chuck Cloud of Wincraft (right) was one of several licensees who displayed NCAA Final Four merchandise.



Vikki Watson photo

## Hutchins joins membership services staff

Shawna L. Hutchins has been named as a legislative assistant in the NCAA's membership services group after serving for the past year as an intern on the Association's enforcement staff.



Hutchins holds a bachelor's degree in criminology from the University of Northern Iowa, where she played volleyball, and also has done graduate work at Western Illinois University, where she was a graduate assistant women's volleyball coach.

In addition, she served as head women's volleyball coach at Coe College.

Just before accepting the internship at the NCAA national office, Hutchins was an intern with the Big Eight Conference. While at Western Illinois, Hutchins also worked as a graduate assistant in the Office of Judicial Affairs and Minority Relations.

# Guidelines apply to Division II enhancement fund

Chief executive officers at Division II member institutions have been reminded of guidelines that apply in the administration of the Division II enhancement fund.

A total of \$3 million will be distributed to the Division II membership next year, half of which will go to all eligible Division II members and half of which will go to Division II members based on historical participation in the NCAA Division II Men's Basketball Championship.

In a memorandum to Division

II CEOs, Division II Championships Committee Chair Jerry M. Hughes noted that to receive funds from both pools, an institution must be active and eligible for championships competition and must have declared to participate in all NCAA championships competition listed on the NCAA-NAIA joint declaration form.

The memorandum also listed five guidelines that apply to the distribution of basketball funds:

■ If a conference disbands, the member institutions retain their

basketball pool shares.

■ If an institution leaves a conference and realigns with another or becomes an independent and its original conference continues to operate, the units the institution earned remain with the conference it left.

■ If an independent institution joins a conference, it retains the unit(s) it earned as an independent before the date it elected to join the conference; any units earned after that date accrue to

the basketball fund.

■ No conference shall lose all of its units in the basketball pool if it is represented in the tournament by an institution that later is declared ineligible, in which case the number of units would be reduced to one. However, if more than one institution represented the conference, the ineligible institution's units would be vacated.

■ A conference is defined as one that is composed of at least six institutions. If a conference falls

below the six-team requirement, the basketball pool moneys shall be retained by the conference for a one-year period, and if the conference does not meet the six-team requirement at the end of the year, which shall start September 15 and end September 15 the next year, the funds shall be retained by the member institutions that earned the units.

Members with questions about the Division II enhancement fund may call Dennis L. Poppe at the NCAA national office.

## Ask away: Answers to the most common II fund questions

*Here are answers to some commonly asked questions about the Division II championships enhancement fund:*

*How can an institution be eligible for the enhancement funds?*

To be eligible for the enhancement funds from both the equal-distribution and basketball pools, an institution must be active and eligible for championship competition and must have declared to participate in all NCAA championship competition listed on the NCAA-NAIA joint declaration form. The Division II Championships Committee may grant exceptions only if extenuating circumstances cause an institution to be unable to comply with the established policy. (August 27 memorandum to the Division II membership.)

*How are the equal-distribution funds to be distributed?*

Funds from the equal-distribution pool are distributed to the membership equally, and the checks are sent to the chief executive officers with copies of the letter to the directors of athletics and senior women administrators. (Minutes of Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting.)

*How are the basketball funds to be distributed?*

The basketball funds are distributed according to the number of units earned by a conference's member institutions over a six-year period as a result of their participation in the NCAA Division II Men's Basketball Championship. The check is sent to the conference commissioner. (Minutes of Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting.)

*What happens to the units earned by an institution for the basketball pool when it reclassifies to Division I or III?*

The basketball units stay with the conference. If the institution is an independent, its units are voided. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting. Revised May 1992.)

*What happens to the basketball units earned by an independent institution when it joins a conference?*

It shall retain all of the units it previously earned. However, it shares with the conference any units earned after joining the conference. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting.)

*What happens to the basketball units when a conference disbands?*

The institutions retain their units. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting.)

*What happens to a conference's basketball units when an ineligible institution participates in the championship?*

No conference shall lose all of its units in the basketball

pool if it is represented in the tournament by an institution that later is declared ineligible, in which case the number of units would be reduced to one. If more than one institution represented the conference, the ineligible institution's units would be vacated. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1990 meeting.)

*If an institution earned basketball units during the 1985-89 championships but did not declare all of its sports to participate in the NCAA championships program, is it ineligible for enhancement funds?*

The requirement that all institutions must be active and eligible for NCAA championship competition was not assessed against these institutions; however, in the future, the requirement will be applied to both the equal distribution and the basketball funds. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1991 meeting.)

*During the 1990-91 academic year, an institution had committed to an NAIA championship before the announcement of the procedures. Should the institution be granted an exception?*

It was determined that the institution had committed to the NAIA and would not be eligible for NCAA funds. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's March 7, 1991, telephone conference.)

*If an institution is ineligible due to delinquent dues, is it immediately eligible once it provides payment?*

Once an institution pays its dues, it is immediately eligible. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's March 7, 1991, telephone conference.)

*Does the committee control the distribution of the basketball funds by a conference to its member institutions?*

A conference controls the distribution of its basketball moneys to its member institutions, even if some of them might be ineligible for championships competition. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's March 7, 1991, telephone conference.)

*Do single-gender member institutions receive a full share of the equal distribution fund?*

Both all-male and all-female institutions shall receive a full share of the equal distribution funds. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's March 7, 1991, telephone conference.)

*Are Division I institutions that have designated their women's programs as Division II eligible for the enhancement funds?*

Division I institutions are not eligible to receive funds for those women's programs that have been designated Division II. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's March 7, 1991, telephone conference.)

*What constitutes a conference for the purpose of distributing basketball funds?*

A conference is defined as one that is composed of at least six member institutions. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1991 meeting.)

*What happens to the basketball funds when a conference falls below the six-team requirement?*

The basketball pool moneys shall be retained by the conference for a one-year period. If the conference does not meet the six-member requirement at the end of the year, which shall start September 15 and end September 15 the next year, the funds shall be retained by the member institutions that earned the units. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's December 1991 meeting. Revised May 1992.)

*If two conferences merge to form another conference with a different name, would the new conference still be eligible for basketball funds as a result of its members' participation in the NCAA Division II Men's Basketball Championship?*

Yes, since the newly formed conference is composed of member institutions from previously eligible institutions. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's August 1992 meeting.)

*Is an institution eligible for enhancement funds if it has opted to compete in Division I in one sport?*

Yes. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1992 meeting.)

*If an institution has opted to compete in Division I in one sport but is ineligible in Division I in that sport, is the institution eligible for enhancement funds?*

No. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1992 meeting.)

*When does a member institution become a member in good standing?*

Immediately upon the restoration of its eligibility. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1992 meeting.)

*If an institution has received an exemption from the scholarship limitations per Bylaw 20.8.1.1.1, is it eligible for enhancement funds?*

No. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1992 meeting.)

*When may a revision be made for a conference's six-year rolling average that is computed for the distribution of the basketball funds?*

A conference's rolling average may be adjusted if an institution was ruled ineligible and the units would be withheld for the year(s) the institution was ineligible. (Minutes of the Division II Championships Committee's May 1992 meeting.)

## Administrative Committee minutes

### Conference No. 17 September 23, 1992

1. Acting for the NCAA Council, the Administrative Committee:

a. Appointed Paula Jantz, University of Iowa, and Holly Gera, Montclair State College, to the Women's Softball Committee, replacing Jeri Findlay, and Judy Christ, respectively, both no longer at member in-

stitutions.

b. Appointed Dave Fish, Harvard University, to the Men's and Women's Tennis Committee, replacing Mike DePalmer, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, resigned from committee; confirmed that Scott Perelman's service as chair of that committee is not affected by his move from men's tennis coach at the University of Kansas to associate head coach at the University of Tennessee, Knoxville.

c. Agreed to forward to the U.S. Olympic Committee a number of suggestions of

individuals who might be considered for positions on various USOC committees.

d. Took the following actions regarding requests for waivers of NCAA legislation:

(1) Granted an eligibility waiver per Bylaw 14.9.1.1-(a) to permit a student-athlete in wrestling at Fort Hays State University to receive an additional season of competition due to service in the Persian Gulf war.

(2) Upheld a decision by the national office staff to deny a request by the University of Arizona for an incidental-expense waiver per Bylaw 16.3.1.1 to permit its athlet-

ics department to reimburse an injured student-athlete for the cost of purchasing class notes.

(3) Placed on the agenda for the October Council meeting a request by the University of Notre Dame for a waiver of academic and general eligibility requirements for several student-athletes under the provisions of Bylaw 14.9.1.1-(c).

(4) Concluded that no authority exists to grant a request by George Washington University for a waiver comparable to that in Bylaw 15.5.1.1.3 that would permit the

institution to allow an aided student-athlete who missed a year due to illness to compete again without his financial aid counting against the institution's grant limitation for this year; noted that the authority in Bylaw 15.5.1.1.3 applies only to circumstances in which a student-athlete previously has not been a counter and permits the counting exemption only in the previous year(s).

e. Granted an extension to Florida International University for additional time to

See Minutes, page 17 ▶

# Walsh, Gilbertson, Lewis top new I-A coaches

By Richard M. Campbell  
NCAA ASSISTANT STATISTICS  
COORDINATOR

Stanford's Bill Walsh, California's Keith Gilbertson and Georgia Tech's Bill Lewis are the most successful of the 17 Division I-A coaches new to their current jobs so far this fall.

Walsh's team jumped to 4-1 after a 33-16 victory at Notre Dame October 3. Gilbertson's team is 3-1 after a 42-0 victory over Oregon State, and Lewis' Yellow Jackets also are 3-1 after a last-second 16-13 win over North Carolina State.

Walsh, of course, is the three-time Super Bowl champion coach for the San Francisco 49ers (1985, 1989 and 1990) and the former head coach at Stanford (1977 and 1978). After a season-opening loss to Texas A&M in the Pigskin Classic, Walsh's Cardinal has rebounded with four consecutive victories.

Gilbertson was the offensive coordinator for the undefeated Washington Huskies in 1991 and also served as head coach at Idaho, where he led the Vandals to a 28-9 record over three seasons, including an 11-2 mark in 1988. Lewis came to Georgia Tech after an 11-1 season at East Carolina, where the Pirates rallied to a 37-34 victory over North Carolina State in the Peach Bowl. He also coached three seasons at Wyoming.

Other first-time head coaches with good starts this season include San Jose State's Ron Turner at 3-2 after a 26-24 win at Wyoming and East Carolina's Steve Logan at 2-2.

## Fast I-AA starts

In Division I-AA, Jackson State's James Carson went from longtime defensive coordinator to head coach at his alma mater this year. He is a member of the Tiger Hall of Fame and played offensive guard and nose guard on Jackson State's first two Southwestern Athletic Conference championship teams in 1961 and 1962. He also has the best start among I-AA first-time coaches with a 4-1 record after a 6-3 victory over South Carolina State October 3.

Other fast I-AA starts include Dartmouth's John Lyons at 2-1, Massachusetts' Mike Hodges at 2-1, Idaho State's Brian McNeely at 3-2, Southwest Texas State's Jim Bob Helduser at 3-2, Stephen F. Austin's John Pearce at 2-2 and Towson State's Gordy Combs at 2-2.

In 1991, 10 first-time I-A coaches with no previous head-coaching experience posted a 38-72-1 record for a 34.7 winning percentage. That figure included Bowling Green's Gary Blackney, who tied for the best-ever record by a first-time head coach at 11-1.

Four new I-A coaches are in their first head-coaching seasons

at the four-year level. This group has started 7-10-1 (one has a winning record and one is at .500).

Nine I-AA coaches are in their first head-coaching season, and they have posted a 20-18-0 mark so far. The lists alphabetically, by college:

Division I-A (4)	W-L-T
Steve Logan, East Caro. ....	2-2-0
Ron Turner, San Jose St. ....	3-2-0
Pat Sullivan, Texas Christian ....	1-2-1
Charlie Weatherbie, Utah St. ....	1-4-0

Division I-AA (9)	W-L-T
Sylvester Collins, Bethune-Cookman ....	0-4-0
John Lyons, Dartmouth ....	2-1-0
Brian McNeely, Idaho St. ....	3-2-0
James Carson, Jackson St. ....	4-1-0
Mike Hodges, Massachusetts ....	2-1-0
Cliff Hysell, Montana St. ....	2-3-0
Jim Bob Helduser, SW Tex. St. ....	3-2-0
John Pearce, Stephen F. Austin ....	2-2-0
Gordy Combs, Towson St. ....	2-2-0

There are no undefeated records remaining among either the 13 I-A/I-AA new coaches or the 17 I-A/I-AA new coaches with former head-coaching experience.

The I-A coaches stand 23-34-0, and the I-AA coaches are 8-7-0:

Division I-A (13)	W-L-T
Bruce Snyder, Arizona St. ....	1-3-0
Ray Perkins, Arkansas St. ....	1-4-0
Keith Gilbertson, California ....	3-1-0
Bill Lewis, Georgia Tech ....	3-1-0
Lou Tepper, Illinois ....	2-2-0
Mark Duffner, Maryland ....	1-4-0
Jim Wacker, Minnesota ....	1-3-0
Dennis Franchione, New Mexico ....	1-4-0
Gary Barnett, Northwestern ....	1-3-0
Chuck Shelton, Pacific (Cal.) ....	1-4-0
Bill Walsh, Stanford ....	4-1-0
John Mackovic, Texas ....	2-2-0

Buddy Teevens, Tulane ....	2-2-0
Mike Cavan, East Tenn. St. ....	3-2-0
Peter Vaas, Holy Cross ....	1-3-0
Al Bagnoli, Pennsylvania ....	2-1-0
Marino Casem, Southern-B. R. ....	2-1-0

Several other coaches with previous head-coaching experience have started fast, including Illinois' Lou Tepper (technically not on a new job after coaching the Illini in the 1991 John Hancock Bowl), Texas' John Mackovic and Tulane's Buddy Teevens, each at 2-2 in I-A. East Tennessee State's Mike Cavan is 3-2 in I-AA.

## Interesting backgrounds

Several of the coaches in new positions have interesting backgrounds. Arkansas State's Ray Perkins played at Alabama under the legendary Bear Bryant and coached at his alma mater from 1983-86. He also coached the New York Giants and Tampa Bay in the National Football League.

Texas Christian's Pat Sullivan won the Heisman Trophy as a quarterback at Auburn (1971), where he also was an assistant coach.

Minnesota's Jim Wacker has had other head-coaching stops at Texas Lutheran, North Dakota State, Southwest Texas State and Texas Christian. He has won four national championships (two NAIA titles at Texas Lutheran in 1974 and 1975 and two NCAA Division

II crowns at Southwest Texas State in 1981 and 1982).

New Mexico's Dennis Franchione brought one of the outstanding records to the I-A ranks at 80-19-2 with head-coaching stints at Southwestern (Kansas), Pittsburg State and Southwest Texas State. He posted a 53-6 mark at Pittsburg State.

Texas' Mackovic is another college coach with professional experience. He was the Kansas City Chiefs' head coach from 1983 to 1986 and coached at Wake Forest and Illinois. In college, he was the quarterback in the Wake Forest backfield that included his close friend, the late Brian Piccolo.

Southern-Baton Rouge's Marino Casem is back at the Jaguars' helm after being out of coaching since 1988. He posted a 154-87-8 record in 25 years at Alabama State, Alcorn State (22 years) and Southern-Baton Rouge (1987-88). He has started 2-1.

Pennsylvania's Al Bagnoli left Union (New York) after compiling an 85-19 record, including an NCAA Division III runnerup finish in 1989. He is 2-1 following Pennsylvania's 13-10 win October 3 at Fordham.

Maryland's Mark Duffner won his first game as a I-A head coach after four consecutive losses—a 47-34 duel over Pittsburgh. Duffner was 60-5-1 over the last six years at Holy Cross.

## Football

### Division I institutions that play Division II or III football face few options next year

► Continued from page 1

play football in Division III and two that play in Division II. The Eastern College Athletic Conference (ECAC) Intercollegiate Football Conference will contain 12 Division I schools and nine Division II schools that play football below their classification.

"The conference schools will be able to conduct their programs as they always have: cost-containment, nonscholarship football," said ECAC Commissioner Clayton W. Chapman. "They can play their traditional Division III rivals if they have them and play enough games against each other to meet the divisional scheduling requirements."

"Basically, it boils down to getting a schedule and being assured of a schedule that meets the division requirements," Chapman said of the impetus behind the formation of the ECAC conference, which will begin play next season.

## Restrictive rules

The conference's regulations regarding coaching limitations, recruiting, financial aid and spring football are more restrictive than NCAA Divisions I-AA and II bylaws, so conference teams should be no more or less competitive than nonconference cost-containment programs.

The Pioneer League has set up similar guidelines in the hopes that its schools can continue to schedule Division III opponents, some of which are traditional rivals. Most Pioneer League teams would have to travel a great dis-

tance to find a Division I-AA non-conference school that plays cost-containment football.

"We want to be able to play institutions that subscribe to the Division III financial aid theory," said R. Elaine Dreidame, NCAA Division I vice-president and senior associate athletics director at the University of Dayton, which will be in the Pioneer League.

## Geography a factor

Scheduling is likely to be more difficult for the handful of non-scholarship Division I-AA programs that are not in either of the new conferences and are geographically isolated from similar I-AA programs.

The 1993 NCAA Convention will consider a proposal (No. 142) that would provide such teams an opportunity for a waiver of the Division I-AA scheduling requirements if there are fewer than six other similar Division I-AA football programs within 500 miles. If this geographical waiver is rejected, these institutions will face huge travel costs trying to fill a schedule that meets divisional requirements.

But even with a geographical waiver, some athletics directors are not convinced that true cost-containment football can be accomplished at the Division I-AA level.

## Lacking 'proof'

"Eventually, Division III schools will find it difficult to play I-AA opponents," said Francis X. Rienzo, athletics director at Georgetown University. "I think there will be a

## Facing reclassification

Following are the 27 institutions that are classified in Division I but play Division II or III football in 1992:

University of Alabama at Birmingham  
State University of New York at Buffalo  
Butler University  
California State University, Northridge  
California State University, Sacramento  
Canisius College  
Central Connecticut State University  
Charleston Southern University  
Davidson College  
University of Dayton  
Drake University  
Duquesne University  
University of Evansville  
Georgetown University

Hofstra University  
Iona College  
Marist College  
University of San Diego  
Santa Clara University  
Siena College  
Southern Utah University  
St. Francis College (Pennsylvania)  
St. John's University (New York)  
St. Mary's College (California)  
St. Peter's College  
Valparaiso University  
Wagner College

gradual erosion of confidence that we share a commitment to the Division III way of conducting football. That will wipe out the comfort level of Division III schools."

The schools most likely to experience this are the 11 Division I institutions that play cost-containment football but are not members of the two newly formed conferences and, thus, cannot rely on conference regulations as "proof" of their commitment to the Division III philosophy.

But even if there are plenty of Divisions II and III opponents to fill out the balance of the schedules, Rienzo does not think that institutions should be put in the position of having to break longstanding relationships with institutions that share the same philosophy about football.

"We are being forced to change the entire profile of who we are playing," he said. "Some people say, 'Play anybody,' but we would like to play schools with the same philosophy about football. People will say, 'Change your philosophy,' but I don't think that's what the Presidents Commission or the Convention had in mind (in supporting the elimination of multidivision classification)."

## A signal?

Rienzo acknowledges that the arguments against multidivision classification are valid, but he believes that the need for cost-containment football transcends the need for single-division alignment. His institution is a cosponsor of proposals, to be voted upon at the 1993 Convention, that would allow Division I institutions to conduct

"unclassified" football programs (Proposal No. 137) or be classified in Division II or III in football and not be eligible for the respective championship (Proposal No. 138).

But others believe that the NCAA membership's reluctance to change division-membership legislation is a signal that cost-containment football programs need to find a place within their own divisional structure.

"I realize that not everybody is jumping for joy (about the low-cost alliance within Division I-AA)," said Chapman. "But let's let the dust settle and see what happens before we make major changes, such as adopting unclassified football. The multidivision-classification deadline is less than a year away, and we are constantly having to backpedal and rethink how we are going to proceed."



# Division I-A leaders Through October 3

RUSHING										
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG			
Marshall Faulk, San Diego St.	So	4	110	837	7.6	9	209.25			
Terry Kirby, Virginia	Sr	5	106	752	7.1	4	150.40			
Mario Bates, Arizona St.	So	3	66	441	6.7	4	147.00			
Russell White, California	Sr	4	52	523	5.7	5	130.75			
Adrian Murrell, West Va.	Sr	5	109	648	5.9	4	129.60			
Garrison Hearst, Georgia	Jr	5	89	642	7.2	10	128.40			
Shaunbe Wright-Fair, Washington St.	Sr	4	95	500	5.3	6	125.00			
Winslow Oliver, New Mexico	Fr	5	130	598	4.6	1	119.60			
David Small, Cincinnati	Jr	4	96	461	4.8	7	115.25			
Ryan Benjamin, Pacific (Cal.)	Sr	5	107	576	5.4	6	115.20			
Corey Croom, Balli St.	Sr	5	137	574	4.2	2	114.80			
Reggie Brooks, Notre Dame	Sr	5	58	573	9.9	7	114.60			
Trevor Cobb, Rice	Sr	4	80	456	5.7	3	114.00			
Chuckie Dukes, Boston College	Sr	5	94	549	5.8	3	109.80			
Tico Duckett, Michigan St.	Sr	4	69	432	6.3	4	108.00			
Eric Gallon, Kansas St.	Sr	3	70	315	4.5	1	105.00			
Mark Mason, Maryland	Jr	5	96	523	5.4	1	104.60			
Derek Brown, Nebraska	Jr	4	62	407	6.6	4	101.75			
Travis Sims, Hawaii	Sr	3	56	305	5.4	0	101.67			
Leshon Johnson, Northern Ill.	Sr	5	109	505	4.6	3	100.20			
Calvin Jones, Nebraska	So	4	49	401	8.2	3	101.25			

PASSING EFFICIENCY										
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	ATT	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 att. per game)										
Kordell Stewart, Colorado	So	3	67	43	64.18	3	4.48	742	11.07	182.7
Bobby Goodman, Virginia	Sr	5	116	76	65.52	4	4.17	924	9.63	173.7
Cale Gundy, Oklahoma	Jr	4	96	62	64.58	4	2.86	497	7.10	157.7
Todd Collins, Michigan	Jr	3	70	50	71.43	2	2.86	497	7.10	157.7
Alex Van Pelt, Pittsburgh	Sr	5	182	111	60.99	7	3.85	1617	8.88	151.5
Glenn Foley, Boston College	Jr	5	97	59	60.82	5	5.15	909	9.37	149.6
John Saccia, Penn St.	Jr	4	83	44	53.01	0	0	660	9.95	147.6
Peter Gardere, Texas	Sr	4	109	66	60.55	5	4.59	949	8.71	145.7
J. J. Joe, Baylor	Jr	5	75	31	41.33	2	2.67	730	9.73	144.2
Spence Fischer, Duke	So	3	55	32	58.18	2	3.64	490	8.91	143.7
Eric Zeier, Georgia	So	5	122	69	56.56	5	4.10	1138	9.33	142.9
Joe Youngblood, Central Mich.	Jr	5	111	70	63.06	4	3.60	906	8.16	142.3
Rob Johnson, Southern Cal.	So	3	89	41	59.42	3	4.35	555	8.04	141.8
Marvin Graves, Syracuse	Jr	4	87	50	57.47	6	6.90	859	9.87	141.8
Trent Duffer, Fresno St.	So	5	131	68	51.91	7	5.34	1086	8.29	138.6

TOTAL OFFENSE										
	CAR	RUSHING	PASSING	YDS	PLS	YDS	YDPL	TDR*	YDSPG	
Marquel Fleetwood, Minnesota	52	344	102	242	187	1079	239	1321	5.53	330.25
Alex Van Pelt, Pittsburgh	8	19	50	31	182	1617	190	1586	8.35	317.20
Michael Anderson, East Caro.	8	4	27	-23	186	1280	194	1257	6.48	314.25
Drew Bledsoe, Washington St.	25	52	80	-28	173	1220	198	1192	6.02	298.00
Frank Dolce, Utah	16	34	22	12	146	1166	162	1178	7.27	294.50
Gino Torretta, Miami (Fla.)	17	63	42	21	167	1144	184	1165	6.33	291.25
Charlie Ward, Florida St.	48	256	107	149	171	1303	219	1452	6.63	290.40
John Kaleo, Maryland	35	98	59	39	217	1411	252	1450	5.75	290.00
Trent Green, Indiana	38	173	114	59	143	1025	181	1084	5.99	271.00
Kordell Stewart, Colorado	20	123	59	64	67	742	87	806	9.26	268.67
Chris Vargas, Nevada	14	28	29	-1	217	1313	231	1312	5.68	262.40
Chip Hileary, Kansas	31	286	35	251	99	762	130	1013	7.79	253.25
Robert Hall, Texas Tech.	60	199	175	24	158	1213	218	1237	5.67	247.40
Peter Gardere, Texas	29	88	86	2	109	949	138	951	6.89	237.75
Brad Tayles, Western Mich.	30	64	85	-21	163	1203	193	1182	6.12	236.40
Joe Hughes, Wyoming	54	168	127	41	167	1133	221	1174	5.31	234.80
Shane Matthews, Florida	17	45	59	9	108	713	125	704	5.63	234.67
Jimmy Klingler, Houston	14	28	46	-18	135	954	149	936	6.28	234.00
Cale Gundy, Oklahoma	17	52	45	7	96	924	113	931	8.24	232.75
Kevin Meger, Toledo	26	133	41	92	103	592	129	684	5.30	228.00

\*Touchdowns responsible for

SCORING										
	CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG			
Marshall Faulk, San Diego St.	So	4	9	0	0	54	13.50			
Garrison Hearst, Georgia	Jr	5	11	0	0	66	13.20			
David Small, Cincinnati	Jr	4	8	0	0	48	12.00			
Tyrone Wheatley, Michigan	So	3	6	0	0	36	12.00			
Richie Anderson, Penn St.	Sr	5	9	2	0	56	11.20			
Natrone Means, North Caro.	Jr	5	9	2	0	56	11.20			
Aaron Price, Washington St.	Jr	4	0	9	8	33	11.00			
Dan Fichtler, Kansas	Jr	4	0	21	7	42	10.50			
Craig Thomas, Michigan St.	So	5	7	16	11	49	9.80			
Shaunbe Wright-Fair, Washington St.	Sr	4	6	0	0	36	9.00			
Nelson Welch, Clemson	So	4	0	12	8	36	9.00			
Maurice Douglas, Kansas	Sr	4	6	0	0	36	9.00			
Ryan Yarbrough, Wyoming	Sr	5	7	2	0	44	8.80			
Doug Brien, California	Jr	4	0	14	7	35	8.75			
Scott Sisson, Georgia Tech.	Sr	4	0	8	9	35	8.75			
Dan Mowrey, Florida St.	So	5	0	19	8	43	8.60			
Eric Abrams, Stanford	Fr	4	0	13	7	34	8.50			
Clayton Driver, East Caro.	Sr	4	5	4	0	34	8.50			
Reggie Brooks, Notre Dame	Sr	5	7	0	0	42	8.40			
Adrian Murrell, West Va.	Sr	5	7	0	0	42	8.40			
Glyn Milburn, Stanford	Sr	5	7	0	0	42	8.40			
Eric Drage, Brigham Young	Jr	5	7	0	0	42	8.40			
Chris Gardner, Mississippi St.	Sr	4	0	6	9	33	8.25			
Pat Blottiaux, Colorado	So	4	0	18	5	33	8.25			
Aaron Piepkorn, Minnesota	Sr	4	0	9	8	33	8.25			

NCAA statistics are available on the Collegiate Sports Network.

# Division I-A team Through October 3

PASSING OFFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	ATT	TD	YDSPG	
East Caro.	4	236	126	8	53.4	1598	6.8	12	399.5	
Washington St.	4	187	107	7	57.2	1372	7.3	9	343.0	
Houston	4	209	129	7	61.7	1369	6.6	11	342.3	
Brigham Young	5	187	96	9	51.3	1689	9.0	14	337.8	
Pittsburgh	5	186	113	8	60.8	1625	8.7	13	325.0	
Nevada	5	261	141	14	54.0	1589	6.1	7	317.8	
Miami (Fla.)	4	188	99	5	52.7	1247	6.6	8	311.8	
Colorado	4	121	73	3	60.3	1247	10.3	13	311.8	
Maryland	5	234	135	9	57.7	1543	6.6	8	308.6	
Utah	4	146	86	6	58.9	1166	8.0	8	291.5	
Pacific (Cal.)	5	202	120	10	59.4	1438	7.1	7	287.6	
Florida	3	121	63	8	52.1	810	6.7	6	270.0	
Minnesota	4	187	96	5	51.3	1079	5.8	6	269.8	
Florida St.	5	177	93	11	52.5	1319	7.5	10	263.8	
Wyoming	5	197	99	12	50.3	1296	6.6	9	259.2	

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	ATT	TD	PTS	
Georgia	5	125	52	41.60	7	5.60	520	4.16	0	65.34
Alabama	5	119	52	43.70	7	5.88	535	4.50	1	84
Boston College	5	121	53	43.80	8	6.61	492	4.07	3	74.92
Kansas	4	96	40	41.67	7	7.89	461	4.80	2	2.08
Stanford	5	158	63	39.87	6	3.80	689	4.36	4	2.53
Auburn	5	127	49	38.58	8	6.30	635	5.00	4	3.15
Akron	4	109	45	41.28	7	6.42	589	5.40	2	1.83
Washington	4	92	40	43.48	7	7.61	573	6.23	2	2.17
Louisiana St.	5	130	63	48.46	8	6.15	746	5.74	2	1.54
Arizona	5	173	88	50.87	10	5.78	925	5.35	3	1.73
Washington St.	4	149	63	42.28	6	4.03	834	5.60	4	2.68
Southern Cal.	3	108	49	46.23	4	3.77	494	4.66	4	3.77
Texas A&M	5	154	78	50.65	7	4.55	825	4.36	2	1.30
Cincinnati	4	95	51	53.68	3	3.16	455	4.79	1	1.05
Kansas St.	3	110	59	53.64	8	7.27	642	5.84	1	91.12

	TURNOVER MARGIN			TURNOVERS LOST			MARGIN /GAME
	FUM	INT	TOTAL	FUM	INT	TOTAL	
Washington	5	7	12	1	2	3	2.25
Kansas St.	0	8	8	1	1	2	2.00
Hawaii	10	2	12	5	1	6	2.00
Tennessee	9	6	15	4	2	6	1.80
Arizona	4	10	14	1	4	5	1.80
Akron	7	7	14	4	4	8	1.50
Miami (Fla.)	8	4	12	3	3	6	1.50
Penn St.	4	8	12	5	0	5	1.40
Air Force	3	11	14	4	3	7	1.40
Illinois	9	3	12	3	4	7	1.25
Auburn	9	8	17	3	8	11	1.20
Northern Ill.	9	7	16	7	3	10	1.20
Alabama	10	7	17	6	5	11	1.20

## Division I-AA leaders Through October 3

RUSHING										
CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG				
Keith Elias, Princeton	Jr	3	88	686	7.8	6	228.67			
Kelvin Anderson, Southeast Mo. St.	So	4	89	634	7.1	6	158.50			
Toby Davis, Illinois St.	Sr	5	154	737	4.8	10	147.40			
Everette Sands, Citadel	Jr	5	109	732	6.7	6	146.40			
Tony Vinson, Towson St.	Jr	4	100	582	5.8	4	145.50			
Walter Dunson, Middle Tenn. St.	Sr	4	86	564	6.6	7	141.00			
Erik Marsh, Lafayette	So	4	102	549	5.4	0	137.25			
Markus Thomas, Eastern Ky.	Sr	4	91	530	5.8	4	132.50			
Kenny Sims, James Madison	Sr	5	95	642	6.8	9	128.40			
Carl Trimble, Furman	Sr	5	77	626	8.1	6	125.20			
Eric Gant, Grambling	Jr	5	95	626	6.6	9	125.20			
Uly Scott, Richmond	So	4	108	461	4.3	3	115.25			
Derrick Hollins, East Tenn. St.	Jr	5	121	573	4.7	3	114.60			
Yonel Jourdain, Southern Ill.	Sr	4	64	458	7.2	4	114.50			
Surkano Edwards, Samford	Sr	4	66	448	6.8	3	112.00			
Jamod Johnson, Jackson St.	Sr	5	98	559	5.7	6	111.80			
Mark Lookenbill, Lehigh	Sr	3	77	333	4.3	5	111.00			
D. Ridgell, Northwestern (La.)	Jr	4	61	436	7.1	2	109.00			
Kevin Thigpen, Western Caro.	Jr	4	88	419	4.8	4	104.75			
Sylvester Jones, Idaho St.	Sr	5	72	523	7.3	4	104.60			
Tamron Smith, Youngstown St.	Jr	5	121	522	4.3	11	104.40			
Keith Price, Yale	Jr	3	74	313	4.2	4	104.33			

PASSING EFFICIENCY										
CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	PCT	RATING
(Min. 15 att. per game)										
Greg Lilly, Richmond	Jr	4	78	51	65.38	1,280	100.00	12	16.67	225.5
Erik Williams, James Madison	Sr	5	89	57	64.04	1,069	120.01	11	12.36	194.5
Ricky Jordan, Jackson St.	Jr	5	102	59	57.84	1,235	107.10	9	8.82	169.8
Stacy Moore, Texas Southern	So	4	93	50	53.76	1,068	9.29	11	11.83	165.7
Mark Tennessee, Eastern Wash.	So	4	115	70	60.87	1,068	9.29	10	8.70	164.1
Travis Kopp, Bucknell	So	5	109	73	66.97	1,275	8.86	10	9.17	159.4
Shawn Knight, William & Mary	Jr	4	67	39	58.21	1,068	9.29	4	5.97	158.7
Doug Nussmeier, Idaho	Jr	4	120	74	61.67	1,063	8.86	8	6.67	156.4
Jay Fiedler, Dartmouth	Jr	3	89	54	60.67	1,063	8.86	9	10.11	153.2
Jay Johnson, Northern Iowa	Sr	4	87	41	47.13	1,063	8.86	8	9.20	150.9
Lonnie Galloway, Western Caro.	Jr	4	76	43	56.58	1,063	8.86	5	6.58	148.2
Tony Scales, Va. Military	Sr	5	79	43	54.43	1,063	8.86	3	3.80	143.6
Scott Gabbert, Southern Ill.	Sr	5	119	71	59.66	1,063	8.86	7	5.88	138.4
Donny Simmons, Western Ill.	Sr	5	140	84	60.00	1,063	8.86	11	7.86	136.9
Steve McNair, Alcorn St.	So	4	166	94	56.63	1,063	8.86	8	4.82	135.6
Tom Kirchhoff, Lafayette	Sr	4	119	69	57.98	1,063	8.86	10	8.40	135.6
Bill Vergantino, Delaware	Sr	4	83	40	48.19	1,063	8.86	7	8.43	134.7
Alex Perkins, Grambling	Sr	5	109	47	43.12	1,063	8.86	11	10.09	132.5
James Martin, Weber St.	Sr	5	218	134	61.47	1,063	8.86	10	4.59	132.1
Tom Colombo, Villanova	Sr	4	72	43	59.72	1,063	8.86	5	6.94	131.0

TOTAL OFFENSE										
CL	G	CAR	YDS	AVG	TD	YDSPG				
Steve McNair, Alcorn St.	42	292	46	246	166	1342	208	1588	7.63	13
Jamie Martin, Weber St.	33	90	124	34	218	1607	251	1573	6.27	11
Doug Nussmeier, Idaho	24	221	49	172	120	1063	144	1235	8.58	11
Erik Williams, James Madison	82	393	101	292	89	1069	171	1361	7.96	14
Mark Tennessee, Eastern Wash.	29	71	87	16	115	1068	144	1052	7.31	12
Jay Fiedler, Dartmouth	29	99	21	78	89	698	118	776	6.58	11
Stacy Moore, Texas Southern	23	167	74	93	93	926	116	1019	8.78	11
Scott Semptimpheller, Lehigh	28	29	113	84	157	1098	185	1014	5.48	5
Greg Lilly, Richmond	25	64	60	4	78	1000	103	1004	9.75	15
Dan Crowley, Towson St.	7	32	42	10	142	1009	149	999	6.70	6
Ralph Barone, Northeastern	25	128	73	55	139	924	164	979	5.97	10
Ricky Jordan, Jackson St.	32	190	93	97	102	1077	134	1174	8.76	12
Keith Elias, Princeton	88	703	17	686	0	0	88	686	7.80	6
Jason Liley, Southeast Mo. St.	14	50	50	0	121	899	135	899	6.66	4
Travis Stuart, Boise St.	34	214	45	169	164	950	198	1119	5.65	8
James Wade, Tennessee St.	39	119	71	48	104	840	143	888	6.21	5
Bill Lazor, Cornell	30	80	52	28	93	635	123	663	5.39	5
Darin Hinchaw, Central Fla.	20	37	63	26	116	891	136	865	6.36	10
Tom Kirchhoff, Lafayette	20	58	43	15	119	849	139	864	6.22	11
Michael Payton, Marshall	28	100	68	32	96	802	124	834	6.73	5

SCORING							
	CL	G	TD	XP	FG	PTS	PTPG
Sherriden May, Idaho	So	4	9	0	0	54	13.50
Tamron Smith, Youngstown St.	Jr	5	11	0	0	66	13.20
Toby Davis, Illinois St.	Sr	5	10	0	0	60	12.00
Harry Brown, Alcorn St.	Jr	4	8	0	0	48	12.00
Dakiel Shorts, Delaware St.	Sr	4	8	0	0	48	12.00
Keith Elias, Princeton	Jr	3	6	0	0	36	12.00
Rod Booths, Richmond	Jr	4	7	2	0	44	11.00
Kenny Sims, James Madison	Sr	5	9	0	0	54	10.80
Eric Gant, Grambling	Jr	5	9	0	0	54	10.80
Kelvin Anderson, Southeast Mo. St.	So	4	7	0	0	42	10.50
Walter Dunson, Middle Tenn. St.	Sr	4	7	0	0	42	10.50
Kenny Shedd, Northern Iowa	Sr	4	7	0	0	42	10.50
Joe Roger, Texas Southern	Jr	4	7	0	0	42	10.50
Orlando Hatchett, Marshall	Sr	4	7	0	0	42	10.50
Mark Lookenbill, Lehigh	Sr	3	5	0	0	30	10.00
Dennis Durkin, Dartmouth	Sr	3	0	14	5	29	9.67
Jeff Wilkins, Youngstown St.	Jr	5	0	22	8	46	9.20
Chris Flood, Lafayette	Jr	4	6	0	0	36	9.00
Tony Brooks, Eastern Wash	Jr	4	6	0	0	36	9.00
Mike Cochrane, Cornell	Sr	3	0	9	6	27	9.00
Mike Hollis, Idaho	Jr	4	0	20	5	35	8.75
Franco Grilla, Central Fla.	Sr	4	0	16	6	34	8.50
Barry Turner, North Caro. A&T	Jr	5	7	0	0	42	8.40
Ron Dyson, Grambling	So	5	7	0	0	42	8.40

## Division I-AA team Through October 3

PASSING OFFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	INT	PCT	YDS	YDS/ATT	TD	YDSPG	
Alcorn St	4	168	94	5	56.0	1342	8.0	8	335.5	
Weber St	5	231	138	9	59.7	1671	7.2	11	334.2	
Montana	5	253	129	11	51.0	1555	6.1	10	311.0	
Tennessee St	4	134	69	6	51.5	1144	8.5	5	286.0	
Texas Southern	4	122	66	6	54.1	1132	9.3	14	283.0	
Idaho	4	125	78	1	62.4	1123	9.0	8	280.8	
Eastern Wash	4	118	72	2	61.0	1099	9.3	10	274.8	
Lehigh	4	157	86	7	54.8	1098	7.0	5	274.5	
Rhode Island	4	150	75	9	50.0	1093	7.3	8	273.3	
Richmond	4	83	56	1	67.5	1069	12.9	13	267.3	
Towson St	4	143	71	8	49.7	1061	7.4	7	265.3	
Central Fla	4	127	60	8	47.2	1046	8.2	12	261.5	
Lafayette	4	139	81	6	58.3	1039	7.5	12	259.8	
Western Caro	4	93	51	7	54.8	1015	10.9	8	253.8	
New Hampshire	5	188	109	8	58.0	1245	6.6	4	249.0	
PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE										
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	PCT	YDS	ATT	TD	RATING
Citadel	5	97	42	43.30	7	722	409	4.22	0	64.28
Southern-B.R	3	69	21	30.43	2	290	264	3.83	2	66.34
Middle Tenn. St.	4	105	45	42.86	7	657	589	5.61	1	95.79
Holy Cross	4	64	27	42.19	2	313	303	4.73	1	80.86
Northern Iowa	4	94	39	41.49	7	745	555	5.90	2	83.21
Columbia	3	82	38	46.34	6	732	485	5.91	1	122
Jackson St.	5	140	55	39.29	10	714	907	6.48	3	124
Pennsylvania	3	95	43	45.26	6	632	425	4.47	5	87.58
Tenn.-Martin	4	78	38	48.72	4	513	382	4.90	2	88.06
William & Mary	4	107	52	48.60	7	654	599	5.60	2	187
Delaware St.	4	103	41	39.81	4	388	552	5.36	4	88.87
Southeast Mo. St.	4	60	30	50.00	3	500	328	5.47	1	167
East Tenn. St.	5	105	52	49.52	6	571	557	5.30	3	82.08
Fordham	4	118	61	51.69	8	678	690	5.85	2	169
Dartmouth	3	96	47	48.96	9	938	607	6.32	3	133
TURNOVER MARGIN										
	TURNOVERS GAINED				TURNOVERS LOST				MARGIN	
	FUM	INT	TOTAL	FUM	INT	TOTAL		/GAME		
Massachusetts	8	6	14	3	2	5		3.00		
Richmond	6	6	11	2	1	3		2.75		
Cornell	5	8	14	2	1	3		2.67		
Northern Iowa	8	7	15	3	2	5		2.50		
Grambling	10	11	21	6	3	9		2.40		
Harvard	6	5	11	3	1	4		2.33		
Youngstown St.	7	10	17	3	3	6		2.20		
Ga. Southern	5	4	9	1	0	1		2.00		
Connecticut	2	9	11	2	1	3		2.00		
Montana St.	6	8	14	3	1	4		2.00		
Idaho	3	8	11	3	1	4		1.75		
Eastern Wash.	3	9	12	3	2	5		1.75		
Western Ky	9	4	13	4	2	6		1.75		
Jackson St.	8	10	18	6	4	10		1.60		
Tenn.-Martin	5	4	9	0	3	3		1.50		

Division II leaders Through October 3

RUSHING									
CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG				
Karl Evans, Mo. Southern St.	Sr	5	147	956	9	191.2			
Roger Graham, New Haven	So	5	98	917	13	183.4			
Quincy Tillmon, Emporia St.	Jr	4	114	626	5	156.5			
Leonard Davis, Lenoir-Rhyne	Jr	4	111	599	3	149.8			
Ronald Moore, Pittsburg St.	Sr	5	103	745	10	149.0			
Charles Peoples, Indiana (Pa.)	Sr	4	76	591	8	147.8			
Scott Schulte, Hillsdale	Jr	5	156	737	8	147.4			
Aron Wise, Santa Clara	Sr	5	124	728	9	145.6			
David McCarthy, Chadron St.	Jr	4	117	562	10	140.5			
Jamari Eiland, Grand Valley St.	Jr	4	111	697	11	139.4			
Carlos Fleeks, Hampton	Jr	5	90	694	10	138.8			
Shawn Graves, Wofford	Sr	4	93	664	8	138.8			
Tyrone Rush, North Ala.	Jr	4	60	515	1	128.8			
Rob Clodfelter, Livingstone	Jr	5	126	628	6	125.6			
Kelly Yancy, Morningside	Jr	5	104	619	5	123.8			
Kevin Kimble, Butler	Jr	4	106	494	4	123.5			
Shannon Burnell, North Dak.	Sr	4	103	491	2	122.8			
Craig Harris, American Int'l.	Sr	4	78	471	4	117.8			
Chad Guthrie, Northeast Mo. St.	Sr	5	98	579	7	115.8			
Willie Conway, Albany St. (Ga.)	Jr	4	98	461	6	115.3			
Lucius Cole, Savannah St.	Sr	5	82	573	5	114.6			
Brad Widham, Adams St.	Jr	3	42	343	4	114.3			
Thelbert Withers, N.M. Highlands	Jr	5	77	569	4	113.8			
Jeremy Monroe, Michigan Tech	Jr	5	70	567	7	113.4			
Joe Gough, Wayne St. (Mich.)	So	5	124	567	3	113.4			
Eddie Coleman, Troy St.	Sr	4	66	558	2	111.6			
Preston Jackson, UC Davis	Jr	4	67	436	4	109.0			
A. J. Livingston, New Haven	Jr	5	65	542	11	108.4			
Elliott Armstrong, Elon	Jr	4	63	427	4	106.8			
Ken Frazier, Fayetteville St.	Sr	4	84	427	6	106.8			

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Ken Suhli, New Haven	Sr	5	113	70	61.9	3	1193	13	183.3
Steve Smith, Western St.	Sr	5	121	77	63.6	1	1200	13	180.8
Kurt Coduti, Michigan Tech	Sr	5	88	59	67.0	3	900	9	179.9
John Charles, Portland St.	Sr	4	126	84	66.6	3	1249	11	174.0
Chris Fagan, Millersville	Sr	4	100	64	64.0	1	935	9	170.2
Scott Woods, Indiana (Pa.)	Jr	4	91	53	58.2	3	923	7	162.2
John Cranen, Gardner-Webb	So	5	160	94	58.7	6	1446	16	160.2
Matt Montgomery, Hampton	So	5	87	44	50.5	3	731	11	155.9
Mark Ramstack, Mo. Western St.	Sr	5	129	70	54.2	3	1116	10	147.8
Kent Sikora, Saginaw Valley	Fr	5	75	37	49.3	2	698	5	144.2
Bill Bair, Mansfield	Sr	5	144	95	65.9	9	1158	10	143.9
Chris Livingstone, Northeast Mo. St.	Sr	5	116	75	64.6	5	896	8	143.7
Don Gallett, Kentucky St.	Sr	5	132	67	50.7	8	1177	12	143.6
Greg Ceutilli, East Tex. St.	Jr	4	64	34	53.1	2	616	3	143.2
Daryl Fortenberry, Sonoma St.	Sr	4	108	54	50.0	3	914	9	143.0
Jermaine Whitaker, N.M. Highlands	Jr	4	156	83	53.2	3	1303	11	142.8
Scott Rylance, Augustana (S.D.)	So	5	97	49	50.5	3	762	8	139.7
Kory Wahl, North Dak.	Sr	4	92	60	65.2	4	787	8	137.2
Todd Dufour, Ashland	Jr	5	91	40	43.9	5	769	9	136.6
John Linhart, Slippery Rock	Sr	5	106	58	54.7	8	809	10	134.8
Robb Stamey, Lenoir-Rhyne	Jr	4	68	37	54.4	4	619	3	133.6
Brad Bretz, Cal St. Hayward	Jr	5	123	70	56.9	8	1015	7	132.0
Andy Breault, Kutztown	Sr	4	168	102	60.7	7	1274	8	131.8
Brian Iazic, Grand Valley St.	Sr	5	138	84	60.8	2	998	5	130.7
Jason Stahl, Butler	Jr	4	77	45	58.4	2	589	3	130.4
Khari Jones, UC Davis	Jr	4	113	60	53.1	5	947	5	129.2
Jason Richards, West Liberty St.	Fr	4	106	65	61.3	7	786	6	129.1
Bobby Fresques, Cal St. Sacramento	Sr	4	91	49	53.8	4	745	4	128.4
Chris Oswald, Humboldt St.	Sr	5	77	44	57.1	2	538	4	127.8
John Clayton, Tuskegee	Jr	5	116	60	51.7	5	956	5	126.5
John St. Jacques, Santa Clara	Sr	5	146	76	52.0	3	962	10	125.9
Chad Alexander, Savannah St.	Sr	5	106	48	45.2	3	803	7	125.1

TOTAL OFFENSE									
CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG					
Thad Trujillo, Fort Lewis	So	4	197	1288	322.0				
Andy Breault, Kutztown	Sr	4	194	1274	318.5				
John Charles, Portland St.	Sr	4	151	1223	305.8				
Ken Suhli, New Haven	Sr	5	165	1468	293.6				
John Cranen, Gardner-Webb	So	5	169	1419	283.8				
Jermaine Whitaker, N.M. Highlands	Jr	4	202	1381	276.2				
Khari Jones, UC Davis	Jr	4	155	1067	266.8				
Troy Mott, Wayne St. (Neb.)	Sr	5	215	1317	263.4				
Daryl Fortenberry, Sonoma St.	Sr	4	139	1030	257.5				
Vernon Buck, Wingate	So	4	205	1019	254.8				
Trevor Long, Chadron St.	So	4	127	1001	250.3				
Steve Smith, Western St.	Sr	5	81	1229	245.8				
Bill Bair, Mansfield	Sr	5	184	1202	240.4				
Jeff King, Bloomsburg	So	4	211	1192	238.4				
Dave McDonald, West Chester	So	4	148	928	232.0				
Scott Woods, Indiana (Pa.)	Jr	4	99	921	230.3				
Don Gallett, Kentucky St.	Sr	5	213	1151	230.2				
Brad Widham, Adams St.	Jr	3	101	690	230.0				
Dan Pifer, Calif. (Pa.)	So	5	193	1134	225.8				
Chris Fagan, Millersville	Sr	4	110	901	225.3				
Mark Ramstack, Mo. Western St.	Sr	5	154	1121	224.2				
Brad Bretz, Cal St. Hayward	Jr	5	101	1089	217.8				
Shawn Graves, Wofford	Sr	5	147	1089	216.8				
Brian Tazic, Grand Valley St.	Sr	5	191	1084	216.8				
Wilbur Odom, Angelo St.	Sr	4	110	859	214.8				
Tony Ragone, American Int'l.	Sr	4	157	851	212.8				
Chris Teal, West Ga.	Jr	5	187	1057	211.4				
Kory Wahl, North Dak.	Sr	4	135	837	209.0				
Kurt Coduti, Michigan Tech	Sr	5	114	805	209.0				
Jason Richards, West Liberty St.	Fr	4	149	820	208.0				
Chris Hatcher, Valdosta St.	So	4	171	799	199.8				
Tim Johnson, Elizabeth City St.	Sr	5	200	983	196.6				
Tim Meyers, Clarion	Sr	4	137	783	195.8				
Karl Evans, Mo. Southern St.	Sr	5	148	976	195.2				
Garv Clayton, Tuskegee	Jr	5	164	973	194.6				

Division II team Through October 3

PASSING OFFENSE									
CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDSPG		
Gardner-Webb	5	209	123	58.9	7	1880	376.0		
Western St.	5	186	115	61.8	2	1779	355.8		
Livingstone	4	196	102	52.0	6	1280	320.0		
Fort Lewis	4	172	85	49.4	4	1279	319.8		
Kutztown	4	168	102	60.7	7	1274	318.5		
Portland St.	4	126	84	66.7	3	1247	311.8		
Cal St. Sacramento	4	136	78	57.4	5	1203	300.8		
Bloomsburg	5	213	107	50.2	13	1490	298.0		
Chadron St.	4	130	74	56.9	6	1099	274.8		
St. Mary's (Cal.)	4	184	89	48.4	7	1347	269.4		
Cal St. Chico	4	198	90	45.5	6	1067	266.8		
Indiana (Pa.)	4	101	60	59.4	3	1062	263.0		
Wayne St. (Neb.)	5	188	123	65.4	12	1314	262.8		
N.M. Highlands	5	160	83	51.9	3	1303	260.6		
UC Davis	4	121	65	53.7	5	1012	253.0		
New Haven	5	115	72	62.6	3	1261	252.2		
Sonoma St.	4	113	57	50.4	4	981	245.3		
Mansfield	5	150	100	66.7	9	1214	242.8		
West Chester	4	132	61	46.2	4	970	242.5		
Kentucky St.	5	140	72	51.4	10	1120	242.0		
Tuskegee	5	144	77	53.5	5	1197	239.4		
Millersville	4	104	65	62.5	1	940	235.0		
Clarion	4	146	67	45.9	5	906	226.5		
Angelo St.	4	120	62	51.7	7	903	225.8		
Wingate	4	165	77	46.7	9	903	225.8		
Mo. Western St.	5	132	71	53.8	3	1128	225.6		
West Ga.	5	183	97	53.0	7	1115	223.0		

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Hampton	5	151	49	32.4	14	656	3	56.9	
Fort Valley St.	5	142	55	38.7	18	633	7	67.1	
Augustana (S.D.)	5	137	52	37.9	8	545	4	69.4	
Mankato St.	5	100	35	35.0	7	481	3	71.3	
Winston-Salem	5	119	54	45.3	15	613	3	71.7	
Hillsdale	5	113	41	36.2	13	655	4	73.7	
North Ala.	4	101	40	39.6	8	566	1	74.1	
Millersville	4	139	55	39.5	10	696	3	74.4	
Central Okla.	5	129	51	39.5	13	728	3	74.4	
Valdosta St.	4	66	28	42.4	3	299	1	76.4	
Morehouse	5	144	62	43.0	6	566	4	76.9	
Mississippi Col.	4	46	21	45.6	5	257	1	78.0	
Northern Mich.	5	103	39	37.8	4	542	2	80.7	
Butler	4	124	57	45.9	5	599	1	81.2	
Central Mo. St.	4	76	34	44.7	5	344	3	82.7	
North Dak. St.	4	110	46	41.8	6	619	2	84.2	
Angelo St.	4	78	40	51.2	4	330	2	85.0	
Michigan Tech.	5	157	70	44.5	9	826	4	85.7	
Fayetteville St.	4	123	45	36.5	4	664	4	86.2	
Tuskegee	5	142	53	37.3	8	794	7	89.3	
Northeast Mo. St.	5	142	69	48.5	4	717	2	90.0	
Neb.-Kearney	5	130	66	50.7	6	673	2	90.1	
Pittsburg St.	5	137	63	45.9	7	772	3	90.4	
Wayne St. (Mich.)	5	85	32	37.6	2	509	2	91.0	
Trov St.	5	152	74	48.6	9	870	3	91.4	



# Division III leaders Through September 26

RUSHING									
	CL	G	CAR	YDS	TD	YDSPG			
Derek Tieman, Aurora	Sr	3	60	562	6	187.3			
Rob Johnson, Western Md.	Sr	3	105	558	7	186.0			
Chris Babirad, Wash. & Jeff.	Sr	3	65	521	8	173.7			
Kirk Mathieu, Maine Maritime	Sr	2	59	347	3	173.5			
Dan Pereira, Framingham St.	Sr	2	61	327	1	163.5			
Ryan Reynolds, Thomas More	So	4	124	652	10	163.0			
Trent Nauholz, Simpson	So	3	90	474	6	158.0			
Dwayne Marcus, Gettysburg	Jr	3	72	456	3	152.0			
Wes Stearns, Merchant Marine	Sr	3	44	295	4	147.5			
Rich Vargas, Wis.-Stout	Sr	3	62	442	5	147.3			
Steve Harris, Carroll (Wis.)	So	3	83	580	5	145.0			
Frank Baker, Chicago	Jr	4	126	577	5	144.3			
Derrick Harris, Eureka	Jr	3	62	425	6	141.7			
Carey Bender, Coe	So	2	53	281	4	140.5			
J. P. Peterson, Rensselaer	Jr	3	79	408	2	136.0			
Jason Smith, Wilkes	Jr	3	71	407	3	135.7			
Don Dawson, Ripon	Sr	3	52	405	6	135.0			
Jeff Wittman, Ithaca	Jr	3	77	404	4	134.7			
Steve Dixon, Beloit	Sr	3	79	385	3	128.3			
Cory Sheridan, Lycoming	Sr	3	73	384	5	128.0			
Stanley Drayton, Allegheny	Jr	3	65	382	3	127.3			
Sean Cheatham, Redlands	Fr	3	51	377	1	125.7			
Kris Garrett, Centre	Fr	2	54	249	1	124.5			
Kevin Pieciewicz, Mass. Maritime	Fr	4	51	497	3	124.3			
Craig Woodard, Mercyhurst	So	2	37	246	2	123.0			
John Wells, Sacred Heart	Jr	3	81	365	4	121.7			
Jeremy Hurd, Rochester	Jr	4	64	363	0	119.5			
Dan Coulombe, Norwich	Jr	3	90	478	3	117.7			
Gabe Cooper, Albion	So	3	60	352	6	117.3			
Jon Zimmerman, Luther	Jr	3	66	352	3	117.3			
Willie Beers, John Carroll	Jr	3	75	350	3	116.7			
Isaac Collins, Rochester	Jr								
Jody Stoldt, Muskingum	Jr								

PASSING EFFICIENCY									
	CL	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING
(Min. 15 att per game)									
Andy Scott, Hamilton	Sr	1	15	9	60.0	0	166	2	197.0
Wade Labatte, St. John's (Minn.)	Sr	3	61	35	57.3	2	642	10	193.3
Pat Weaver, Framingham St.	So	2	39	20	51.2	1	322	8	183.2
Steve Keller, Dayton	Sr	3	45	27	60.0	1	428	6	179.4
Guy Simmons, Coe	Jr	3	57	32	56.1	3	613	7	176.4
Jim Ballard, Mount Union	Jr	3	73	47	64.3	1	628	7	165.5
John Koz, Baldwin-Wallace	Jr	3	69	47	68.1	2	559	7	159.6
Russ Young, Sewanee	So	3	60	38	63.3	4	587	5	159.6
Kenton Carr, Eureka	So	4	86	54	62.7	4	764	7	154.9
Steve Austin, Mass.-Boston	Sr	2	70	39	55.7	3	609	7	153.2
Brian Harris, Union (N.Y.)	Sr	3	78	37	47.4	3	651	10	152.2
Mike Montico, Albion	Jr	4	98	60	61.2	3	811	8	151.6
Chris Ochs, Capital	Jr	3	86	35	40.2	3	554	7	149.4
Scott Isphording, Hanover	Jr	3	106	57	53.7	6	1029	8	148.9
Ed Smith, III, Benedictine	Jr	4	127	81	63.7	3	995	9	148.2
Craig Perciavalle, Merchant Marine	Sr	3	63	38	60.3	0	459	5	147.8
Bob Stroppe, Wash. & Jeff.	Sr	3	51	31	60.7	1	384	4	146.0
Chris Hare, Ripon	Jr	3	94	59	62.7	5	642	10	144.6
Tom Miles, Grove City	Jr	2	41	21	51.2	1	350	3	142.2
Chris Delmonaco, Gannon	Jr	3	54	28	51.8	2	471	4	142.2
Jason Koeppel, Loras	Sr	4	80	48	60.0	5	682	5	139.8
Rob Michalowski, Bentley	Sr	3	50	27	54.0	3	378	5	138.5
Adam Hacker, Cal Lutheran	So	2	63	42	66.6	1	481	2	138.0
Jason Gannon, Wis.-La Crosse	Jr	3	69	40	57.9	2	507	5	137.8
Alex Sgouros, MIT	So	2	49	31	63.3	3	386	3	137.4
John Smith, Defiance	Jr	3	62	34	54.8	2	491	4	136.2
Chris Bradford, Ala.-Birmingham	So	3	51	30	58.8	3	422	3	135.9
Jay Kremer, Wis.-Stevens Point	Jr	3	62	37	59.6	3	473	4	135.4
Chad Frazier, Muskingum	Sr	3	71	36	50.7	0	393	4	134.8
Troy Knox, Colorado Col.	Jr	3	63	39	61.9	3	518	4	134.4
Cliff Scott, Buffalo	So	4	134	68	50.7	4	1113	8	134.3

TOTAL OFFENSE									
	CL	G	PLAYS	YDS	YDSPG				
Scott Isphording, Hanover	Jr	3	148	1102	367.3				
Jordan Poznick, Principia	Jr	3	154	856	285.3				
Chip Chevalier, Swarthmore	Sr	3	128	854	284.7				
Steve Austin, Mass.-Boston	Sr	2	85	543	271.5				
Chad Hohne, Evansville	Sr	3	149	807	268.0				
Bill Hyland, Iona	Sr	3	132	804	268.0				
Wade Labatte, St. John's (Minn.)	Sr	3	121	750	250.0				
Drew Robinson, Rhodes	Fr	2	93	497	248.5				
Chris Ings, Wabash	Sr	4	177	987	246.8				
Brian Wild, Cortland St.	Jr	3	104	739	246.3				
Jason Clark, Ohio Northern	Jr	4	133	978	244.5				
Ed Smith, III, Benedictine	So	3	117	728	242.7				
Willie Rivera, Manchester	Sr	2	71	469	234.5				
Willie Reyna, La Verne	Sr	4	167	933	233.3				
Kyle Farnham, Catholic	Sr	2	75	466	233.0				
Tom Monken, III, Wesleyan	So	2	71	463	231.5				
Adam Hacker, Cal Lutheran	Sr	3	135	694	231.3				
John Ramsier, Wooster	So	3	116	673	224.3				
Brent Holsclaw, Ky.-Wesleyan	So	3	139	672	224.0				
Aley Demarest, Georgetown	Jr	3	120	666	222.7				
Chris Hare, Ripon	So	3	101	662	220.7				
Matt Snyder, Alma	Jr	3	132	655	218.3				
Jeff Roth, Upper Iowa	Jr	3	134	642	212.7				
Tom Miles, Grove City	Jr	2	63	428	214.0				
Guy Simmons, Coe	Jr	4	117	811	202.8				
Mike Montico, Albion	Jr	3	80	608	202.7				
Jim Ballard, Mount Union	Sr	4	113	808	202.0				
Kenton Carr, Eureka	Jr	3	91	597	199.0				
Troy Cooper, Denison	Jr	3	88	595	198.3				
Jason Knox, Colorado Col.	Sr	3	84	591	197.0				
Jamey Deangelo, Drake	Jr	3	112	589	196.3				
Len Annetta, Salisbury St.	Jr	3	92	585	195.0				
Josh Szablewski, Lawrence	Jr								

## Division III team Through September 26

PASSING OFFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	YDSPG		
Hanover	3	112	58	51.8	7	1047	349.0		
Mass.-Boston	2	74	40	54.1	5	625	312.5		
Iona	3	134	70	52.2	6	927	309.0		
Principia	3	136	74	54.4	3	860	286.7		
Evansville	3	141	86	61.0	3	859	286.3		
St. John's (Minn.)	3	89	46	51.7	6	847	282.3		
Buffalo	4	140	69	49.3	4	1124	281.0		
Franklin	3	147	74	50.3	4	827	275.0		
Wooster	4	136	81	59.6	8	811	270.3		
III. Benedictine	4	133	84	63.2	4	1053	263.3		
Ohio Northern	3	105	54	51.4	4	775	258.3		
Swarthmore	3	74	39	52.7	6	773	257.7		
Georgetown	3	100	53	53.0	3	754	251.3		
Ala.-Birmingham	3	119	60	50.4	7	753	251.0		
Wabash	4	140	70	50.0	6	1001	250.3		
Catholic	2	74	40	54.1	4	497	248.5		
Cal Lutheran	4	143	73	51.0	6	963	240.8		
Cortland St.	2	63	42	66.7	3	481	240.5		
Rhodes	4	144	76	52.8	6	949	237.0		
Ky.-Wesleyan	3	108	59	54.6	5	711	237.0		
Lebanon Valley	4	134	75	56.0	12	944	236.0		
Worcester Tech	3	90	48	53.3	3	699	233.0		
Colorado Col.	3	96	55	57.3	3	699	233.0		
St. Francis (Pa.)	3	80	43	53.8	3	696	231.7		
LIU-C.W. Post	4	117	62	53.0	9	917	229.3		
Lawrence	3	121	60	49.6	7	687	229.0		

PASS EFFICIENCY DEFENSE									
	G	ATT	CMP	PCT	INT	YDS	TD	RATING	POINTS
Mass.-Dartmouth	3	54	13	24.0	4	111	0	26.6	
St. Peter's	3	59	15	25.4	8	177	0	29.1	
Dayton	3	44	16	36.3	7	149	0	33.0	
Rochester	3	33	33	35.4	7	306	0	48.1	
Emory & Henry	4	98	32	32.6	10	350	2	49.0	
Aurora	3	63	18	28.5	5	259	1	52.5	
Marist	3	117	40	34.1	8	353	3	54.3	
Wash. & Jeff.	3	68	20	29.4	7	276	3	57.5	
St. John's (Minn.)	3	92	35	38.0	8	369	1	57.9	
Carleton	3	77	29	37.6	4	248	1	58.6	
Concordia-Mhead	3	92	33	35.8	7	396	1	60.4	
Mass. Maritime	2	32	14	43.7	3	138	0	61.2	
Carroll (Wis.)	3	72	31	43.0	7	287	1	61.7	
Tufts	1	16	5	31.2	1	82	0	61.8	
Ohio Northern	3	64	22	34.3	2	264	0	62.8	
Hamilton	1	13	5	38.4	1	63	0	63.8	
Cornell College	3	71	27	38.0	5	262	2	64.3	
Hampden-Sydney	3	73	31	42.4	7	326	1	65.4	
Stonehill	3	40	16	40.0	4	179	1	65.9	
Beloit	3	83	34	40.9	8	439	0	66.1	
Iona	3	99	40	40.4	11	504	2	67.6	
John Carroll	3	79	39	49.3	9	387	0	67.8	
Otterbein	3	83	32	38.5	7	422	1	68.3	
Sewanee	3	72	31	43.0	8	329	2	68.4	
St. Norbert	3	34	11	32.3	2	194	0	68.6	
Menlo	3	60	24	40.0	9	304	3	68.9	



# Syracuse receives two years of probation

## I. Introduction.

This case began in December 1990 when a Syracuse, New York, newspaper, The Post-Standard, published a two-part article alleging violations of NCAA legislation within the men's basketball program at Syracuse University. Very shortly after the article was published, Syracuse University, through its director of athletics, sent a copy of the article to the NCAA enforcement staff.

Immediately after publication of the article, the then university's chancellor ordered an internal investigation into the specific allegations contained in the article and into the men's basketball program in general. To implement this directive of the chancellor, the university adopted an action plan December 28, 1990.

Pursuant to the action plan, on January 4, 1991, the chancellor appointed a senior university administrator, a faculty committee and outside legal counsel to conduct the internal investigation. The senior vice-president for business and finance was placed in charge of the internal investigation. The university's NCAA faculty athletics representative was chosen to chair the faculty committee, which consisted of the faculty athletics representative and five other university faculty members. They were charged with the responsibility to oversee the investigation. The investigation itself was conducted primarily by outside legal counsel employed by the university.

In addition to investigating the specific allegations set out in The Post-Standard article, the university reviewed all other possible NCAA violations discovered during the inquiry, whether in the men's basketball program or in any other university athletics program.

The attorneys for the university spent more than 10 months taking testimony from numerous witnesses and reviewing voluminous documents and data concerning all aspects of the university's men's basketball program and certain aspects of other sports within the intercollegiate athletics program.

There were 43 different issues identified by the university from the newspaper article that required investigation to determine if there were violations of NCAA legislation. In the process of the inquiry, the university's staff identified and investigated 57 additional issues. During the investigation, the university kept the NCAA enforcement staff apprised of its progress.

The university advised the NCAA Committee on Infractions that in the process of this investigation, the university and its staff conducted more than 255 separate interviews of at least 155 different witnesses. During the investigation, some individuals refused to be interviewed by the university. Requests were made to The Post-Standard for access to its primary source of materials for the article that triggered the investigation; however, the newspaper declined to release the information, citing the First Amendment to the United States Constitution and other legal privileges.

As a result of the notification to the enforcement staff in December 1990 of possible violations of NCAA legislation, on January 15, 1991, the NCAA enforcement staff sent a letter of preliminary inquiry to the university. During the first months of 1991, the enforcement staff conducted its own interviews with student-athletes who had transferred from Syracuse University or who were recruited by its coaching staff. During the remainder of the 1991 calendar year, the NCAA enforcement staff conducted only a few interviews other than to follow up on information previously reported to them by the university. Some joint interviews were conducted by the enforcement staff and the institution.

On February 10, 1992, the NCAA enforcement staff received the university's report of its investigation regarding the men's basketball program and other aspects of its athletics program. The enforcement staff reviewed the university's report and subsequently conducted additional independent interviews of several individuals. During those inquiries, the university and the enforcement staff shared information as to the progress of the investigation.

After a review of the university's report by the enforcement staff, the staff concluded that the university's approach to, conduct of and report of its investigation was complete and thorough. The enforcement staff was satisfied that the investigation exceeded the minimum expectations of an institution for investigating possible violations in carrying out its obligation as a member of the Association. The staff reported that it received full cooperation from the university and that the university had also exercised prompt attention to eligibility matters involving its student-athletes that arose during

## Case summary

The NCAA Committee on Infractions has placed Syracuse University's athletics program on probation for two years for violations of NCAA legislation in the men's and women's basketball, men's lacrosse, wrestling and football programs.

In a case marking the first use of the recently implemented summary-disposition process (see story on page 1), the committee said it took into consideration the university's "thorough investigation and its prompt action involving those who violated NCAA rules," and noted the "limited nature" of the violations in the football and women's basketball programs.

Additional actions imposed are as follows:

- The men's basketball team shall not be eligible for any postseason competition following the 1992-93 season.

- The number of athletics grants-in-aid permitted in the sport of men's basketball shall be reduced by one during both the 1993-94 and 1994-95 academic years.

- All men's basketball coaching staff members shall be prohibited from engaging in any off-campus recruiting from January 1, 1993, through June 30, 1993. From July 1, 1993, through December 31, 1993, the institution shall be limited to one member of the men's basketball coaching staff at any one time who may engage in off-campus recruiting activities.

- The university shall reduce the number of expense-paid visits for men's basketball prospective student-athletes from 15 to nine during the period from November 13, 1992, through November 12, 1993. During the period from November 13, 1993, through November 12, 1994, the number shall be reduced from 15 to 13.

- The committee adopted as its own the actions taken by the university to disassociate selected representatives of its athletics interests for varied periods of time.

- The number of athletics grants-in-aid permitted in wrestling must be reduced by 2.5 grants

each year for four years, beginning in the 1993-94 academic year.

- The number of athletics grants-in-aid permitted in the sport of men's lacrosse shall be reduced by three in each of the next three academic years, beginning in 1993-94.

Before it assessed the postseason sanction, the committee considered other penalties that ostensibly might not directly have affected the current student-athletes. But those penalties, the committee determined, would have had a much more serious effect upon current and future student-athletes at the university than a one-year postseason sanction.

Responding to a proposal from the university to contribute the revenues of one year's participation in the men's basketball championship to charity, the committee determined that it would be inappropriate to decide whether the university should make such a contribution. Such contributions, the committee said, are not recognized as an appropriate penalty under the NCAA infractions process.

The committee found that, because selected violations in this case provided certain recruiting and competitive advantages, this case involved major violations of NCAA legislation. The committee, however, concluded that this case was unique because the university, when advised of the infractions, promptly and thoroughly investigated and reported the violations to the NCAA; cooperated in the processing of the case and conducted most of the investigation; declared student-athletes ineligible when it determined they were involved in possible rules violations; took prompt action to disassociate several representatives of its athletics interests, and adopted a number of internal programs to strengthen its athletics administration.

As a result of those mitigating circumstances, the committee determined that it would impose less than the full set of minimum penalties required by the NCAA membership.

the course of the investigation. The enforcement staff believed that because of the commitment by the university to a timely, complete and thorough investigation, this infractions case was eligible for summary disposition under new procedures adopted by the Committee on Infractions.

After the review of the preliminary report by the enforcement staff and with the assistance of that staff, the university submitted its Report for Summary Disposition of an Infractions Case to the Committee on Infractions June 9, 1992. This report contained a history of the case, the admitted violations, the proposed penalties and the corrective actions taken by the university. The Committee on Infractions met June 21, 1992, in Kansas City, Missouri, to review the Report for Summary Disposition of an Infractions Case. After considering the report and the supplementary information submitted by the university, the committee called a special meeting of its members to consider the entire record of the case in private. Because this case was the first case to be decided under the summary disposition procedures, the committee gave careful consideration not only to the facts reported, the violations admitted and the proposed penalties, but also to the procedures to be followed.

The committee conducted the special meeting Friday, July 10, in Chicago. At that meeting, the only agenda item considered was the Syracuse University case. The report from the university was carefully examined together with the evidentiary material submitted by the institution. This material included interview summaries, transcripts of witnesses testimony, and other relevant documents and records. Only members of the Committee on Infractions were present at the meeting. The committee examined the violations admitted by the university, and the committee was prepared to accept some of the admitted violations, but was unable to determine whether the other admitted violations should be accepted as proposed based upon the information before the committee.

In a letter dated July 20, 1992, to the university, the committee asked the institution to provide additional information as to whether the matters covered by the violations that could not be accepted by the committee involved violations of the princi-

ples of institutional control and other matters. These matters of institutional control raised questions about the manner in which the control over the athletics program was exercised by the university's director of athletics and by the head men's basketball coach over the university's basketball program.

In the July 20 letter, the Committee on Infractions also reported that it agreed with the university that the case involved major violations of NCAA legislation. The committee stated that it would be unable to accept the penalties proposed in the June 9 report because they were not within the guidelines set forth in the NCAA penalty structure for major violations specified in NCAA Bylaw 19.4.2. In addition, the committee stated it could not determine the actual penalties until the supplemental report concerning institutional control had been submitted.

On July 27, 1992, the university submitted supplemental information and acknowledged that there had been a violation of the principles of institutional control as that term is defined by the NCAA constitution, but the university did not believe that the relevant facts supported a determination that either the director of athletics or the head men's basketball coach operated outside the control of the university administration of the athletics department. The NCAA staff reviewed the response of the university and stated that it believed a general institutional control finding would correctly assess the responsibility throughout the university and that the finding should not focus upon an individual.

During a telephone conference July 30, 1992, the Committee on Infractions reviewed the supplemental materials submitted by the university and by the NCAA enforcement staff. After considering the information and materials previously transmitted, the committee accepted the admitted violations contained in the original report as supplemented by the university in its July 27 letter.

The committee reiterated that it was unable to accept the penalties proposed by the university in the June 9 report. In accordance with the desires of the university to resolve the case as promptly as possible, the committee scheduled an expedited hearing to be held August 8, 1992. The hearing

was to provide an opportunity for the university and any affected parties to present information to the committee related to any possible uniqueness of the case and any mitigating factors that might affect the penalties. The institution's chief executive officer, the legal counsel for the university and other representatives of the university met with the Committee on Infractions at the hearing August 8.

As a result of the university's admissions, the Committee on Infractions found a number of violations within the men's basketball, football, women's basketball, wrestling and men's lacrosse programs. The violations in the football and women's basketball programs were limited in nature.

In the men's basketball program, the violations included:

- Transportation of prospective student-athletes by a representative of the university's athletics interests to the university's campus and to off-campus sites.

- Provision of meals, lodging and game tickets to prospective student-athletes at no cost to them by a representative of the university's athletics interests.

- Contacting prospective student-athletes off campus during noncontact periods and before the beginning of the prospective student-athletes' senior years in high school.

- Providing improper transportation for the relatives of a student-athlete or prospective student-athlete from the young men's homes to the university campus.

- Providing articles of athletics clothing to prospective student-athletes.

- Permitting a representative of the institution's athletics interests to be present during a recruiting visit by the head men's basketball coach and an assistant men's basketball coach at the home of a prospective student-athlete.

- Providing improper transportation, meals and lodging for and permitting the use of an automobile by prospective student-athletes during their summer employment or during unofficial visits to the university's campus.

- Participation by basketball prospective student-athletes in recreational basketball games on the university's campus with current and former student-athletes.

- Provision of extra benefits, which included gifts, meals, lodging, automobile transportation and other services, to several

student-athletes by representatives of the university's athletics interests.

- Provision of substantial cash gifts to several student-athletes over a period of four years by representatives of the university's athletics interests.

- Providing extra benefits to a student-athlete through repair work on the student-athlete's automobile on a credit basis when credit was not available to the dealership's regular customers.

- Provision of free legal services by a representative of the university's athletics interests to student-athletes, a benefit not available to other students.

- Allowing a student-athlete to charge telephone calls at a hotel and not requiring the cost of those calls to be repaid at the time of checkout.

- Permitting a student-athlete to repeat an academic course without registering for the course and by improperly changing the official grade, in violation of university regulations.

- Employing a basketball student-athlete for a short period of time at a basketball camp operated by the head men's basketball coach.

- A student athlete using his athletics skills for pay.

- Exceeding the number of basketball coaches permitted during one year.

- Arranging for a prospective student-athlete to receive complimentary admissions to an athletics event.

In the football program, the violations included:

- Provision of free or reduced-cost meals to student-athletes by a representative of the university's athletics interests.

- Exceeding the team financial aid limitations during the 1987-88 academic year.

In the wrestling program, the violations included:

- Substantially exceeding the team financial aid limitations during the 1987-88, 1988-89, 1989-90 and 1990-91 academic years.

In the men's lacrosse program, the violations included:

- Substantially exceeding the team financial aid limitations during the 1988-89, 1989-90 and 1990-91 academic years.

- Allowing student-athletes to charge personal telephone calls at a hotel and not requiring the costs of those calls to be repaid before checkout.

In the women's basketball program, the violations included:

- Provision of gifts of clothing and free services to two student-athletes by representatives of the university's athletics interests.

The Committee on Infractions considered with care the penalties suggested by the university. Because of the seriousness of the violations committed by the university, the committee could not accept the proposed penalties as being appropriate penalties under Bylaw 19.4.2.

The university made a diligent effort to discover all of the facts concerning the possible violations of NCAA legislation, and the committee commends it for its care. Had the structure the university presently has adopted as a result of this case been in place and had the director of athletics and the head men's basketball coach been more attentive to their responsibilities, many of the violations would never have occurred and the present student-athletes' opportunities for athletics participation would not have been placed in jeopardy.

The university suggested that the violations did not reflect: (a) an intentional or conscious effort by university employees or booster club members to gain either a recruiting or competitive advantage; (b) that large amounts of money or valuable gifts or other benefits were being provided to prospective student-athletes or student-athletes, or (c) that the athletics programs were operating without or outside the oversight and direction of university administrators, including administrators both within the athletics department and in the higher echelons of the university administration.

The Committee on Infractions cannot accept this description of the violations committed by the university. There were repeated and conscious efforts by representatives of the university's athletics interests and booster club members to gain recruiting and competitive advantages for the men's basketball program. Money in the form of gifts was distributed to members of the men's basketball team over a period of several years. Benefits not available to other students were regularly made available to student-athletes in the men's basketball program. The university admitted that there was a lack of institutional control, particularly in the men's basketball program and

# Syracuse

## ► Continued from page 13

in the administration of the financial aid program in the sports of wrestling and men's lacrosse.

It is difficult many times to determine whether a recruiting or competitive advantage is gained as a result of a rules violation. The advantages sometimes are indirect, being produced as a result of team morale and player loyalty that are enhanced by the availability of the extra benefits or the incentives provided by other rules violations. Because of the number of violations and the years involved, it was apparent that there was a recruiting advantage derived in men's basketball from the violations. In wrestling, the institution awarded 7.71 grants-in-aid in excess of the number allowed by NCAA legislation during a period of four years. In the sport of men's lacrosse, the university awarded an excess of 8.76 grants-in-aid during a period of three years when the university was extremely successful in NCAA competition. The student-athletes who received these extra benefits may not have been outstanding athletes, but their presence contributed to the overall success of the program and, as a result, a competitive advantage was derived.

The Committee on Infractions recognized that the university took prompt action to disassociate several representatives of its athletics interests. The university also self-reported violations of NCAA legislation impacting on the eligibility of nine student-athletes, promptly declared those individuals ineligible for competition and petitioned the NCAA, where appropriate, for restoration of eligibility. The university also adopted a number of internal programs to strengthen its athletics administration, including the establishment of a "Select Faculty Committee," which will serve as a faculty oversight committee for the university's intercollegiate athletics program. The faculty athletics representative will have increased involvement in monitoring the intercollegiate athletics program. A number of rules-education programs have been implemented to inform coaches and boosters of the requirements of NCAA legislation. Several of those programs were placed in effect before the present violations came to light. Additional ones were added after the violations were reported.

Even though the university is commended for its actions, the violations remain major violations. In assessing the penalties as required by Bylaw 19.4.2 in cases involving major violations, the committee took into consideration the nature of the violations, the university's compliance program, its investigation and its prompt action involving those who violated NCAA rules.

The penalties assessed by the committee are:

- Reprimand and censure of the university's athletics program.
- Two-year probationary period.
- Reduction of expense-paid visits in men's basketball for a two-year period in time.
- Limiting the number of off-campus recruiters in men's basketball during the 1993 calendar year. Specifically, all basketball staff members shall be prohibited from engaging in off-campus recruiting from January 1, 1993, through June 30, 1993. From July 1, 1993, through December 31, 1993, only one coach may be involved in off-campus recruiting at any one time.
- Reduction in the number of financial aid awards in men's basketball by one grant during each of the 1993-94 and 1994-95 academic years. (In the institution's summary-disposition report to the committee, the university proposed this reduction.)
- Prohibiting postseason competition in men's basketball at the end of the 1992-93 season.
- Reduction in the number of financial aid awards by 2.5 grants each year in wrestling for a period of four years beginning in the 1993-94 academic year. (In the institution's summary-disposition report to the committee, the university proposed a reduction of 1.928 grants each year in wrestling for a period of four years beginning in the 1993-94 academic year.)
- Reduction in the number of financial aid awards by three grants each year in men's lacrosse for a period of three years beginning in the 1993-94 academic year. (In the institution's summary-disposition report to the committee, the university proposed a reduction of 2.92 grants each year in men's lacrosse for a period of three years beginning in the 1993-94 academic year.)
- Recertification that the current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA regulations.

Before assessing the penalty regarding postseason competition in men's basketball at the end of the 1992-93 academic year, the

committee considered other penalties that ostensibly might not have affected directly the current student-athletes. These would have included the elimination of all expense-paid recruiting visits for a period of one year, the requirement that all coaching staff members be prohibited from engaging in off-campus recruiting for one year and a substantial reduction in the number of athletics grants-in-aid in men's basketball. All of these penalties would have a much more serious effect upon present and future student-athletes at the university than one year of postseason sanctions. The committee also considered a one-year prohibition of television appearances during the regular season in men's basketball, but chose not to assess this penalty because of the cooperation by the university.

The university had suggested that it would contribute \$364,286 to charity, which would represent the university's distribution from one year's participation in the men's basketball tournament. It would be inappropriate for the NCAA to decide whether the university should contribute money to a charity; that is a decision solely in the hands of the institution, and such contributions are not recognized as an appropriate penalty under the NCAA's infractions process.

### II. Violations of NCAA legislation as admitted by the institution and as determined by the Committee on Infractions.

Syracuse University acknowledged that the following violations of NCAA legislation occurred, and the Committee on Infractions, after reviewing the evidence, agreed with its conclusion and found that these violations did occur.

A. [NCAA Bylaws 13.01.5, 13.02.3, 13.02.4.1, 13.02.11.2, 13.1.1.1, 13.1.2.1, 13.2.2, 13.5.1, 13.6.1.1, 13.10.1 and 30.10.1]

From the 1986-87 through the 1989-90 academic years, a representative of the university's athletics interests was involved in violations of NCAA recruiting legislation. Specifically:

1. On at least four occasions during the 1986-87 through the 1989-90 academic years, the representative provided round-trip automobile transportation between New York City and Syracuse, New York, for approximately six prospective student-athletes primarily to attend men's basketball games on the university's campus. On some of these occasions, the representative provided the transportation at no cost. Further, he provided meals, lodging and game tickets at no cost to some of the young men. On a few occasions, an off-campus contact occurred during a noncontact period and before the beginning of the young men's senior year in high school when the representative, on his own initiative and without being invited, brought some of the young men to the home of an assistant men's basketball coach for a visit.

2. In November 1987, the representative provided round-trip automobile transportation to a prospective student-athlete between New York City and Springfield, Massachusetts, to attend the Tip-Off Classic basketball game involving the Syracuse University men's basketball team. The student-athlete paid the representative for his expenses, including a game ticket, which the representative had obtained at no cost from the basketball coaching staff. The coaching staff was unaware before the game that the student-athlete had accompanied the representative and used a ticket provided to the representative by the coaching staff.

3. During the weekend of December 4-6, 1987, while making an unofficial visit to the university's campus for the Carrier Classic men's basketball tournament, a prospective student-athlete, his mother and his sister had an in-person, off-campus contact at a restaurant in Syracuse with members of the men's basketball coaching staff and a university professor. This contact occurred before the completion of the student-athlete's junior year in high school and during a noncontact period. During either this same weekend or on an occasion after the student-athlete's enrollment in the university in the fall of 1989, the representative provided one-way automobile transportation from Syracuse to Brooklyn, New York, for the student-athlete, his mother and sister. The family contributed money toward the transportation costs incurred by the representative.

4. On several occasions during the 1986-87 and through the 1988-89 academic year, the representative gave articles of athletics clothing (i.e., hats, T-shirts, shorts, and sweatshirts and pants) bearing the university's logo and athletics shoes to four prospective student-athletes and one prospect's parent.

5. In the fall of 1988, the mother of a prospective student-athlete arranged for

the representative to be present during a recruiting visit to her home by the university's head men's basketball coach and assistant men's basketball coach. The representative's attendance at the meeting was intended by the mother to confirm his assertion that he had no relationship with the university.

B. [NCAA Bylaws 13.01.5.1, 13.2.2, 13.6.1, 13.6.3, 13.7.5.5.2, 13.8.2.1.2.2, 13.12.1 and 13.12.2.3]

1. On one occasion in the late winter of 1988, on several occasions during the summer of 1988 and on one occasion during the summer of 1989, prospective student-athletes who had signed letters of intent to enroll at the university traveled to Syracuse for summer employment or, in one instance, for an unofficial visit. Upon their arrival, they received at no cost to them: (a) transportation from the Syracuse airport to the campus by men's basketball team managers and, in one instance, a representative of the university's athletics interests; (b) lodging at the residences of enrolled student-athletes, or (c) meals, lodging and use of an automobile at the residence of a representative of the university's athletics interests.

2. While living in Syracuse for employment purposes before initial enrollment in the university and after signing letters of intent, six men's basketball prospective student-athletes, during the summer of 1988 and one during the summer of 1989, engaged in recreational activities on the institution's campus, including participation in pickup basketball games with current and former student-athletes. These games generally occurred in the university's athletics facilities (Carrier Dome and Manley Field House) following daily sessions of the institution's basketball summer camp. The institution's coaching staff did not arrange or observe these games.

C. [NCAA Bylaw 16.12.2.3]

During the 1984-85 through the 1989-90 academic years, four families who were representatives of the university's athletics interests provided extra benefits to several men's basketball student-athletes and one women's basketball student-athlete, including Christmas and birthday gifts, meals, lodging, local automobile transportation, use of laundry facilities, and free or reduced services at a hair salon owned by one of the families. Specifically:

1. During the 1988-89 and 1989-90 academic years, two representatives of the university's athletics interest provided meals and lodging to one basketball student-athlete at their home for approximately four days; gave clothing as Christmas and birthday gifts to three men's basketball student-athletes and one women's basketball student-athlete, and provided free services at their hair salon, including an approximate total of 24 haircuts to four men's basketball student-athletes and one women's basketball student-athlete, a facial to another men's basketball student-athlete, and a manicure to a sixth men's basketball student-athlete.

2. During the 1984-85 through 1989-90 academic years, two representatives of the university's athletics interests provided meals, lodging, Christmas presents, local automobile transportation and use of laundry facilities at their residence for men's basketball student-athletes at no cost to the young men. Specifically:

a. Beginning with the 1984-85 academic year and continuing through the 1988-89 academic year, the representatives entertained a student-athlete for meals at their residence every three or four weeks after the basketball season ended. During one Christmas season, the representative gave a sweater to the student-athlete as a Christmas present.

b. During the 1989-90 academic year, the representatives provided the following benefits to a student-athlete: (1) dinners at their residence approximately once each month; (2) local automobile transportation to and from their residence on most occasions when they provided dinner; (3) use of their laundry facilities on several occasions, and (4) meals and one night's lodging in early 1990.

3. During the period of the 1988-89 and the 1989-90 academic years, a student-athlete was provided meals on several occasions at the residence of two representatives of the university's athletics interests. During this period, the representatives provided a gift and a meal at a local restaurant to the student-athlete.

4. On at least four occasions during the 1988-89 academic year, two representatives of the university's athletics interests provided meals at their residence to a student-athlete. The representatives also provided one night's lodging in their home to the student-athlete.

D. [NCAA Bylaws 13.02.10, 16.02.3, 16.12.2.1, 16.12.2.2 and 16.12.2.3]

From 1986 through 1990, a representative of the university's athletics interests was involved in violations of NCAA legislation. Specifically:

1. Between the fall of 1988 and the spring of 1990, a local automobile dealership performed repair work on a student-athlete's automobile, and the representative (the owner of the dealership) arranged for the young man's father to be billed for the cost of the repair on a credit basis not available to the dealership's regular customers. The bills were paid in full by the father.

2. During the Christmas seasons of 1986 through 1989, the representative of the university's athletics interests included a \$50 bill in Christmas cards to at least five student-athletes.

E. [NCAA Bylaws 16.12.2.2.3 and 16.12.2.3]

During at least the period of 1986 through 1990, a Syracuse area restaurant owned by a representative of the university's athletics interests provided an approximate total of at least 24 free or reduced-cost meals at the restaurant to at least four members of the men's basketball team and four members of the football team.

F. [NCAA Bylaws 16.12.2.2.1, 16.12.2.3 and 16.12.2.4]

Two representatives of the university's athletics interests provided extra benefits to student-athletes. Specifically:

1. During the 1988-89 and 1989-90 academic years, an assistant basketball coach referred two basketball student-athletes to a representative of the university's athletics interests who provided free legal services to the young men. The need for these services arose from minor traffic violations the student-athletes were charged with committing.

2. On several occasions, during the period of 1983 to 1990, an employee of the university and a representative of the university's athletics interests entertained men's basketball student-athletes with approximately 22 meals at local restaurants. On one occasion, the representative stored furniture for two men's basketball student-athletes.

G. [NCAA Bylaws 16.12.2.2.2 and 16.12.2.3]

During the period from 1986 to 1991, one men's basketball student-athlete and two men's lacrosse student-athletes charged at least three personal long-distance telephone calls and other incidentals to their hotel rooms (a total of \$76.64) during team travel, and the university did not require that the cost of the calls and other incidentals be paid by the student-athletes at the time of checkout.

H. [NCAA Bylaws 14.2.2 and 14.5.2.1.1]

During the spring semester of the 1986-87 academic year, a men's basketball student-athlete repeated a course taken the previous fall semester (Logical Techniques of Inquiry) without registering. After repeating the course on an individual basis with a tutor, his original grade of F was changed to a C by means of an official grade change. University regulations preclude a student from retaking a course without registering and having the new grade replace the original grade through an official grade change.

I. [NCAA Bylaw 13.13.2.1.1]

For four days during the summer of 1990, a walk-on men's basketball student-athlete was employed as a referee at the university's basketball camp operated by the head men's basketball coach.

J. [NCAA Bylaw 12.1.1]

On one occasion during the 1986-87 basketball season, an unidentified individual came onto the floor of Manley Fieldhouse on the university's campus before the start of a men's basketball team practice session and challenged members of the team to play him one-on-one for \$100. One of the men's basketball student-athletes accepted the challenge, won the game and collected an undetermined sum of money.

K. [NCAA Bylaw 15.5.3.1]

An examination by the university of countable financial aid for student-athletes for the period of 1986-87 through 1990-91 revealed that, while no individual aid limits were exceeded, the maximum number of grants-in-aid were exceeded in wrestling, men's lacrosse and football. During the 1987-88 academic year, the university's football and wrestling teams exceeded the limit on the maximum number of grants-in-aid. During the 1988-89, 1989-90 and 1990-91 academic years, the university's wrestling and men's lacrosse teams exceeded the limit on the maximum number of grants-in-aid. Specifically:

1. During the 1987-88 academic year, the football team exceeded the financial aid limitations by 1.00 and the wrestling team exceeded them by 0.42. In the football

program, upon receipt in 1988 of an internal audit report for 1987-88 identifying the misinterpretation of NCAA legislation, the athletics department requested clarification of the applicable legislation from the NCAA legislative services staff and forwarded that information to the football office to avoid future violations. However, after a change in the athletics department administrator who was primarily responsible for the program's NCAA compliance, this violation was not reported to the NCAA.

2. During the 1988-89 academic year, the wrestling team exceeded the financial aid limitations by 1.10 and the men's lacrosse team exceeded them by 2.79.

3. During the 1989-90 academic year, the wrestling team exceeded the financial aid limitations by 1.67 and the men's lacrosse team exceeded them by 3.64.

4. During the 1990-91 academic year, the wrestling team exceeded the financial aid limitations by 4.52 and the men's lacrosse team exceeded them by 2.33.

L. [NCAA Bylaw 15.01.5-(e)]

During the fall semesters of 1988 and 1989, the university awarded financial aid in the form of tuition and fees to a former men's basketball student-athlete, which resulted in a secondary violation of NCAA legislation.

M. [NCAA Bylaw 11.7.1.1.1]

During the spring of 1989 and the 1989-90 academic year, the university violated NCAA coaching category limits when it employed a former men's basketball student-athlete in the athletics department as a "casual employee" at a rate of \$125 for 20 hours per week. He was assigned the responsibility of monitoring the class attendance of student-athletes on the men's basketball team. On his own volition, he occasionally assisted men's basketball student-athletes with shooting drills at the beginning and end of team practices. The university's men's basketball coaching staff was at its limit with respect to full-time and part-time coaches, but was not at its limit as to graduate assistant coaches. The new coach, however, did not meet the criteria to be designated either as an undergraduate or graduate assistant coach.

N. [NCAA Bylaw 13.2]

On January 28, 1991, a basketball team manager arranged for a prospective student-athlete and a companion who accompanied him to receive the wild card complimentary admissions of two university men's basketball student-athletes for a basketball game at Hartford, Connecticut, between Syracuse University and the University of Connecticut. Although this designation would have been permissible had the student-athletes known the prospective student-athlete and his companion, both student-athletes and the prospective student-athlete reported that they did not know each other at the time the complimentary admissions were arranged.

O. [NCAA Constitution 2.1]

The violations reported by the institution in paragraphs A through N indicate that during the period from 1986 through 1990 in which the violations occurred: (1) there was a serious breakdown in the sufficiency of its athletics department monitoring systems and procedures, which allowed violations of NCAA legislation to occur and go undetected and, on occasion when detected, unreported; (2) its athletics department educational programs for athletics department staff members, student-athletes and representatives of its athletics interests were inadequate, and (3) there was not a total commitment on the part of the athletics department and the men's basketball coaching staff to operate the university's athletics program in compliance with NCAA rules.

These failures permitted NCAA rules to be violated and misinterpretations of other NCAA legislation to occur. As a result, there was a substantial lack of institutional control of the athletics program by the university at all levels of its administration from 1986 through 1990. Specifically:

1. The men's basketball coaching staff permitted a representative of the university's athletics interests to provide transportation, meals, lodging, game tickets and gifts to prospective student-athletes during contact periods, noncontact periods and before the prospective student-athletes' senior year in high school. The representative was a known talent scout in the New York City area, and the men's basketball coaching staff had frequent contacts with him during the period from 1986 through 1990 and should have recognized him as a representative of the university's athletics interests.

2. After a meeting at which university administrators and the head men's basketball coach discussed allegations in the book "Raw Recruits," it was determined that an

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# Lock Haven given two-year probation

## I. Introduction.

In the spring of 1990, Lock Haven University reported several potential violations of NCAA legislation in its wrestling program to the NCAA enforcement staff. Because several of the reported violations involved student-athletes with eligibility remaining, the university petitioned for restoration of the student-athletes' eligibility. These violations involving current student-athletes were classified as secondary in nature by the investigative staff, and the NCAA eligibility staff restored the student-athletes' eligibility.

Subsequently, the enforcement staff, the university and the involved former head wrestling coach communicated throughout the remainder of 1990, during which time the institution and the coach provided additional information concerning several violations that did not involve the eligibility of any current student-athletes. However, the enforcement staff inadvertently did not make substantive investigative progress on the case, and no further action was taken until the fall of 1991. In October 1991, the staff determined that, based on the information provided in the earlier self-report and the subsequent investigation, there appeared to be five reported violations of NCAA legislation that had been admitted by all involved parties, but which had not been reviewed by the NCAA Committee on Infractions. The investigative staff forwarded these to the Committee on Infractions as possible secondary violations under the provisions of NCAA Bylaw 32.4.2.

At its November 1991 meeting, the committee determined that these violations were not secondary but major in nature. However, the committee indicated that because of the unusual delay in processing

this infractions case, it would accept the institutional actions and impose no further sanctions. Upon being informed of the committee's actions, the university exercised the opportunity provided by the committee to appear in a hearing format to discuss whether the case was secondary or major, and whether any punitive actions should be taken. University representatives, the former head wrestling coach and representatives of the coach's present institution met with the committee on April 11, 1992.

The committee determined that this was a major case. It involved a Division II university that competes in Division I wrestling. It is the university's premier sport, a sport in which it had considerable competitive success during the 1980s. As has often happened in such circumstances, the university did not exercise effective control over its "showcase" program and permitted the head coach considerable autonomy. Over the years, he operated a very successful and expanding summer wrestling camp program, and developed an allied club wrestling program in conjunction with an equally semiautonomous wrestling booster club.

The results were not unexpected and, in fact, were probably quite predictable—the head coach sought little guidance from the director of athletics or the compliance officer. He had only a rudimentary knowledge of NCAA rules and regulations, and began to mix university and club funds in a manner not permitted by NCAA rules. As the program grew in popularity and returned to the upper echelon of Division I wrestling teams, local interest increased,

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## Case summary

The NCAA Committee on Infractions placed Lock Haven University on probation for two years for major violations of NCAA legislation in its wrestling program. In announcing its decision, the committee noted "the cooperation of the institution throughout the process."

The committee will require the university to vacate NCAA records compiled by the wrestling team in the 1988, 1989 and 1990 NCAA championships. The committee also will require the university to return all team awards earned at those championships.

In addition, the committee accepted as the NCAA penalties the actions taken by the university in this case. Those actions included the reassignment of and then the resignation by the involved head wrestling coach, the nonrenewal of the contract of a part-time assistant wrestling coach who was involved in the violations, and placement of all fund-raising activities by the independent team booster clubs and fund-raising organization under the control of the University Foundation, and all team clubs under the control of the athletics director.

The Committee on Infractions determined that the university did not exercise effective control over its wrestling program and permitted the head coach considerable autonomy. The head coach, the committee found, sought little guidance from the director of athletics or the compliance officer, and had only a rudimentary knowledge of NCAA rules.

The coach operated a very successful summer wrestling camp and developed an allied club

wrestling program in conjunction with a "semiautonomous wrestling booster club." The committee found that the coach began to mix university and club funds in a manner not permitted by NCAA rules. Eventually, the committee determined, the club, summer camp and intercollegiate team activities became overlapping, resulting in additional rules violations.

"A classic case of faulty institutional control developed," the committee determined, "reaching its apex in the 1988-89 and 1989-90 academic years when, contrary to well-publicized NCAA legislation, several student-athletes who were partial qualifiers under NCAA legislation were permitted to both practice and compete."

The committee concluded that this was a unique case because of several factors, including the self-reporting of possible violations, cooperation in the processing of the case, a delay in processing the case by the NCAA investigative staff, and initiation of disciplinary and corrective actions. As a result of these mitigating circumstances, the committee suspended several penalties it would have imposed, including sanctions involving postseason competition (in 1992-93 and 1993-94) and recruiting.

In addition, the committee determined that the NCAA member institution at which the former head wrestling coach who was involved in these violations currently is employed shall be required to show cause why it should not be penalized if it fails to take appropriate disciplinary action against the coach.

## Syracuse

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individual mentioned in the book was not a representative of the institution's athletics interests, although he had been involved in recruiting prospective student-athletes for Syracuse University for several years. This decision was based upon information provided by the head men's basketball coach and the director of athletics at that meeting. The university failed to conduct an appropriate inquiry to determine if the information provided by the coach and the director of athletics was accurate.

3. When it was known by men's basketball coaching staff members that an individual mentioned in the book "Raw Recruits" had brought a prospect to one of the institution's away games using complimentary admissions provided by the head men's basketball coach, the head coach continued to provide complimentary admissions to home basketball games to him.

4. A member of the men's basketball coaching staff failed to recognize that contacts during unofficial visits with five prospective student-athletes arranged by a representative of the university's athletics interests were contrary to NCAA legislation.

5. Four booster club members continued to establish personal relationships with nine enrolled men's basketball student-athletes and one enrolled female basketball student-athlete after the adoption of legislation prohibiting sponsor families. The relationships resulted in the provision of extra benefits to student-athletes.

6. Booster club members were either not educated as to NCAA rules or the training programs were ineffective. As a result, representatives of the institution's athletics interests provided extra benefits in the form of cash, meals and other services to student-athletes.

7. Even though information was reported that a representative of the university's athletics interests was providing free meals at his restaurant in violation of NCAA rules and the director of athletics sent the representative two letters outlining appropriate NCAA legislation, the athletics department continued to use the restaurant for team dinners and the hosting of prospective student-athletes.

8. A staff member from the institution's athletics department incorrectly interpreted NCAA legislation for the institution's offices of financial aid and internal audit by failing to recognize that certain on-campus employment earnings and nonathletics institutional aid primarily from the university's Dependent Tuition Benefit Program should be included as countable institutional financial aid, resulting in team scholarship

awards in men's lacrosse, wrestling and football exceeding NCAA limits.

9. The institution's athletics department incorrectly applied NCAA legislation that restricted the number and categories of coaches when it employed a former men's basketball student-athlete and allowed him to perform on-court coaching duties.

10. A member of the men's basketball coaching staff failed to recognize that a walk-on student-athlete could not be employed at the institution's summer basketball camp.

11. During two summers, prospective student-athletes resided in the Syracuse area before initial college enrollment; the basketball coaching staff did not review the young men's housing or transportation arrangements to safeguard against violations, and members of the basketball staff were involved in the violation of rules regarding permissible transportation.

12. The institution's complimentary admissions lists in men's basketball were not sufficiently reviewed by athletics department officials in order to determine whether violations were occurring.

13. Due to a change in personnel, information concerning a violation in over-awarding football grants-in-aid was not reported at the time it was discovered, and no athletics department procedure existed to ensure that, under such circumstances, the information was properly forwarded to the director of athletics, the conference and the NCAA.

14. When a prospect was attempting to obtain complimentary admissions to an away basketball game, the men's head basketball coach correctly stated that the tickets could not be provided, but no subsequent inquiry was made to determine whether the prospect actually received tickets. The prospective student-athlete did receive such admissions, and his name was listed on the complimentary admissions list for that game.

15. The university failed to properly monitor telephone charges and other expenses billed by student-athletes to their rooms while traveling.

### III. Committee on Infractions penalties.

For the reasons set forth in part I of this report, the Committee on Infractions found that this case involved several major violations of NCAA legislation that occurred after September 1, 1985. NCAA Bylaw 19.4.2.2, as adopted by the Association's membership, requires prescribed minimum penalties, "subject to exceptions authorized by the Committee on Infractions in unique cases on the basis of specifically stated reasons." The required penalties include: (a) a two-year probationary period (includ-

ing a periodic, in-person monitoring system and written institutional reports); (b) the elimination of all expense-paid recruiting visits to the institution in the sport involved for one recruiting year; (c) a requirement that all coaching staff members in the sport be prohibited from engaging in any off-campus recruiting activity for one recruiting year; (d) a requirement that all institutional staff members determined by the Committee on Infractions knowingly to have engaged in or condoned a major violation be subject either to termination of employment, suspension without pay for a least one year, or reassignment of duties within the institution to a position that does not include contact with prospective or enrolled student-athletes or representatives of the institution's athletics interest for at least one year; (e) one year of sanctions precluding postseason competition in the sport; (f) one year of sanctions precluding television appearances in the sport; and (g) institutional recertification that the current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA regulations.

The Committee on Infractions determined that this was a unique case in which the institution should receive less than the full set of minimum penalties otherwise required by NCAA legislation. The factors indicated that this was a case for summary disposition. The university, when advised of the infractions, promptly and thoroughly investigated and reported the violations to the NCAA; cooperated in the processing of the case and conducted most of the investigation; initiated appropriate corrective actions, including the establishment of administrative procedures that are designed to ensure that the institution will be in compliance with the principles of institutional control and rules compliance in the future; and declared student-athletes ineligible when it determined they were involved in possible rules violations.

All of these actions represented a major commitment of university administrative and financial resources and, more important, a commitment of the university to recognize its responsibility to operate its athletics program within NCAA rules. The Committee on Infractions, after careful deliberations, imposed the following penalties:

A. The university shall be publicly reprimanded and censured, and placed on probation for a period of two years from the date these penalties are imposed, which shall be the date the 15-day appeal period expires or the date the institution notifies the executive director that it will not appeal, whichever is earlier, or the date established by NCAA Council subcommittee action in

the event of an appeal by the university to the Council. It is understood that should any portion of any of the penalties in this case be set aside for any reason other than by appropriate action of the Association, the penalties shall be reconsidered by the Committee on Infractions.

Syracuse University shall be subject to the provisions of NCAA Bylaw 19.4.2.3 concerning repeat violators for a five-year period beginning on the effective date of the penalties in this case.

B. During the period of probation, the institution shall continue its comprehensive education programs, including seminars and testing to instruct coaches, athletics department personnel and representatives of its athletics interests on NCAA legislation. These programs shall be required for the coaches and athletics department personnel in all sports. The institution shall file annual written reports with the NCAA enforcement staff by July 1 of each year during the probationary period, with particular emphasis on the instruction of new coaches and athletics department personnel before they begin any recruiting or coaching responsibilities.

C. The institution's men's basketball team shall end its 1992-93 season with the playing of its last regularly scheduled, in-season contest and shall not be eligible to participate in any postseason competition or take advantage of any of the exemptions provided in Bylaw 17.7.5.2 in the 1993 calendar year.

D. All basketball coaching staff members shall be prohibited from engaging in any off-campus recruiting from January 1, 1993, through June 30, 1993. From July 1, 1993 through December 31, 1993, the institution shall be limited to only one member of the men's basketball coaching staff at any one time who may engage in off-campus recruiting activities (including in-person contacts and evaluations).

E. The institution shall reduce the number of expense-paid visits to the institution's campus for prospective student-athletes in men's basketball from 15 to nine during the period from November 13, 1992, through November 12, 1993. During the period from November 13, 1993, through November 12, 1994, the number shall be reduced from 15 to 13. If the number of expense-paid recruiting visits is changed by NCAA action during the period of this penalty, the number of permissible expense-paid recruiting visits then shall be reduced by six during the 1992-93 period and by two during the 1993-94 period.

F. During each of the 1993-94 and 1994-95 academic years, the institution shall

reduce by one the number of athletically related financial aid awards that are countable under Bylaw 15.02.3 in men's basketball.

G. During each of the 1993-94, 1994-95, 1995-96 and 1996-97 academic years, the institution shall reduce by 2.5 the number of athletically related financial aid awards that are countable under Bylaw 15.02.3 in wrestling.

H. During each of the 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96 academic years, the institution shall reduce by three the number of athletically related financial aid awards that are countable under Bylaw 15.02.3 in men's lacrosse.

I. The committee adopted the action taken by the institution to disassociate a representative of its athletics interests for an indefinite period of time, to disassociate four representatives of its athletics interests for a period of three years and to reprimand certain booster families who cooperated with the university's investigation, but who were implicated in violations involving the institution.

J. The institution shall recertify that all of its current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA regulations.

Should Syracuse University appeal either the findings of violations or the proposed penalties in this case to the NCAA Council subcommittee of Division I members, the Committee on Infractions will submit an expanded infractions report to members of the Council who will consider the appeal. This expanded report will include additional information in accordance with Bylaw 32.8.5. A copy of the committee's report would be provided to the institution before the institution's appearance before the Council subcommittee and, as required by Bylaw 32.8.6, would be released to the public.

The Committee on Infractions wishes to advise Syracuse University that when the penalties in this case become effective, the institution should take every precaution to ensure that their terms are observed. The committee intends to monitor the penalties during their effective period, and any action contrary to the terms of any of the penalties shall be considered grounds for extending the institution's probationary period, as well as to consider imposing more severe sanctions in this case.

Finally, should any action by NCAA Conventions directly or indirectly modify any provisions of these penalties or the effect of the penalties, the committee reserves the right to review and reconsider the penalties.

NCAA COMMITTEE  
ON INFRACTIONS



## Lock Haven

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and the club, summer camp and the intercollegiate team activities became overlapping, resulting in additional NCAA rules violations. Among these were: improper recruiting contacts by representatives of the institution's athletics interests; excessive entertainment of prospects; payment of a parent's expenses to visit the university; tryouts; free camp admissions; free lodging for parents, and a variety of other violations which, taken together, indicated a general lack of awareness of recruiting rules by the staff and an unwillingness to seek interpretations from the athletics department or the faculty athletics representative.

A classic case of faulty institutional control developed, reaching its apex in the 1988-89 and 1989-90 academic years when, contrary to well-publicized NCAA legislation, several student-athletes who were partial qualifiers under NCAA legislation were permitted to both practice and compete.

To its credit, the university recognized in 1990 that it might have a problem with the lack of financial accountability over the clubs and summer camps and moved to take control, a process the then head wrestling coach resisted. The university then realized that it needed a regular compliance program. These actions led to the transfer of the head coach to noncoaching responsibilities, to the subsequent discovery of other possible violations and to the resignation of the coach. These were the violations the university self-reported in the spring of 1990.

The committee was faced with a most unusual set of circumstances: the university had submitted a self-report in which some serious violations had been acknowledged while other serious violations had been alleged. The investigative staff became concerned primarily with the eligibility issues in the case and subsequently treated them as secondary matters, never presenting the full report to the committee. Thus, the committee determined that it could consider only those matters that had not already been addressed.

The committee has determined that this is a major case, subject to the provisions of Bylaw 19.4. If the case had been submitted to the committee in its entirety and not bifurcated by the enforcement staff, the committee would have imposed serious penalties upon the university, including a two-year prohibition against postseason competition by the wrestling team and the elimination of all official paid visits in wrestling.

In summary, the committee accepted as basically sufficient the actions taken by the university in replacing involved staff members, establishing a compliance program, and asserting control over all booster and fund-raising groups. In addition, the committee:

- Placed the university on probation for a two-year period during which the university will be expected to implement its plans and restrict the activities of its student-athletes in some circumstances.

- Required the institution to vacate the NCAA records compiled by the wrestling team in 1987-88, 1988-89 and 1989-90 post-season competition.

- Required the university to return all team awards earned during those years to the NCAA.

- Required the member institution at which the involved former head coach is presently employed to show cause relative to developing a rules-education and compliance program for the coach.

The committee noted the cooperation of the institution throughout the process, the participation of the former head coach in the hearing and the candor with which the NCAA investigative staff acknowledged its problems in developing this case.

#### II. Violations of NCAA legislation, as determined by committee.

A. [NCAA Bylaws 13.02.10, 13.1.2.1, 13.1.2.5-(b), 13.1.2.9 and 13.15.1.]

From the spring of 1985 to February 1989, several representatives of the university's athletics interests made in-person recruiting contacts with prospective student-athletes and their families. These contacts occurred while the representatives scouted at high-school wrestling meets, during the prospects' visits to the institution's campus and during off-campus visits with members of the university's wrestling coaching staff. Two of the representatives were reimbursed with funds from a wrestling club for some of the expenses they incurred while traveling to and attending high-school wrestling meets. Specifically:

1. In the spring of 1985, one of the representatives accompanied the then head

wrestling coach on a home visit where the head coach met in person with a prospective student-athlete and the young man's parents.

2. During the 1986-87 academic year, during unofficial visits of two prospective student-athletes, the young men attended a social function where several representatives of the university's athletics interests were present.

3. During the winter of 1988, another representative contacted a prospective student-athlete in person at a high-school wrestling meet in which the young man participated. In this instance, the prospect's high-school coach initiated the contact when the high-school coach stopped the representative and introduced the young man.

4. During the winter of 1989, one of the representatives contacted the parents of a prospective student-athlete in person at a high-school wrestling meet in which the young man participated.

5. From 1986 to February 1989, two representatives attended several high-school wrestling meets where they scouted and filmed prospective student-athletes, and shared the information and film with the university's wrestling coaches. The two representatives were reimbursed with funds from the wrestling club for some of the expenses they incurred while attending these meets.

B. [NCAA Bylaw 13.7.5.4.]

On numerous occasions between 1979 and 1988, the then head wrestling coach provided money in excess of the permissible amount to student hosts for entertaining prospects. The head coach intended the money to be used to purchase food and refreshments for the wrestling team while entertaining prospects.

Specifically, on one occasion on or about April 11, 1987, during the official visit of a prospective student-athlete, the head coach provided \$100 to a student-athlete in order for the student-athlete to entertain the prospect. The student-athlete used the money to purchase refreshments and movie admissions tickets for a party attended by the prospect, members of the wrestling team and team members' girlfriends.

C. [NCAA Bylaws 13.2.1, 13.6.2.2.1 and 13.6.2.3.3.]

On April 23, 1989, for the official paid visit of a prospective student-athlete, a representative of the institution's athletics interests provided round-trip airline transportation on his private aircraft between the prospect's hometown and Lock Haven, Pennsylvania, to the young man and his mother at no cost to the prospect's mother. The representative donated the use of his plane to the university as a gift-in-kind for the young man's transportation. The university failed to receive payment for the noncommercial airline transportation provided to the young man's mother.

D. [NCAA Constitution 2.1 and 6.01.1, and Bylaw 13.15.1.]

The scope and nature of the information reported by the institution in this report demonstrate a lack of appropriate institutional control and monitoring in the administration of the institution's intercollegiate wrestling program, particularly in the lack of knowledge about and control over the increasingly large sums of moneys being generated by the summer wrestling camps of the then head wrestling coach and the other funds of a wrestling club. Specifically, these camp monies were given to the wrestling club primarily to support the university's wrestling program but were not sufficiently controlled by the university. Moreover, some of the funds were used to pay: (1) recruiting expenses for wrestling coaching staff members; (2) student hosts for entertainment of prospects while on their official paid visits, and (3) the salary of a then assistant wrestling coach in a manner that resulted in violations of NCAA legislation. The university also permitted several student-athletes who were partial qualifiers to practice and compete at a time when they were not eligible. The university did not have an adequate rules-education program for the wrestling coaching staff. By his own admission, the involved head wrestling coach engaged in what he termed "anxiety recruiting," pushing the rules to the edge. Then, when confronted with situations in which he did not know the rules, the coach, who operated with a minimum of athletics department supervision, did not seek to find out what the rules were.

E. In its response, the institution provided the following additional violations discovered during its initial internal inquiry during the spring of 1990 that involved eligibility issues. At that time, they were mistakenly identified by the investigative

staff simply as secondary violations, but which, in fact, should have been classified as major because they were not inadvertent or isolated, but were done knowingly by members of the wrestling staff.

1. [NCAA Bylaw 14.3.2.4.]

Three student-athletes participated in practice sessions and outside competition, even though each young man was a partial qualifier under NCAA legislation. Specifically, during the 1988-89 academic year, one of the young men participated in approximately 30 percent of the institution's practice sessions and three outside competitions, and during the 1989-90 academic year, the other two young men participated in approximately 60 percent and 40 percent, respectively, of all practice sessions and approximately three and two outside competitions, respectively.

2. [NCAA Bylaws 13.2.2-(f), 13.6.2.2.3, 13.7.2.1 and 13.11.4.]

In the spring of 1989, during the official paid visit of a prospective student-athlete, the young man and two student-athletes were transported to a movie theater by the young man's student host in the automobile of the then head wrestling coach; the prospect's presence at the annual wrestling banquet was announced, and this visit exceeded the 48-hour limitation.

Subsequent to the young man signing a National Letter of Intent with the institution, the prospect requested that the then head wrestling coach mail a university wrestling sweat shirt (valued at \$25) to the young man. Although he was billed for the impermissible item received, the young man did not pay this outstanding bill until he was required to do so to have his eligibility restored.

3. [NCAA Bylaw 13.12.1.]

During the period from 1987 through 1989, several prospective student-athletes were involved in individual workout sessions with members of the university's wrestling team or the university's coaching staff.

F. [NCAA Bylaws 13.2.1, 13.6.3.3.2 and 16.12.2.]

As a result of the institution's internal investigation, it also reported a number of possible violations to the NCAA enforcement staff, but at the time, the investigative staff believed these to be in conflict or to be secondary when, in fact, they were not. Among these violations by the then head wrestling coach or members of the coaching staff were: free camp admission to a prospective student-athlete; free lodging on several occasions to the parents of enrolled student-athletes; lending a car to student hosts to use when escorting prospects; selling wrestling t-shirts to student-athletes at cost; permitting use of the wrestling office telephone by student-athletes for personal calls, and exceeding the permissible number of recruiting contacts with a prospect. In a number of instances, the head coach acknowledged during the hearing that he did these with knowledge that they were not permitted or that he did not seek to determine if they were permissible.

#### III. Committee on Infractions penalties.

For the reasons set forth in Part I of this report, the Committee on Infractions found that this case involved several major violations of NCAA legislation that occurred after September 1, 1985. NCAA Bylaw 19.4.2.2, as adopted by the Association's membership, requires prescribed minimum penalties, "subject to exceptions authorized by the Committee on Infractions in unique cases on the basis of specifically stated reasons," that include: (a) a two-year probationary period (including a periodic, in-person monitoring system and written institutional reports); (b) the elimination of all expense-paid recruiting visits to the institution in the involved sport for one recruiting year; (c) a requirement that all coaching staff members in the sport be prohibited from engaging in any off-campus recruiting activities for one recruiting year; (d) a requirement that all institutional staff members determined by the Committee on Infractions knowingly to have engaged in or condoned a major violation be subject either to termination of employment, suspension without pay for at least one year or reassignment of duties within the institution to a position that does not include contact with prospective or enrolled student-athletes or representatives of the institution's athletics interests for at least one year; (e) one year of sanctions precluding postseason competition in the sport; (f) one year of sanctions precluding television appearances in the sport, and (g) institutional recertification that the current athletics policies and practices conform to all requirements of NCAA regulations.

The Committee on Infractions determined that this case was a "unique" case in which the institution should receive less

than the full set of minimum penalties otherwise required by NCAA legislation. The factors included: self-reporting of possible violations; cooperation in the processing of the case, and initiation of disciplinary and corrective actions (including replacement of the coaching staff, the establishment of administrative procedures designed to ensure that the institution will comply with the principles of institutional control and rules compliance, and implementation of central control of the various university booster clubs in the future), and the delay in processing the case by the investigative staff.

A. The university shall be publicly reprimanded and censured, and placed on probation for a period of two years from the date these penalties are imposed, which shall be the date the 15-day appeal period expires or the date the institution notifies the executive director that it will not appeal, whichever is earlier, or the date established by NCAA Council subcommittee action in the event of an appeal by the university to the Council, it being understood that should any portion of any of the penalties in this case be set aside for any reason other than by appropriate action of the Association, the penalties shall be reconsidered by the Committee on Infractions.

Lock Haven University of Pennsylvania shall be subject to the provisions of NCAA Bylaw 19.4.2.3 concerning repeat violators for a five-year period beginning on the effective date of the penalties in this case.

B. The university shall file an annual compliance report with the NCAA enforcement staff by July 1 of each year during the probationary period that details the development and implementation of a comprehensive educational program (e.g., seminars and testing) to instruct coaches and athletics department personnel on NCAA legislation. Emphasis also should be placed on control of the athletics teams' foundation, and the review and monitoring of summer camps programs and of the participation of student-athletes in club wrestling programs; further, the institution should submit a preliminary report by November 1, 1992, setting forth a schedule of actions already taken.

C. The institution's wrestling team shall end its 1992-93 and 1993-94 seasons with its last regularly scheduled, in-season contest and shall not be eligible to participate in any postseason competition. [Note: This penalty is immediately and completely suspended based upon the mitigating factors set forth above.]

D. The institution shall be prohibited from providing any expense-paid visits to the institution for prospective student-athletes in wrestling during the 1992-93 academic year. [Note: This penalty is immediately and completely suspended based upon the mitigating factors set forth above.]

E. The committee accepted as its own penalties the actions taken by the university in reassigning and then accepting the resignation of the involved head wrestling coach involved in the case, the nonrenewal of the contract of a part-time assistant wrestling coach involved in the violations, and in ending the independent team booster clubs and fund-raising organization by placing all fund-raising activities under the control of the University Foundation and all team

clubs under the control of the athletics director.

F. The university shall vacate all wrestling team records and return all team awards earned in NCAA postseason competition for the 1987-88, 1988-89 and 1989-90 academic years.

G. During the probationary period, no member of the university's wrestling team may participate or compete in any club, summer camp or other program in which the former head wrestling coach is involved in any manner.

H. The university shall take steps to ensure that the faculty has an enhanced voice in the supervision of its intercollegiate athletics program, and shall provide for an enhanced role for its faculty athletics representative.

I. The institution shall recertify all of its current athletics policies and practices to ensure conformity to all requirements of NCAA regulations with a particular emphasis on the participation of student-athletes in athletics programs during the nontraditional seasons.

J. In accordance with Bylaw 19.4.2.1-(1), the NCAA member institution at which the former head wrestling coach involved in violations set forth above is presently employed shall show cause why it should not be penalized if it fails to take appropriate disciplinary action against the coach that, in the committee's view, should include at least the following: a requirement that the head coach attend NCAA rules-education and compliance seminars throughout the 1992-93 academic year, and a requirement that the college recertify its wrestling program from the beginning of the coach's employment at the college, including the operation of any wrestling clubs and summer camp programs in which he has been involved in that same period of time.

[Note: Should Lock Haven University of Pennsylvania appeal either the findings of violations or proposed penalties in this case to the NCAA Council subcommittee of Division I members, the Committee on Infractions will submit an expanded infractions report to the members of the Council who will consider the appeal. This expanded report will include additional information in accordance with Bylaw 32.8.5. A copy of the committee's report would be provided to the institution before the institution's appearance before the Council subcommittee and, as required by Bylaw 32.8.6, would be released to the public.]

Also, the Committee on Infractions wishes to advise the institution that when the penalties in this case become effective, the institution should take every precaution to ensure that their terms are observed; further, the committee intends to monitor the penalties during their effective periods, and any action contrary to the terms of any of the penalties shall be considered grounds for extending the institution's probationary period, as well as to consider imposing more severe sanctions in this case.

Finally, should any actions by NCAA Conventions directly or indirectly modify any provision of these penalties or the effect of the penalties, the committee reserves the right to review and reconsider the penalties.]

NCAA COMMITTEE  
ON INFRACTIONS

## NAIA to relocate headquarters to Tulsa

The National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics is moving its headquarters to Tulsa, Oklahoma, from Kansas City, Missouri, and with it the NAIA basketball championship worth an estimated \$10 million to the host city.

James Chasteen, president of the NAIA, insisted his group was not looking to relocate when Tulsa pitched its offer two months ago. But he suggested the group felt lost in the larger Kansas City market.

"We looked for a city that really wanted the NAIA, a city that was committed to amateur athletics and the student-athlete," Chasteen told The Associated Press. "We wanted to be where we're a bigger player in the community."

The NAIA's Council of Presidents voted unanimously September 29 to leave Kansas City, where it has been since 1957.

The NAIA was founded in 1937 and now has more than 220 schools with 65,000 athletes competing in 13 sports.

Among its 23 championships is the NAIA basketball tournament, involving a team from each of its 32 districts. The 1993 basketball tournament already is booked for Kemper Arena in Kansas City, but will move to Tulsa in 1994.

Chasteen said the NAIA wanted to distance itself from professional sports teams and the NCAA and Big Eight Conference offices in Kansas City. The organization plans to relocate its 28-member staff as early as summer 1993.





Andrea Wieland looks to 1996 Olympics.

## Wieland

### Iowa field hockey star hoping to fulfill Olympic dream

► Continued from page 5

ney in New Zealand, games in which the United States went 2-0-1.

The national team's next international tournament will be the 1993 Intercontinental Cup in Philadelphia, Wieland's "other hometown."

Physical training is only a part of preparing for the Olympics. Developing the proper mindset also is a must. Wieland not only knows this, she teaches how to develop it.

This summer, she interned with Carole Harder, a renowned sports psychologist who helped the 1992 U.S. Olympians with mental preparation for Barcelona. As part of "The Winners Seminar," a program that teaches self-esteem and life skills, Wieland did motivational speaking at high schools and camps.

She learned of the internship from former Iowa and national-team swimmer Tom Williams, who had worked for Harder. Though Wieland said she suffered the usual butterflies that an inexperienced speaker battles, she came to love the work and plans to con-

tinue doing similar projects as long as she can.

#### 'Positive addiction'

"It is like a positive addiction," she said. "It helps me stay upbeat and keeps my dreams in my mind when I'm practicing eight hours a day. It also plays a role in my everyday life. It's made a tremendous difference in the way I play."

She said field hockey in turn gives her stories to illustrate how to apply the principles she talks about.

Thanks to the eligibility waiver she received from the NCAA, Wieland is back with the Hawkeyes as a cocaptain this fall, and Iowa again has hopes for a national championship. Not surprisingly, Beglin welcomed her return.

"You always miss that kind of leadership," she said, "but we had people step in and do a great job. If we didn't have that, we would have missed her more. You can always think 'what if we had those three players,' but this year we get to find out.

"Andrea's not afraid to take an unpopular stance. She gets people to step back and look at what

they're doing individually and see if it's best for the team collectively."

#### Seeking doctorate

A member of the Big Ten Conference all-academic team, Wieland graduated with a degree in psychology last spring and began her studies in Iowa's highly regarded counseling psychology doctoral program this fall.

Because of the long absences from the classroom that she anticipates as the national team prepares for the Olympics, Wieland figures it will take her about eight years to complete the program, rather than the standard five.

Pursuing both goals is, she said, like having two full-time jobs. Once she completes them, she wants to follow in her father's footsteps and become a psychologist.

The two have kicked around the idea of becoming partners one day. Putting into practice the visualization technique she discusses in seminars, she said the office door will have "Wieland and Wieland" printed on it—with her name listed first, of course.

That office would be in Atlanta, a city that, at least for Wieland, is a field of dreams.

## Certification

### Tentative set of guidelines proposed to eliminate duplication with certification program

► Continued from page 1

icated wholly to athletics certification and one individual who would represent the Southern Association's interests in intercollegiate athletics and whose activities would be divided between matters related to athletics certification and regional accreditation.

■ That peer-review team members whose activities are dedicated

to athletics certification should be selected in accordance with NCAA guidelines and that the individual selected to represent the Southern Association's interests would satisfy the guidelines of both the NCAA and the Southern Association.

■ That the institution's self-study report and the peer-review team's evaluation both should be written so that topics of mutual concern to the NCAA and to the

Southern Association need not be addressed separately.

The guidelines were approved in principle by the NCAA Presidents Commission at its September 30-October 1 meeting and will be offered to the NCAA Council when it meets October 12-14.

Assuming that the concept receives the Council's support, work will proceed on the development of a more comprehensive pro-

posal. That proposal will be presented to the Southern Association's Executive Council of the Commission on Colleges and to the Presidents Commission and the Council before the 1993 NCAA Convention.

Information concerning the plan will be circulated to the membership in advance of the January Convention through The NCAA News and, if necessary, direct mail-

ings to member institutions and conferences.

It is not anticipated that the proposed working agreement between the two associations will require any amendment of the current certification proposal.

The certification plan is listed as Proposal No. 4 in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation, which was mailed to the membership September 15.

## Council

### Review of 155 legislative proposals to be the feature at group's October meeting

► Continued from page 1

ments-to-amendments or resolutions.

It also will review noncontroversial amendments adopted this year, plus changes in the administrative regulations (Bylaw 30) and legislation adopted under the provisions of Constitution 5.4.1.1.1 to conform to the original intent.

#### Major issues

In the major-issues portion of the Council agenda—beginning this year, the group has set aside most of the first day of its meeting to discuss current topics of overrid-

ing significance—are these four matters:

■ A status report on the work of the Gender-Equity Task Force.

■ A report on the status of the proposal to establish an initial-eligibility clearinghouse, including discussion of the bids received from those wanting to administer such a clearinghouse.

■ A report on the actions taken by the NCAA Presidents Commission in its September 30-October 1 meeting.

■ Remaining issues from the earlier reports of the Committee on Infractions and the Special

Committee to Review the NCAA Enforcement and Infractions Process. The chairs of those two groups—David Swank, University of Oklahoma, and Rex E. Lee, Brigham Young University—will meet with the Council for that discussion.

#### And more

The fall meeting also includes the Council's annual appointments of individuals to fill vacancies on Council-appointed (Bylaw 21.3) committees that will occur September 1 of next year.

The Council considers compilations of all nominations received

from the membership for those vacancies, but those appointed are not announced publicly until after the Convention in January.

Also, the Council will receive reports from these NCAA committees and subcommittees:

Academic Requirements, Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sports, Executive, Financial Aid and Amateurism, Initial-Eligibility Waivers, Legislative Review, Olympic Sports Liaison, Professional Sports Liaison, Proposal No. 24 (from the 1990 Convention—graduation-rate disclosure), Recruiting, Review and Planning, Special Events, Student-

Athlete Advisory, and Two-Year College Relations.

As in each of its quarterly gatherings, the Council will receive a report on the Association's governmental affairs, take action on various membership applications and requests, and review the actions taken by the Administrative Committee and the Interpretations Committee since the previous Council meeting.

Highlights of the Council session will appear in the October 19 issue of The NCAA News. The complete minutes of the meeting will be printed in a November issue.

## Minutes

► Continued from page 7

submit its graduate-rate-disclosure report per Bylaw 30.1, noting that the institution would be prevented by the effects of Hurricane Andrew from meeting the October 1 deadline; specified that the report must be received in the national office not later than October 20.

f. Noted that requests for the Council to reconsider previous actions do not constitute appeals and therefore do not require Administrative Committee approval; therefore, any member institution or conference

desiring such reconsideration can ask any member of the Council to move for reconsideration within the customary parliamentary procedures governing NCAA meetings or, failing that, can attempt to generate sufficient sponsorship for legislation to adjust the involved circumstance at a future Convention.

2. Acting for the Executive Committee, the Administrative Committee:

Approved a recommendation by the Executive Committee of the NCAA Foundation Board of Directors that the following changes be made in the bylaws of the

Foundation: (1) That Article 3, Section 9, be amended to provide that the chair of the Investment and Finance Committee shall be a member of the Board of Directors nominated by the (Foundation) Executive Committee and appointed by the Board of Directors, and (2) that Article 6 be amended to provide that the annual report of the Foundation shall be presented to the NCAA Executive Committee at the latter's August meeting.

3. Report of actions taken by the executive director per Constitution 4.3.2.

a. Acting for the Council:

(1) Granted waivers per Bylaw 14.8.6.1-(c) to permit student-athletes from 16 institutions to participate in competition involving national teams in basketball, field hockey, golf, lacrosse, soccer, swimming, tennis, and track and field.

(2) Granted waivers per Bylaw 16.13.1 to permit institutions to provide incidental expenses in these situations:

(a) To student-athletes to attend funerals of members of student-athletes' families.

(b) To provide flowers for the family of a student-athlete when a family member has

died.

(c) To a student-athlete undergoing medical evaluations to determine if he has Marfan's syndrome.

b. Acting for the Executive Committee: Approved a recommendation by the Men's Lacrosse Committee that the University of Maryland, College Park, replace Rutgers University, New Brunswick, as host of the 1994 Divisions I and III Men's Lacrosse Championships, May 28-30, inasmuch as construction and schedule conflicts would make the facilities at Rutgers unavailable.

# NCAA Record

## CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

**Rev. Michael J. Sheeran**, academic vice-president at Regis (Colorado) since 1982, named president there, succeeding **Father David Clarke**. **William H. Likins** announced his retirement as president at Greensboro, effective July 1, 1993. He has served there nearly nine years.

## DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

**James G. "Tommy" Thompson** appointed at St. Francis (New York). He is a former associate AD and women's softball coach at Long Island-Brooklyn.

## ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS

**Phil Godfrey** promoted from assistant to associate AD at Washington (Missouri).

## COACHES

**Baseball assistants**—**Bill Mosiello** chosen at Tennessee... **Walter "Dub" Kilgo**, pitching coach at Arizona State, resigned... **Mark Leavitt** and **Sam Tola** hired at Princeton.

**Men's basketball**—**Coleman Crawford** received a two-year contract extension through the 1994-95 season at Akron.

**Men's basketball assistants**—**Dwight Evans**, restricted-earnings coach at Missouri since 1988, joined the staff at Central Florida, which also announced the promotion of **Ben DeVary** from restricted-earnings to full-time coach. The pair replace **Tim Thomas**, who became an aide at Texas-Pan American, and **Bret Campbell**, who joined the staff at Austin Peay State.

**Don Bassett** selected at St. Rose... **Darelle Porter**, who played at Pittsburgh from 1987 to 1991, appointed at Duquesne... **John Sanow** retained and **James P. Christian** and **Bernie Jubeck** added to the staff at St. Francis (Pennsylvania)... **Jennifer Beckmeyer** named at Cal State Fullerton after serving there last year as a student assistant coach... **Joseph Rinkes** selected at Bluffton.

**Women's basketball**—**Tracy Wheeler**, an assistant at Northeast Missouri State, named acting coach there, replacing **Lois Heeren**, who resigned to become an assistant at Southwest Texas State... **Candi Harvey** agreed to a multiyear contract at Tulane.

**Women's basketball assistants**—**Joan Schockow** selected at Brockport State... **Laurie Decker** chosen at St. Francis (Pennsylvania)... **Ann McNerney**, former head coach at Nichols, named as an aide at Merrimack.

**Men's and women's cross country**—**Judy Bogenschütz** selected at DePauw, where she also will coach the men's and women's track and field teams.

**Football**—**Richard Macon** and **Willie Spence** selected as interim cohead coaches at Virginia Union, replacing **Mel Rose**, who resigned.

**Football assistant**—**Danny Ford**, former head coach at Clemson, named at Arkansas as a consulting assistant coach to work with the Razorbacks' offense.

**Men's gymnastics assistant**—**Charlie Knight**, wellness coordinator for the Chesapeake (Virginia) Paper Products Company, appointed at William and Mary.

**Men's lacrosse assistant**—**J. B. Clarke** chosen at Duke.

**Women's soccer**—**Mickey Purdy** named at Limestone, his alma mater. It is his first coaching position.

**Women's soccer assistant**—**Cherise Galasso** appointed at Rochester Institute of Technology.

**Women's softball**—**Doug Walsh** hired at Marywood... **John Hoffman**, girls' softball coach at St. Columbkille (Massachusetts) the past five years, picked at Bentley... **James Coppo** resigned at Massachusetts-Lowell... **Paul Benim** hired at Penn State-Behrend.

**Men's swimming and diving**—**Greg Kenney** returned to Brockport State, where he served as men's coach from 1968 to 1984... **Roch King** named at Bloomsburg, replacing **Dave Rider**, who will concentrate on his duties as women's swimming coach there. King will also serve as diving coach.

**Men's and women's tennis**—**Wendy Bridenstine** chosen at West Texas State, replacing **Clay Hawk**... **Mark Noc**, ten-

## USA Basketball elects Kentucky's Newton

Kentucky athletics director **C. M. Newton** has been elected president of USA Basketball, succeeding **Dave Gavitt**, senior executive vice-president of the Boston Celtics. Newton will serve a four-year term.

Newton, who served as men's basketball coach and associate AD at Vanderbilt for seven years before moving to Kentucky in 1989, was USA Basketball's vice-president for men from 1988 to 1992 and also chaired USA Basketball's 1988-92 games committee for men.

Also elected to the board of directors were **Russell Granik**, deputy commissioner of the National Basketball Association, vice-president; **Thomas W. Jernstedt**, chief operating officer of the NCAA, vice-president for men; **Susan Blackwood**, associate women's AD at Texas, vice-president for women; **Quinn Buckner**, former Indiana basketball standout and member of the 1976 U.S. Olympic team, treasurer, and **Carol Callan**, Fairview (Colorado) High School director of athletics, secretary.

Other appointments to the board included **James E. Delany**, commissioner of the Big Ten Conference; **James A. Haney**, executive director of the National Association of Basketball Coaches, and **Judith R. Holland**, senior associate athletics director at UCLA and chair of the NCAA Division I Women's Basketball Committee.



Newton

nis professional at the Carmel (Indiana) Racquet Club, picked as men's coach at DePauw.

**Men's and women's tennis assistants**—Former Kansas head coach **Scott Perelman** selected as associate men's head coach at Tennessee... **Tim Corwin**, who helped Kalamazoo capture the 1986 Division III men's team championship, returned to the school as assistant men's coach... **Dave Wohlfarth** appointed men's and women's assistant at West Texas State.

**Men's and women's track and field**—**Harry Marra** resigned at San Francisco State, effective at the end of the fall semester... **Judy Bogenschütz** selected at DePauw, where she also will coach the men's and women's cross country teams.

**Men's and women's track and field assistants**—**Brian Oldfield**, **Scott Shaffer** and **Brad Miller** chosen at Arkansas State.

**Women's volleyball**—**Joe Conroy**, assistant at Youngstown State, promoted to head coach there, succeeding **John McKenna**, who assumed duties as academic-athletics counselor/schedule coordinator at the institution... **Sonya Hanson** agreed to a new multiyear contract at Tulane.

**Women's volleyball assistant**—**Traci Tomashek** resigned at Delaware.

**Wrestling**—**Phil Rembert**, an assistant the past two years at Northern Illinois, elevated to interim head coach there.

**Wrestling assistants**—**Joe Pantaleo** picked at Michigan State after spending the past year as a volunteer assistant at Iowa... Former Fort Hays State head coach **Wayne Petterson** named at Northern Illinois.

## STAFF

**Academic counselor**—**John McKenna** relinquished his women's volleyball coaching duties at Youngstown State to become academic-athletics counselor/schedule coordinator at the institution.

**Administrative assistant**—**George Watts** hired as administrative assistant for spring sports at Tennessee.

**Athletics interns**—**Dave DeCecco** and

**John Stamatis** chosen as interns in the athletics department at Western Kentucky.

**Development assistant**—**Jim Ross** named assistant director of athletics development at Bloomsburg, where he also will serve as assistant sports information director.

**Events supervisor**—**George Deaver** hired as supervisor of athletics events at Delaware.

**Facilities manager**—**Jamie Krukewitt** named at Washington (Missouri).

**Facilities assistant**—**T. J. Shelton** chosen as assistant athletics facilities manager at Washington (Missouri).

**Marketing associate**—**Elyse Adler** chosen at Delaware.

**Publications editor**—**Rob Kaminski**, sports information director at Wabash, named at Michigan State, replacing **Kevin Shaw**.

**Sports information directors**—**Sarah Feyerherm**, a graduate assistant coach at Mount Holyoke, named at Washington (Maryland)... **Dan Gallegos** appointed at Penn State-Behrend... **Eric McDowell**, former director of sports communications and internal marketing at New Hampshire, chosen as SID at Cal Poly San Luis Obispo.

**Sports information assistants**—**David Popham** and **Steve Preo** named at Norfolk State... **Betsy McCormack** selected at Rochester Institute of Technology... **Jim Ross** named at Bloomsburg, where he also will serve as assistant director of athletics development.

**Assistant trainers**—**Renee Cork**, former head trainer at Drew, chosen as associate trainer at William and Mary. **Michelle Freeman**, a graduate assistant for the past two years at North Carolina State, also named at the school... **Kim Hannigan** named assistant trainer at DePauw after serving the past year as trainer at Indiana State.

## CONFERENCES

**Fred Barakat** selected as supervisor of basketball officials for the Colonial Athletic Association... **Dave Kemmy** chosen as director of sports information for the Commonwealth Coast Conference.

## Polls

### Division I Men's Cross Country

The Sporthill top 25 NCAA Division I men's cross country teams as selected by the United States Cross Country Coaches Association through September 29, with points:

1. Arkansas, 450; 2. Wisconsin, 427; 3. Arizona, 415; 4. (tie) Iowa State and Villanova, 367; 6. Notre Dame, 361; 7. Providence, 335; 8. Michigan, 328; 9. Washington, 277; 10. South Florida, 250; 11. Wake Forest, 244; 12. Brigham Young, 235; 13. North Carolina State, 212; 14. Penn State, 200; 15. Kansas, 161; 16. Air Force, 158; 17. Navy, 155; 18. Colorado, 136; 19. Oregon, 132; 20. Georgetown, 110; 21. Tennessee, 108; 22. Eastern Michigan, 81; 23. New Mexico, 68; 24. East Tennessee State, 53; 25. Montana State, 35.

### Division I Women's Cross Country

The top 25 NCAA Division I women's cross country teams as selected by the Women's Intercollegiate Cross Country Coaches Association through September 28, with points:

1. Villanova, 175; 2. Arkansas, 167; 3. Northern Arizona, 152; 4. Cornell, 149; 5. Wisconsin, 144; 6. Providence, 142; 7. Arizona, 129; 8. Alabama, 120; 9. Brigham Young, 115; 10. Georgetown, 113; 11. Michigan, 108; 12. Penn State, 91; 13. Virginia, 90; 14. UC Irvine, 85; 15. Oregon, 71; 16. Iowa, 62; 17. Nebraska, 61; 18. Baylor, 57; 19. Georgia, 49; 20. Iowa State, 47; 21. Colorado, 36; 22. Washington, 23; 23. Mississippi State, 15; 24. Michigan State, 11; 25. Massachusetts, 10.

### Division I Field Hockey

The top 20 NCAA Division I field hockey teams through September 28, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Old Dominion (8-0) ..... 120
2. Iowa (7-0) ..... 114
3. Penn St. (4-0-1) ..... 108
4. Maryland (4-2-1) ..... 102
5. Massachusetts (8-0) ..... 96
6. Ball St. (6-1) ..... 90
7. Northeastern (5-1) ..... 84
8. North Caro. (4-4) ..... 77
9. Providence (5-1) ..... 73
10. Temple (4-3) ..... 66
11. Boston U. (5-2) ..... 60
12. Lafayette (4-2) ..... 53
13. Northwestern (2-5) ..... 49
14. Duke (5-2) ..... 42
15. Syracuse (3-4) ..... 33
16. Virginia (4-1-1) ..... 33
17. Richmond (3-1-1) ..... 24
18. Pennsylvania (4-1) ..... 18
19. Brown (4-1) ..... 12
20. New Hampshire (2-4) ..... 5

### Division II Field Hockey

The top five NCAA Division II field hockey teams in each region through September 29, with records:

- North:** 1. Bloomsburg, 7-0; 2. East Stroudsburg, 4-1-1; 3. Keene State, 3-1; 4. Southern Connecticut State, 3-2; 5. St. Michael's, 4-3.
- South:** 1. Shippensburg, 5-1; 2. Lock Haven, 5-1; 3. Millersville, 3-2-1; 4. Longwood, 4-3-1; 5. Pfeiffer, 5-2.

### Division III Field Hockey

The top five NCAA Division III field hockey teams in each region through September 29, with records:

- Northeast:** 1. Worcester Polytechnic, 6-0; 2. Trinity (Connecticut), 4-0; 3. Bowdoin, 4-0; 4. Southern Maine, 4-0; 5. Clark (Massachusetts), 5-1-1.
- South:** 1. Salisbury State, 5-2; 2. Johns Hopkins, 4-1; 3. Mary Washington, 6-1; 4. Bridgewater (Virginia), 6-2; 5. Eastern Mennonite, 3-3.
- Mid-Atlantic:** 1. William Smith, 7-1; 2. Trenton State, 4-1; 3. Ithaca, 5-3; 4. Cortland State, 7-1; 5. Brockport State, 2-2-1.
- Pennsylvania:** 1. Messiah, 7-1; 2. Dickinson, 6-1-2; 3. Franklin and Marshall, 4-2; 4. Moravian, 7-0; 5. Susquehanna, 6-0-1.
- Great Lakes:** 1. Ohio Wesleyan, 7-0-1; 2. Wooster, 5-4; 3. Sewanee, 7-0; 4. Kenyon, 5-2; 5. Wittenberg, 3-2-1.

### Division I-AA Football

The top 20 NCAA Division I-AA football teams through September 27, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Marshall (3-0) ..... 80
2. Northern Iowa (3-0) ..... 74
3. Villanova (3-0) ..... 74
4. Eastern Ky. (3-0) ..... 68
5. Idaho (3-0) ..... 64
6. Citadel (4-0) ..... 60
7. Youngstown St. (3-1) ..... 55
8. Middle Tenn. St. (2-1) ..... 53
9. Northeast La. (2-2) ..... 47
10. William & Mary (3-0) ..... 45
11. Florida A&M (3-1) ..... 38
12. Delaware (2-1) ..... 34
13. McNeese St. (2-2) ..... 31

14. Richmond (2-1) ..... 22
15. North Caro. A&T (4-0) ..... 21
16. Southwest Tex. St. (2-2) ..... 20
17. Southwest Mo. St. (2-2) ..... 18
18. Samford (3-1) ..... 17
19. Tenn.-Chatt. (2-1) ..... 9
20. Eastern Wash. (2-1) ..... 4
20. Ga. Southern (2-1) ..... 4

### Division II Football

The top 20 NCAA Division II football teams through September 27, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Pittsburg St. (4-0) ..... 80
2. Indiana (Pa.) (3-0) ..... 74
2. Jacksonville St. (3-0) ..... 74
4. North Dak. St. (3-0) ..... 67
5. Texas A&I (2-1) ..... 65
6. Edinboro (3-0) ..... 56
7. Mankato St. (4-0) ..... 55
8. Savannah St. (4-0) ..... 53
9. Cal St. Sacramento (3-0) ..... 51
10. Hampton (3-0-1) ..... 40
10. New Haven (4-0) ..... 40
12. Emporia St. (4-0) ..... 34
13. Livingston (3-0) ..... 32
14. Hillsdale (4-0) ..... 29
14. Central Okla. (4-0) ..... 29
16. Sonoma St. (2-1) ..... 19
17. Northern Colo. (3-1) ..... 17
18. Grand Valley St. (3-1) ..... 10
19. Winston-Salem (3-1) ..... 7
20. Western St. (3-1) ..... 5

### Division I Women's Volleyball

The Tachikara top 25 NCAA Division I women's volleyball teams through September 29 as selected by the American Volleyball Coaches Association, with records in parentheses and points:

1. UCLA (9-0) ..... 1350
2. Stanford (8-0) ..... 1296
3. Long Beach St. (7-1) ..... 1242
4. Pacific (Cal.) (10-2) ..... 1187
5. Nebraska (7-2) ..... 1084
6. Southern Cal (9-1) ..... 1058
7. Illinois (10-3) ..... 1009
8. New Mexico (7-3) ..... 997
9. Florida (12-1) ..... 911
10. Texas (10-2) ..... 880
11. Brigham Young (7-3) ..... 811
12. Louisiana St. (8-3) ..... 758
13. Penn St. (10-2) ..... 632
14. Texas Tech (10-1) ..... 613
15. Hawaii (5-5) ..... 604
16. Colorado (10-2) ..... 513
17. Ohio St. (8-3) ..... 459
18. Arizona St. (11-2) ..... 444
19. Georgia (11-2) ..... 367
20. Washington (5-3) ..... 298
21. Notre Dame (12-1) ..... 291
22. Kentucky (9-3) ..... 254
23. UC Santa Barb. (6-2) ..... 224
24. Washington St. (10-3) ..... 133
25. Colorado St. (10-2) ..... 44

### Division II Women's Volleyball

The Tachikara top 25 NCAA Division II women's volleyball teams through September 29 as selected by the American Volleyball Coaches Association, with records in parentheses and points:

1. Portland St. (10-1) ..... 596
2. Northern Mich. (8-1) ..... 570
3. North Dak. St. (13-1) ..... 562
4. UC Davis (6-3) ..... 513
5. Northern Colo. (17-1) ..... 505
6. Cal St. Bakersfield (7-2) ..... 476
7. Fla. Southern (8-1) ..... 447
8. Metropolitan St. (7-4) ..... 431
9. Tampa (5-1) ..... 377
10. Central Mo. St. (11-4) ..... 362
11. West Tex. St. (8-4) ..... 353
12. Augustana (S.D.) (16-2) ..... 351
13. Cal Poly Pomona (15-3) ..... 311
14. Cal St. Chico (8-2) ..... 290
15. Chapman (11-5) ..... 232
16. Cal St. Los Angeles (11-6) ..... 225
17. Angelo St. (12-5) ..... 222
18. UC Riverside (1-8) ..... 153
19. Nebraska-Omaha (11-5) ..... 137
20. Air Force (11-3) ..... 101
21. Mankato St. (14-3) ..... 98
22. Regis (Colo.) (3-4) ..... 96
23. Wayne St. (Mich.) (8-4) ..... 81
24. Ferris St. (4-5) ..... 76
25. Grand Canyon (13-4) ..... 73

### Men's Water Polo

The top 20 NCAA men's water polo teams through September 29 as selected by the American Water Polo Coaches Association, with points:

1. California, 100; 2. Pepperdine, 95; 3. Southern California, 88; 4. Stanford, 87; 5. UC Irvine, 80; 6. UCLA, 75; 7. UC Santa Barbara, 70; 8. Long Beach State, 64; 9. UC San Diego, 60; 10. Pacific (California), 55; 11. Fresno State, 51; 12. Slippery Rock, 45; 13. Air Force, 39; 14. Massachusetts, 36; 15. Princeton, 26; 16. UC Davis, 25; 17. Claremont-Mudd Scripps, 19; 18. Navy, 17; 19. Harvard, 7; 20. Brown, 6.

## Calendar

October 5-6	Olympic Sports Liaison Committee	Miami Beach, Florida
October 6	Gender-Equity Task Force	Washington, D.C.
October 7	Special Committee to Review Financial Conditions in Intercollegiate Athletics	Chicago
October 8-9	Special Committee on Athletics Certification Subcommittee on Instructions for Peer-Review Teams	Kansas City, Missouri
October 11	Nominating Committee	Kansas City, Missouri
October 12-14	Council	Kansas City, Missouri

# The Market

Readers of The NCAA News are invited to use The Market to locate candidates for positions open at their institutions, to advertise open dates in their playing schedules or for other purposes relating to the administration of intercollegiate athletics.

**Rates:** 55 cents per word for general classified advertising (agate type) and \$27 per column inch for display classified advertising. (Commercial display advertising also can be purchased elsewhere in the newspaper at \$12 per column inch. Commercial display advertising is available only to NCAA corporate sponsors, official licensees and member institutions, or agencies acting on their behalf.)

**Deadlines:** Orders and copy for The Market are due by noon Central time six days prior to the date of publication for general classified space and by noon seven days prior to the date of publication for display classified advertisements. Orders and copy will be accepted by mail, fax or telephone.

For more information or to place an ad, call classified advertising at 913/339-1906, ext. 3000, or write NCAA Publishing, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422, Attention: The Market.

## Positions Available

### Associate A.D.

**Auburn University.** Department of Athletics. Auburn University continues to search for an Associate Athletic Director & Senior Woman Administrator. Qualifications: Bachelor's and master's degrees. Demonstrated skills in personnel management, fiscal affairs, written and spoken communication, supervision, organization, decision making and leadership. Thorough knowledge of and commitment to NCAA rules, regulations and Title IX. Demonstrated experience in directing and working with coaches and staff. Demonstrated ability to relate to student-athletes, faculty, staff, alumni and community. A minimum of eight (8) years experience in this field. Responsibilities: Directs/monitors all nonrevenue sports and is Senior Woman Administrator. Is the department affirmative action officer, division budget director, division personnel evaluator, event coordinator for all sports for this division. Assists in fund-raising for all sports in this division. Represents AU in all areas of women's intercollegiate athletics. Supervision of 16 sports. In charge of all campus and clinics. Monitor Title IX compliance. A member of Administrative Council, is the coordinator of all schedules and contracts for all sports other than football and men's basketball. Full-time, 12-month position, salary commensurate with qualifications and experience. Will report to the Director of Intercollegiate Athletics and will be a member of the Director's Administrative Council. Applications: To receive full consideration, resume, letter of application stating qualifications and three letters of reference must be sent to the address below. Applications may be made by facsimile. Auburn University continues to search until a candidate is selected. Mike Lude, Director of Intercollegiate Athletics, Auburn Athletic Department, Post Office Box 351, Auburn, AL 36831-0351, fax # 205/844-9807. Auburn University is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. Minorities and women are encouraged to apply.

### Assistant A.D.

Assistant Director of Athletics/La Salle Univ.

versity. The Assistant Director of Recreation and Intercollegiate Athletics for Sports Information and Athletic Promotions/Marketing reports to the Director of Athletics and is responsible for administration of the sports information services, media relations, publications and promotional activities for La Salle University's 22-sport Division I program. Responsibilities include: oversight of traditional duties of a Division I sports information office (two full-time professionals); design and production of media guides, recruiting brochures, alumni newsletters, etc.; and development and implementation of department and individual sport/team marketing and promotional programs. Qualifications: minimum of a bachelor's degree in journalism, English, marketing, communications, or a directly related field; five years of progressively more responsible Division I sports information/athletic promotions experience; demonstrated ability with design and management of successful marketing/promotional activities; excellent oral and written communication skills, and working knowledge of word processing, desktop publishing, computer graphics, etc. Application Information: Letter of application, resume, and portfolio (including a minimum of three recent publications or writing samples, which will be returned upon request), and the names/addresses of three current professional references should be sent to: Robert Mullen, Director of Recreation and Intercollegiate Athletics, La Salle University, Philadelphia, PA 19141-1199. Review of applications will begin October 9, 1992, and continue until the appointment is made. The starting date is flexible, but candidates are expected to be available as soon as possible after selection. La Salle University is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

### Fund-Raising

**Stanford University**—Director of Annual Giving for Athletics. Reports directly to the Assistant Athletic Director for Development and will be responsible for coordinating, evaluating, and executing all annual fund raising programs for the athletic department. Works closely with the Assistant Athletic Director for Development to plan and implement annual giving strategies and goals. Will initiate and oversee fund raising efforts including personal solicitation, direct mail, phone appeals and special events. Staff various committees and boards. Oversees the donor relations programs for the depart-

ment's annual fund. Identify new markets for annual athletic donors. Attend athletic events regularly to maintain sufficient knowledge of sports programs, coaches, volunteers, donor prospects and athletes. Qualifications: Demonstrated ability to successfully implement annual fund-raising techniques, programs and strategies. University fund-raising experience preferred. Understanding of and ability to articulate the role of athletics in an institution with an exceptionally rigorous academic program and an athletic program that serves a diverse student body. Candidates should have skills in motivating others, including coaches, student-athletes, volunteers, prospects and staff, and in training and supervision of staff. Experience in marketing, sales, and/or direct mail desirable. Send cover letter and resume to: Nancy Koski, J921263H, Office of Development, 301 Encina Hall, Stanford, California 94306-6076. Deadline: October 16, 1992. Stanford University is an Equal Opportunity Employer.

### Baseball

**Stetson University** is accepting applications for the position of assistant baseball coach (restricted earnings). Responsibilities: Coaching, recruiting, conditioning, assist with promotions and fund-raising. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree required. Previous coaching and/or playing experience at the collegiate level preferred. Applications accepted through November 6, 1992. Appointment effective January 4, 1993. Send letter of application, resume with three professional references to: Stetson University Personnel Dept., Campus Box 8327, Stetson University, DeLand, FL 32720. Stetson University is an Equal Opportunity Employer.

### Basketball

**Head Women's Basketball Coach.** Northeast Missouri State University invites nominations and applications for the position of women's basketball coach. This is a 12-month appointment and some teaching in the exercise science program is required. Responsibilities include but are not limited to: recruiting and monitoring academic progress of student-athletes, scheduling of events, travel arrangements, budget management, public relations and fund-raising. Candidates should possess a master's degree, successful college coaching experience (or an equivalent substitute), knowledge of and commitment to NCAA rules. Please express your interest by phone or fax as soon as possible, and follow with a letter of application, resume, and the name and phone numbers of three references to: Dr. Susanne Bair, Associate Athletic Director, Pershing Building, Northeast Missouri State University, Kirksville, MO 63501, phone 816/785-4340, fax 816/785-4181. Deadline for initial contact is October 12, 1992.

### Soccer

**State University of New York-Fredonia.** Position: Head Men's Soccer Coach. The State University of New York College at Fredonia seeks a full-time varsity soccer coach who can administer all phases of a highly competitive men's soccer program in accordance with NCAA Division III rules and philosophy. Responsibilities: all aspects of the men's intercollegiate soccer program including coaching, recruiting, off-season training, academic monitoring, supervision of JV program, and teaching physical education and/or health classes or be ATEC certified for training room assignment. Qualifications: A bachelor's degree required, master's degree and at least one degree in physical education or related field preferred. Successful coaching and recruiting experience and advanced national coaching license desirable. Starting Date: An appointment date of January 1993 is preferred but a September 1993 starting date will be acceptable if a suitable candidate cannot be found. Salary: Commensurate with experience and educational background. Application Procedure: Position is open until filled. Screening of applications to begin November 1, 1992. Send application, resume, and recommendations to: Dr. Everett J. Phillips, Chairperson, Dept. of H. PE, A&D, State University of New York, Fredonia, New York

14063. SUNY Fredonia is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

### Softball

**Head Women's Softball Coach.** Responsible for developing, planning and administration of the softball program. Also recruiting, scheduling, budget planning and management, training of student-athletes and hiring and evaluation of assistant coaches. Responsible for adherence to NCAA, Big Ten and Purdue University policies and procedures. Bachelor's degree required, master's preferred. Five years of coaching experience, preferably at the college level. Demonstrate strong, interpersonal communication skills, leadership abilities, and high ethical standards. Submit letter of application, resume, and three letters of recommendation by October 30, 1992, to: Dr. Joni Comstock, Room 44, Mackey Arena, West Lafayette, IN 47907. Purdue University is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

### Swimming

**Assistant Swim Coach.** Rutgers University is seeking a qualified candidate for the position of Assistant Swimming Coach for the men's and women's programs. Seven-month position, duties to include: Coaching, organization of team workouts, recruiting, meet management, pre- and post-season conditioning program, assist in strength training, fund raising, also to assist in the Age Group Competitive program, and any other duties as assigned by the head coach. Facilities include a world class aquatic center, state-of-the-art facilities center and excellent professional office space and secretarial support. Minimum qualifications: B.S. degree, three years of coaching experience at high school, club or college level. Salary negotiable. Please send letter of application and resume to: Frank W. Elm, Head Swim Coach, Rutgers University, SWRC, P.O. Box 1179, Piscataway, NJ 08855-1179.

### Tennis

**Head Coach of Women's Tennis and Instructor/Assistant Professor.** Serve as the head coach of the women's intercollegiate tennis program and be responsible for all phases of the program including the organization of practices and games; recruitment and selection of student-athletes; organization of spring trip, and administrative duties (budget, scheduling, travel arrangements and public relations). Serve in an additional full coaching position. Teach physical education upper level and/or skill courses. Play an active role in the university community. A master's degree and prior successful intercollegiate coaching or playing experience is required. Evidence of the ability to be an effective recruiter, to teach, and to relate well to students and colleagues. Must support the philosophy of the North Coast Athletic Conference and NCAA Division III athletics in the liberal arts setting. Salary is commensurate with experience and qualifications. The position is a full-time, nontenure appointment.

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**Assistant Women's Lacrosse Coach** for a club team at UCSB. Previous playing and/or coaching experience a prerequisite. Many post-graduate degree programs available at the university. Send cover letter & resume to: Paul Ramsey, UCSB Women's Lacrosse, Santa Barbara, CA 93106. 805/893-2336. Deadline - 11/1/92.

with the initial contract for two years. Send letter of application, resume, transcripts, and three letters of reference to: Larry Scheiderer, Director of Athletics, Physical Education, and Recreation, Denison University, Box M, Granville, OH 43023. Consideration will begin on October 19, 1992, and continue until position is filled. Denison University is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.

### Track & Field

**Assistant Track and Field Coach.** University of California, Irvine, Big West Conference. Qualifications: Bachelor's degree; coaching/teaching experience in track and field at the university, college or junior college level. Responsibilities include assisting with the administration of the men's and women's track and field program; coaching the sprinters, hurdlers and/or jumpers; teaching physical education classes; knowledge and compliance with NCAA, Big West Conference and university regulations. Salary commensurate with experience and qualifications. Application deadline: October 30, 1992, or until position is filled. Send resume and letters of recommendation to: Vince O'Boyle, UCI Athletic Department, Crawford Hall, Irvine, CA 92717. Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

### Graduate Assistant

**GA/Restricted Income Track Coach.** The University of Kentucky seeks GA/Restricted Income Coach to work with the women's track & field program. Sprints/hurdles experience desirable, but not necessary. Qualified candidates with background in other events areas will be considered also. Salary \$9,500/nine-month period. Send resume, cover letter and references to: Don Weber, Memorial Coliseum, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40506-0019.

### Miscellaneous

**Earn A Master's Degree in Sports Science** in two 5-week summer sessions plus a mentorship. Scholarships and other financial aid available. Contact: The United States Sports Academy, Department of Student Services, One Academy Drive, Daphne, Alabama 36526; 1-800-223-2668. An Affirmative Action Institution. SACS accredited.

### Open Dates

**TAC National XC Meet.** Sr. & Jr.—Men & Women. Saturday, November 28, 1992. For entries information, contact: TAC National XC Meet, UW Parkside, Box 2000, Kenosha, WI 53141-2000, phone 414/595-2245.

**Mercyhurst College** is seeking teams to participate in its Men's Basketball Tournaments. The dates are: Dec. 3 & 4, 1993, and Jan. 7 & 8, 1994. Guarantees and other considerations available. Contact: Corey Taylor, 814/824-2159.

**The University of Southern Colorado** is seeking Division II teams for two tournaments for the 1993-94 season. The dates are Nov. 19/20, 1993, and Dec. 3/4, 1993. Guarantees and other considerations available. For further information contact Joe Folda at 719/549-2713.

**Football—Division II.** American International College is seeking opponents for the following dates: 10/30/93, 11/6/93, 10/22/94, 10/29/94, 11/5/94, 10/21/95, 10/28/95, 11/4/95. Please contact: Larry O'Donnell, Assistant Athletic Director, at 413/747-6340.

**Women's Basketball.** Emmanuel College, Boston, Massachusetts, is seeking three Division III teams for 1993 tournament to be played November 20, 21 and 1994 tournament to be played November 19, 20. Contact: Andy Yoshino at 617/735-9985 (work) or 617/277-1374 (home).



## GUILFORD COLLEGE

**SPORT MANAGEMENT:** Two year appointment, beginning August 1, 1993. Seeking a dynamic teacher to direct the undergraduate program. Terminal degree in Sport Management or related field is preferred. Work experience is highly desirable. Teaching responsibilities include courses as recommended in NAPSE Guidelines for Undergraduate Programs in Sport Management—e.g., Legal Aspects of Sport, Sport Marketing, Sport Administration, etc. Other duties include advising, supervision of internships and committee service. Guilford College, Greensboro, North Carolina, has approximately 1,600 students and is affiliated with Society of Friends. Send a resume and three letters of recommendation to Kathryn Adams, Academic Dean, Guilford College, 5800 W. Friendly Avenue, Greensboro, NC 27410. Call Dr. Michael Welch to answer questions or discuss the position (919/316-2290). Review of applications will begin on December 1. AA/EOE.



## DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS UTAH STATE UNIVERSITY

**UTAH STATE UNIVERSITY** invites nominations and applications for the position of Director of Athletics. The Director reports to the President of the University and administers the intercollegiate athletics program consisting of 14 sports for women and men and a full-time staff of about 50. Utah State University is a member of Division I-A of the NCAA and of the Big West Conference.

Utah State University is located 80 miles north of Salt Lake City in Logan, Utah. Utah State University is the state's land-grant university which carries out an ambitious teaching, research and service mission. Utah State University is committed to excellence in intercollegiate athletics within the framework of its academic mission.

The Director will be expected to provide leadership for the accomplishing of goals of the athletic program. Accountable leadership in ensuring total compliance with University, Big West and NCAA rules and policies will be required. Selecting athletic personnel, generating and managing fiscal resources, establishing schedules, communicating with and through the media, and working with alumni and other support groups are key responsibilities.

The candidate must have the minimum of a bachelor's degree with further study preferred. Evidence of successful administrative experience at a comparable institution is required along with evidence of personal and professional integrity.

The position is a 12-month administrative position with a competitive salary and benefit package. The successful candidate will be expected to join the University as soon as is feasible.

Nominations and applications will be reviewed beginning October 15, 1992, and will remain open until a selection is made. Qualified applicants must submit a letter of application, a resume and three letters of reference to:

**Search Committee for Director of Athletics  
Mr. Lynn J. Poulsen, Chair  
Utah State University  
Logan, Utah 84322-1600**

Utah State University is an AA/EO Employer and encourages applications from minorities and women.

## Clemson University

### Head Women's Volleyball Coach

**RESPONSIBILITIES:** Responsible for serving as Head Coach for Women's Volleyball; recruiting and mentoring student-athletes; conditioning and training team members; coordinating team schedules and complying with University, Atlantic Coast Conference and NCAA regulations.

**QUALIFICATIONS:** Baccalaureate degree required, advanced degree preferred, successful coaching experience, preferably coaching women at the collegiate level, compatibility and commitment to Clemson University philosophy. Preference given to individuals who have been a head coach or assistant coach on Division I level.

**SALARY:** Commensurate with qualifications and experience.

**STARTING DATE:** December 1, 1992, or immediately following volleyball season if involved in the playoffs.

**APPLICATION DEADLINE:** October 16, 1992.

**APPLICATIONS:** Persons interested in this position or knowing of others possessing the qualifications as stated above, should immediately submit a letter of application with a current resume of experience and three references to:

Mr. Dwight Rainey  
Sr. Associate Athletic Director  
P.O. Box 31  
Clemson, SC 29633

CLEMSON UNIVERSITY IS AN AFFIRMATIVE ACTION/  
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER.



## Men's Tennis Coach

The University of South Florida is seeking experienced leadership for its men's tennis program. USF sponsors a nationally competitive NCAA Division I program with a full complement of scholarships and support resources.

This position is a 12-month appointment subject to annual renewal. Salary is competitive with a full benefits package provided for all State of Florida employees. There are no classroom instructional responsibilities associated with this position.

The selection process will begin on October 26 with a position appointment as soon thereafter as possible. Forward a resume and all credentials to:

Ms. Darlene Johnson  
Personnel Coordinator  
Department of Athletics, PED214  
University of South Florida  
Tampa, Florida 33620

USF is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Institution.



## ■ Legislative assistance

1992 Column No. 34

### NCAA Constitution 6.3.1

#### Institutional self-study

During its August 5-7, 1992, meeting, the NCAA Council used the provisions of Constitution 5.3.1.1.1 (noncontroversial amendment) to exempt Division I members from the self-study requirement set forth in Constitution 6.3.1, pending action of the 1993 NCAA Convention proposal related to athletics certification. The Council's action permits a Division I institution that has a self-study deadline between the time of the Council's August meeting and the 1993 Convention to delay the completion of the self-study program to determine the outcome of the certification proposal before continuing with the institutional self-study. Such an institution also could complete its self-study in the time permitted under the current legislation, in which case (if the certification proposal is adopted) the institution's completion of its self-study will be taken into consideration in scheduling the institution's initial certification.

### Division I football

#### Evaluations during the month of October

Divisions I and II institutions should note that in accordance with Bylaw 30.10.5-(a)-(1), Division I coaches may evaluate student-athletes on every Friday during the month of October. Please note that it is permissible for

coaches to engage in any evaluation activities during this period (e.g., observing a practice or contest, evaluating a high-school transcript). Finally, during its June 30, 1992, conference, the Interpretations Committee determined that any number of evaluations made during the same day (defined as 12:01 a.m. to midnight), including the observation of multiple contests and/or practice sessions or the evaluation of the student-athlete's academic record, counts as a single evaluation.

### Individual financial aid limitations

NCAA institutions should note that in accordance with Bylaw 15.01.7, an institution may not award financial aid to a student-athlete that exceeds: (1) the cost of attendance that normally is incurred by students enrolled in a comparable program at that institution, or (2) the limitations established by the membership division of the institution the student-athlete attends, whichever is less. In accordance with Bylaw 15.1, a student-athlete is not eligible to participate in intercollegiate athletics if he or she receives financial aid that exceeds the value of a full grant-in-aid. Per Bylaw 15.02.4, in Divisions I and II, a full grant-in-aid is financial aid that consists of tuition and fees, room and board, and required course-related books. In Division III, a full grant-in-aid is financial aid that consists of tuition and fees, room and board, required course-related books, transportation and other expenses incidental to attendance, provided the total value of financial aid does not exceed the cost of attendance that

normally is incurred by students enrolled in a comparable program at that institution.

Please note that Bylaw 15.2.4.1 permits a student-athlete to receive a Pell Grant in combination with other institutional financial aid, provided the overall grant does not exceed the value of a full grant-in-aid plus \$1,700 in Division I institutions or \$900 in Division II institutions, or the student-athlete's cost of attendance (in Division I institutions, as determined by the institution's regular financial aid authority), whichever is less.

Finally, during its June 3, 1992, conference, the Interpretations Committee determined that when applying NCAA financial aid regulations, an institution must calculate the cost of attendance for student-athletes in accordance with the cost of attendance policies and procedures that are used for students in general. The committee noted that if an institution's policy allows for a student's indirect cost (e.g., transportation allowance) to be adjusted on an individual basis from the institution's standard-cost figures, it is permissible to make the same adjustment for student-athletes.

*This material was provided by the NCAA legislative services staff as an aid to member institutions. If an institution has a question it would like to have answered in this column, the question should be directed to Nancy L. Mitchell, assistant executive director for legislative services, at the NCAA national office. This information is available on the Collegiate Sports Network.*

## Presidents

### Commission identifies major topic

► Continued from page 1

opment among student-athletes and athletics department personnel. Any legislation stemming from that topic will be proposed for the 1996 NCAA Convention.

The first three years of the strategic plan feature these topics: presidential authority and institutional control (1993 Convention); financial conditions in college athletics (1994), and "The student-athlete: welfare, access and equity" (1995).

The Subcommittee on Strategic Planning has been chaired from its inception by President Thomas K. Hearn Jr. of Wake Forest University.

#### Other major concerns

The Commission acknowledged that two other major concerns in intercollegiate athletics necessarily will be a part of those identified topics, perhaps spanning more than one year.

Specifically, it was noted that athletics recruiting undoubtedly will be a part of both the financial conditions topic for 1994 and the considerations surrounding the welfare of the student-athlete, identified for 1995 action.

Similarly, gender-equity issues most likely will be a paramount concern in both of those same years.

In fact, gender-equity matters popped up several times during the Commission's fall meeting—in a report on the work of the NCAA Gender-Equity Task Force; in a report on the first meeting of the Commission's own subcommittee dealing with gender-equity issues, and in a presentation to the Commission by Chris Voelz, director of women's athletics at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities.

Voelz was representing the National Association of Collegiate Women Athletic Administrators at the meeting. Commission members Judith E. N. Albino, president

of the University of Colorado, and Steven C. Beering, president of Purdue University, are co-chairs of the Commission's gender-equity subcommittee, and Albino also serves on the NCAA task force in that area.

#### Other topics

Also visiting with the Commission were James L. Jones, director of athletics at Ohio State University and president of the National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics, and Joseph N. Crowley, president of the University of Nevada and chair of the Special NCAA Committee on Athletics Certification.

Jones, who said he also was reporting on behalf of the Division I-A Directors Association, emphasized that athletics directors do not disagree with the presidents' reform efforts in college athletics.

"We're in this with you; we want to be in this with you," he emphasized. He also reported that the Division I AADs, while forwarding some questions regarding certain aspects of the proposed certification program, strongly support the certification concept and urge that the program be thorough and consistent.

Crowley, a former member of both the Commission and the NCAA Council, presented a status report on the work of his special committee, as well as the efforts of an ad hoc group that has been working with the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to address concerns regarding possible duplication of effort in meeting the demands of that agency as well as those of the NCAA program (see story on page 1). Approximately 40 percent of the NCAA Division I members have SACS as their accrediting agency.

The Division I subcommittee of the Commission adopted a motion supporting the work of the ad hoc group in that regard and continued to support the NCAA certification project.

## Other highlights

*In other actions during its fall meeting, the Presidents Commission:*

■ Committed to join the NCAA Council in a study of the two remaining recommendations from the Special Committee to Review the NCAA Enforcement and Infractions Process—use of independent hearing officers when facts are in dispute in a case and use of open hearings in such instances. The Commission continues to support both of those concepts and would favor submission of legislation in those areas for the 1994 Convention.

Rex E. Lee, president of Brigham Young University and chair of the special committee, and David Swank, professor of law at the University of Oklahoma and chair of the NCAA Committee on Infractions, discussed those issues with the Commission.

■ Affirmed its acceptance of a statement developed by its Subcommittee on Strengthening the Role of the Chief Executive Officer but agreed that the statement would be forwarded to all CEOs rather than being submitted as a resolution for NCAA Convention action. That statement appeared in the July 8 issue of The NCAA News and has not been changed by the subcommittee or the full Commission.

The same subcommittee also is expanding its recent survey regarding involvement of CEOs at the conference level in Division I to include Division II conferences. It will consider results of those surveys in January.

That subcommittee was chaired by Chancellor Gene A. Budig, University of Kansas, prior to his recent resignation from the Commission. It now is chaired by President William E. Shelton of Eastern Michigan University.

■ Agreed to sponsor a resolution at the 1993

Convention calling for institutions in all three divisions to express their support for the Association's graduation-rate disclosure and reporting procedures, including submission by the Association of a substantial-comparability waiver request to the U.S. Department of Education.

That recommendation was made by the Special NCAA Advisory Committee to Review Implementation of 1990 Convention Proposal No. 24, on which the Presidents Commission is represented by President Rodney C. Kelchner of Mansfield University of Pennsylvania.

■ Agreed to support the legislation for the 1993 Convention dealing with establishment of an initial-eligibility clearinghouse.

■ Reviewed much of the legislation appearing in the Second Publication of Proposed Legislation for the 1993 NCAA Convention and agreed that the Commission's officers are authorized to determine the Commission's final positions in regard to those proposals.

It was agreed that the Commission will overtly and strenuously oppose proposals that clearly erode the reform movement in college athletics and will join with the NCAA Council in opposing other proposals that appear to be contrary to that movement.

They also will oppose proposals that run counter to the Commission's attempts to refine the legislative process by assuring appropriate review of proposed legislation before it can be submitted to an NCAA Convention.

The Commission's officers will meet October 18 in Chicago to take any such actions, as well as to determine the proposals to be acted upon during the new Presidential Agenda Day at the January Convention and those that will be identified for roll-call votes.

## Grants available again for CHOICES

### Proposals for alcohol-education grants due by February 1

NCAA member institutions have been notified that grants again will be available for CHOICES programs in fall 1993.

Proposals for the grants must be received by February 1, 1993.

CHOICES is a grant program to encourage NCAA member institutions and conferences to develop, implement and evaluate ongoing alcohol-education programs that work toward the elimination of illegal and excessive consumption of alcohol on college campuses.

The program is administered by the NCAA Foundation and made possible by a grant from Anheuser-Busch.

Betty B. Norrie, program coordinator for the Foundation, said that to date, more than \$375,000 has been distributed to 22 institutions for implementation of alcohol-education programs on campuses.

Norrie said funded programs will be designed to emphasize that

students must make hard decisions about alcohol use. For students under 21, programs will affirm the importance of complying with the law. For those 21 and over, programs will be oriented toward helping students make informed choices.

For more information about the CHOICES program, call or write NCAA Sports Sciences, 6201 College Boulevard, Overland Park, Kansas 66211-2422 (931/339-1906).